



**THE DATASHEET OF
IRF8707PBF**



IRF8707PbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

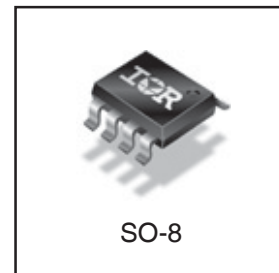
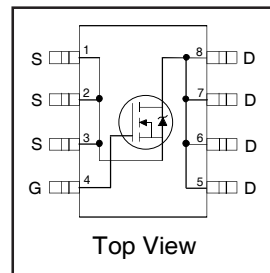
Applications

- Control MOSFET of Sync-Buck Converters used for Notebook Processor Power
- Control MOSFET for Isolated DC-DC Converters in Networking Systems

V_{DSS}	R_{DS(on)} max	Q_g
30V	11.9mΩ@V_{GS} = 10V	6.2nC

Benefits

- Very Low Gate Charge
- Very Low R_{DS(on)} at 4.5V V_{GS}
- Ultra-Low Gate Impedance
- Fully Characterized Avalanche Voltage and Current
- 20V V_{GS} Max. Gate Rating
- 100% tested for R_g
- Lead-Free



Description

The IRF8707PbF incorporates the latest HEXFET Power MOSFET Silicon Technology into the industry standard SO-8 package. The IRF8707PbF has been optimized for parameters that are critical in synchronous buck operation including R_{ds(on)} and gate charge to reduce both conduction and switching losses. The reduced total losses make this product ideal for high efficiency DC-DC converters that power the latest generation of processors for notebook and Netcom applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	30	V
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	
I _D @ T _A = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	11	A
I _D @ T _A = 70°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	9.1	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	88	
P _D @ T _A = 25°C	Power Dissipation	2.5	W
P _D @ T _A = 70°C	Power Dissipation	1.6	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.02	W/°C
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{θJL}	Junction-to-Drain Lead ⑤	—	20	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient ⑥⑤	—	50	

Notes ① through ⑤ are on page 9

www.irf.com

IRF8707PbF

International
IR Rectifier

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

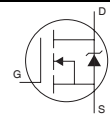
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.022	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	9.3	11.9	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 11A$ ③
		—	14.2	17.5		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 8.8A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.35	1.80	2.35	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 25\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-5.8	—	mV/°C	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 25\mu A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1.0	μA	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	150		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	25	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 8.8A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	6.2	9.3	nC	$V_{DS} = 15V$ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ $I_D = 8.8A$ See Figs. 15 & 16
Q_{gs1}	Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.4	—		
Q_{gs2}	Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	0.7	—		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	2.2	—		
Q_{godr}	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	1.9	—		
Q_{sw}	Switch Charge ($Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$)	—	2.9	—		
Q_{oss}	Output Charge	—	3.7	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$
R_g	Gate Resistance	—	2.2	3.7	Ω	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	6.7	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{GS} = 4.5V$ $I_D = 8.8A$ $R_G = 1.8\Omega$ See Fig. 18
t_r	Rise Time	—	7.9	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	7.3	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	4.4	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	760	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 15V$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	170	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	82	—		

Avalanche Characteristics

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	53	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	—	8.8	A

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	3.1	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	88	A	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.0	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 8.8A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	12	18	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 8.8A, V_{DD} = 15V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	13	20	nC	$di/dt = 300A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				



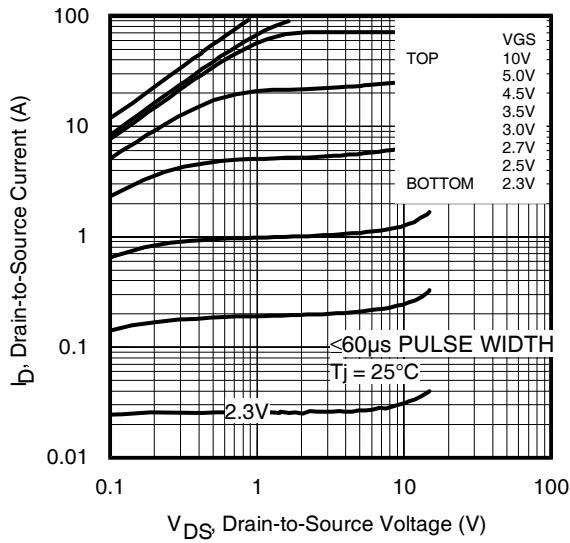


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

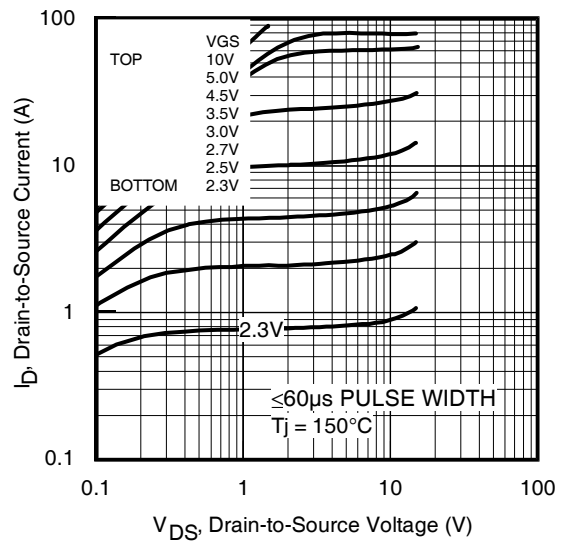


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

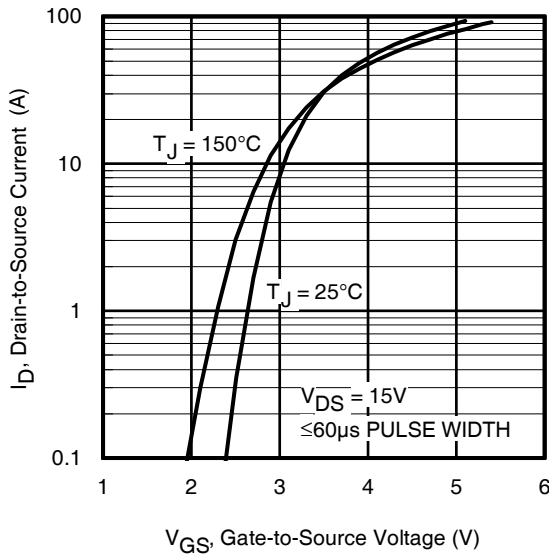


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

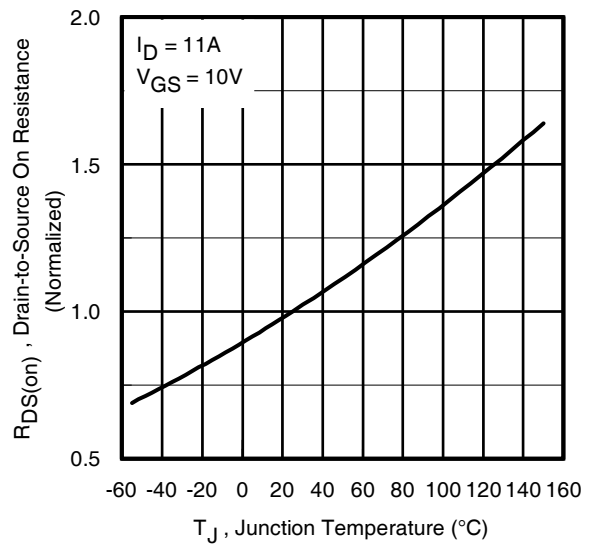


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

IRF8707PbF

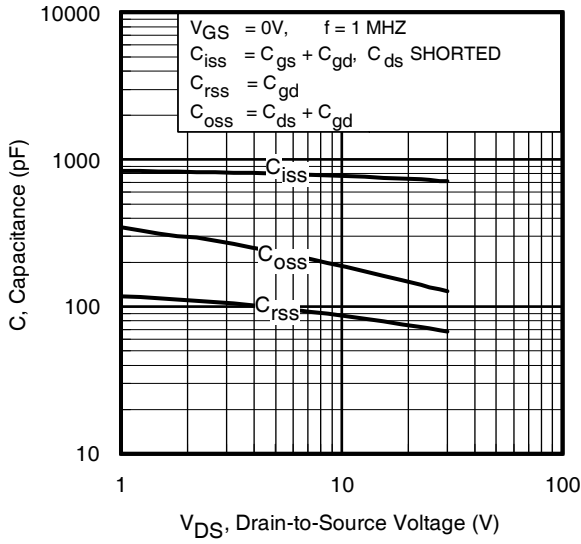


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

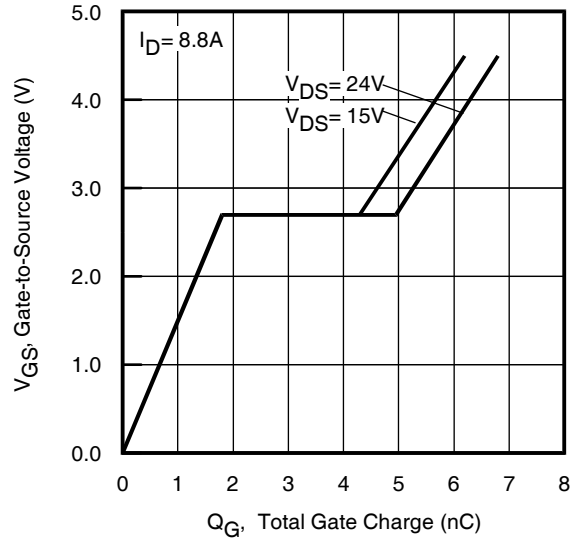


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

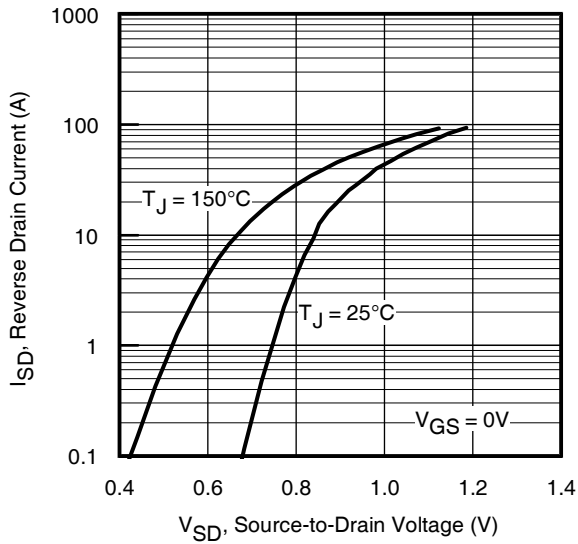


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

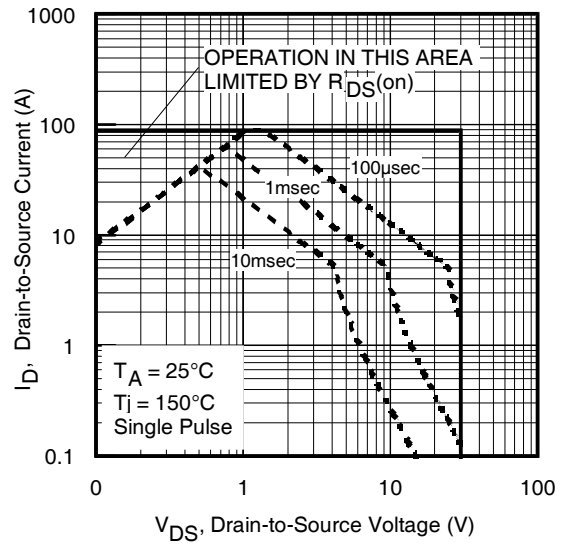


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

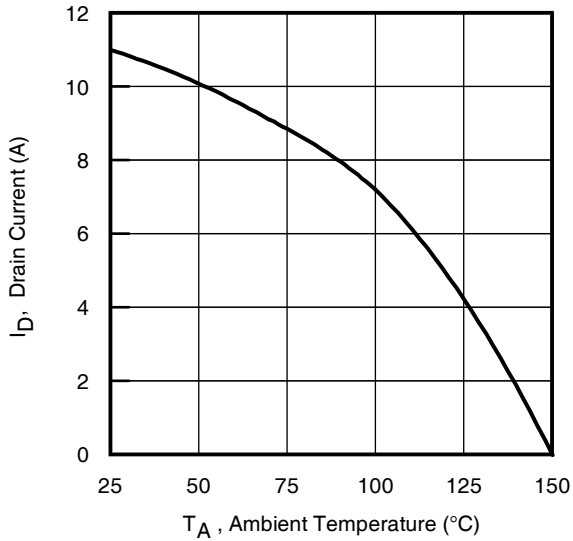


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Ambient Temperature

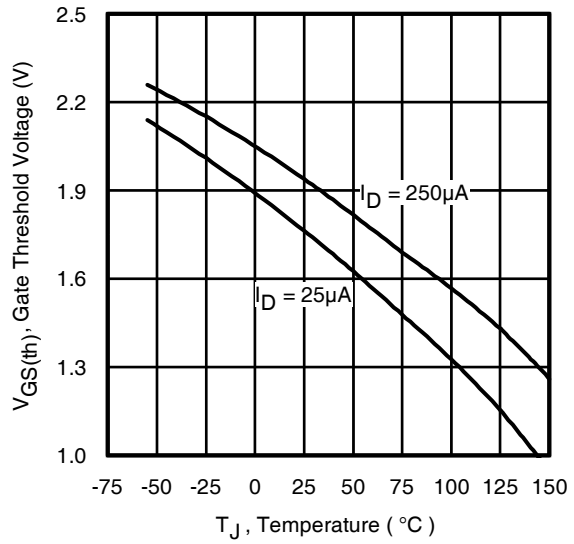


Fig 10. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

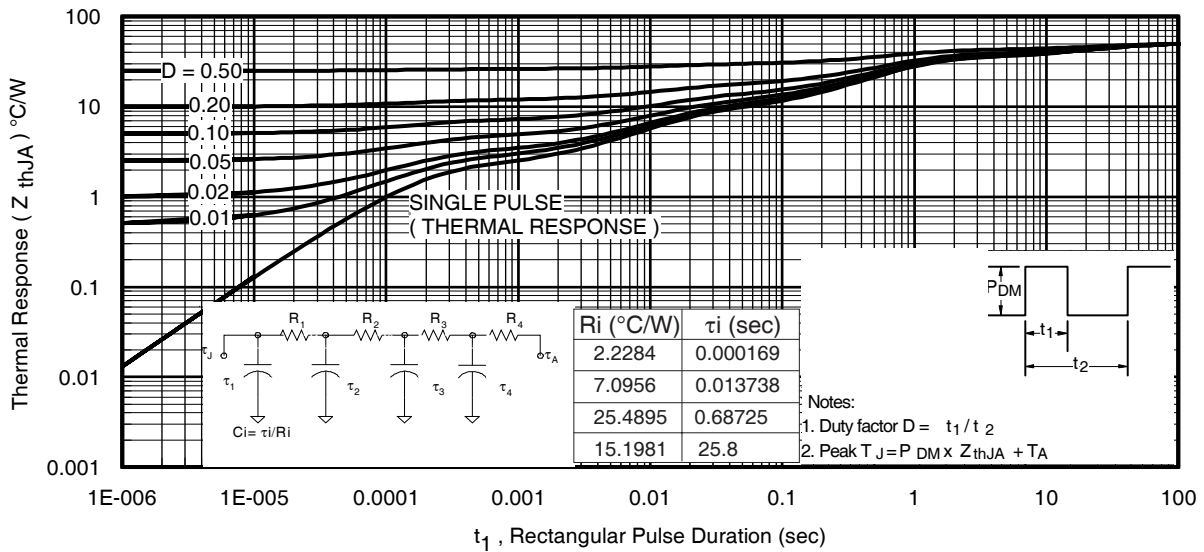


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

IRF8707PbF

International
IR Rectifier

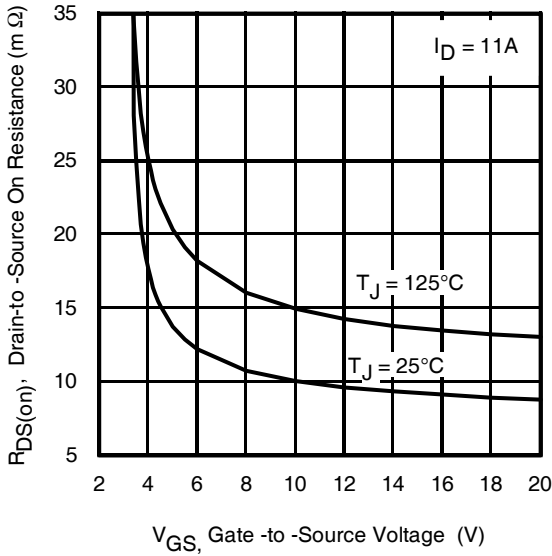


Fig 12. On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

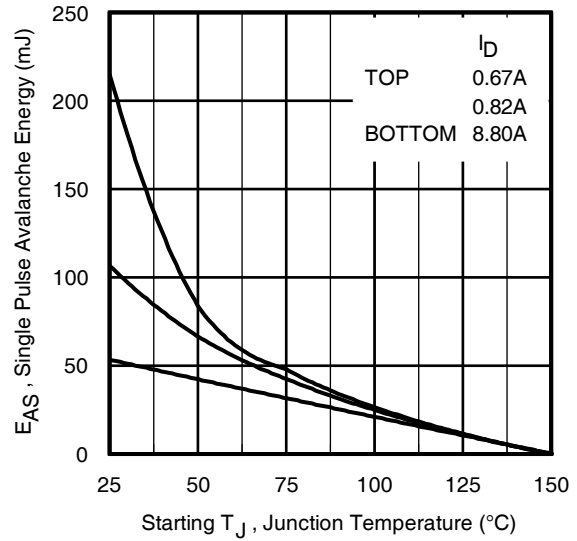


Fig 13. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

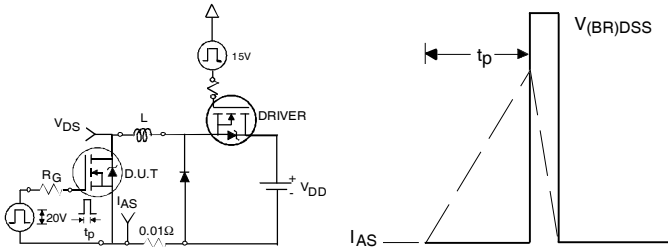


Fig 14. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit and Waveform

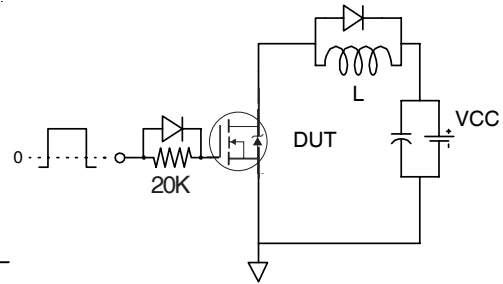


Fig 15. Gate Charge Test Circuit

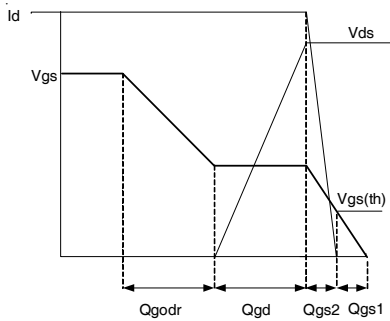
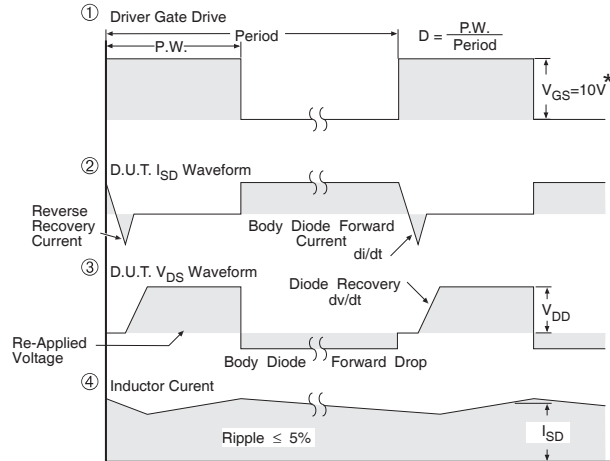
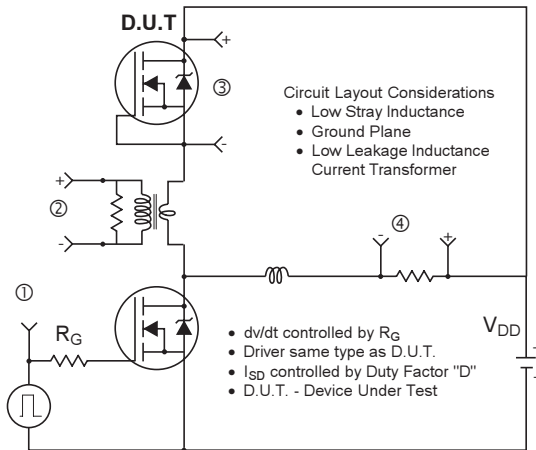


Fig 16. Gate Charge Waveform



* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETS

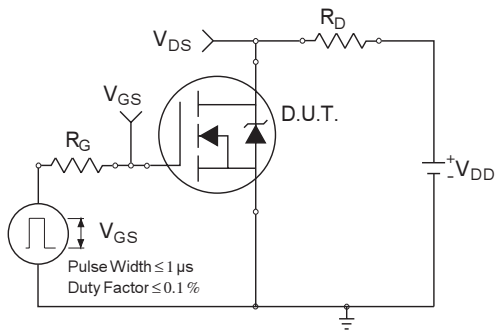


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

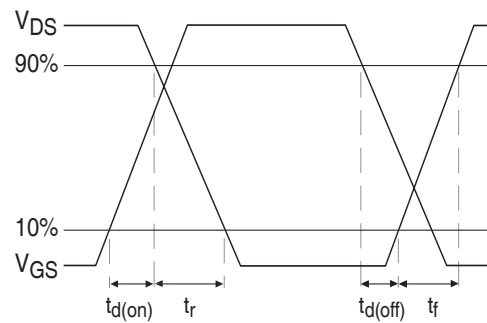


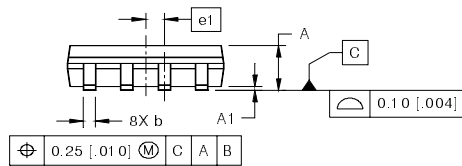
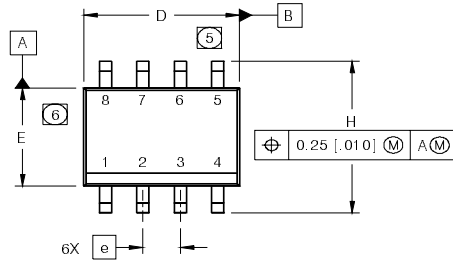
Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

IRF8707PbF

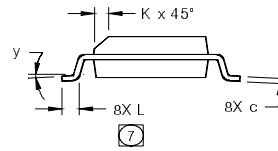
SO-8 Package Outline

International
IR Rectifier

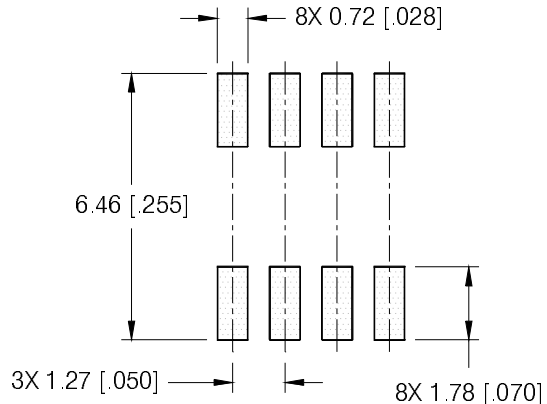
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



FOOTPRINT

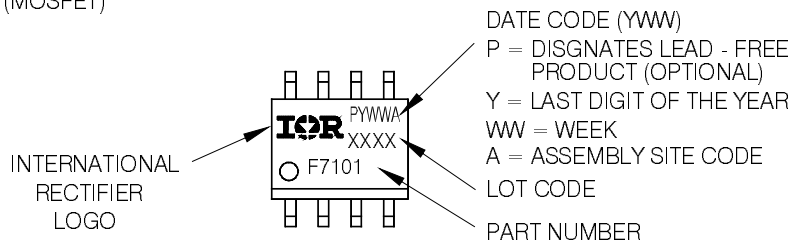


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
- ⑤ DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 [0.006].
- ⑥ DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 [0.010].
- ⑦ DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.

SO-8 Part Marking Information

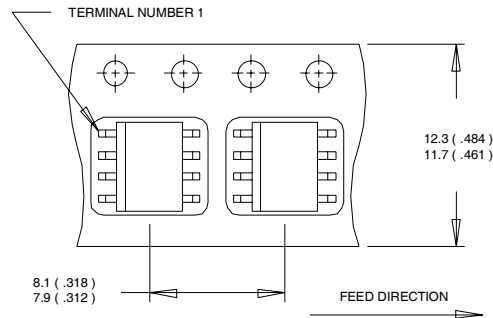
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101 (MOSFET)



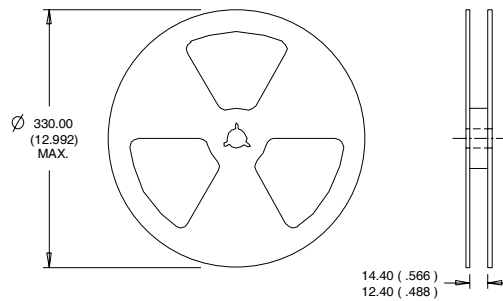
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package>

SO-8 Tape and Reel

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
 3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1.38\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 8.8\text{A}$.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ When mounted on 1 inch square copper board.
- ⑤ R_{θ} is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

This product has been designed and qualified for the Consumer market.

Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

 [View IRF8707PBF on WIN SOURCE](#)

 [Infineon Technologies](#) Information

Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management