



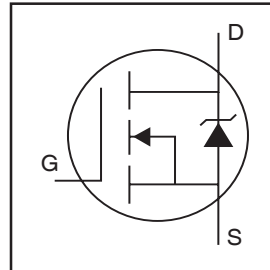
**THE DATASHEET OF  
IRLR3105PBF**



**IRLR3105PbF**  
**IRLU3105PbF**  
 HEXFET® Power MOSFET

**Features**

- Logic-Level Gate Drive
- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Lead-Free

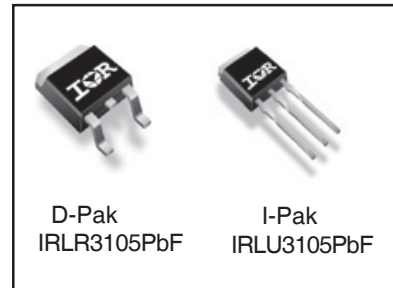


$V_{DSS} = 55V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 0.037\Omega$
$I_D = 25A$

**Description**

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.

The D-Pak is designed for surface mounting using vapor phase, infrared, or wave soldering techniques. The straight lead version (IRLU series) is for through-hole mounting applications. Power dissipation levels up to 1.5 watts are possible in typical surface mount applications.



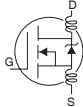
**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	25	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	18	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	100	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	57	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.38	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 16$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	61	mJ
$E_{AS} (tested)$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ②	94	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ③		mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	3.4	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case )	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	2.65	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)*	—	50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	

## Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA
ΔV <sub>(BR)DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.056	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	30	37	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 15A ④
		—	35	43		V <sub>GS</sub> = 5.0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 13A ④
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	—	3.0	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	15	—	—	S	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V, I <sub>D</sub> = 15A④
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = 55V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
		—	—	250		V <sub>DS</sub> = 44V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 16V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		V <sub>GS</sub> = -16V
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	—	20	nC	I <sub>D</sub> = 15A
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.6		V <sub>DS</sub> = 44V
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	9.0		V <sub>GS</sub> = 5.0V, See Fig. 6 and 13
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	8.0	—		V <sub>DD</sub> = 28V
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	57	—		I <sub>D</sub> = 15A
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	25	—		R <sub>G</sub> = 24Ω
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	37	—		V <sub>GS</sub> = 5.0V, See Fig. 10 ④
L <sub>D</sub>	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L <sub>S</sub>	Internal Source Inductance②	—	7.5	—		
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	710	—	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	150	—		V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	28	—		f = 1.0MHz, See Fig. 5
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	890	—		V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 1.0V, f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	110	—		V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 44V, f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>oss eff.</sub>	Effective Output Capacitance ③	—	210	—		V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V to 44V

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	25	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	100		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 15A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ④
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	52	78	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 15A, V <sub>DD</sub> = 28V
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	82	120	nC	di/dt = 100A/μs ④
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L <sub>S</sub> +L <sub>D</sub> )				

\* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material) .  
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994  
Notes ① through ④ are on page 11

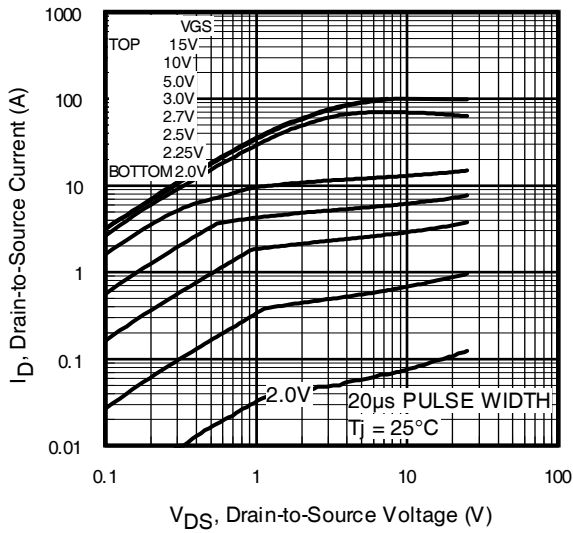


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

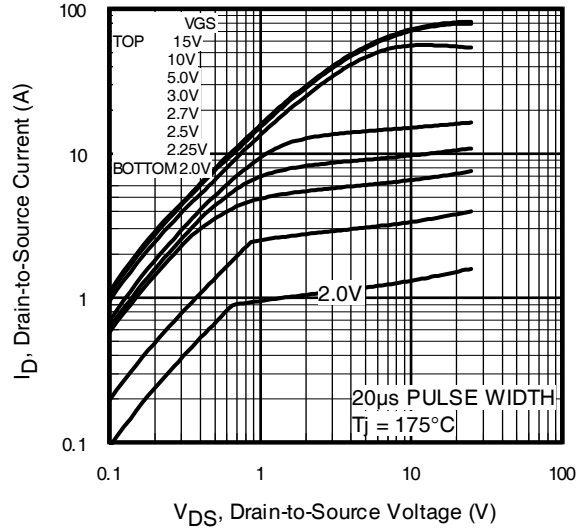


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

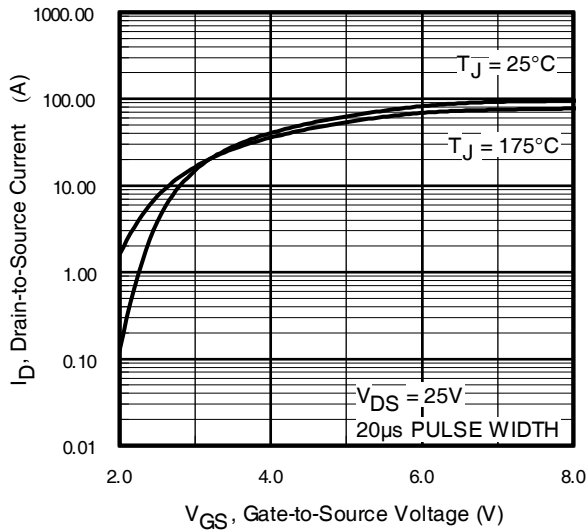


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

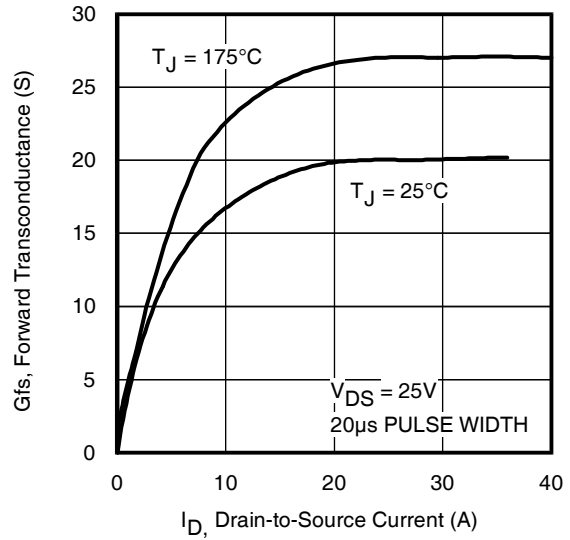
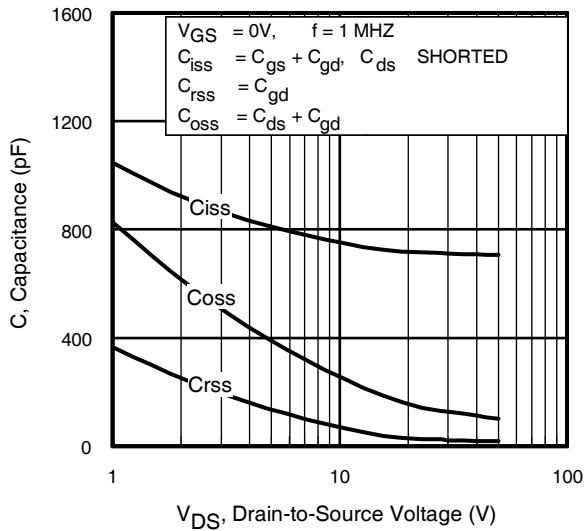
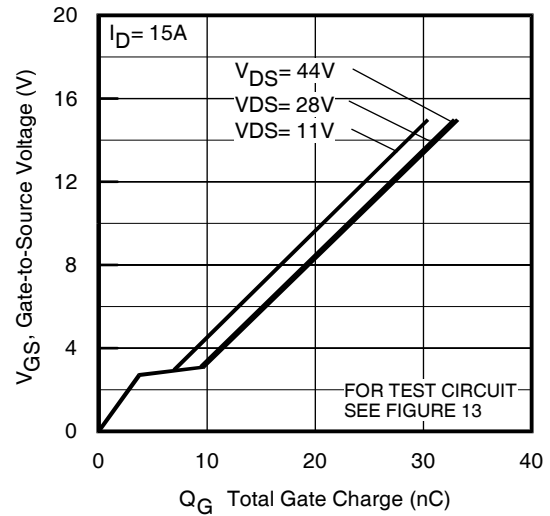


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

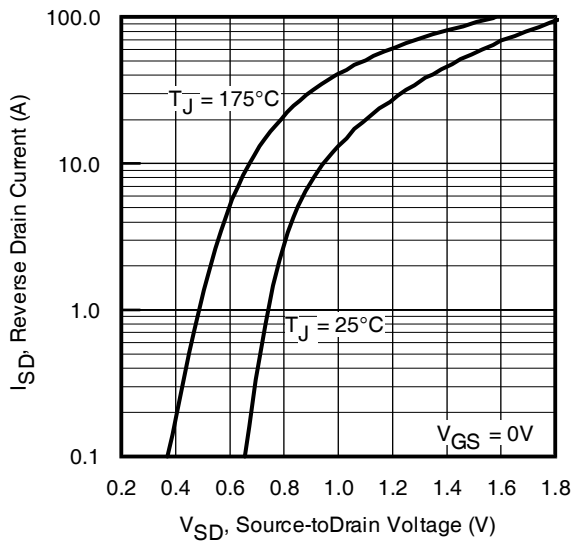
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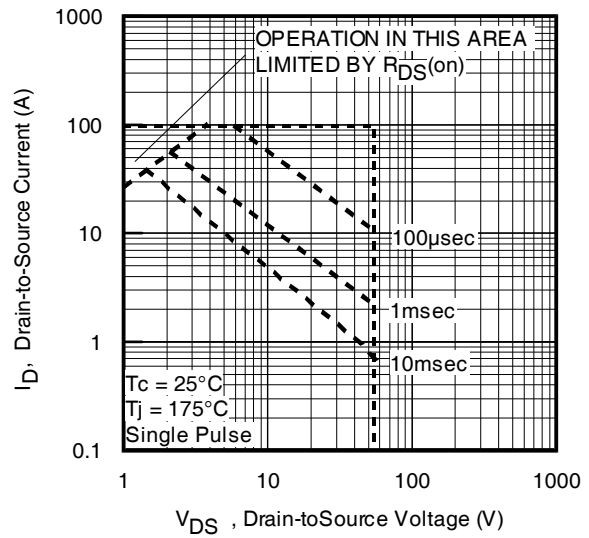
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



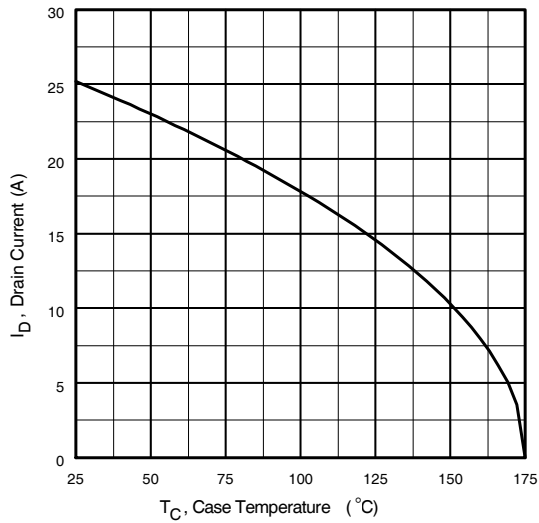
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



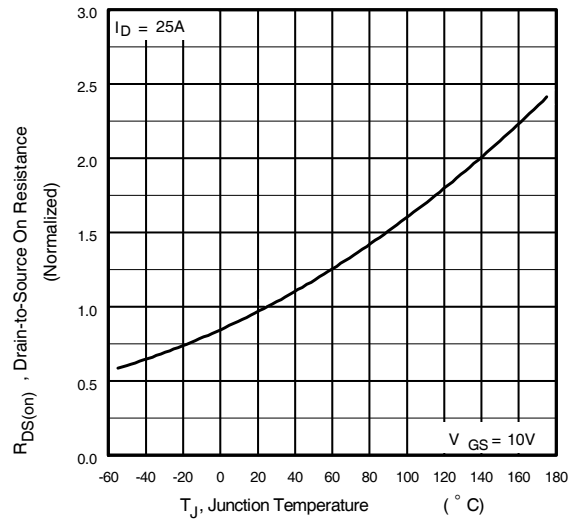
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



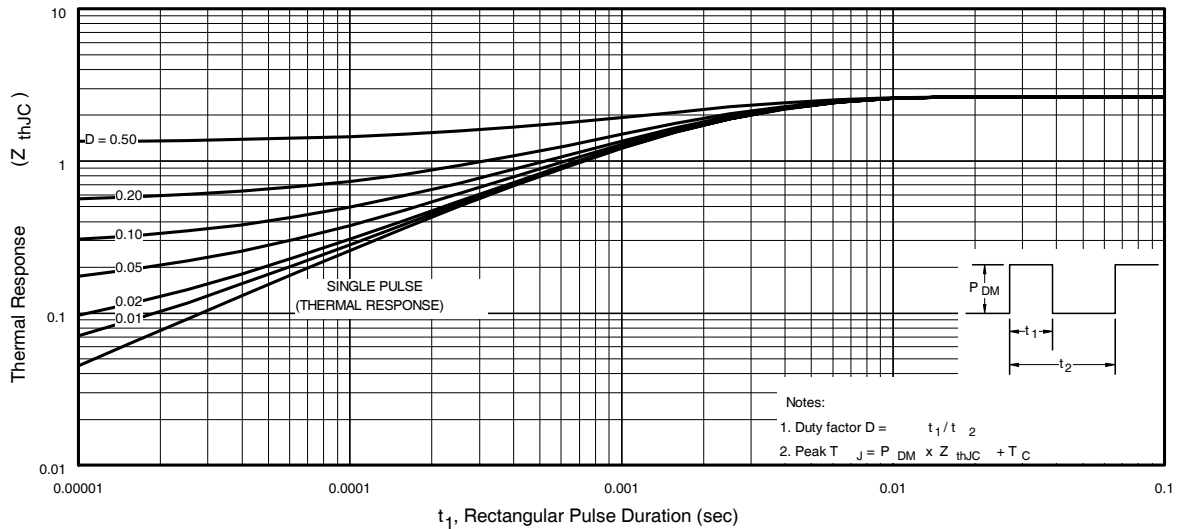
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature



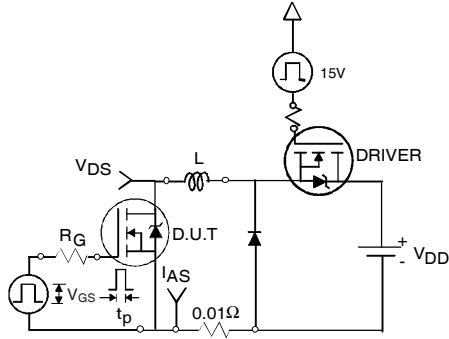
**Fig 10.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature



**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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International  
**IR** Rectifier



**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



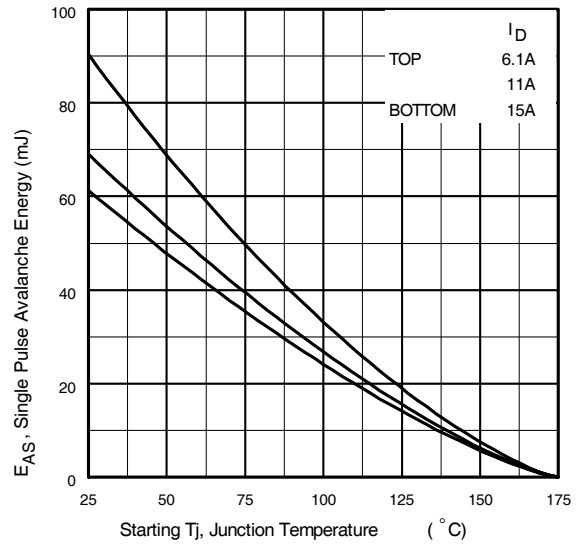
**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



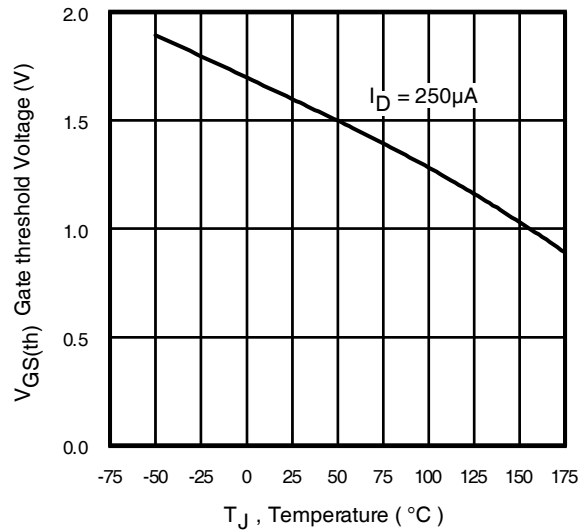
**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform



**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 14.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

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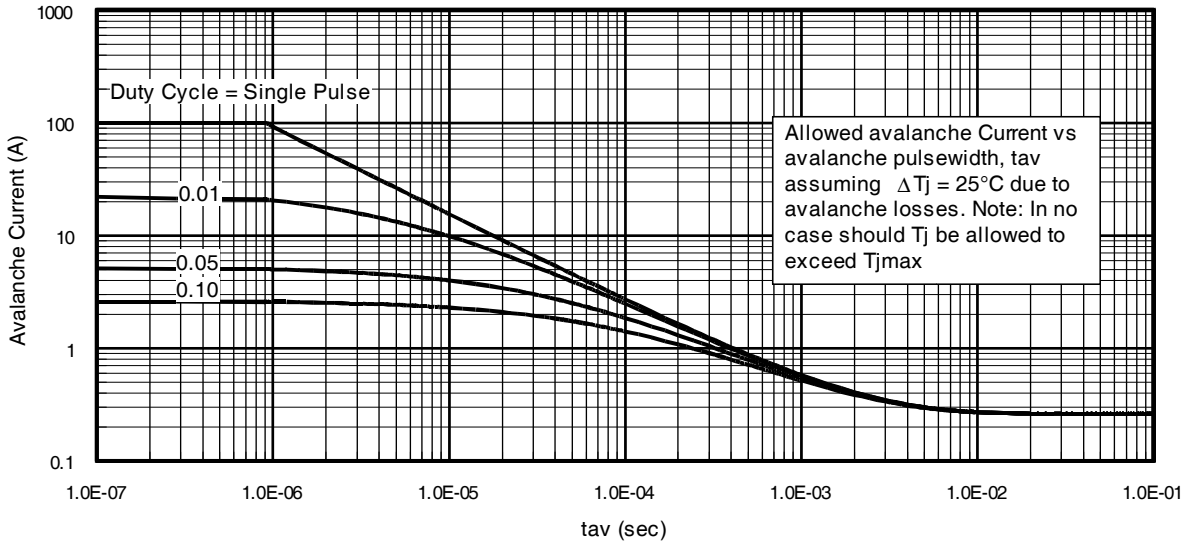


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth

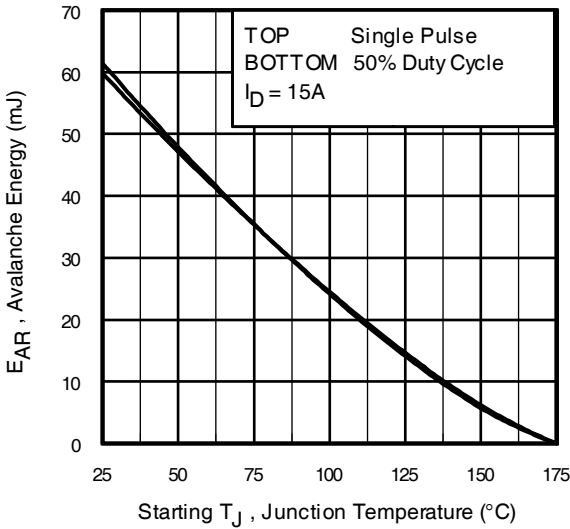


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

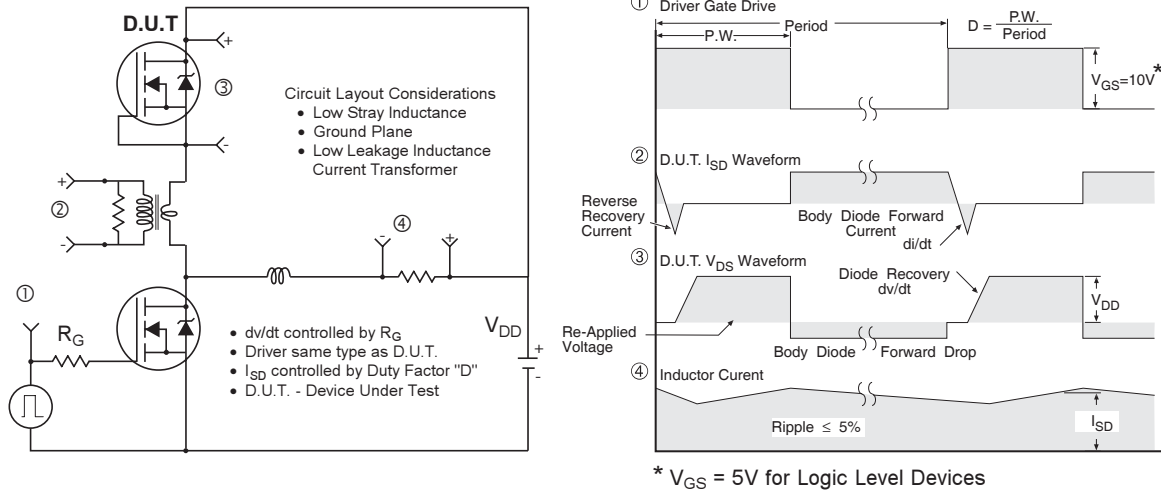
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:**  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5.  $BV$  = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

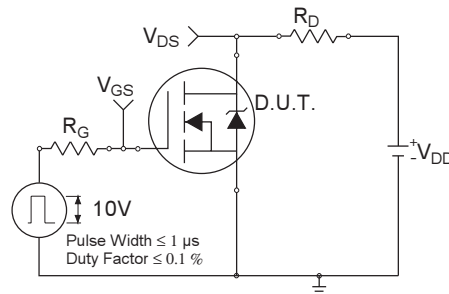
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 ( 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av} ) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

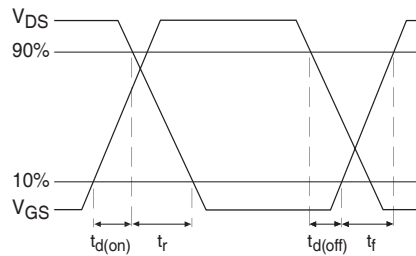
$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$



**Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs**



**Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit**



**Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms**

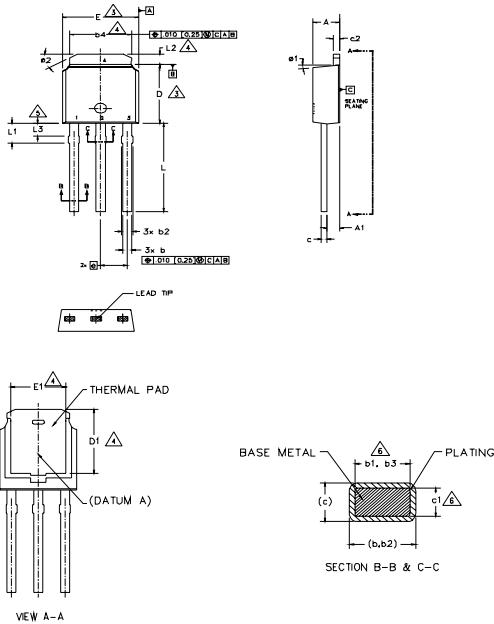


# IRLR/U3105PbF



## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES:
- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
  - 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
  - 3.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
  - 4.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTION WITHIN DIMENSION b4, L2, E1 & D1.
  - 5.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L3.
  - 6.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
  - 7.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-251AA (Date 06/02).
  - 8.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	0.89	1.14	.035	.045	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	6
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	0.76	1.04	.030	.041	6
b4	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	6
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	3
D1	5.21	-	.205	-	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	3
E1	4.32	-	.170	-	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
L	8.89	9.65	.350	.380	
L1	1.91	2.29	.045	.090	
L2	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L3	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	5
ø1	0"	15"	0"	15"	
ø2	25"	35"	25"	35"	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

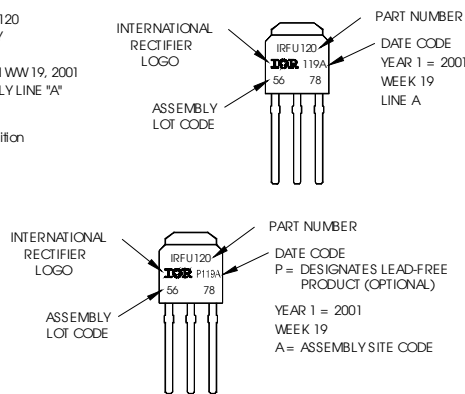
- HEXFET
- 1.- GATE
  - 2.- DRAIN
  - 3.- SOURCE
  - 4.- DRAIN

## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFU120 WITH ASSEMBLY LOT CODE 5678 ASSEMBLED ON WW19, 2001 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates Lead-Free!

OR

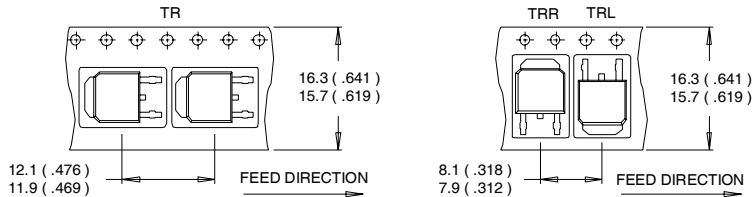


**Notes:**

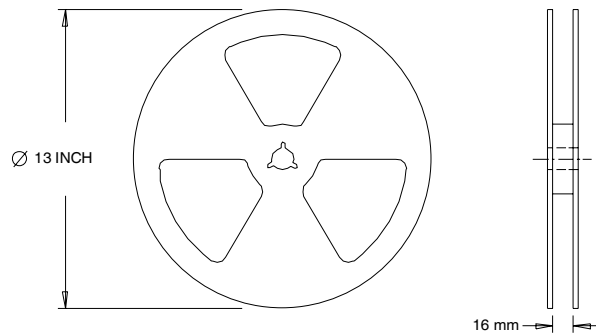
1. For an Automotive Qualified version of this part please see <http://www.irf.com/product-info/auto/>
2. For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS ( INCHES ).
  3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES:
1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ ,  $L = 0.55mH$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 15A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 25A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 290A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ C$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑤  $C_{OSS}$  eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑥ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ ; see Fig 12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑦ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.  
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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