



**THE DATASHEET OF  
DS90LV804TSQX/NOPB**



## DS90LV804 4-Channel 800 Mbps LVDS Buffer/Repeater

Check for Samples: [DS90LV804](#)

### FEATURES

- 800 Mbps Data Rate per Channel
- Low Output Skew and Jitter
- LVDS/CML/LVPECL Compatible Input, LVDS Output
- On-Chip 100Ω Input and Output Termination
- 12 kV ESD Protection on LVDS Outputs
- Single 3.3V Supply
- Very Low Power Consumption
- Industrial -40 to +85°C Temperature Range
- Small WQFN Package Footprint

### DESCRIPTION

The DS90LV804 is a four channel 800 Mbps LVDS buffer/repeater. In many large systems, signals are distributed across cables and signal integrity is highly dependent on the data rate, cable type, length, and the termination scheme.

In order to maximize signal integrity, the DS90LV804 features both an internal input and output (source) termination to eliminate these extra components from the board, and to also place the terminations as close as possible to receiver inputs and driver output. This is especially significant when driving longer cables.

The DS90LV804, available in the WQFN (Leadless Leadframe Package) package, minimizes the footprint, and improves system performance.

An output enable pin is provided, which allows the user to place the LVDS outputs and internal biasing generators in a TRI-STATE<sup>®</sup>, low power mode.

The differential inputs interface to LVDS, and Bus LVDS signals such as those on TI's 10-, 16-, and 18-bit Bus LVDS SerDes, as well as CML and LVPECL. The differential inputs are internally terminated with a 100Ω resistor to improve performance and minimize board space. This function is especially useful for boosting signals over lossy cables or point-to-point backplane configurations.

### Block and Connection Diagrams

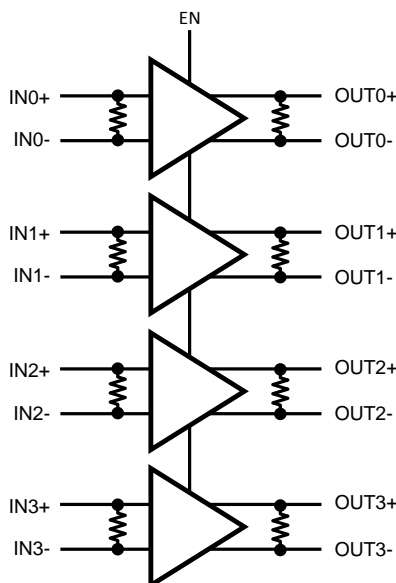
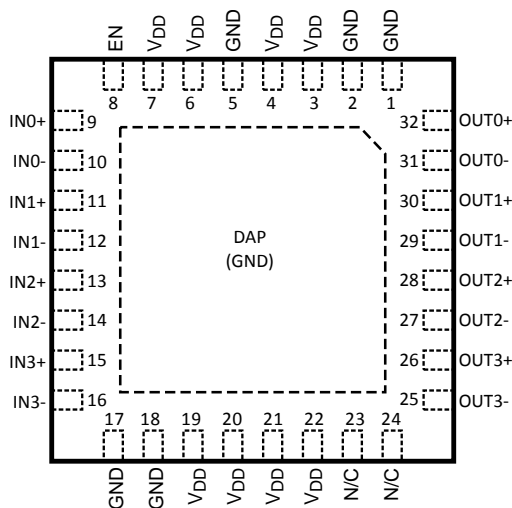


Figure 1. DS90LV804 Block Diagram



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**DS90LV804 WQFN Pinout  
(Top View)**



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )		-0.3V to +4.0V
CMOS Input Voltage (EN)		-0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
LVDS Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
LVDS Output Voltage		-0.3V to (V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V)
LVDS Output Short Circuit Current		+90 mA
Junction Temperature		+150°C
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Solder, 4sec)		260°C
Max Pkg Power Capacity @ 25°C		4.16W
Thermal Resistance	θ <sub>JA</sub>	29.5°C/W
	θ <sub>JC</sub>	3.5°C/W
Package Derating above +25°C		33.3mW/°C
ESD Last Passing Voltage (LVDS output pins)	HBM, 1.5kΩ, 100pF	12 kV
	EIAJ, 0Ω, 200pF	250V
	Charged Device Model	1000V
ESD Last Passing Voltage (All other pins)	HBM, 1.5kΩ, 100pF	8 kV
	EIAJ, 0Ω, 200pF	250V
	Charged Device Model	1000V

(1) Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. TI does not recommend operation of products outside of recommended operation conditions.

(2) V<sub>ID</sub> max < 2.4V

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )		3.15V to 3.45V
Input Voltage ( $V_I$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>		0V to $V_{DD}$
Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )		0V to $V_{DD}$
Operating Temperature ( $T_A$ )	Industrial	-40°C to +85°C

(1)  $V_{ID} \text{ max} < 2.4V$

## Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless other specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Units
<b>LVTTTL DC SPECIFICATIONS (EN)</b>						
$V_{IH}$	High Level Input Voltage		2.0		$V_{DD}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low Level Input Voltage		GND		0.8	V
$I_{IH}$	High Level Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{DD} = V_{DDMAX}$	-10		+10	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Low Level Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}, V_{DD} = V_{DDMAX}$	-10		+10	$\mu A$
$C_{IN1}$	Input Capacitance	Any Digital Input Pin to $V_{SS}$		3.5		pF
$V_{CL}$	Input Clamp Voltage	$I_{CL} = -18 \text{ mA}$	-1.5	-0.8		V
<b>LVDS INPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS (INn±)</b>						
$V_{TH}$	Differential Input High Threshold <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{CM} = 0.8V \text{ to } 3.4V,$ $V_{DD} = 3.45V$		0	100	mV
$V_{TL}$	Differential Input Low Threshold <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{CM} = 0.8V \text{ to } 3.4V,$ $V_{DD} = 3.45V$	-100	0		mV
$V_{ID}$	Differential Input Voltage	$V_{CM} = 0.8V \text{ to } 3.4V, V_{DD} = 3.45V$	100		2400	mV
$V_{CMR}$	Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{ID} = 150 \text{ mV}, V_{DD} = 3.45V$	0.05		3.40	V
$C_{IN2}$	Input Capacitance	IN+ or IN- to $V_{SS}$		3.5		pF
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	$V_{IN} = 3.45V, V_{DD} = V_{DDMAX}$	-10		+10	$\mu A$
		$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{DD} = V_{DDMAX}$	-10		+10	$\mu A$
<b>LVDS OUTPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS (OUTn±)</b>						
$V_{OD}$	Differential Output Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_L = 100\Omega$ external resistor between OUT+ and OUT-	250	500	600	mV
$\Delta V_{OD}$	Change in $V_{OD}$ between Complementary States		-35		35	mV
$V_{OS}$	Offset Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>		1.05	1.18	1.475	V
$\Delta V_{OS}$	Change in $V_{OS}$ between Complementary States		-35		35	mV
$I_{OS}$	Output Short Circuit Current	OUT+ or OUT- Short to GND		-60	-90	mA
$C_{OUT2}$	Output Capacitance	OUT+ or OUT- to GND when TRI-STATE		5.5		pF
<b>SUPPLY CURRENT (Static)</b>						
$I_{CC}$	Total Supply Current	All inputs and outputs enabled and active, terminated with external differential load of 100 $\Omega$ between OUT+ and OUT-.		117	140	mA
$I_{CCZ}$	TRI-STATE Supply Current	EN = 0V		2.7	6	mA

(1) Typical parameters are measured at  $V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ . They are for reference purposes, and are not production-tested.

(2) Differential output voltage  $V_{OD}$  is defined as  $ABS(OUT+ - OUT-)$ . Differential input voltage  $V_{ID}$  is defined as  $ABS(IN+ - IN-)$ .

(3) Output offset voltage  $V_{OS}$  is defined as the average of the LVDS single-ended output voltages at logic high and logic low states.

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless other specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Units
<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—LVDS OUTPUTS</b>						
$t_{LHT}$	Differential Low to High Transition Time	Use an alternating 1 and 0 pattern at 200 Mbps, measure between 20% and 80% of $V_{OD}$ <sup>(4)</sup>		210	300	ps
$t_{HLT}$	Differential High to Low Transition Time			210	300	ps
$t_{PLHD}$	Differential Low to High Propagation Delay	Use an alternating 1 and 0 pattern at 200 Mbps, measure at 50% $V_{OD}$ between input to output.		2.0	3.2	ns
$t_{PHLD}$	Differential High to Low Propagation Delay			2.0	3.2	ns
$t_{SKD1}$	Pulse Skew	$ t_{PLHD} - t_{PHLD} $ <sup>(4)</sup>		25	80	ps
$t_{SKCC}$	Output Channel to Channel Skew	Difference in propagation delay ( $t_{PLHD}$ or $t_{PHLD}$ ) among all output channels <sup>(4)</sup>		50	125	ps
$t_{SKP}$	Part to Part Skew	Common edge, parts at same temp and $V_{CC}$ <sup>(4)</sup>			1.1	ns
$t_{JIT}$	Jitter <sup>(5)</sup>	RJ - Alternating 1 and 0 at 400 MHz <sup>(6)</sup>		1.1	1.5	psrms
		DJ - K28.5 Pattern, 800 Mbps <sup>(7)</sup>		15	35	psp-p
		TJ - PRBS $2^{23}-1$ Pattern, 800 Mbps <sup>(8)</sup>		30	55	psp-p
$t_{ON}$	LVDS Output Enable Time	Time from EN to $OUT_{\pm}$ change from TRI-STATE to active.			300	ns
$t_{OFF}$	LVDS Output Disable Time	Time from EN to $OUT_{\pm}$ change from active to TRI-STATE.			12	ns

(4) Not production tested. Ensured by statistical analysis on a sample basis at the time of characterization.

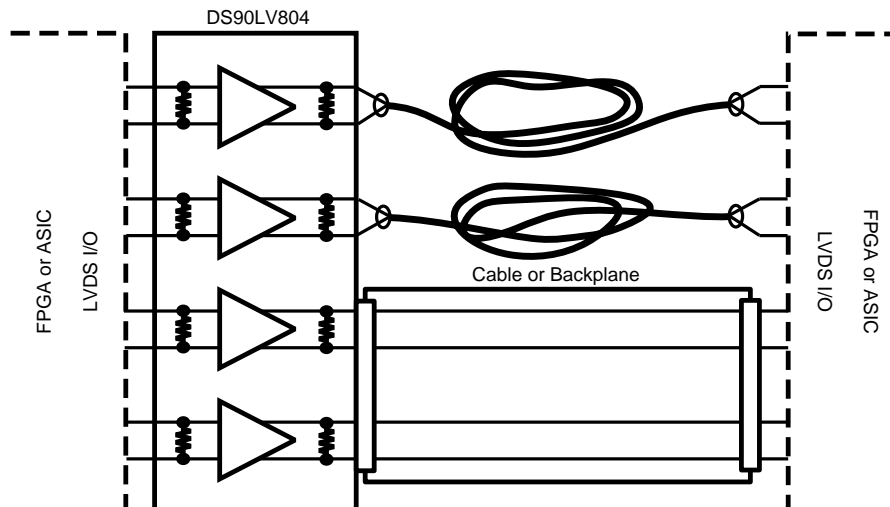
(5) Jitter is not production tested, but ensured through characterization on a sample basis.

(6) Random Jitter, or RJ, is measured RMS with a histogram including 1500 histogram window hits. The input voltage =  $V_{ID} = 500mV$ , 50% duty cycle at 400 MHz,  $t_r = t_f = 50ps$  (20% to 80%).

(7) Deterministic Jitter, or DJ, is measured to a histogram mean with a sample size of 350 hits. The input voltage =  $V_{ID} = 500mV$ , K28.5 pattern at 800 Mbps,  $t_r = t_f = 50ps$  (20% to 80%). The K28.5 pattern is repeating bit streams of (0011111010 1100000101).

(8) Total Jitter, or TJ, is measured peak to peak with a histogram including 3500 window hits. Stimulus and fixture jitter has been subtracted. The input voltage =  $V_{ID} = 500mV$ ,  $2^{23}-1$  PRBS pattern at 800 Mbps,  $t_r = t_f = 50ps$  (20% to 80%).

## Typical Application



## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### INTERNAL TERMINATIONS

The DS90LV804 has integrated termination resistors on both the input and outputs. The inputs have a 100Ω resistor across the differential pair, placing the receiver termination as close as possible to the input stage of the device. The LVDS outputs also contain an integrated 100Ω ohm termination resistor, this resistor is used to reduce the effects of Near End Crosstalk (NEXT) and does not take the place of the 100 ohm termination at the inputs to the receiving device. The integrated terminations improve signal integrity and decrease the external component count resulting in space savings.

### OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

The output characteristics of the DS90LV804 have been optimized for point-to-point backplane and cable applications, and are not intended for multipoint or multidrop signaling.

### TRI-STATE MODE

The EN input activates a hardware TRI-STATE mode. When the TRI-STATE mode is active (EN=L), all input and output buffers and internal bias circuitry are powered off and disabled. Outputs are tri-stated in TRI-STATE mode. When exiting TRI-STATE mode, there is a delay associated with turning on bandgap references and input/output buffer circuits as indicated in the LVDS Output Switching Characteristics

### INPUT FAILSAFE BIASING

External pull up and pull down resistors may be used to provide enough of an offset to enable an input failsafe under open-circuit conditions. This configuration ties the positive LVDS input pin to  $V_{DD}$  thru a pull up resistor and the negative LVDS input pin is tied to GND by a pull down resistor. The pull up and pull down resistors should be in the 5kΩ to 15kΩ range to minimize loading and waveform distortion to the driver. The common-mode bias point ideally should be set to approximately 1.2V (less than 1.75V) to be compatible with the internal circuitry. Please refer to application note [AN-1194](#) "Failsafe Biasing of LVDS Interfaces" for more information.

### INPUT INTERFACING

The DS90LV804 accepts differential signals and allow simple AC or DC coupling. With a wide common mode range, the DS90LV804 can be DC-coupled with all common differential drivers (that is, LVPECL, LVDS, CML). [Figure 2](#), [Figure 3](#), and [Figure 4](#) illustrate typical DC-coupled interface to common differential drivers. Note that the DS90LV804 inputs are internally terminated with a 100Ω resistor.

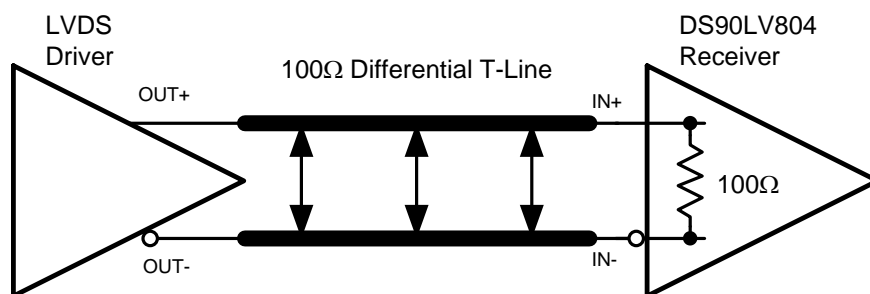


Figure 2. Typical LVDS Driver DC-Coupled Interface to DS90LV804 Input

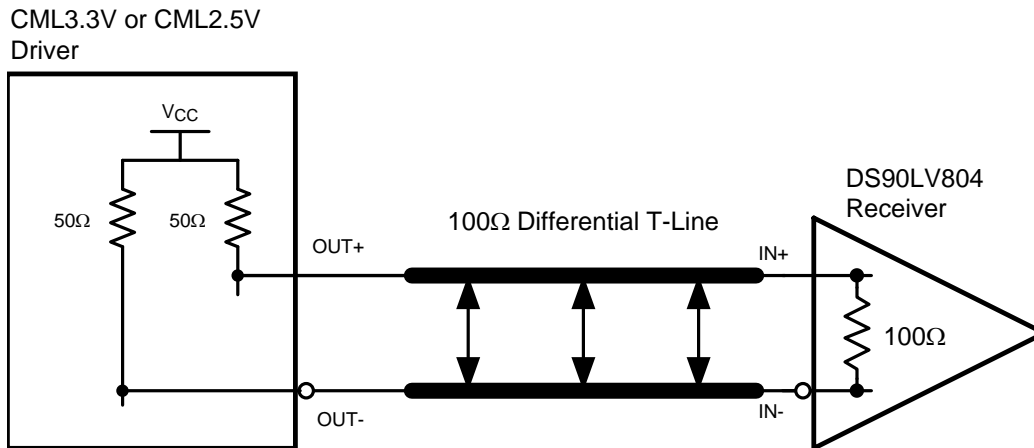


Figure 3. Typical CML Driver DC-Coupled Interface to DS90LV804 Input

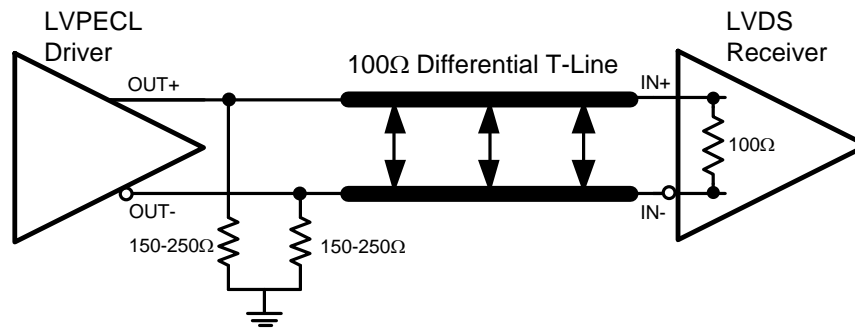


Figure 4. Typical LVPECL Driver DC-Coupled Interface to DS90LV804 Input

**OUTPUT INTERFACING**

The DS90LV804 outputs signals that are compliant to the LVDS standard. Their outputs can be DC-coupled to most common differential receivers. Figure 5 illustrates typical DC-coupled interface to common differential receivers and assumes that the receivers have high impedance inputs. While most differential receivers have a common mode input range that can accommodate LVDS compliant signals, it is recommended to check respective receiver's data sheet prior to implementing the suggested interface implementation.

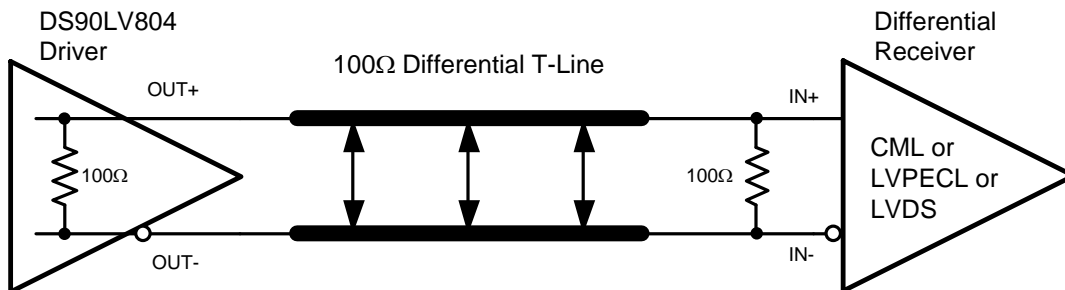


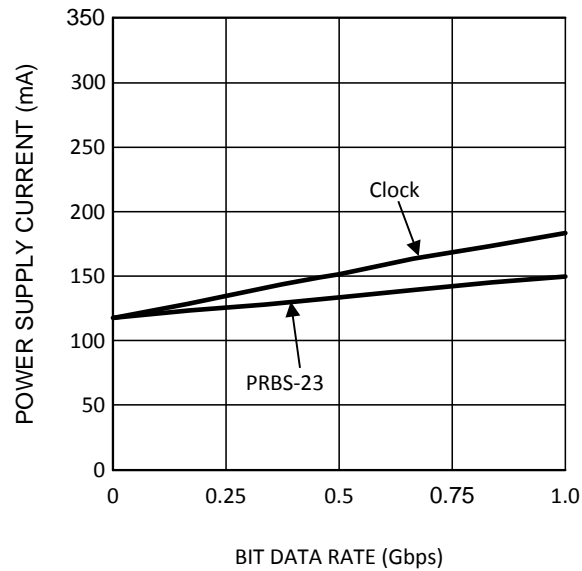
Figure 5. Typical DS90LV804 Output DC-Coupled Interface to an LVDS, CML or LVPECL Receiver

**PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin Name	WQFN Pin Number	I/O, Type	Description
<b>DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS</b>			
IN0+ IN0–	9 10	I, LVDS	Channel 0 inverting and non-inverting differential inputs.
IN1+ IN1–	11 12	I, LVDS	Channel 1 inverting and non-inverting differential inputs.
IN2+ IN2–	13 14	I, LVDS	Channel 2 inverting and non-inverting differential inputs.
IN3+ IN3–	15 16	I, LVDS	Channel 3 inverting and non-inverting differential inputs.
<b>DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUTS</b>			
OUT0+ OUT0–	32 31	O, LVDS	Channel 0 inverting and non-inverting differential outputs <sup>(1)</sup>
OUT1+ OUT1–	30 29	O, LVDS	Channel 1 inverting and non-inverting differential outputs <sup>(1)</sup>
OUT2+ OUT2–	28 27	O, LVDS	Channel 2 inverting and non-inverting differential outputs <sup>(1)</sup>
OUT3+ OUT3–	26 25	O, LVDS	Channel 3 inverting and non-inverting differential outputs <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>DIGITAL CONTROL INTERFACE</b>			
EN	8	I, LVTTTL	Enable pin. When EN is LOW, the driver is disabled and the LVDS outputs are in TRI-STATE. When EN is HIGH, the driver is enabled. LVCMOS/LVTTTL level input.
<b>POWER</b>			
V <sub>DD</sub>	3, 4, 6, 7, 19, 20, 21, 22	I, Power	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, ±5%
GND	1, 2, 5, 17, 18 <sup>(2)</sup>	I, Power	Ground reference for LVDS and CMOS circuitry. For the WQFN package, the DAP is used as the primary GND connection to the device. The DAP is the exposed metal contact at the bottom of the WQFN-32 package. It should be connected to the ground plane with at least 4 vias for optimal AC and thermal performance. The pin numbers listed should also be tied to ground for proper biasing.
N/C	23, 24		No Connect

- (1) The LVDS outputs do not support a multidrop (BLVDS) environment. The LVDS output characteristics of the DS90LV804 device have been optimized for point-to-point backplane and cable applications.
- (2) Note that for the WQFN package the GND is connected thru the DAP on the back side of the WQFN package in addition to grounding actual pins on the package as listed.

### Typical Performance Characteristics



A. Dynamic power supply current was measured while running a clock or PRBS  $2^{23}-1$  pattern with all 4 channels active.  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{ID} = 0.5V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 1.2V$

**Figure 6. Power Supply Current vs Bit Data Rate**

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

The Leadless Leadframe Package (WQFN) is a leadframe based chip scale package (CSP) that may enhance chip speed, reduce thermal impedance, and reduce the printed circuit board area required for mounting. The small size and very low profile make this package ideal for high density PCBs used in small-scale electronic applications such as cellular phones, pagers, and handheld PDAs. The WQFN package is offered in the no Pullback configuration. In the no Pullback configuration the standard solder pads extend and terminate at the edge of the package. This feature offers a visible solder fillet after board mounting.

The WQFN has the following advantages:

- Low thermal resistance
- Reduced electrical parasitics
- Improved board space efficiency
- Reduced package height
- Reduced package mass

For more details about WQFN packaging technology, refer to applications note [AN-1187](#), "Leadless Leadframe Package".

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**REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Changes from Revision K (April 2013) to Revision L</b>	<b>Page</b>
<hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format .....</li></ul>	<hr/> <b>8</b>

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
DS90LV804TSQ	NRND	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	804TSQ	
DS90LV804TSQ/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	804TSQ	<b>Samples</b>
DS90LV804TSQX/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	RTV	32	4500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	804TSQ	<b>Samples</b>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



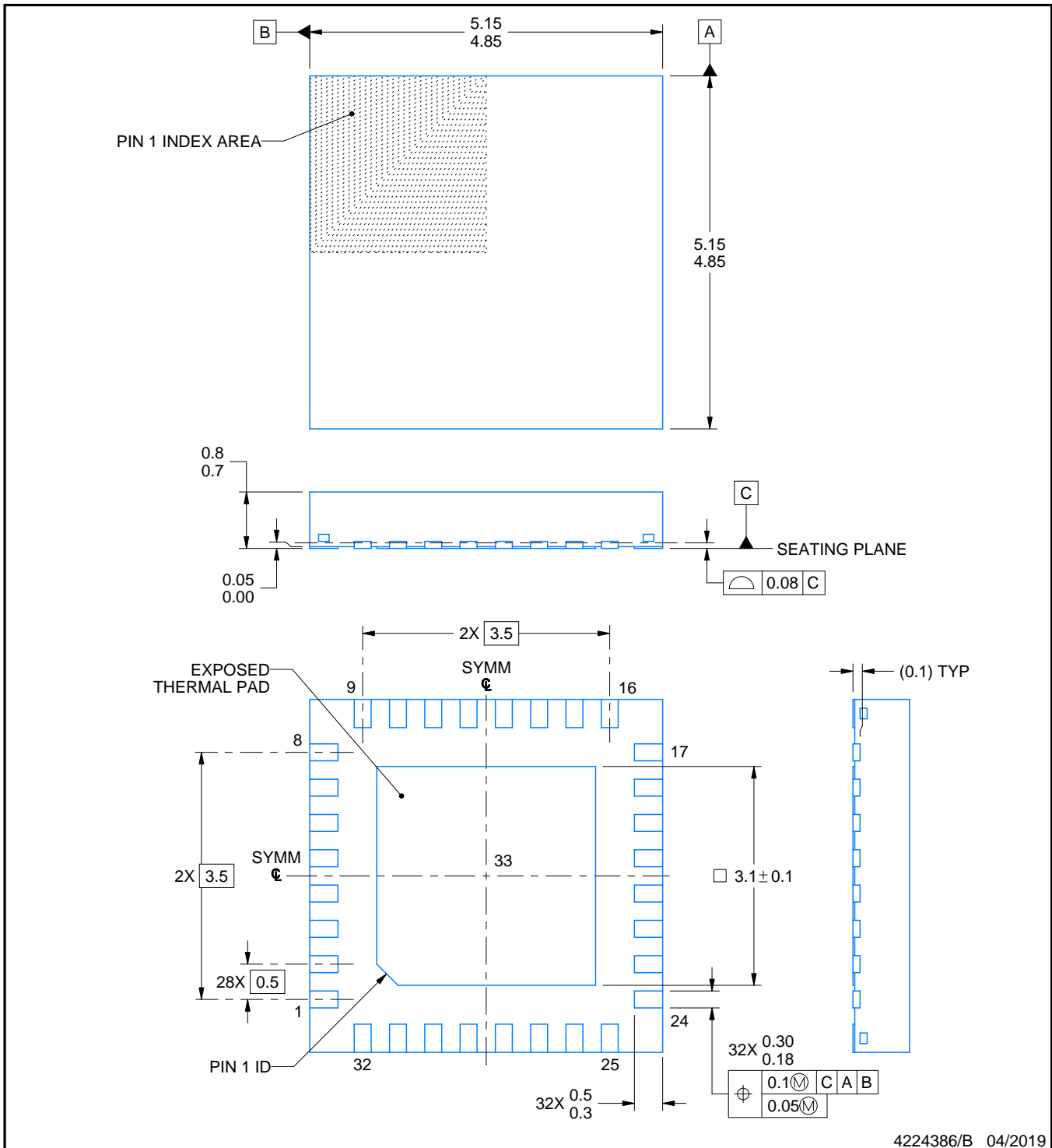
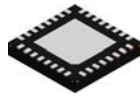
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DS90LV804TSQ	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
DS90LV804TSQ/NOPB	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
DS90LV804TSQX/NOPB	WQFN	RTV	32	4500	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DS90LV804TSQ	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
DS90LV804TSQ/NOPB	WQFN	RTV	32	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
DS90LV804TSQX/NOPB	WQFN	RTV	32	4500	367.0	367.0	35.0



4224386/B 04/2019

NOTES:

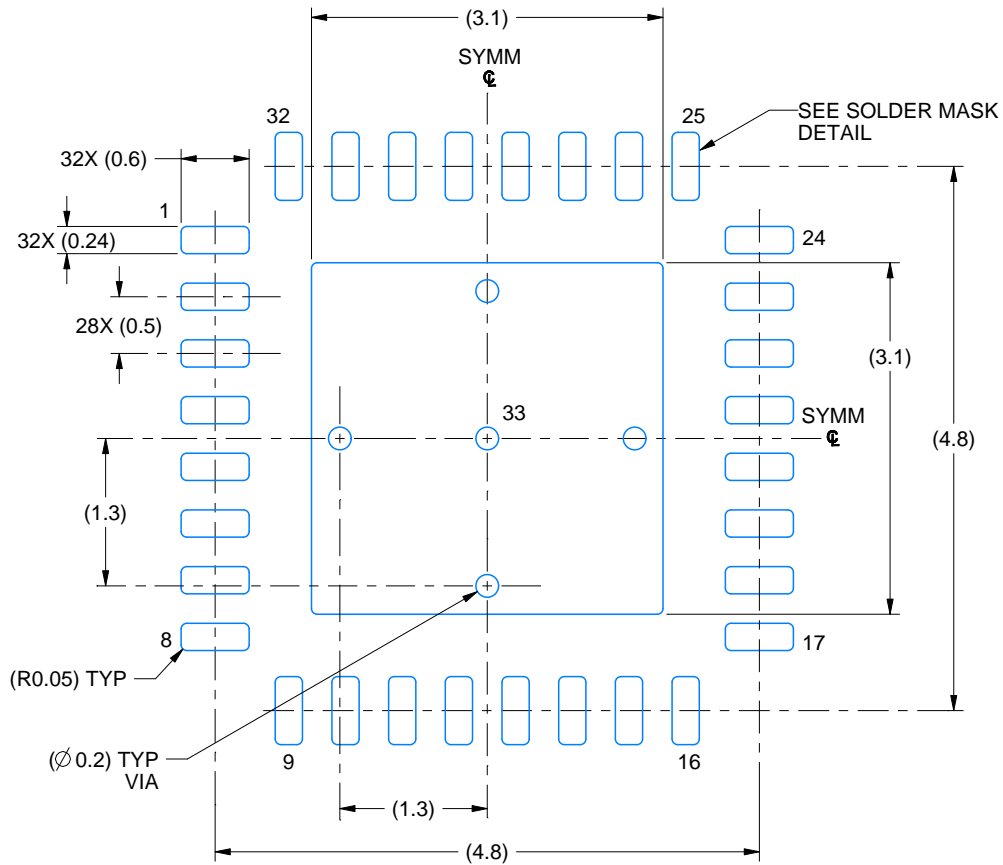
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

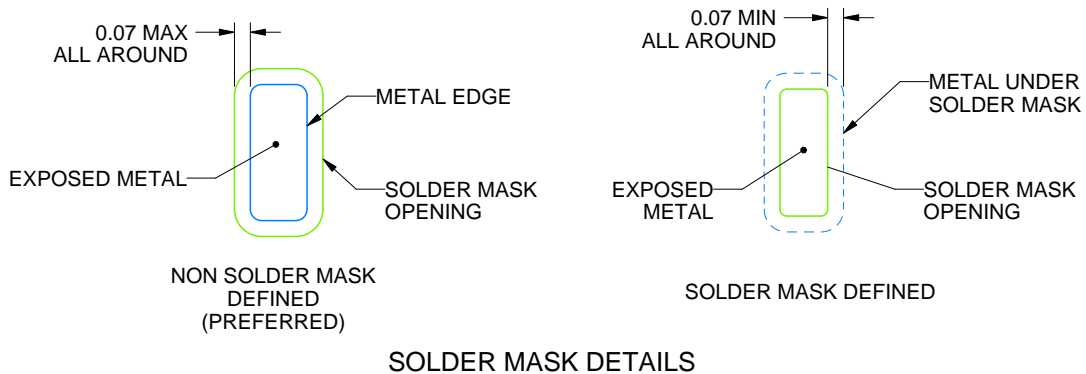
RTV0032A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 15X



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NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/sluea271](http://www.ti.com/lit/sluea271)).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



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