



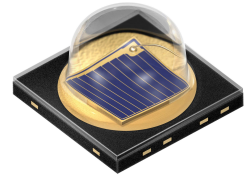
**THE DATASHEET OF  
SFH 4715AS-EA**



# OSLON Black Series (850 nm) - 90°

## Version 1.4

### SFH 4715AS



#### Features:

- IR lightsource with high efficiency
- Double Stack emitter
- Low thermal resistance (Max. 9 K/W)
- Centroid wavelength 850 nm
- Superior Corrosion Robustness (see chapter package outlines)
- The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q101-REV-C, Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Discrete Semiconductors.

#### Applications

- Infrared Illumination for cameras
- Surveillance systems
- Machine vision systems
- Eye tracking systems

#### Notes

Depending on the mode of operation, these devices emit highly concentrated non visible infrared light which can be hazardous to the human eye. Products which incorporate these devices have to follow the safety precautions given in IEC 60825-1 and IEC 62471.

#### Ordering Information

Type:	Radiant Intensity $I_e$ [mW/sr] $I_F = 1 \text{ A}, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	Ordering Code
SFH 4715AS	780 ( $\geq 500$ )	Q65111A6857
SFH 4715AS-EA	630 ... 1000	Q65112A0262

Note: measured at a solid angle of  $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$

**Maximum Ratings** ( $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Operation and storage temperature range	$T_{op}; T_{stg}$	-40 ... 125	°C
Junction temperature	$T_j$	145	°C
Reverse voltage	$V_R$	1	V
Forward current	$I_F$	1500	mA
Surge current ( $t_p = 2\text{ ms}$ , $D = 0$ )	$I_{FSM}$	3	A
Power consumption	$P_{tot}$	5.8	W
ESD withstand voltage (acc. to ANSI/ ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001 - HBM)	$V_{ESD}$	2	kV
Thermal resistance junction - solder point	$R_{thJS}$	9	K / W

*Note: For the forward current and power consumption please see "maximum permissible forward current" diagram*

**Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Peak wavelength ( $I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ )	$\lambda_{peak}$	860	nm
Centroid wavelength ( $I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ )	$\lambda_{centroid}$	850	nm
Spectral bandwidth at 50% of $I_{max}$ ( $I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ )	$\Delta\lambda$	30	nm
Half angle	$\varphi$	$\pm 45$	°
Dimensions of active chip area	L x W	1 x 1	mm x mm
Rise and fall times of $I_e$ ( 10% and 90% of $I_{e,max}$ ) ( $I_F = 3\text{ A}$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ )	$t_r / t_f$	11/ 14	ns
Forward voltage ( $I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ )	$V_F$	3.2 ( $\leq 3.6$ )	V
Forward voltage ( $I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 100\ \mu\text{s}$ )	$V_F$	3.35 ( $\leq 3.85$ )	V
Forward voltage ( $I_F = 3\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 100\ \mu\text{s}$ )	$V_F$	3.8 ( $\leq 4.7$ )	V
Reverse current ( $V_R = 5\text{ V}$ )	$I_R$	not designed for reverse operation	$\mu\text{A}$
Total radiant flux ( $I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 100\ \mu\text{s}$ )	$\Phi_e$	2000	mW

Parameter		Symbol	Values	Unit
Total radiant flux ( $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ )	(typ)	$\Phi_e$	1340	mW
Temperature coefficient of $I_e$ or $\Phi_e$ ( $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ )	(typ)	$TC_I$	-0.3	% / K
Temperature coefficient of $V_F$ ( $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ )	(typ)	$TC_V$	-2	mV / K
Temperature coefficient of wavelength ( $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ )	(typ)	$TC_\lambda$	0.3	nm / K

**Grouping** ( $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$ )

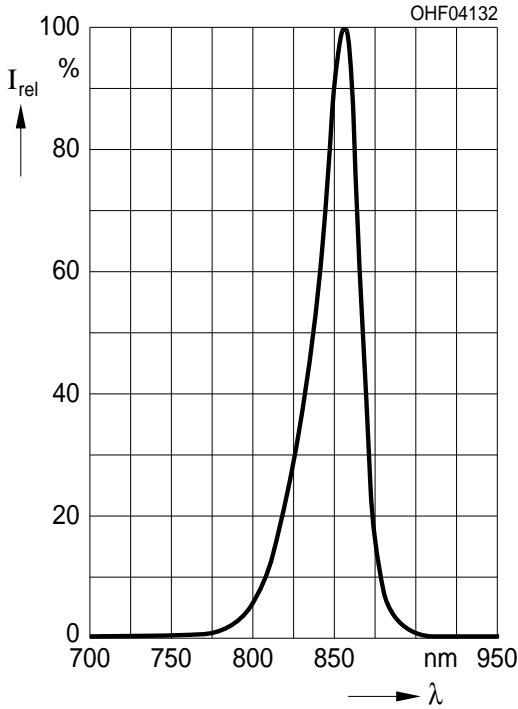
Group	Min Radiant Intensity	Max Radiant Intensity
	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ $I_{e, \min}$ [mW / sr]	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ $I_{e, \max}$ [mW / sr]
SFH4715AS - DB	500	800
SFH4715AS - EA	630	1000

Note: measured at a solid angle of  $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$

Only one group in one packing unit (variation lower 1.6:1).

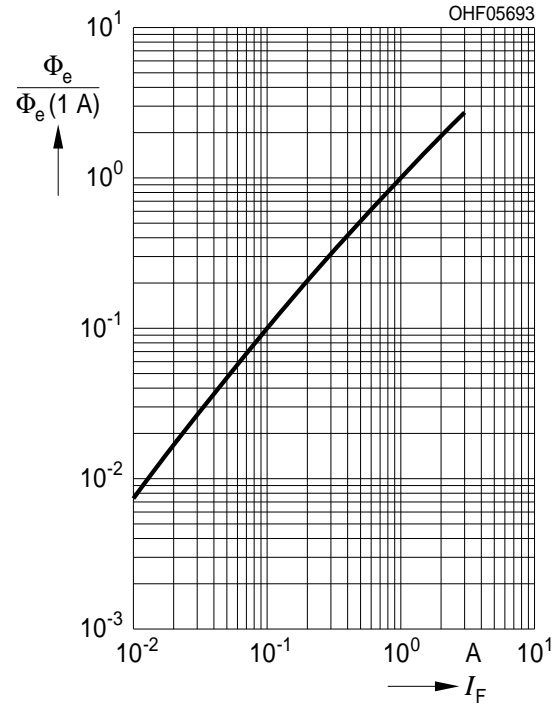
**Relative Spectral Emission** <sup>1) page 13</sup>

$I_{rel} = f(\lambda)$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_F = 1\text{ A}$ ,  $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$



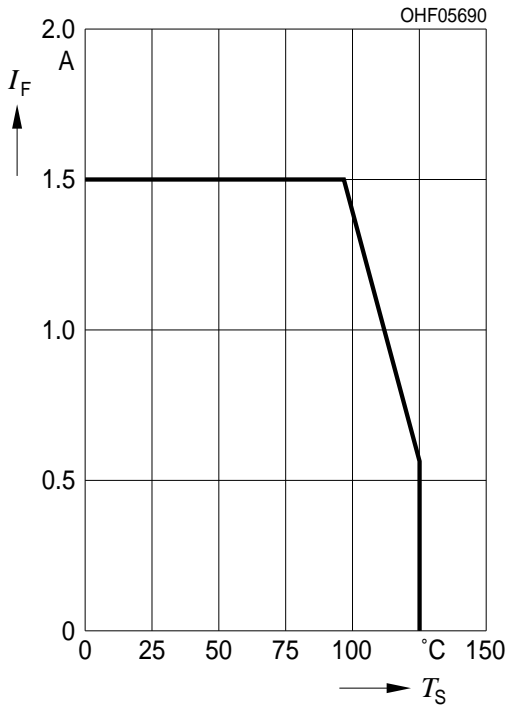
**Relative Total Radiant Flux** <sup>1) page 13</sup>

$\Phi_e / \Phi_e(1\text{ A}) = f(I_F)$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , Single pulse,  $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



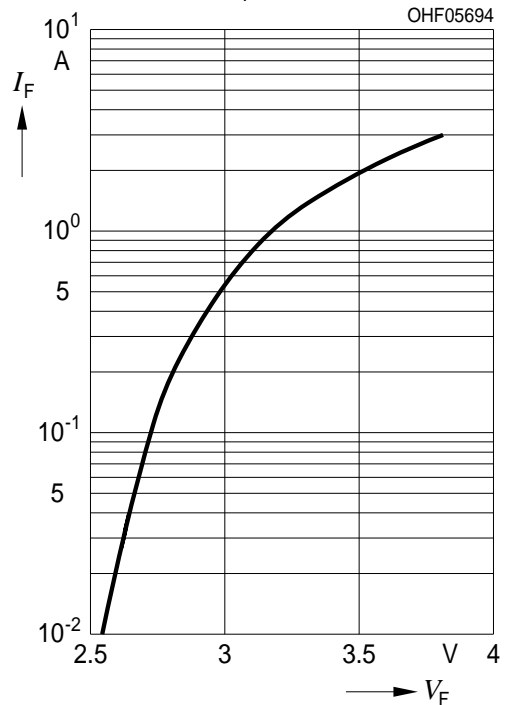
**Max. Permissible Forward Current**

$I_F = f(T_S)$ ,  $R_{thJS} = 9\text{ K/W}$



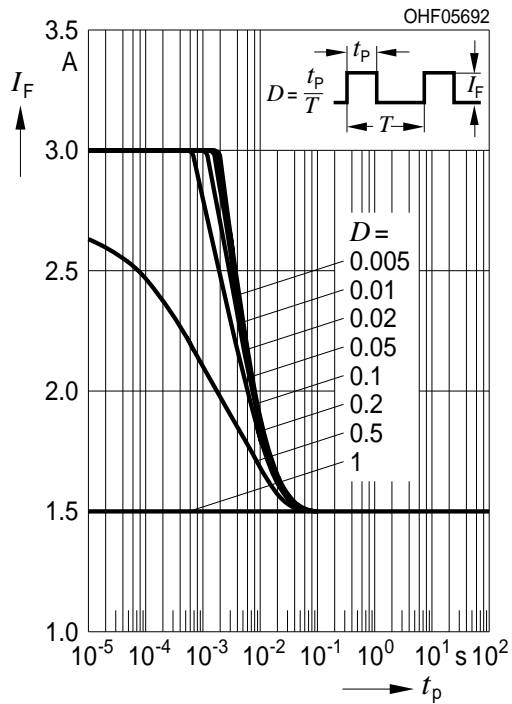
**Forward Current** <sup>1) page 13</sup>

$I_F = f(V_F)$ , single pulse,  $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



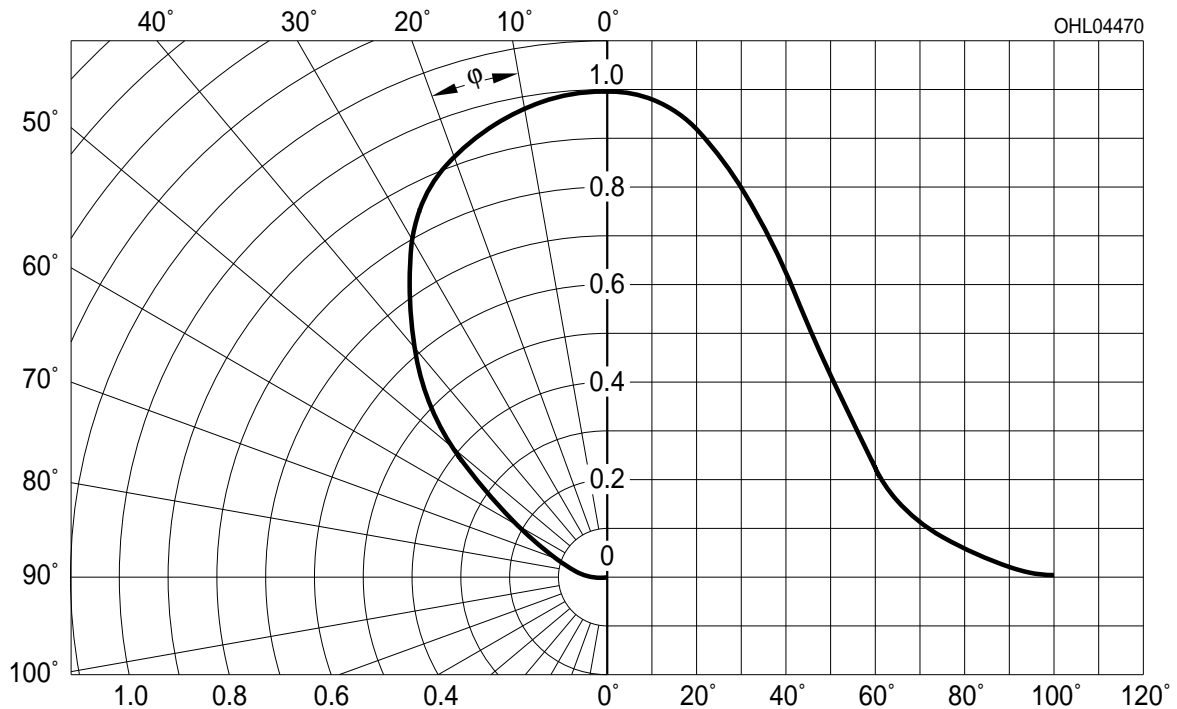
**Permissible Pulse Handling Capability**

$I_F = f(t_p)$ ,  $T_S = 85\text{ °C}$ , duty cycle  $D = \text{parameter}$

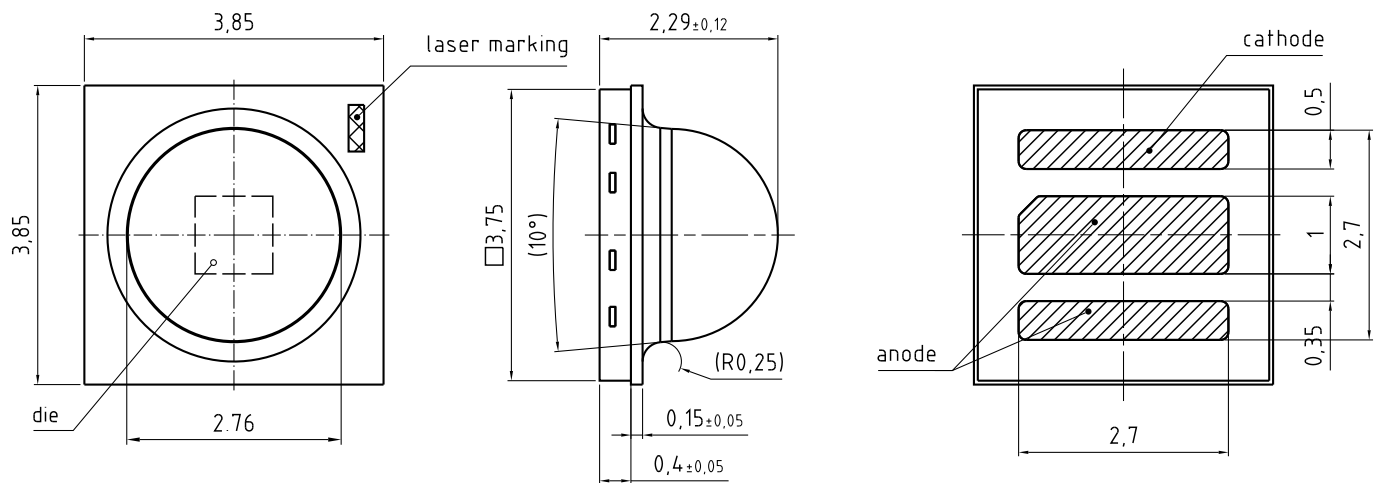


**Radiation Characteristics** <sup>1) page 13</sup>

$I_{rel} = f(\phi)$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$



## Package Outline



general tolerance  $\pm 0.1$

lead finish Au 

C63062-A4141-A1... -06

Dimensions in mm.

**Package**

OSLON Black Series

**Approximate Weight:**

31 mg

**Note:**

Package is not suitable for ultra sonic cleaning.

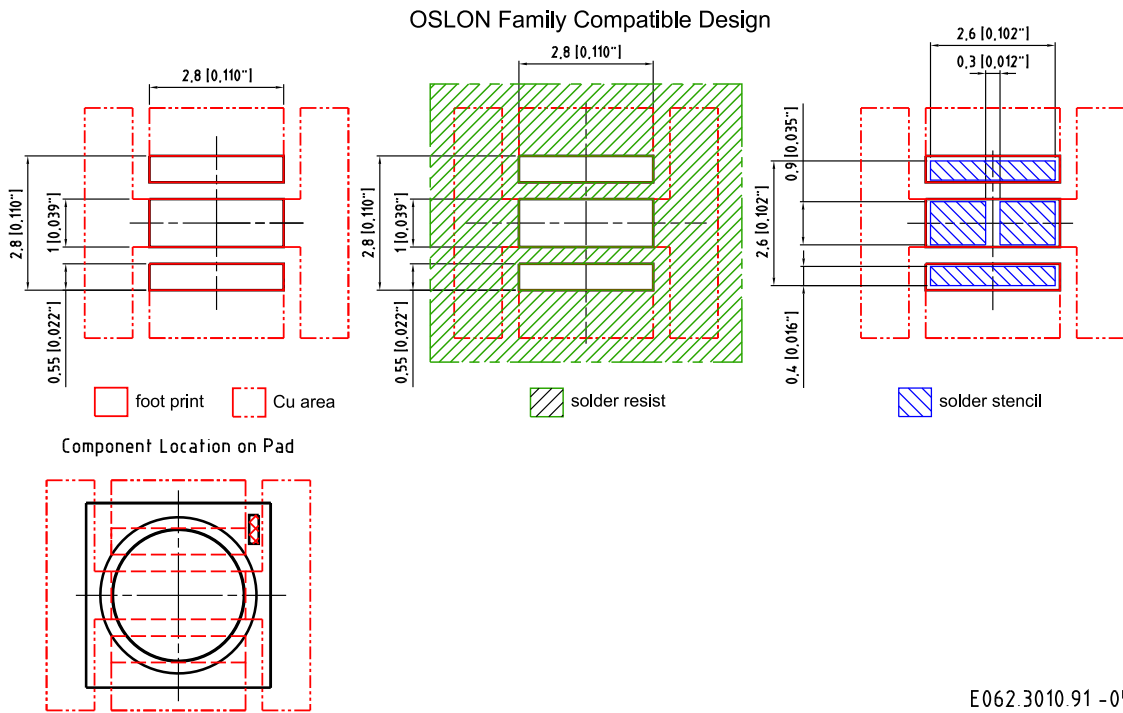
**Note:**

**Corrosion robustness better than EN 60068-2-60 (method 4):** with enhanced corrosion test: 40°C / 90%rh / 15ppm H<sub>2</sub>S / 336h

**Note:**

**Anode mark:** the chamfered edge of the center pad points to the cathode

Recommended Solder Pad



E062.3010.91 -05

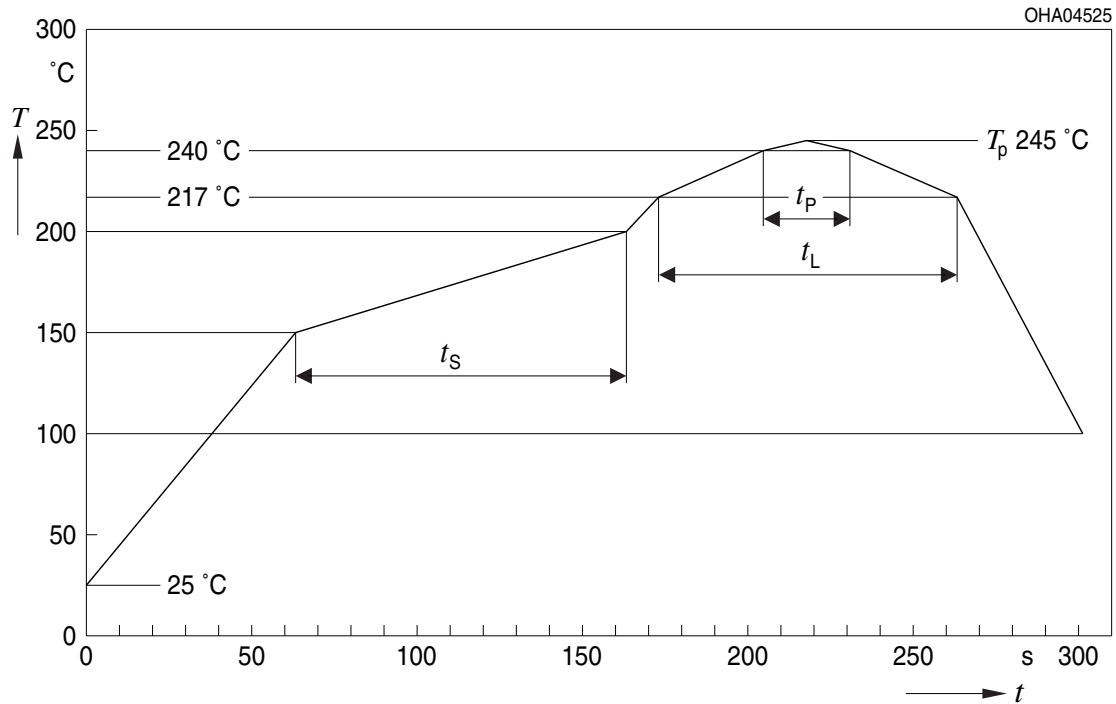
Dimensions in mm [inch].

Note:

For superior solder joint connectivity results we recommend soldering under standard nitrogen atmosphere.

## Reflow Soldering Profile

Product complies to MSL Level 2 acc. to JEDEC J-STD-020D.01



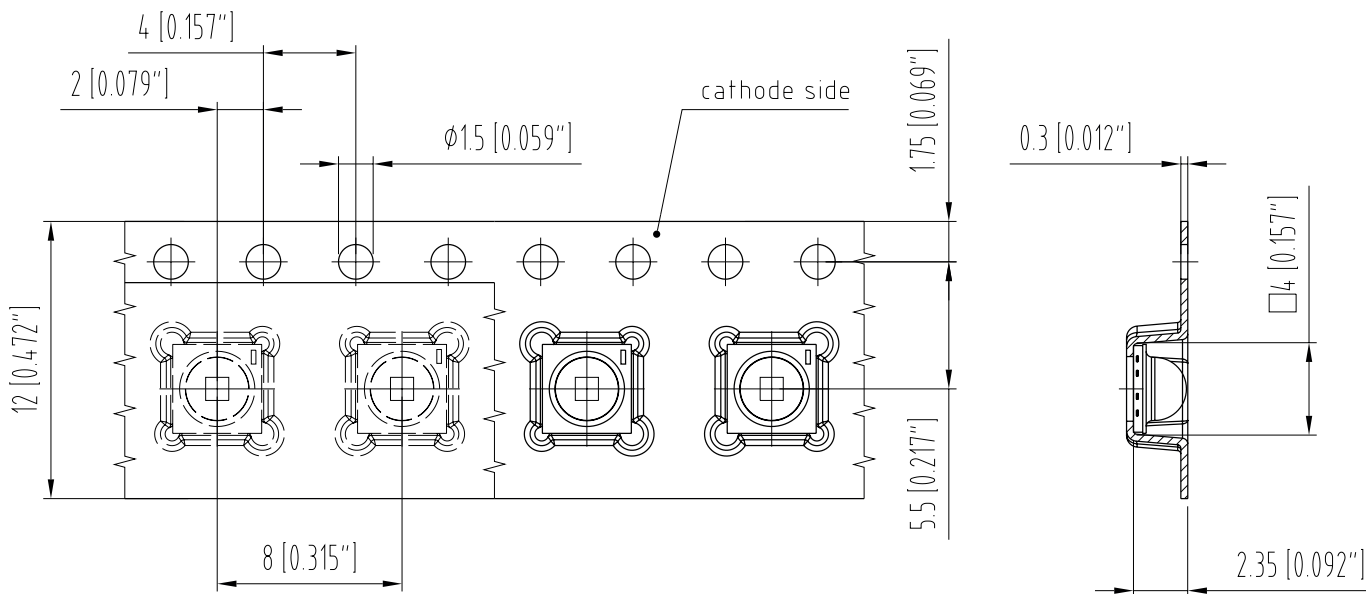
OHA04612

Profile Feature Profil-Charakteristik	Symbol Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit Einheit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up rate to preheat*) 25 °C to 150 °C			2	3	K/s
Time $t_S$ $T_{Smin}$ to $T_{Smax}$	$t_S$	60	100	120	s
Ramp-up rate to peak*) $T_{Smax}$ to $T_P$			2	3	K/s
Liquidus temperature	$T_L$		217		°C
Time above liquidus temperature	$t_L$		80	100	s
Peak temperature	$T_P$		245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peak temperature $T_P - 5$ K	$t_P$	10	20	30	s
Ramp-down rate* $T_P$ to 100 °C			3	6	K/s
Time 25 °C to $T_P$				480	s

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component

\* slope calculation  $DT/Dt$ :  $Dt$  max. 5 s; fulfillment for the whole T-range

**Taping**

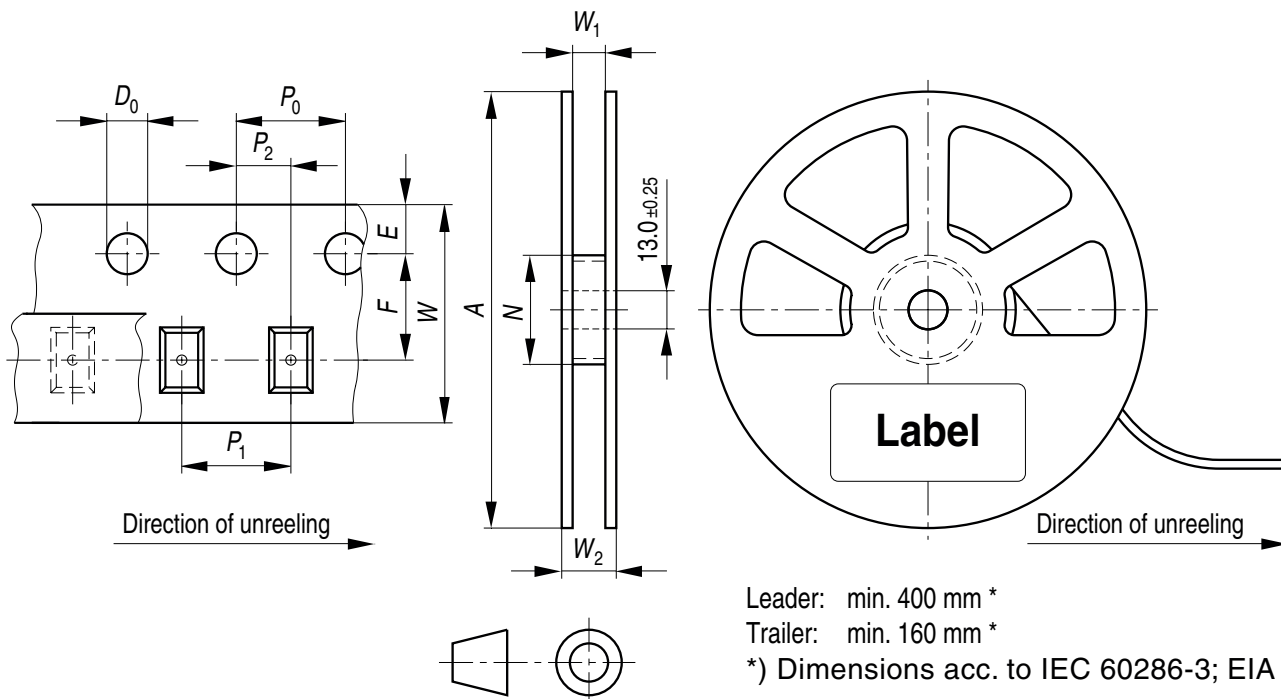


C63062-A4068-B10-08

*Dimensions in mm [inch].*

**Tape and Reel**

12 mm tape with 600 pcs. on  $\phi$  180 mm reel



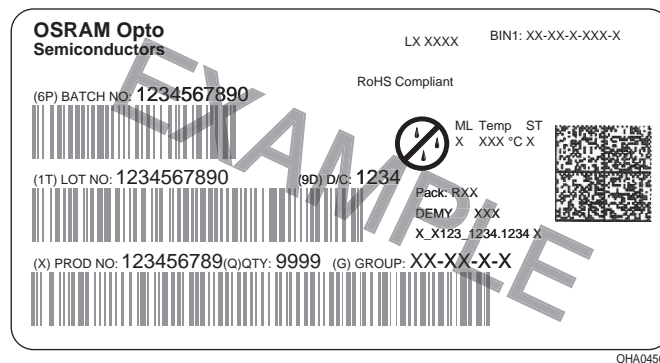
## Tape dimensions [mm]

W	P <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>	E	F
12 + 0.3 / - 0.1	4 ± 0.1	4 ± 0.1 or 8 ± 0.1	2 ± 0.05	1.5 ± 0.1	1.75 ± 0.1	5.5 ± 0.05

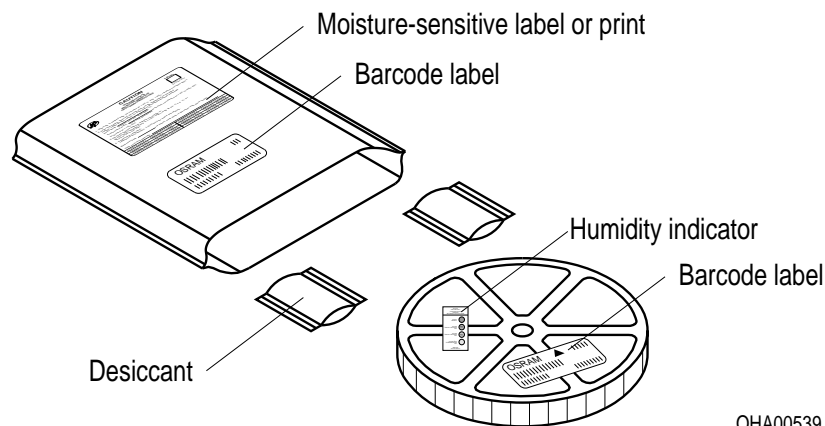
## Reel dimensions [mm]

A	W	N <sub>min</sub>	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2max</sub>
180	12	60	12.4 + 2	18.4

## Barcode-Product-Label (BPL)



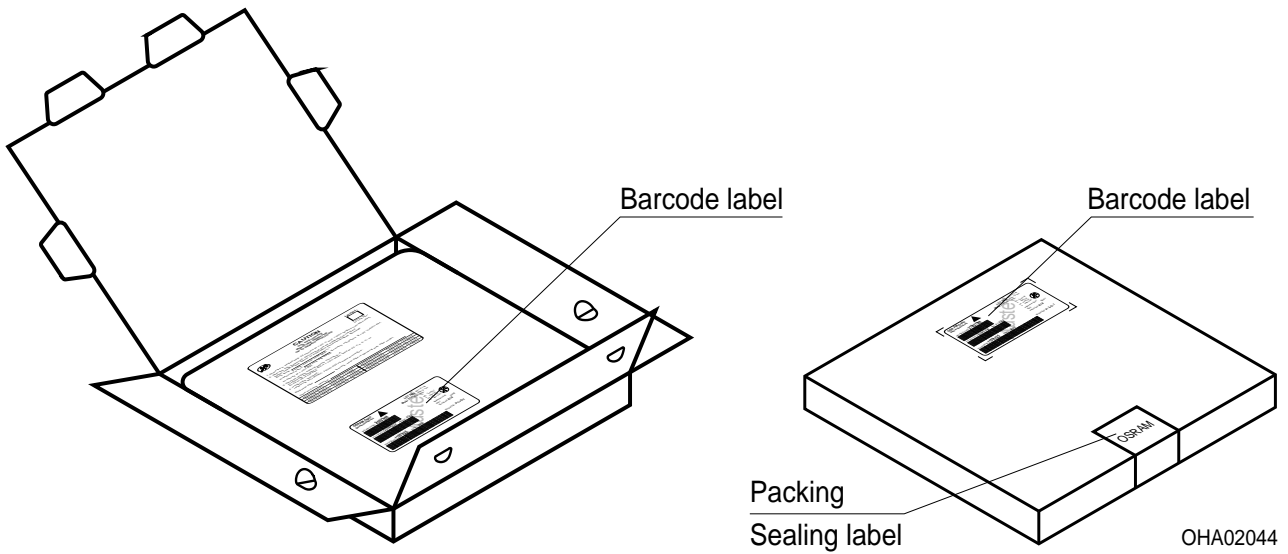
## Dry Packing Process and Materials



## Note:

Moisture-sensitive product is packed in a dry bag containing desiccant and a humidity card. Regarding dry pack you will find further information in the internet. Here you will also find the normative references like JEDEC.

## Transportation Packing and Materials



## Dimensions of transportation box in mm

Width	Length	Height
195 ± 5	195 ± 5	30 ± 5

**Disclaimer**

Language english will prevail in case of any discrepancies or deviations between the two language wordings.

**Attention please!**

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version in the Internet.

**Packing**

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office.

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**Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose!**

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\*\*) Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health and the life of the user may be endangered.

**Glossary**

- <sup>1)</sup> **Typical Values:** Due to the special conditions of the manufacturing processes of LED, the typical data or calculated correlations of technical parameters can only reflect statistical figures. These do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single product, which could differ from the typical data and calculated correlations or the typical characteristic line. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice.

**Published by OSRAM Opto Semiconductors GmbH**  
**Leibnizstraße 4, D-93055 Regensburg**  
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