



**THE DATASHEET OF  
DLW44SM302SK2L**



# Reference Only

**Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil**  
**DLW44SM□□□SK2□** **Reference Specification**

**1. Scope**

This reference specification applies to Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil DLW44SM Series.

**2. Part Numbering**

(ex.) DL W 44 S M 101 S K 2 L  
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10)

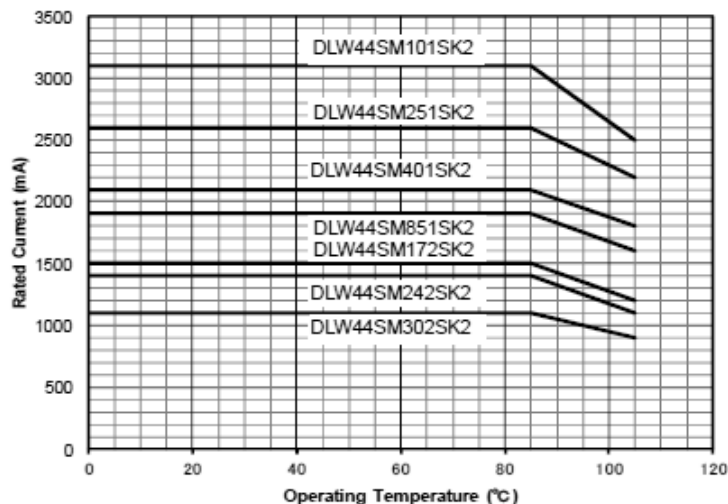
- (1) Chip Common Mode Choke Coil
- (2) Structure (W : Winding Type)
- (3) Dimension (L × W)
- (4) Magnetically Shielded One Circuit Type
- (5) Category(M : Laser Marking Type)
- (6) Impedance Typical impedance value at 100MHz or peak frequency in case of less than 100MHz.
- (7) Circuit
- (8) Features
- (9) Number of Line
- (10) Packaging Code L : Taping (φ 180mm/reel) / K : Taping (φ 330mm/reel) B : Bulk

**3. Rating**

Customer Part Number	MURATA Part Number	Impedance at 10MHz, Under Standard Testing Conditions (Ω)	Impedance at 100MHz, Under Standard Testing Conditions (Ω Typ.)	Rated Voltage V(DC)	Withstanding Voltage V(DC)	* Rated Current (A)	DC Resistance (Rdc) (Ω ±40%)	Insulation Resistance (MΩ min.)
	DLW44SM101SK2L DLW44SM101SK2K DLW44SM101SK2B	10.0±40%	100	60	150	3.1	0.016	10
	DLW44SM251SK2L DLW44SM251SK2K DLW44SM251SK2B	24.0±40%	250			2.6	0.024	
	DLW44SM401SK2L DLW44SM401SK2K DLW44SM401SK2B	37.5±40%	400			2.1	0.030	
	DLW44SM851SK2L DLW44SM851SK2K DLW44SM851SK2B	65±40%	850			1.9	0.040	
	DLW44SM172SK2L DLW44SM172SK2K DLW44SM172SK2B	100±40%	1700			1.5	0.060	
	DLW44SM242SK2L DLW44SM242SK2K DLW44SM242SK2B	140±40%	2400			1.4	0.075	
	DLW44SM302SK2L DLW44SM302SK2K DLW44SM302SK2B	180±40%	2200			1.1	0.120	

\*Rated Current is derated as below figure depending on the operating temperature.

· Operating Temperature : - 40 °C to + 105 °C    · Storage Temperature : - 40 °C to + 105 °C



### 4. Standard Testing Conditions

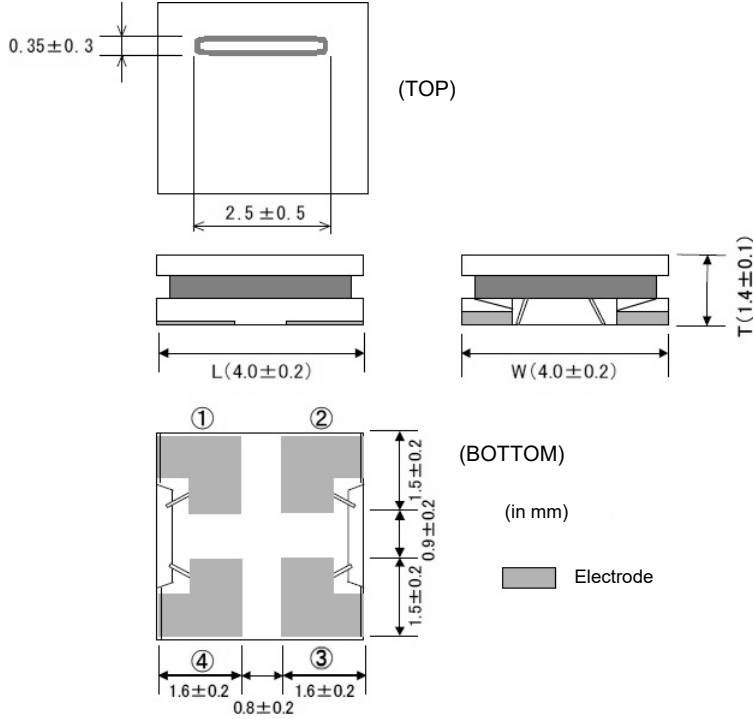
< Unless otherwise specified >

Temperature : Ordinary Temp. 15 °C to 35 °C  
 Humidity : Ordinary Humidity 25 %(RH) to 85 %(RH)

< In case of doubt >

Temperature : 20 °C ± 2 °C  
 Humidity : 60 %(RH) to 70 %(RH)  
 Atmospheric pressure : 86 kPa to 106 kPa

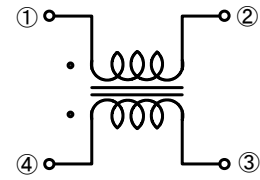
### 5. Style and Dimensions



■ Unit Mass (Typical value)

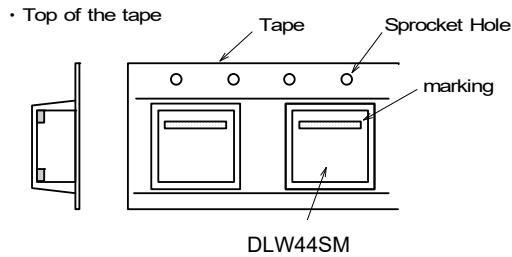
0.086g

■ Equivalent Circuits



No polarity

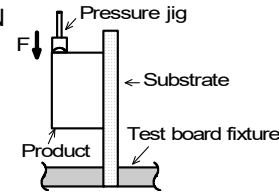
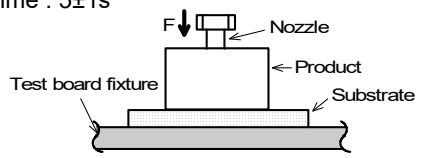
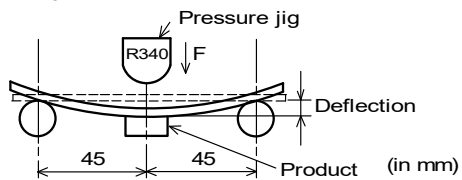
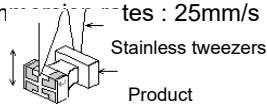
### 6. Marking



### 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method
7.1	Impedance ( Z ) (at 10MHz)	Meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT 4191A or the equivalents. Measuring Frequency : 10MHz (ref. Item 10.)
7.2	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		Measuring Equipment : R8340A or the equivalents. Test Voltage : 2times for Rated Voltage Time : within 60 s (ref. Item 10.)
7.3	DC Resistance (Rdc)		Measuring Current : 100 mA max. (ref. Item 10.) (In case of doubt in the above mentioned standard condition,measure by 4 terminal method.)
7.4	Withstanding Voltage	Products shall not be damaged.	Voltage : 150 V(DC) Time : 60 s Charge Current : 1 mA max. (ref. Item 10.)

## 8. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method								
8.1	Appearance and Dimensions	Meet item 5.	Visual Inspection and measured with Slide Calipers.								
8.2	Bonding Strength and Core Strength	No evidence of chipping, breakage. No evidence of coming off glass-epoxy substrate.	Applying Force (F) : 10N Applying Time : 5±1s 								
8.3	Body strength	No evidence of chipping, breakage.	Applying Force (F) : 10N Applying Time : 5±1s 								
8.4	Bending Strength	Meet Table 1. <u>Table 1</u> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Appearance</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">No damaged.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Impedance change (at 10MHz)</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">within ± 20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">I.R.</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">10MΩ min.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Withstanding Voltage</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">No damaged.</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damaged.	Impedance change (at 10MHz)	within ± 20%	I.R.	10MΩ min.	Withstanding Voltage	No damaged.	Substrate : Glass-epoxy (t=1.6mm) Deflection : 2mm Speed of Applying Force : 0.5 mm/s Keeping Time : 30 s 
Appearance	No damaged.										
Impedance change (at 10MHz)	within ± 20%										
I.R.	10MΩ min.										
Withstanding Voltage	No damaged.										
8.5	Vibration		Products shall be soldered on the substrate. Oscillation Frequency : 10 to 55 to 10Hz for 1 min. Total Amplitude : 1.5mm Testing Time : A period of 2 hours in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions (Total 6 hours).								
8.6	Drop		Products shall be dropped concrete or steel board. Method : free fall Height : 0.75m The Number of Times : 3Times								
8.7	Solderability	The electrodes shall be at least 90% covered with new solder coating.	Flux : Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre heating : 150 ± 10°C, 1 minute. Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Solder Temperature : 245±5°C Immersion Time : 4±1s Immersion and Immersion rates : 25mm/s 								
8.8	Resistance to Soldering heat	Meet Table 1.	Flux : Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre heating : 150 ± 10°C, 1 minute. Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Solder Temperature : 270 ± 5°C Immersion Time : 5±1s Immersion and Immersion rates : 25mm/s Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.								

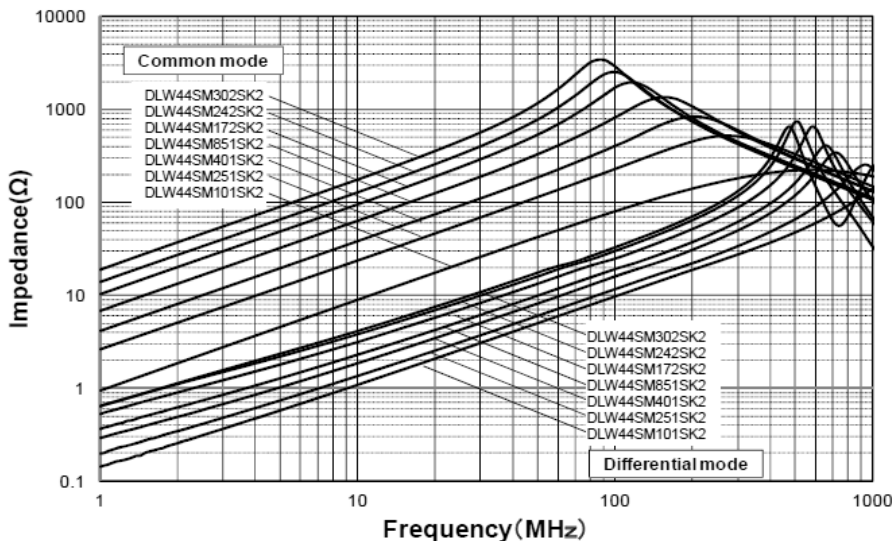
**9. Enviromental Performance** (Product shall be soldered on the glass-epoxy substrate (t=1.6mm).)

No.	Item	Specifications	Test Method
9.1	Temperature Cycle	Meet Table 1.	1 cycle 1 step : -40 °C (+0, -3)°C / 30min (+ 3,- 0) min 2 step : Ordinary temp. / 3 min max. 3 step : +105 °C (+3, -0)°C / 30min (+ 3,- 0) min 4 step : Ordinary temp. / 3 min max. Total of 100 cycles Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.
9.2	Humidity		Temperature : 40 ± 2 °C Humidity : 90 to 95 %(RH) Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours.
9.3	Humidity Load		Temperature : 60 ± 2 °C Humidity : 90 to 95 %(RH) Test Voltage : Rated Voltage Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)
9.4	Heat life		Temperature : 105 ± 2 °C Test Voltage : Rated Voltage Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)
9.5	Cold Resistance		Temperature : - 40 ± 2 °C Time : 1000 h (+48 h , -0 h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 4 to 48 hours. (ref. Item 10.)

**10. Terminal to be Tested** When measuring and supplying the voltage, the following terminal is applied.

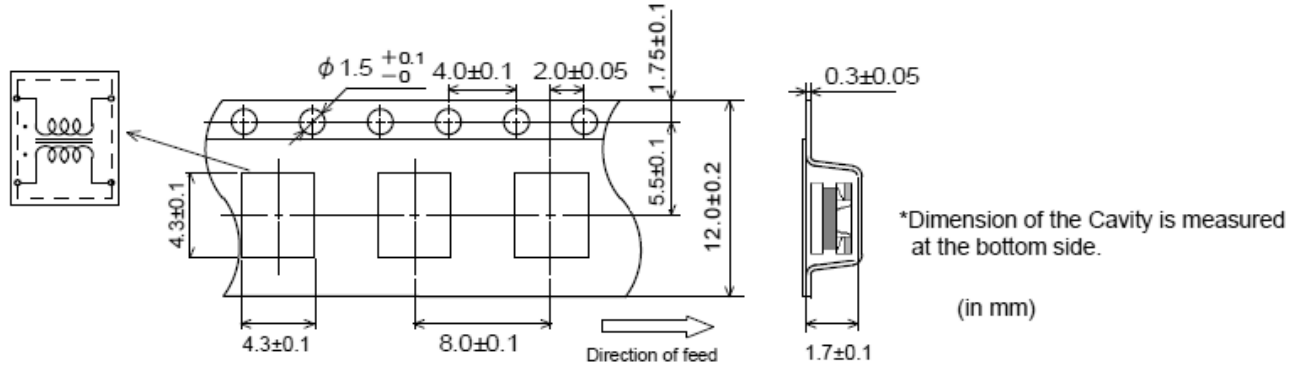
No.	Item	Terminal to be Tested
10.1	Impedance ( Z ) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.2	DC Resistance (R <sub>dc</sub> ) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.3	Insulation Resistance (I.R.) (Measurement Terminal)	
10.4	Withstanding Voltage (Measurement Terminal)	
10.5	Humidity Load (Supply Terminal)	
10.6	Heat Life (Supply Terminal)	

**11. Impedance Frequency Characteristics (Typical)**



## 12. Specification of Packaging

### 12.1 Appearance and Dimensions



### 12.2 Specification of Taping

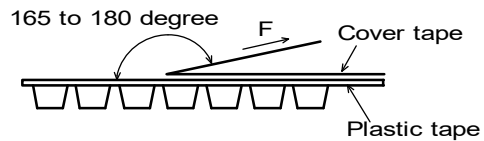
- (1) Packing quantity (Standard quantity)  $\phi$  180 mm reel : 1000 pcs. / reel  $\phi$  330 mm reel : 3500 pcs. / reel
- (2) Packing Method  
Products shall be packaged in each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed with cover tape.
- (3) Sprocket Hole  
The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point  
The cover tape have no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number  
Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

### 12.3 Pull Strength of Plastic Tape

Plastic Tape	5 N min.
Cover Tape	10 N min.

### 12.4 Peeling off force of Cover Tape

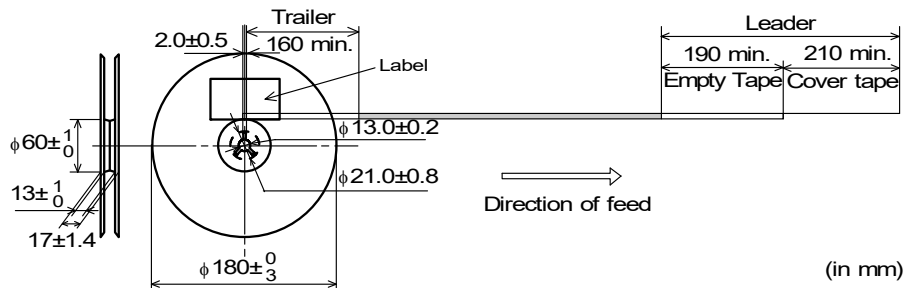
0.2N to 0.7N (minimum value is typical.)  
Speed of Peeling off : 300 mm / min



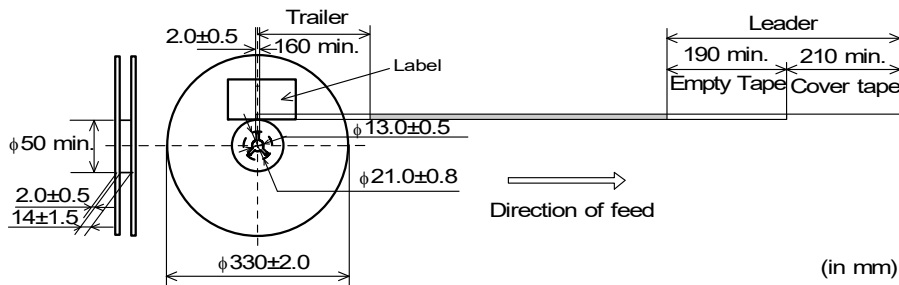
### 12.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel

There shall be leader-tape (cover tape only and empty tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.

« Packaging Code : L ( $\phi$  180mm reel) »



« Packaging Code : K ( $\phi$  330mm reel) »





### 14.2 Assembling

< Exclusive use of Reflow soldering >

Flow soldering may cause deterioration in insulation resistance.

So, reflow soldering shall be applied for this product.

< Thermal Shock >

Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and ceramic surface is limited to 100°C max. Also cooling into solvent after soldering

should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.

Not enough preheating may cause deterioration in insulation resistance and / or crack or ceramic body.

### 14.3 Cleaning Conditions

Do not clean after soldering.

### 14.4 Resin coating

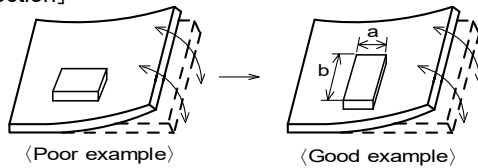
The impedance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit. So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

### 14.5 Attention regarding P.C.B. bending

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



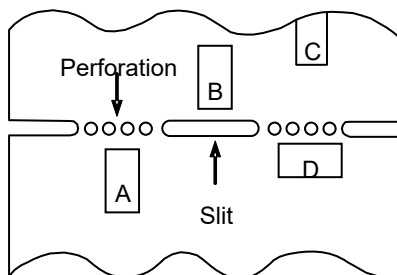
Products shall be location the sideways direction (Length:  $a < b$ ) to the mechanical stress.

- (2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

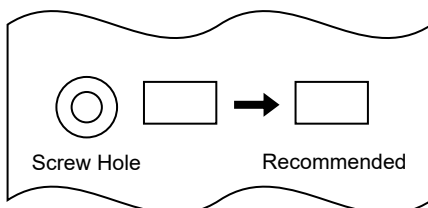
Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D$ *1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$



\*1  $A > D$  is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation.  
If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore  $A > D$  is invalid.

- (3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



### 14.6 Attention Regarding P.C.B. Design

< The Arrangement of Products >

- P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are far from the portion of perforation.
- The portion of perforation shall be designed as narrow as possible, and shall be designed so as not to be applied the stress in the case of P.C.B. separation.

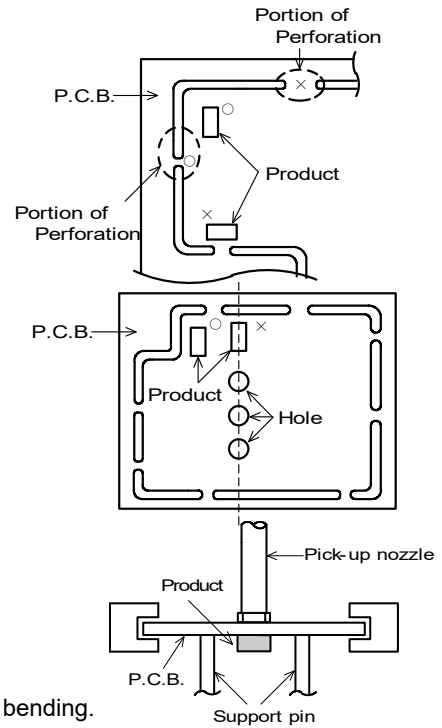
- Products shall not be arranged on the line of a series of holes when there are big holes in P.C.B.  
(Because the stress concentrate on the line of holes.)

< Products Placing >

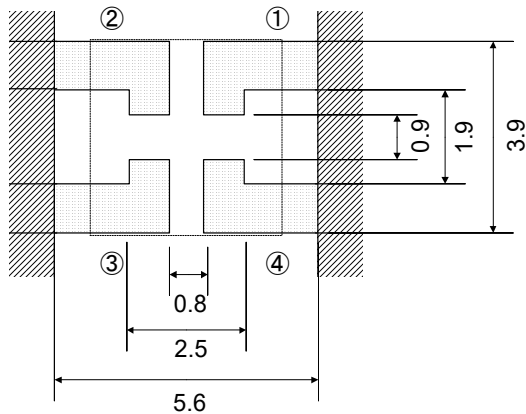
- Support pins shall be set under P.C.B. to prevent causing a warp to P.C.B. during placing the products on the other side of P.C.B..

< P.C.B. Separation >

- P.C.B. shall not be separated with hand.  
P.C.B. shall be separated with the fixture so as not to cause P.C.B. bending.



### 14.7 Standard Land Dimensions



\*① ② ③ ④ indicates terminal number.

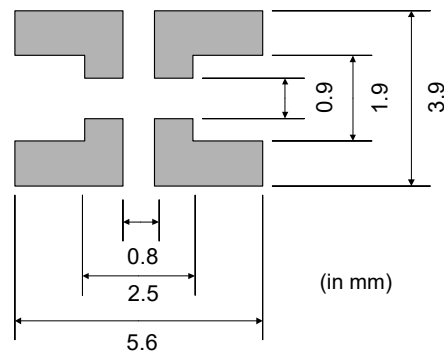
- Resist
- Copper foil pattern
- No pattern

(in mm)

### 14.8 Reflow Soldering

(1) Standard printing pattern of solder paste

- Standard thickness of solder paste should be 150 to 200 $\mu$ m.  
Solderability is subject to reflow condition and thermal conductivity.  
Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- Use the solder paste printing pattern of the right pattern.
- For the resist and copper foil pattern, use standard land dimensions.
- Use the Solder Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu for pattern printing.

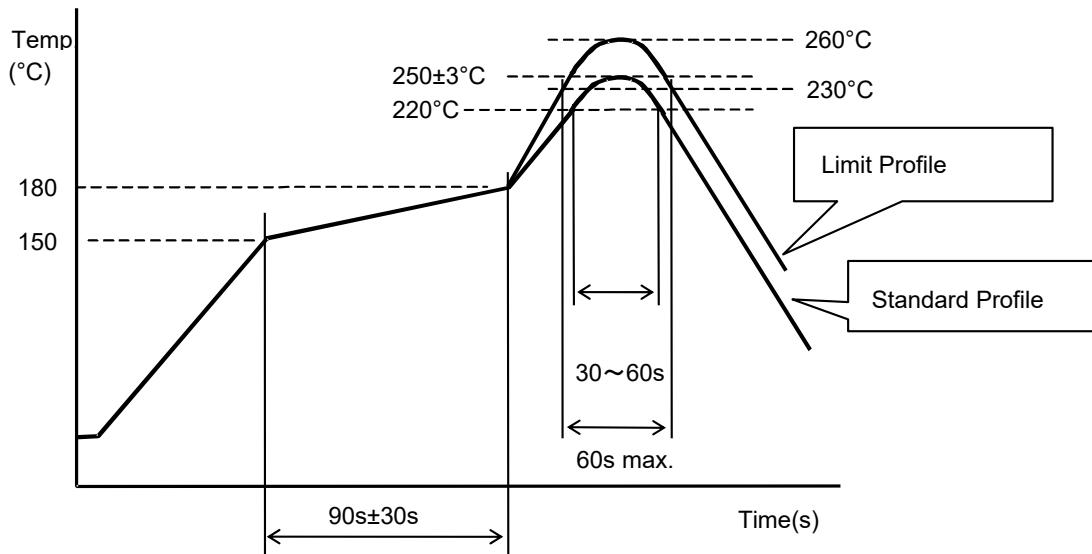


(in mm)

**(2) Soldering Conditions**

Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C 、 90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、 30s~60s	above 230°C、 60s max.
Peak temperature	250±3°C	260°C, 10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

**14.9 Reworking with Soldering iron**

The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron after being mounted by reflow soldering.

- Pre-heating: 150°C, 1 min
- Tip temperature: 350°C max.
- Soldering time : 3(+1,-0) seconds.
- Soldering iron output: 30W max.
- Tip diameter: φ3mm max.
- Times : 2times max.

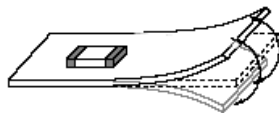
Notes: Do not touch the products directly with the soldering iron.

**14.10 Handling of a substrate**

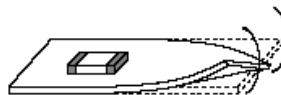
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting



**14.11 Brushing of neighborhood of products**

When you clean the neighborhood of products such as connector pins, bristles of cleaning brush shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.

**14.12 Operating Environment**

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions, on deterioration of the performance, such as insulation resistance may result from the use.

- (1) in corrosive gases (acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc.)
- (2) in the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.

## 14.13 Storage condition

### (1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

### (2) Storage environment conditions

· Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10 °C to +40 °C

Humidity : 15 % to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity.

· Products should not be stored in corrosive gases, such as sulfurous, acid gases, alkaline gases, to prevent the following deterioration.

Poor solderability due to the oxidized electrode.

· Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.

· Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.

· Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e.exposed directly to air).

### (3) Delivery

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 15. Notes

(1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

(2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.

(3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

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