



**THE DATASHEET OF  
SN74AVC4T245DRG4**



# SN74AVC4T245 Dual-Bit Bus Transceiver with Configurable Voltage Translation and 3-State Outputs

## 1 Features

- Control inputs  $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$  levels are referenced to  $V_{CCA}$  voltage
- Fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.2V to 3.6V power-supply range
- I/Os Are 4.6V tolerant
- $I_{off}$  supports partial power-down-mode operation
- Maximum data rates:
  - 380Mbps (1.8V to 3.3V translation)
  - 200Mbps (< 1.8V to 3.3V translation)
  - 200Mbps (translate to 2.5V or 1.8V)
  - 150Mbps (translate to 1.5V)
  - 100Mbps (translate to 1.2V)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22:
  - 8000V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 150V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000V Charged-Device Model (C101)

## 2 Applications

- [Personal electronics](#)
- [Industrial](#)
- [Enterprise](#)
- [Telecom](#)

## 3 Description

This 4-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track  $V_{CCA}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The B port is designed to track  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The SN74AVC4T245 is optimized to operate with  $V_{CCA}/V_{CCB}$  set at 1.4V to 3.6V. It is operational with  $V_{CCA}/V_{CCB}$  as low as 1.2V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVC4T245 device is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input and the output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs or place both output ports into the high-impedance mode. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated, and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports is always active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess  $I_{CC}$  and  $I_{CCZ}$ .

The SN74AVC4T245 device is designed so that  $V_{CCA}$  supplies the control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 1  $\overline{OE}$ , and 2  $\overline{OE}$ ).

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature is designed so that if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state.

To put the device in the high-impedance state during power up or power down, tie  $\overline{OE}$  to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the current-sinking capability of the driver determines the minimum value of the resistor.

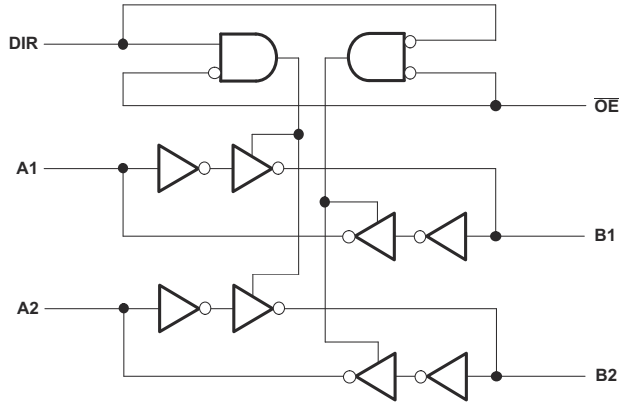
### Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE SIZE <sup>(2)</sup>
SN74AVC4T245	D (SOIC, 16)	9.9mm × 6mm
	DGV (TVSOP, 16)	3.6mm × 6.4mm
	PW (TSSOP, 16)	5mm × 6.4mm
	RGY (WQFN, 16)	4mm × 3.5mm
	RSV (UQFN, 16)	2.6mm × 1.8mm
	BQB (WQFN, 16)	3.5mm × 2.5mm
	DYY (SOT, 16)	4.2mm × 2mm

(1) For more information, see [Section 11](#).

(2) The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.





Logic Diagram (Positive Logic) for 1/2 of SN74AVC4T245

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## 4 Pin Configuration and Functions

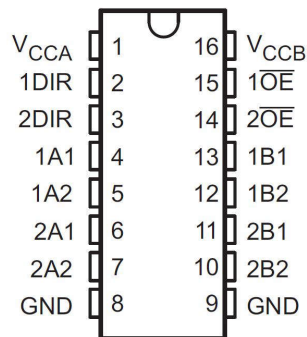


Figure 4-1. D, DGV, or PW Package, 16-Pin SOIC, TVSOP, or PW (Top View)

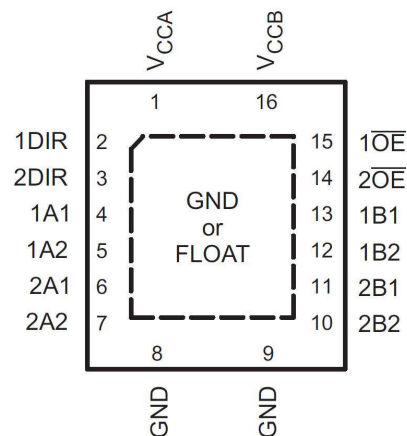


Figure 4-2. RGY Package, 16-Pin WQFN (Top View)

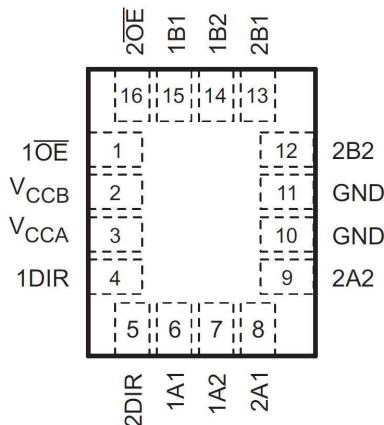


Figure 4-3. RSV Package, 16-Pin UQFN (Top View)

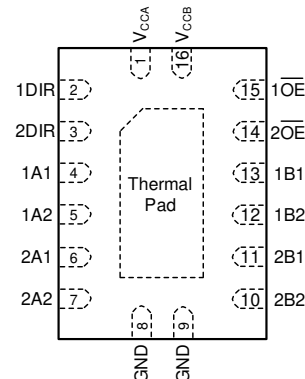


Figure 4-4. BQB/WBQB Package, 16-Pin WQFN (Transparent Top View)

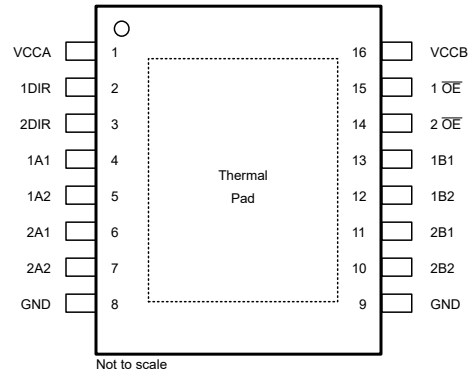


Figure 4-5. DYY Package, 16-Pin SOT (Top View)

Table 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN NAME	NO.		TYPE <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
	D, DGV, PW, RGY	RSV		
1A1	4	6	I/O	Input/output 1A1. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
1A2	5	7	I/O	Input/output 1A2. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
1B1	13	15	I/O	Input/output 1B1. Referenced to $V_{CCB}$ .
1B2	12	14	I/O	Input/output 1B2. Referenced to $V_{CCB}$ .
1DIR	2	4	I	Direction-control input for '1' ports
1 $\overline{OE}$	15	1	I	3-state output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place '1' outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
2A1	6	8	I/O	Input/output 2A1. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
2A2	7	9	I/O	Input/output 2A2. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
2B1	11	13	I/O	Input/output 2B1. Referenced to $V_{CCB}$ .
2B2	10	12	I/O	Input/output 2B2. Referenced to $V_{CCB}$ .
2DIR	3	5	I	Direction-control input for '2' ports
2 $\overline{OE}$	14	16	I	3-state output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place '2' outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$ .
GND	8, 9	10, 11	—	Ground
$V_{CCA}$	1	3	—	A-port power supply voltage. $1.2V \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6V$
$V_{CCB}$	16	2	—	B-port power supply voltage. $1.2V \leq V_{CCB} \leq 3.6V$

(1) I = input, O = output

## 5 Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	V
		I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
		B port	-0.5	4.6	
V <sub>O</sub>	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	A port	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	V
		B port	-0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub> , or GND			±100	mA

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

### 5.2 ESD Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>		8	kV
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>		1	
		Machine model (C101)		150	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>

		$V_{CCI}$	$V_{CCO}$	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CCA}$	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
$V_{CCB}$	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	Data inputs <sup>(4)</sup>	1.2V to 1.95V	$V_{CCI} \times 0.65$		V
			1.95V to 2.7V	1.6		
			2.7V to 3.6V	2		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs <sup>(4)</sup>	1.2V to 1.95V	$V_{CCI} \times 0.35$		V
			1.95V to 2.7V	0.7		
			2.7V to 3.6V	0.8		
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to $V_{CCA}$ ) <sup>(5)</sup>	1.2V to 1.95V	$V_{CCA} \times 0.65$		V
			1.95V to 2.7V	1.6		
			2.7V to 3.6V	2		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to $V_{CCA}$ ) <sup>(5)</sup>	1.2V to 1.95V	$V_{CCA} \times 0.35$		V
			1.95V to 2.7V	0.7		
			2.7V to 3.6V	0.8		
$V_I$	Input voltage			0	3.6	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	Active state		0	$V_{CCO}$	V
		3-state		0	3.6	
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current		1.2V	-3		mA
			1.4V to 1.6V	-6		
			1.65V to 1.95V	-8		
			2.3V to 2.7V	-9		
			3V to 3.6V	-12		
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current		1.1V to 1.2V	3		mA
			1.4V to 1.6V	6		
			1.65V to 1.95V	8		
			2.3V to 2.7V	9		
			3V to 3.6V	12		
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate				5	ns/V
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature			-40	85	°C

(1)  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.

(2)  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

(3) All unused data inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CCI}$  or GND for proper device operation. Refer to the [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#) application report.

(4) For  $V_{CCI}$  values not specified in the data sheet,  $V_{IH}$  min =  $V_{CCI} \times 0.7V$ ,  $V_{IL}$  max =  $V_{CCI} \times 0.3V$

(5) For  $V_{CCI}$  values not specified in the data sheet,  $V_{IH}$  min =  $V_{CCA} \times 0.7V$ ,  $V_{IL}$  max =  $V_{CCA} \times 0.3V$

## 5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74AVC4T245							UNIT
		D	BQB	DYY	DGV	PW	RGY	RSV	
		16 PINS							
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	85.5	80.8	163.4	126.0	101.8	37.5	146.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	46.9	77.9	90.0	50.8	37.2	54.5	53.6	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	43.0	50.7	93.1	57.7	60.6	15.6	75.6	
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	13.4	7.4	10.9	5.7	1.6	0.5	13.5	
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	42.7	50.6	92.1	57.2	60.0	15.8	75.6	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	28.4	—	—	—	3.5	—	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report ([SPRA953](#)).

## 5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER <sup>(1)</sup> (2)	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			–40°C to 85°C		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100μA	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V			V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.2	V	
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –3mA		1.2V	1.2V	0.95				
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –6mA		1.4V	1.4V		1.05			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –8mA		1.65V	1.65V		1.2			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –9mA		2.3V	2.3V		1.75			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –12mA		3V	3V		2.3			
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100μA	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub>	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V			0.2	V	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3mA		1.2V	1.2V	0.25				
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA		1.4V	1.4V		0.35			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA		1.65V	1.65V		0.45			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 9mA		2.3V	2.3V		0.55			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		3V	3V		0.7			
I <sub>I</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V	±0.025	±0.25		±1	μA
I <sub>off</sub>	A or B port	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 3.6V	0V	0V to 3.6V	±0.1	±1		±5	μA
			0V to 3.6V	0V	±0.1	±1		±5	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	A or B port	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CCO</sub> or GND, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND, $\overline{OE}$ = V <sub>IH</sub>	3.6V	3.6V	±0.5	±2.5		±5	μA
I <sub>CCA</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V				8	μA
			0V	0V to 3.6V				–2	
			0V to 3.6V	0V				8	
I <sub>CCB</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V				8	μA
			0V	0V to 3.6V				8	
			0V to 3.6V	0V				–2	
I <sub>CCA</sub> + I <sub>CCB</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V				16	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3V or GND	3.3V	3.3V	3.5			4.5	pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B port	V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3V or GND	3.3V	3.3V	6			7	pF

(1) V<sub>CCI</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the input port.

(2) V<sub>CCO</sub> is the V<sub>CC</sub> associated with the output port.

## 5.6 Operating Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3V	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
C <sub>pdA</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	A to B	Outputs enabled	C <sub>L</sub> = 0, f = 10MHz, t <sub>r</sub> = t <sub>f</sub> = 1ns	1	1	1	1.5	2	pF
		Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1	
	B to A	Outputs enabled		12	12.5	13	14	15	
		Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1	
C <sub>pdB</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	A to B	Outputs enabled	C <sub>L</sub> = 0, f = 10MHz, t <sub>r</sub> = t <sub>f</sub> = 1ns	12	12.5	13	14	15	pF
		Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1	
	B to A	Outputs enabled		1	1	1	1	2	
		Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1	

(1) Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver

## 5.7 Switching Characteristics: V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2V (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 6-1](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5V ± 0.1V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8V ± 0.15V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3V ± 0.3V	UNIT
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	B	3.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.8	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	B	A	3.6	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			3.6	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OE	A	5.6	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.7	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>			5.6	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.7	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OE	B	5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.6	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>			5	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.6	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OE	A	6.2	5.2	5.2	4.3	4.8	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			6.2	5.2	5.2	4.3	4.8	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OE	B	5.9	5.1	5	4.7	5.5	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			5.9	5.1	5	4.7	5.5	

## 5.8 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$  (see [Figure 6-1](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB} = 1.2V$	$V_{CCB} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		$V_{CCB} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{PLH}$	A	B	3.2	0.3	6.3	0.3	5.2	0.4	4.2	0.4	4.2	ns
$t_{PHL}$			3.2	0.3	6.3	0.3	5.2	0.4	4.2	0.4	4.2	
$t_{PLH}$	B	A	3.3	0.7	6.3	0.5	6	0.4	5.7	0.3	5.6	ns
$t_{PHL}$			3.3	0.7	6.3	0.5	6	0.4	5.7	0.3	5.6	
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	4.9	1.4	9.6	1.1	9.5	0.7	9.4	0.4	9.4	ns
$t_{PZL}$			4.9	1.4	9.6	1.1	9.5	0.7	9.4	0.4	9.4	
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	4.5	1.4	9.6	1.1	7.7	0.9	5.8	0.9	5.6	ns
$t_{PZL}$			4.5	1.4	9.6	1.1	7.7	0.9	5.8	0.9	5.6	
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	5.6	1.8	10.2	1.5	10.2	1.3	10.2	1.6	10.2	ns
$t_{PLZ}$			5.6	1.8	10.2	1.5	10.2	1.3	10.2	1.6	10.2	
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	5.2	1.9	10.3	1.9	9.1	1.4	7.4	1.2	7.6	ns
$t_{PLZ}$			5.2	1.9	10.3	1.9	9.1	1.4	7.4	1.2	7.6	

## 5.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$  (see [Figure 6-1](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB} = 1.2V$	$V_{CCB} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		$V_{CCB} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_{PLH}$	A	B	2.9	0.1	6	0.1	4.9	0.1	3.9	0.3	3.9	ns
$t_{PHL}$			2.9	0.1	6	0.1	4.9	0.1	3.9	0.3	3.9	
$t_{PLH}$	B	A	3	0.6	5.3	0.5	4.9	0.3	4.6	0.3	4.5	ns
$t_{PHL}$			3	0.6	5.3	0.5	4.9	0.3	4.6	0.3	4.5	
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	4.4	1	7.4	1	7.3	0.6	7.3	0.4	7.2	ns
$t_{PZL}$			4.4	1	7.4	1	7.3	0.6	7.3	0.4	7.2	
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	4.1	1.2	9.2	1	7.4	0.8	5.3	0.8	4.6	ns
$t_{PZL}$			4.1	1.2	9.2	1	7.4	0.8	5.3	0.8	4.6	
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	5.4	1.6	8.6	1.8	8.7	1.3	8.7	1.6	8.7	ns
$t_{PLZ}$			5.4	1.6	8.6	1.8	8.7	1.3	8.7	1.6	8.7	
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	5	1.7	9.9	1.6	8.7	1.2	6.9	1	6.9	ns
$t_{PLZ}$			5	1.7	9.9	1.6	8.7	1.2	6.9	1	6.9	

### 5.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$  (see [Figure 6-1](#))

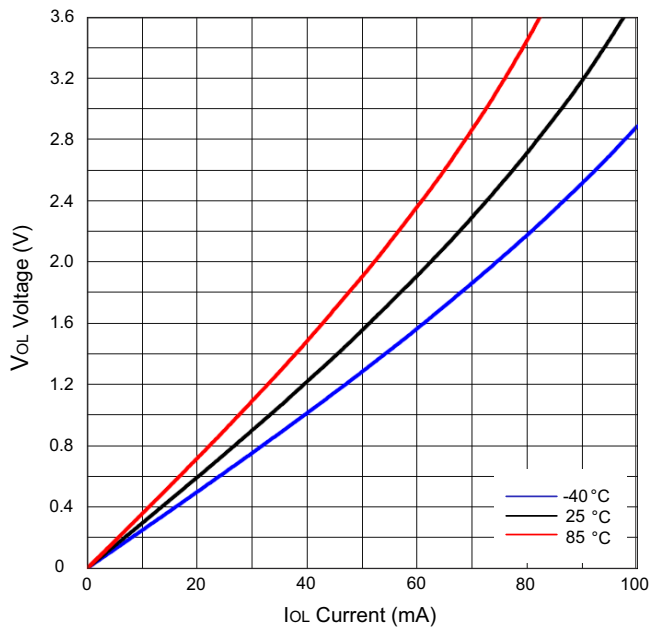
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB} = 1.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		$V_{CCB} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	
$t_{PLH}$	A	B	2.8	0.1	5.7	0.1	4.6	0.2	3.5	0.1	3.6	ns	
$t_{PHL}$			2.8	0.1	5.7	0.1	4.6	0.2	3.5	0.1	3.6		
$t_{PLH}$	B	A	2.7	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.9	0.2	3.4	0.2	3.3	ns	
$t_{PHL}$			2.7	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.9	0.2	3.4	0.2	3.3		
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	4	0.7	6.5	0.7	5.2	0.6	4.8	0.4	4.8	ns	
$t_{PZL}$			4	0.7	6.5	0.7	5.2	0.6	4.8	0.4	4.8		
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	3.8	0.9	8.8	0.8	7	0.6	4.8	0.6	4	ns	
$t_{PZL}$			3.8	0.9	8.8	0.8	7	0.6	4.8	0.6	4		
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	4.7	1	8.4	1	8.4	1	6.2	1	6.6	ns	
$t_{PLZ}$			4.7	1	8.4	1	8.4	1	6.2	1	6.6		
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	4.5	1.5	9.4	1.3	8.2	1.1	6.2	0.9	5.2	ns	
$t_{PLZ}$			4.5	1.5	9.4	1.3	8.2	1.1	6.2	0.9	5.2		

### 5.11 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$

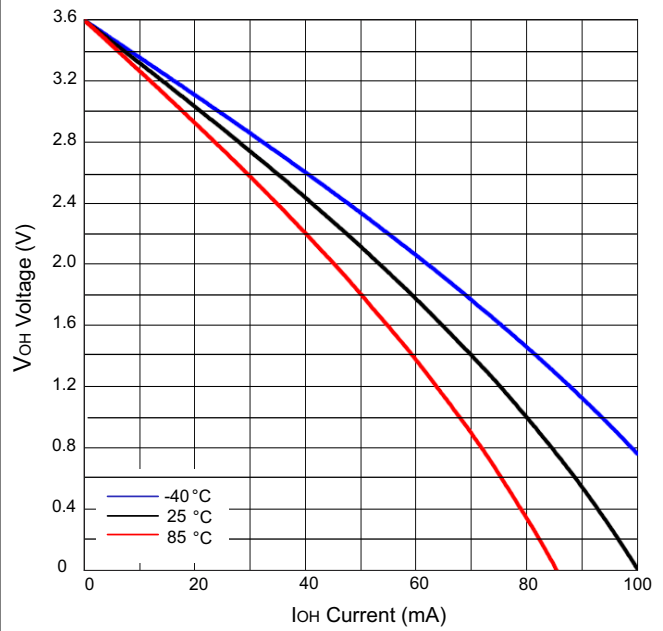
over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$  (see [Figure 6-1](#))

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB} = 1.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$		$V_{CCB} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		$V_{CCB} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$		$V_{CCB} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	
$t_{PLH}$	A	B	2.9	0.1	5.6	0.1	4.5	0.1	3.3	0.1	2.9	ns	
$t_{PHL}$			2.9	0.1	5.6	0.1	4.5	0.1	3.3	0.1	2.9		
$t_{PLH}$	B	A	2.6	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.4	0.2	3	0.1	2.8	ns	
$t_{PHL}$			2.6	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.4	0.2	3	0.1	2.8		
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	3.8	0.6	8.7	0.6	5.2	0.6	3.8	0.4	3.8	ns	
$t_{PZL}$			3.8	0.6	8.7	0.6	5.2	0.6	3.8	0.4	3.8		
$t_{PZH}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	3.7	0.8	8.7	0.6	6.8	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.8	ns	
$t_{PZL}$			3.7	0.8	8.7	0.6	6.8	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.8		
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	A	4.8	0.7	9.3	0.7	8.3	0.7	5.6	0.7	6.6	ns	
$t_{PLZ}$			4.8	0.7	9.3	0.7	8.3	0.7	5.6	0.7	6.6		
$t_{PHZ}$	$\overline{OE}$	B	5.3	1.4	9.3	1.2	8.1	1	6.4	0.8	6.2	ns	
$t_{PLZ}$			5.3	1.4	9.3	1.2	8.1	1	6.4	0.8	6.2		

## 5.12 Typical Characteristics

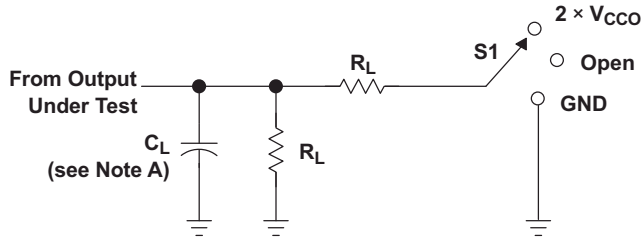


**Figure 5-1. Low-Level Output Voltage (V<sub>OL</sub>) vs Low-Level Current (I<sub>OL</sub>)**



**Figure 5-2. High-Level Output Voltage (V<sub>OH</sub>) vs High-Level Current (I<sub>OH</sub>)**

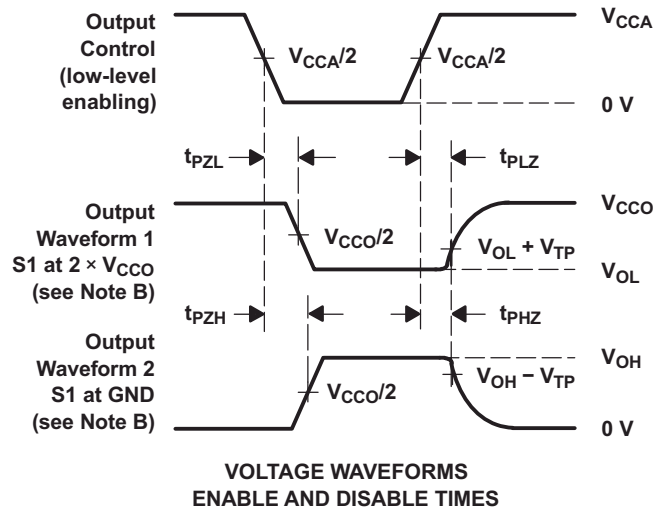
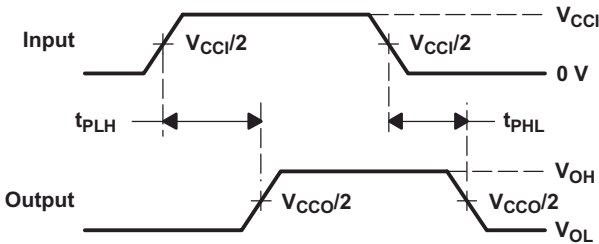
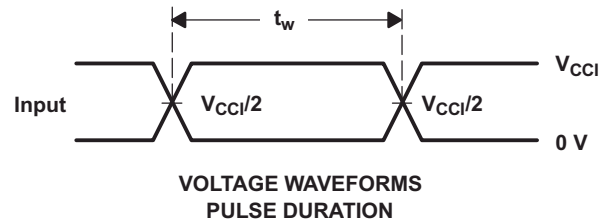
## 6 Parameter Measurement Information



LOAD CIRCUIT

$V_{CCO}$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$V_{TP}$
1.2 V	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	0.1 V
1.5 V $\pm$ 0.1 V	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	0.1 V
1.8 V $\pm$ 0.15 V	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	0.3 V

TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



- NOTES:
- $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR = 10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \geq 1$  V/ns.
  - The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
  - $V_{CCl}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
  - $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

Figure 6-1. Load and Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The SN74AVC4T245 is a 4-bit, dual-supply noninverting bidirectional voltage level translation device.  $V_{CCA}$  supports the Ax pins and control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 1  $\overline{OE}$ , and 2  $\overline{OE}$ ), and  $V_{CCB}$  supports the Bx pins. The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2V to 3.6V. A high on DIR allows data transmission from Ax to Bx and a low on DIR allows data transmission from Bx to Ax when  $\overline{OE}$  is set to low. When  $\overline{OE}$  is set to high, both Ax and Bx pins are in the high-impedance state.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram

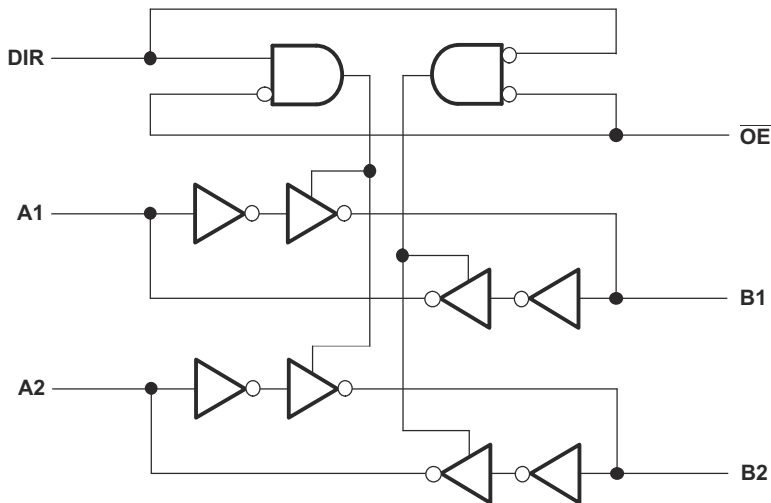


Figure 7-1. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic) for 1/2 of SN74AVC4T245

## 7.3 Feature Description

### 7.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design

The fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.2V to 3.6V power-supply range. Both  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2V and 3.6V; thus, making the device an excellent choice for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V).

### 7.3.2 Supports High Speed Translation

The SN74AVC4T245 device can support high data rate applications. The translated signal data rate can be up to 380Mbps when the signal is translated from 1.8V to 3.3V.

### 7.3.3 $I_{off}$ Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

$I_{off}$  will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when the device is in partial-power-down mode.

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

**Table 7-1. Function Table  
(Each 2-Bit Section)**

CONTROL INPUTS		OUTPUT CIRCUITS		OPERATION <sup>(1)</sup>
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	A PORT	B PORT	
L	L	Enabled	Hi-Z	B data to A bus
L	H	Hi-Z	Enabled	A data to B bus
H	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Isolation

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os are always active.

## 8 Application and Implementation

### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The SN74AVC4T245 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The SN74AVC4T245 device is an excellent choice for applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os. The maximum data rate can be up to 380Mbps when device translates a signal from 1.8V to 3.3V.

### 8.2 Typical Application

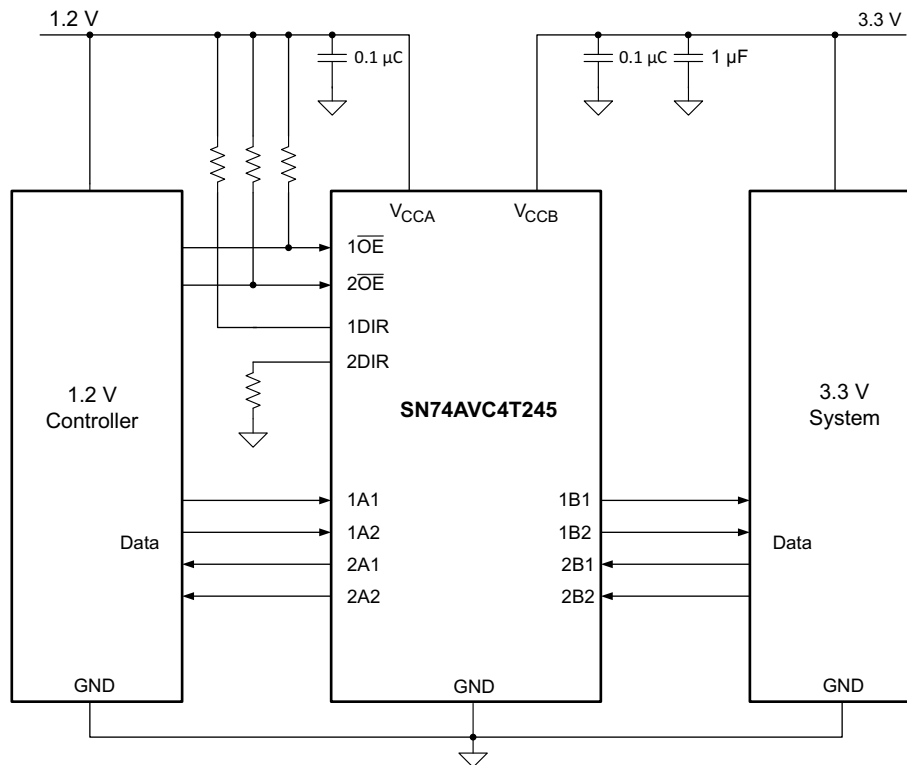


Figure 8-1. Typical Application Diagram

### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For the design example shown in [Section 8.2](#) use the parameters listed in [Table 8-1](#).

**Table 8-1. Design Parameters**

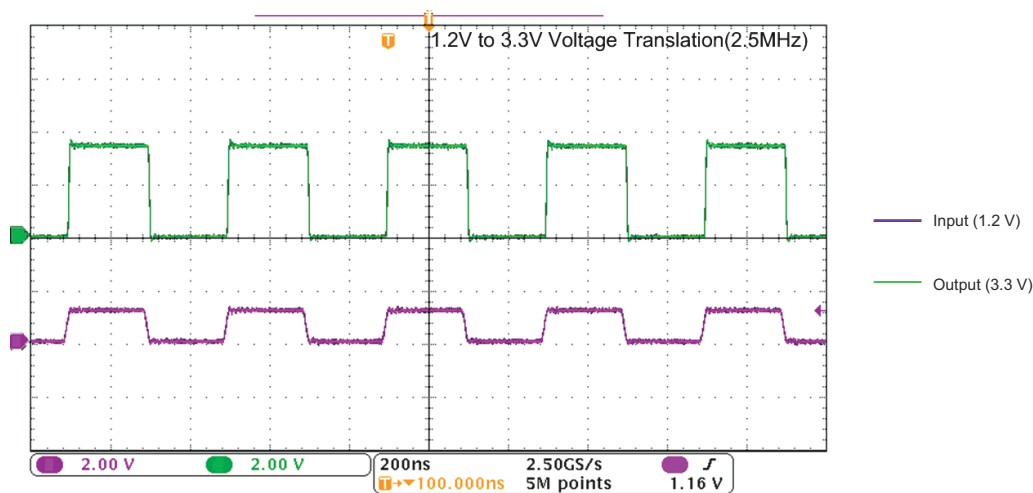
DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V
Output voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V

### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVC4T245 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high, the value must exceed the  $V_{IH}$  of the input port. For a valid logic low, the value must be less than the  $V_{IL}$  of the input port.
- Output voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVC4T245 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

### 8.2.3 Application Curves



**Figure 8-2. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz**

### 8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74AVC4T245 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails,  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V and  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The A port and B port are designed to track  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  respectively allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input circuit is designed so that  $V_{CCA}$  supplies  $\overline{OE}$ , and when the  $\overline{OE}$  input is high, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To put the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up or power down, the  $\overline{OE}$  input pin must be tied to  $V_{CCA}$  through a pullup resistor and must not be enabled until  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  are fully ramped and stable. The current-sinking capability of the driver determines the minimum value of the pullup resistor to  $V_{CCA}$ .

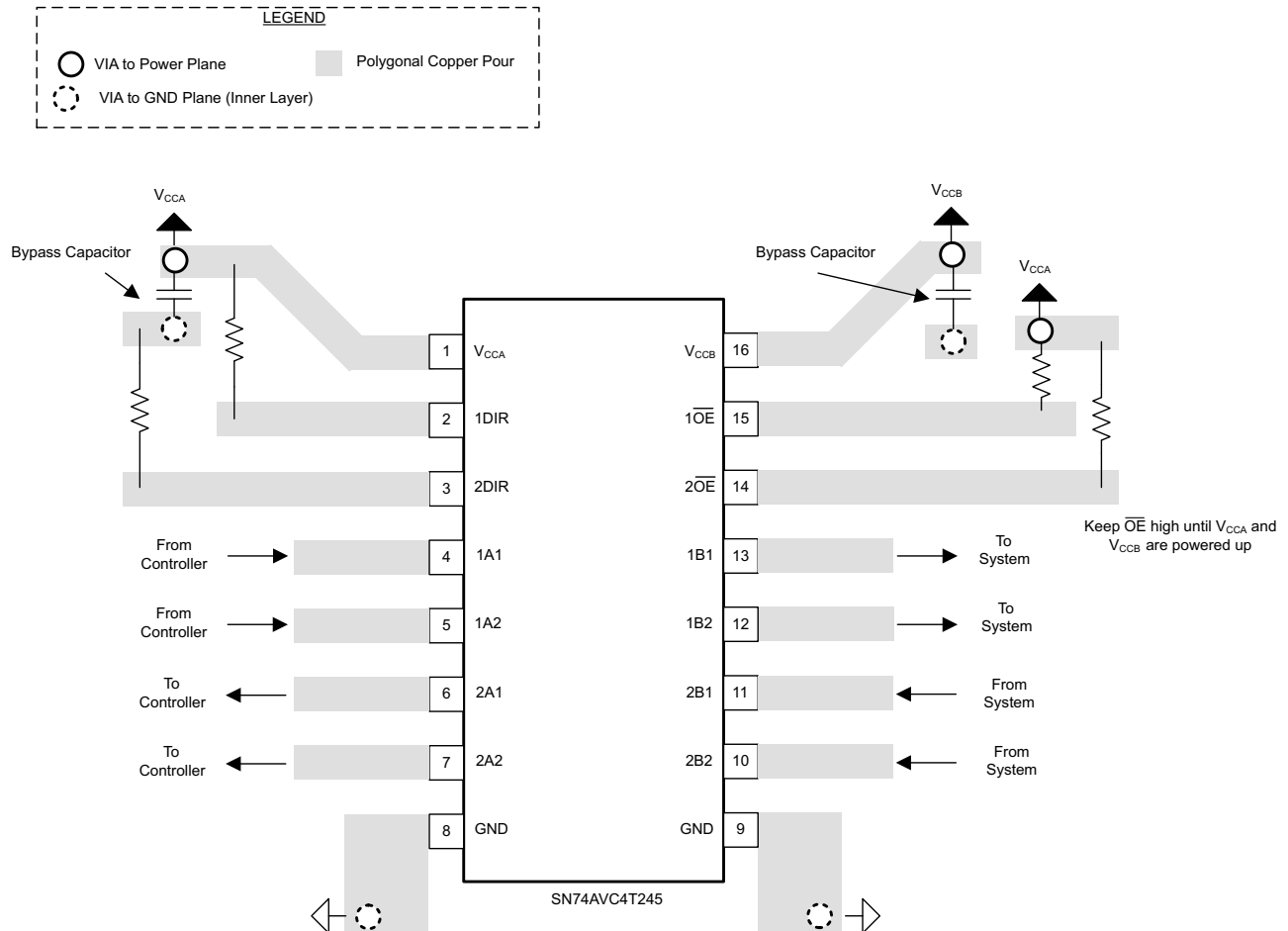
## 8.4 Layout

### 8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For device reliability, it is recommended to follow common printed-circuit board layout guidelines, such as follows:

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals, depending on the system requirements.

### 8.4.2 Layout Example



## 9 Device and Documentation Support

### 9.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](http://ti.com). Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 9.2 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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### 9.3 Trademarks

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### 9.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 9.5 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

### Changes from Revision G (November 2014) to Revision H (March 2024) Page

- Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document..... 1
- Added the BQB and DYY package information throughout the data sheet..... 1
- Updated the package information table to include package lead size..... 1

### Changes from Revision F (October 2014) to Revision G (November 2014) Page

- Changed *Pin Functions* table. .... 3
- Changed *Typical Application* schematic. .... 16

### Changes from Revision E (December 2011) to Revision F (October 2014) Page

- Added *Applications, Pin Configuration and Functions* section, *Handling Rating* table, *Thermal Information* table, *Feature Description* section, *Typical Characteristics* section, *Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation* section, *Power Supply Recommendations* section, *Layout* section, *Device and Documentation Support* section, and *Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information* section ..... 1

### Changes from Revision D (September 2007) to Revision E (December 2011) Page

- Fixed  $t_{PZL}$   $V_{CCB} = 3.3V$  parameter typographical error from 36.6 to 3.6..... 9

## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74AVC4T245DGVRE4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AVC4T245RGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AVC4T245RSVR-NT	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ZWU	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AVC4T245RSVRG4	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ZWU	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVC4T245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245DGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVC4T245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245DRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVC4T245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245DT	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVC4T245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWTE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245PWTG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245RGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	WT245	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AVC4T245RSVR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ZWU	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of  $\leq 1000$ ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the  $\leq 1000$ ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AVC4T245 :

- Automotive : [SN74AVC4T245-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
74AVC4T245RSVR-NT	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	180.0	8.4	2.0	2.8	0.7	4.0	8.0	Q1
74AVC4T245RSVR-NT	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	180.0	9.5	2.1	2.9	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.8	4.0	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245PWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245RGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.8	4.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AVC4T245RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	178.0	13.5	2.1	2.9	0.75	4.0	12.0	Q1

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
74AVC4T245RSVR-NT	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
74AVC4T245RSVR-NT	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0
SN74AVC4T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AVC4T245DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0
SN74AVC4T245PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AVC4T245PWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AVC4T245RGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AVC4T245RSVR	UQFN	RSV	16	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0

**TUBE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
SN74AVC4T245D	D	SOIC	16	40	507	8	3940	4.32
SN74AVC4T245PW	PW	TSSOP	16	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
SN74AVC4T245PWE4	PW	TSSOP	16	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5

DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

24 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153  
 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

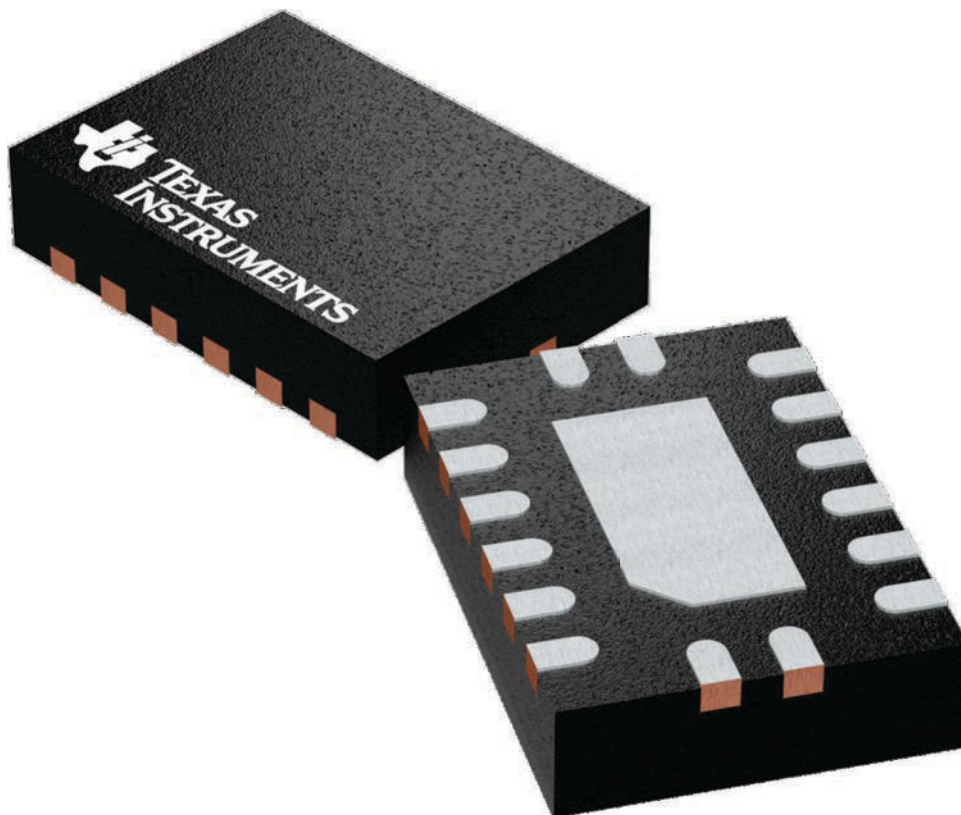
**BQB 16**

**WQFN - 0.8 mm max height**

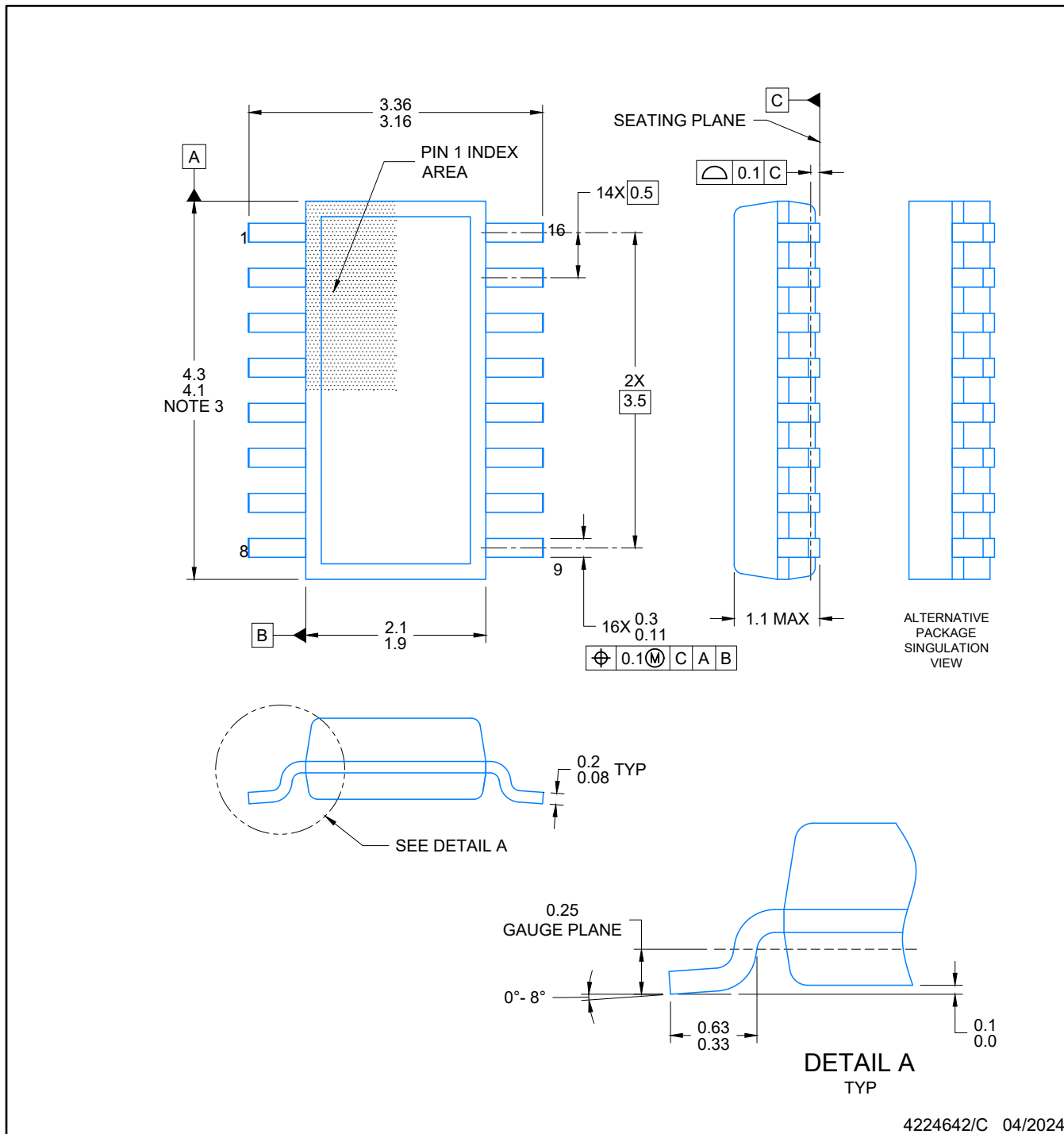
2.5 x 3.5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

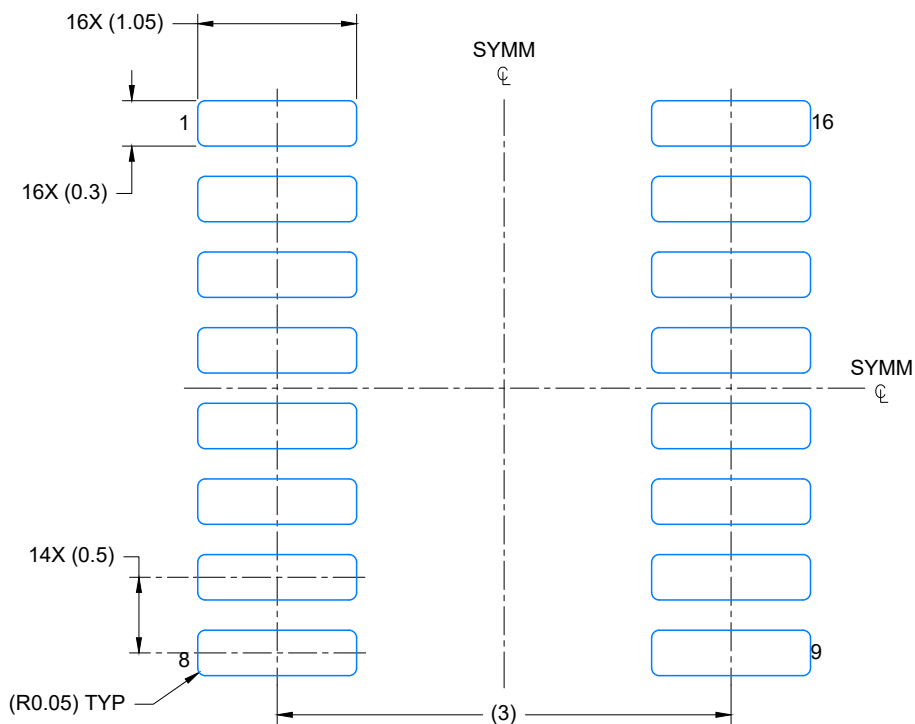


4226161/A

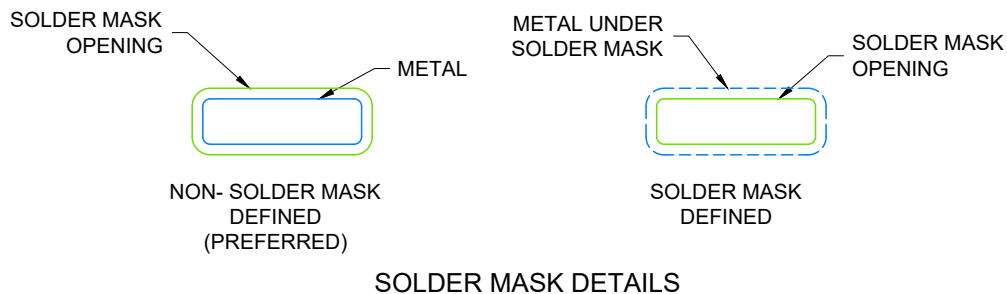


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
5. Reference JEDEC Registration MO-345, Variation AA



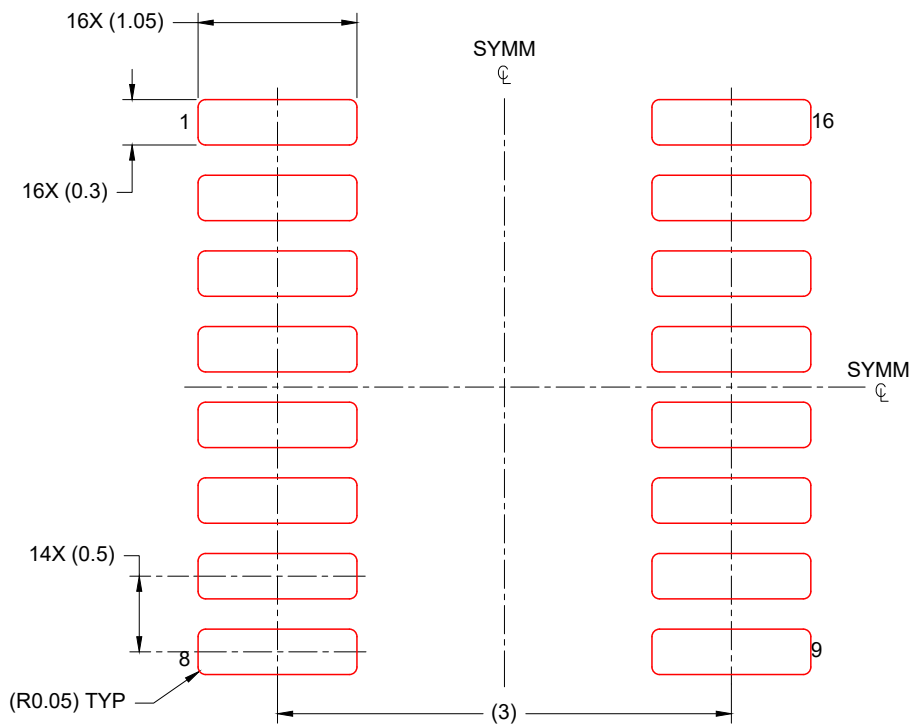
LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 20X



4224642/C 04/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 20X

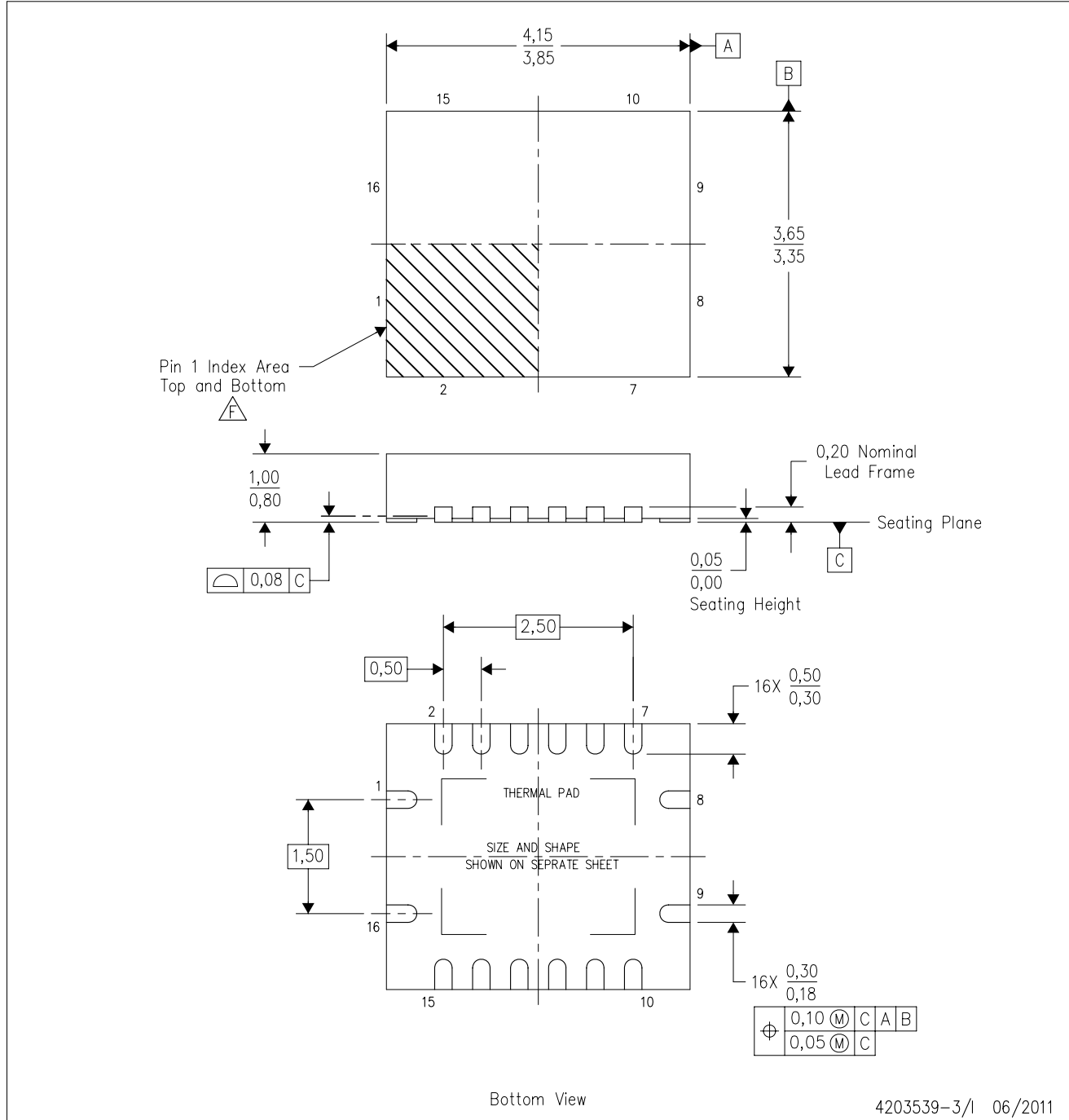
4224642/C 04/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4203539-3/1 06/2011

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
  - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
  - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
  - Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
  - Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.

RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

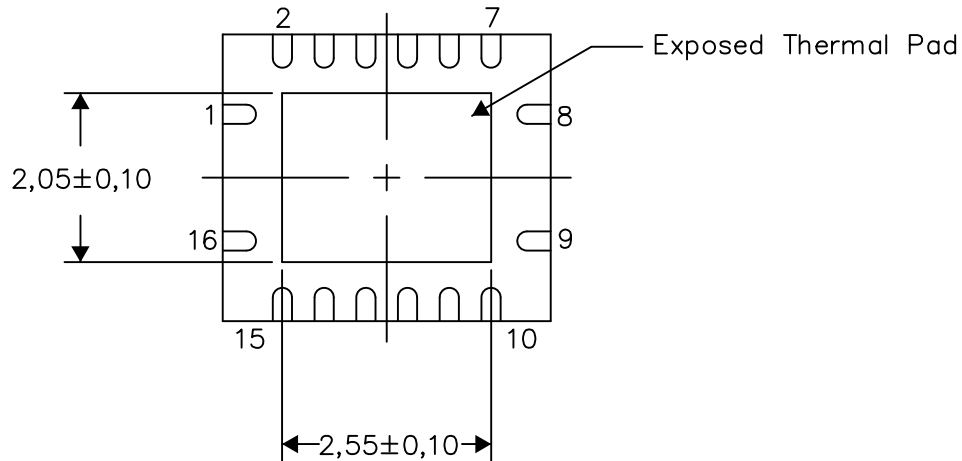
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

**THERMAL INFORMATION**

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

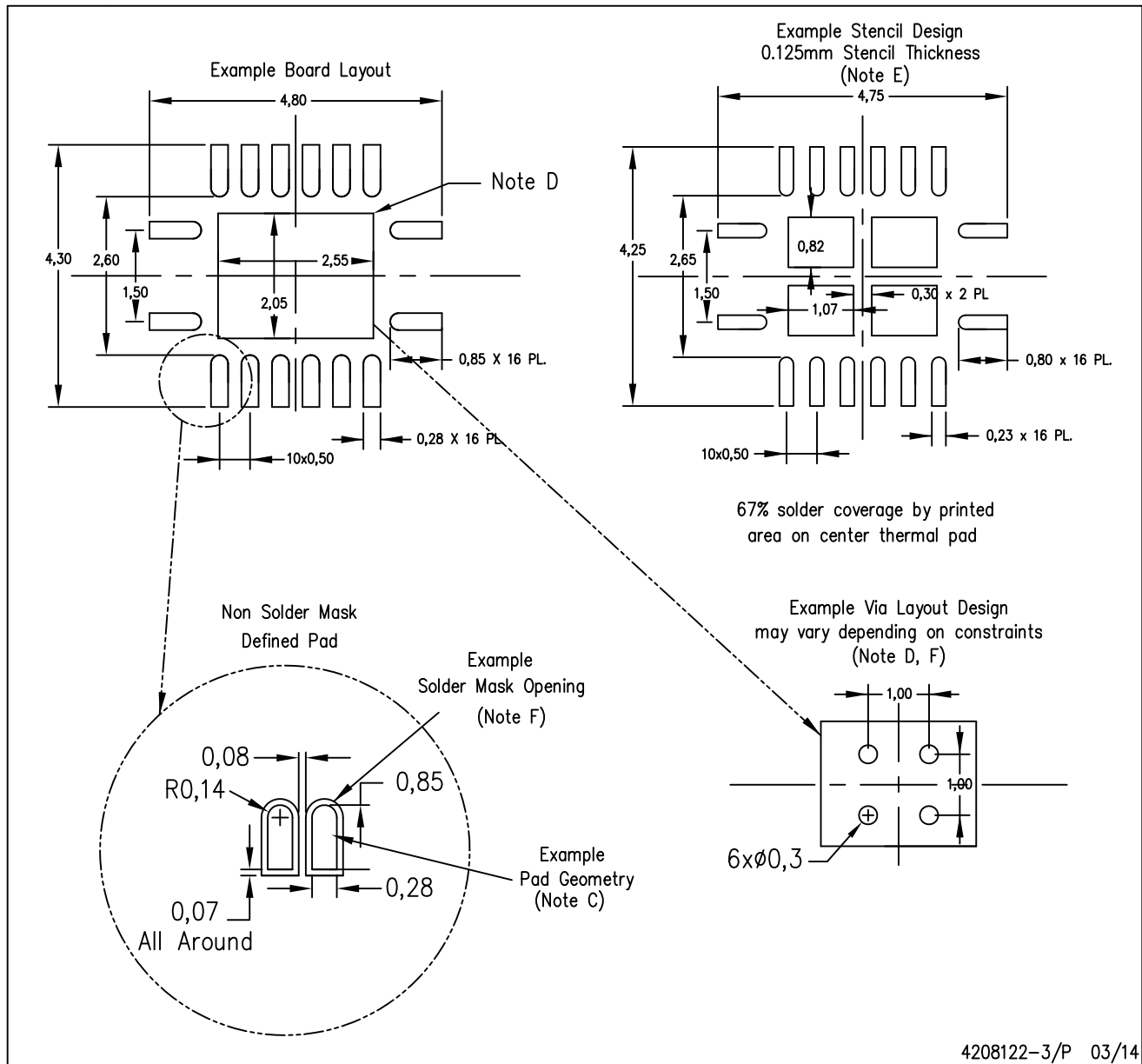
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206353-3/P 03/14

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

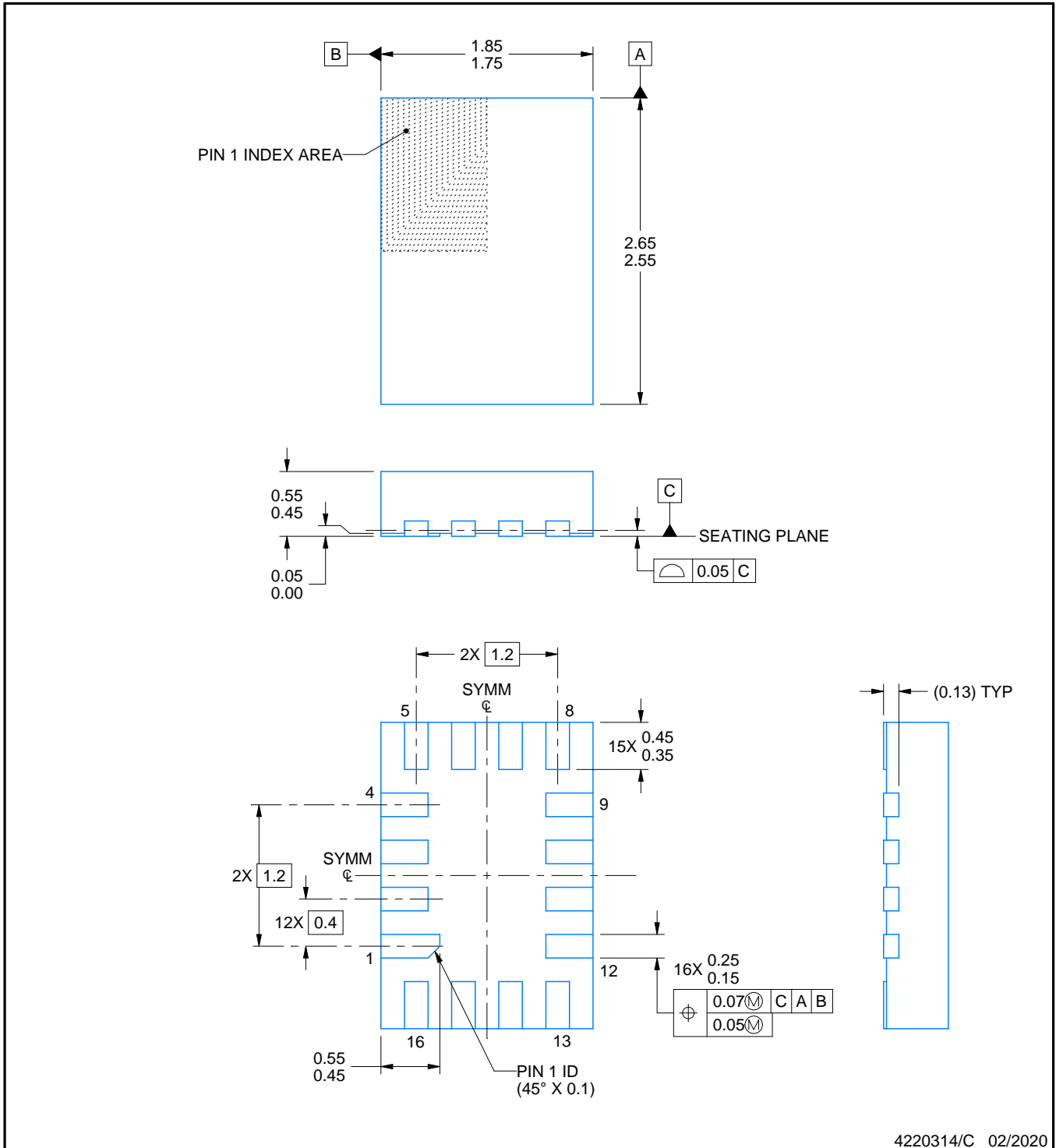
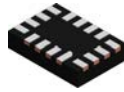
RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4208122-3/P 03/14

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com) <<http://www.ti.com>>.
  - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
  - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



4220314/C 02/2020

NOTES:

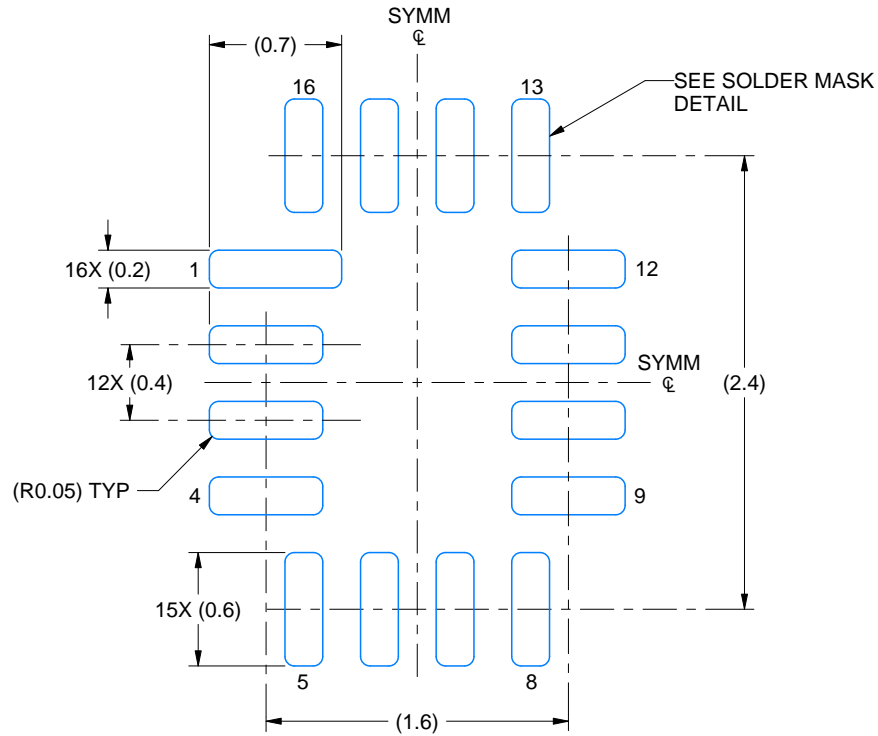
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

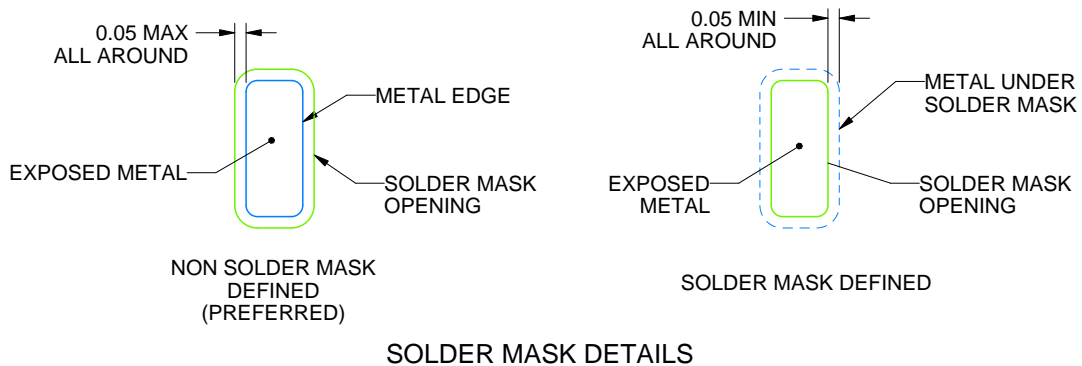
RSV0016A

UQFN - 0.55 mm max height

ULTRA THIN QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 25X



4220314/C 02/2020

NOTES: (continued)

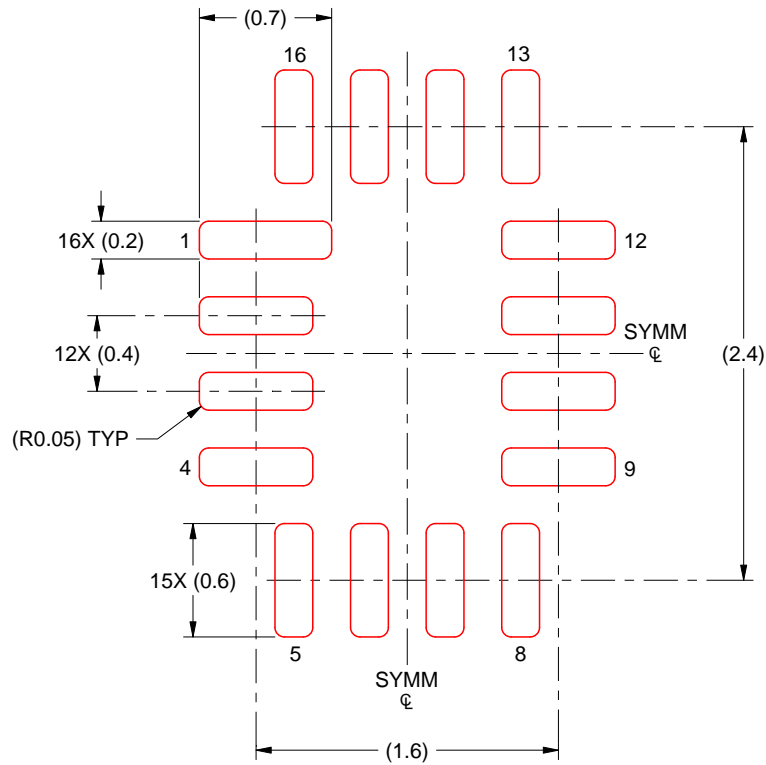
3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/slua271](http://www.ti.com/lit/slua271)).

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RSV0016A

UQFN - 0.55 mm max height

ULTRA THIN QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 25X

4220314/C 02/2020

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

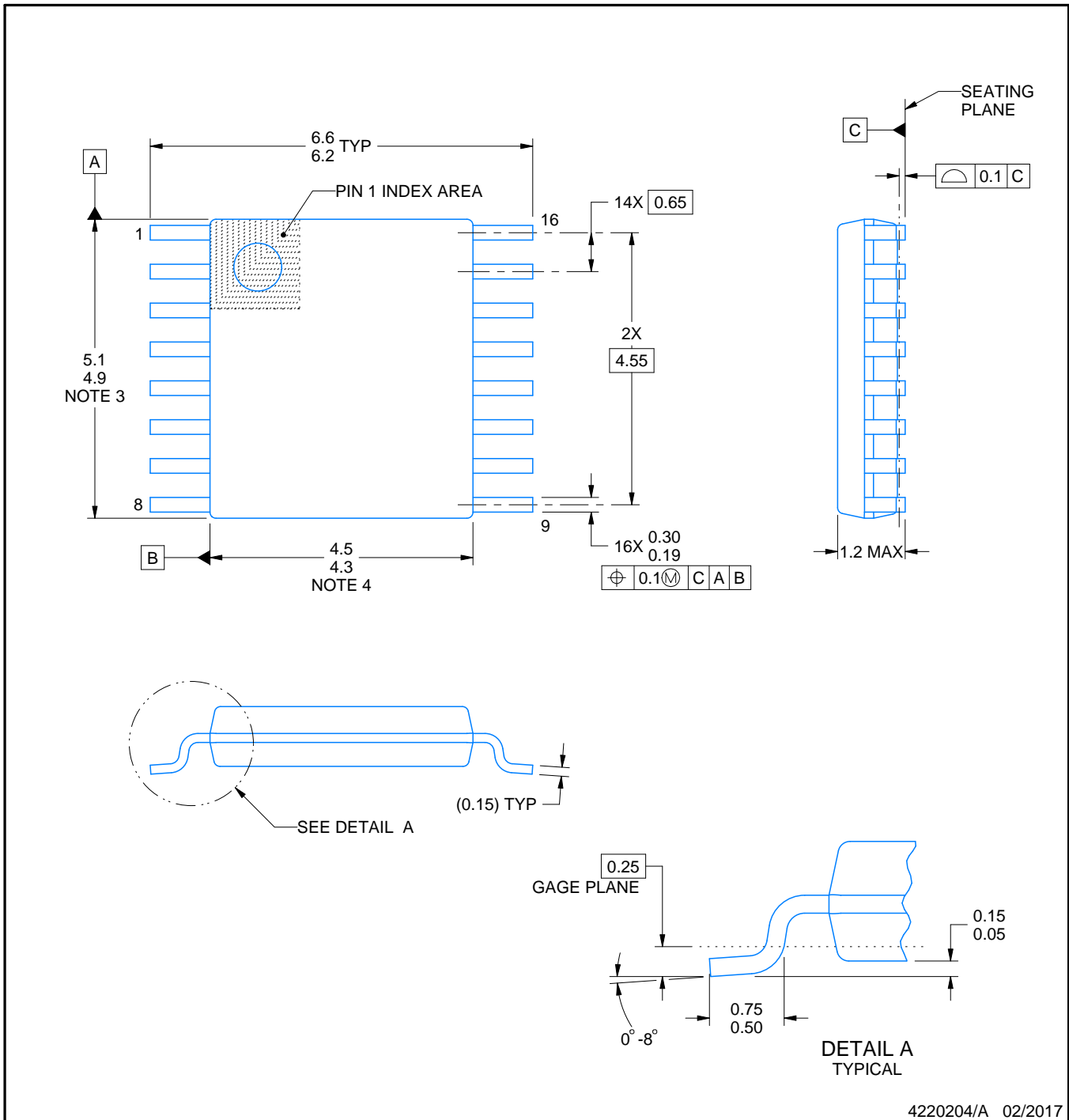


D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
  - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 10X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PW0016A

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 10X

4220204/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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