



**THE DATASHEET OF  
PBL52004D,115**



## Important notice

Dear Customer,

On 7 February 2017 the former NXP Standard Product business became a new company with the tradename **Nexperia**. Nexperia is an industry leading supplier of Discrete, Logic and PowerMOS semiconductors with its focus on the automotive, industrial, computing, consumer and wearable application markets

In data sheets and application notes which still contain NXP or Philips Semiconductors references, use the references to Nexperia, as shown below.

Instead of <http://www.nxp.com>, <http://www.philips.com/> or <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com/>, use <http://www.nexperia.com>

Instead of [sales.addresses@www.nxp.com](mailto:sales.addresses@www.nxp.com) or [sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com](mailto:sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com), use [salesaddresses@nexperia.com](mailto:salesaddresses@nexperia.com) (email)

Replace the copyright notice at the bottom of each page or elsewhere in the document, depending on the version, as shown below:

- © NXP N.V. (year). All rights reserved or © Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. (year). All rights reserved

Should be replaced with:

- © **Nexperia B.V. (year). All rights reserved.**

If you have any questions related to the data sheet, please contact our nearest sales office via e-mail or telephone (details via [salesaddresses@nexperia.com](mailto:salesaddresses@nexperia.com)). Thank you for your cooperation and understanding,

Kind regards,

Team Nexperia



# PBL2004D

20 V PNP BISS loadswitch

Rev. 01 — 23 June 2005

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

PNP low  $V_{CEsat}$  Breakthrough in Small Signal (BISS) transistor and NPN Resistor-Equipped Transistor (RET) in a SOT457 (SC-74) small Surface Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package.

### 1.2 Features

- Low  $V_{CEsat}$  (BISS) and resistor-equipped transistor in one package
- Low threshold voltage (< 1 V) compared to MOSFET
- Low drive power required
- Space-saving solution
- Reduction of component count

### 1.3 Applications

- Supply line switches
- Battery charger switches
- High-side switches for LEDs, drivers and backlights
- Portable equipment

### 1.4 Quick reference data

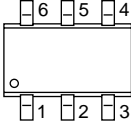
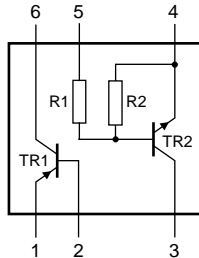
Table 1: Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR1; PNP low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> transistor</b>						
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	-20	V
$I_C$	collector current (DC)		-	-	-1	A
$R_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = -1$ A; $I_B = -100$ mA	[1]	185	280	m $\Omega$
<b>TR2; NPN resistor-equipped transistor</b>						
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	50	V
$I_O$	output current		-	-	100	mA
R1	bias resistor 1 (input)		15.4	22	28.6	k $\Omega$
R2/R1	bias resistor ratio		0.8	1	1.2	

[1] Pulse test:  $t_p \leq 300$   $\mu$ s;  $\delta \leq 0.02$ .

## 2. Pinning information

**Table 2: Pinning**

Pin	Description	Simplified outline	Symbol
1	emitter TR1		
2	base TR1		
3	output (collector) TR2		
4	GND (emitter) TR2		
5	input (base) TR2		
6	collector TR1		

*sym036*

## 3. Ordering information

**Table 3: Ordering information**

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
PBLS2004D	SC-74	plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads	SOT457

## 4. Marking

**Table 4: Marking codes**

Type number	Marking code
PBLS2004D	F9

## 5. Limiting values

**Table 5: Limiting values**

*In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).*

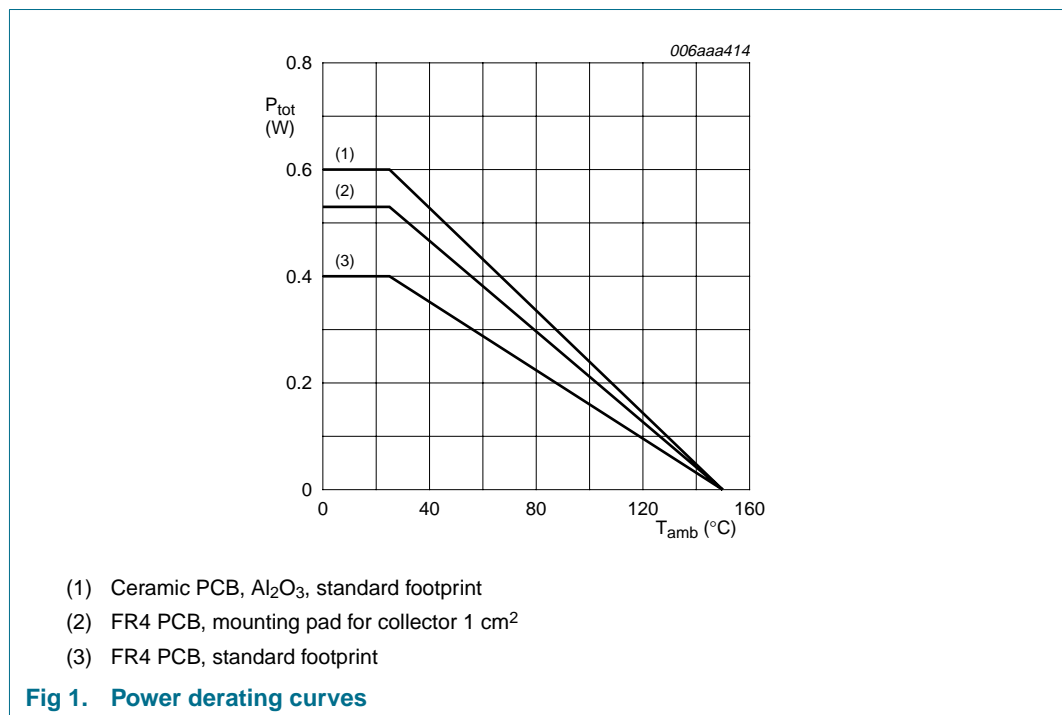
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
<b>TR1; PNP low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> transistor</b>						
$V_{CBO}$	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-20	V	
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-20	V	
$V_{EBO}$	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	-5	V	
$I_C$	collector current (DC)		-	-1	A	
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	$t_p \leq 300 \mu s$	-	-2	A	
$I_B$	base current (DC)		-	-0.3	A	
$I_{BM}$	peak base current	$t_p \leq 300 \mu s$	-	-0.6	A	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	-	250	mW
			[2]	-	350	mW
			[3]	-	400	mW

**Table 5: Limiting values ...continued**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
<b>TR2; NPN resistor-equipped transistor</b>					
$V_{CBO}$	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	50	V
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	50	V
$V_{EBO}$	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	10	V
$V_I$	input voltage				
	positive		-	+40	V
	negative		-	-10	V
$I_O$	output current		-	100	mA
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	$t_p \leq 300 \mu s$	-	100	mA
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	200	mW
<b>Per device</b>					
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		[1]	400	mW
			[2]	530	mW
			[3]	600	mW
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	junction temperature		-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-65	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on a ceramic PCB, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, standard footprint.

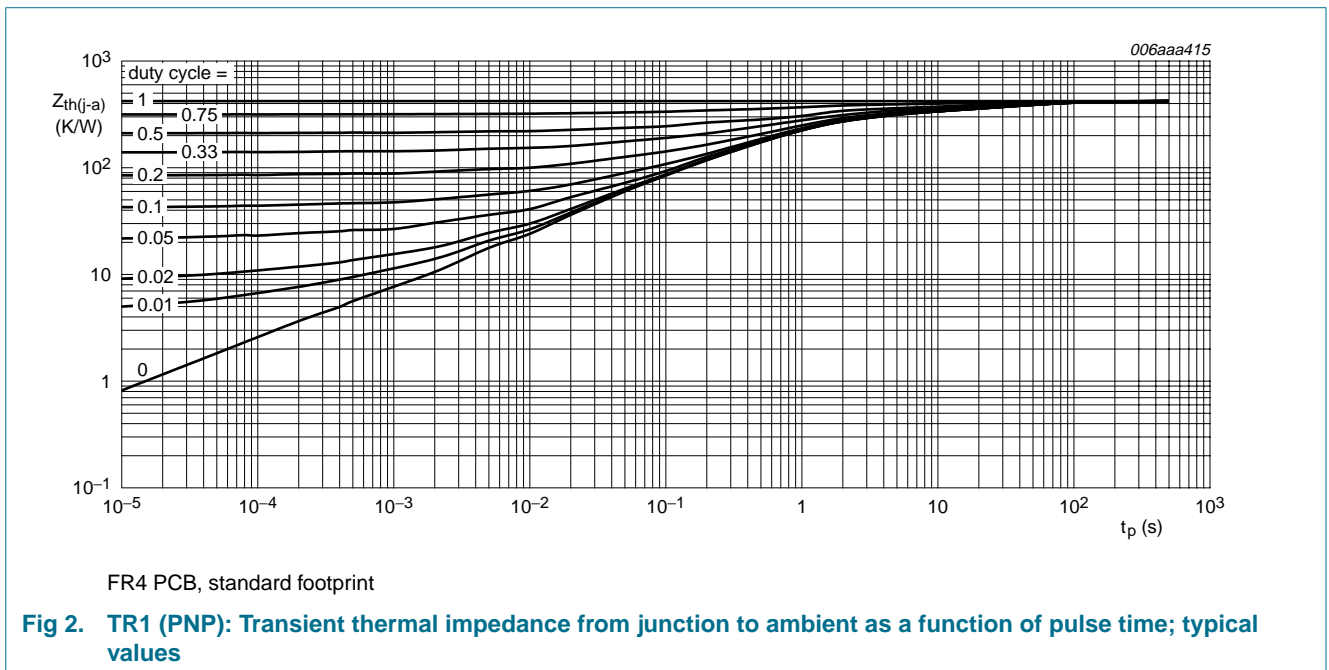


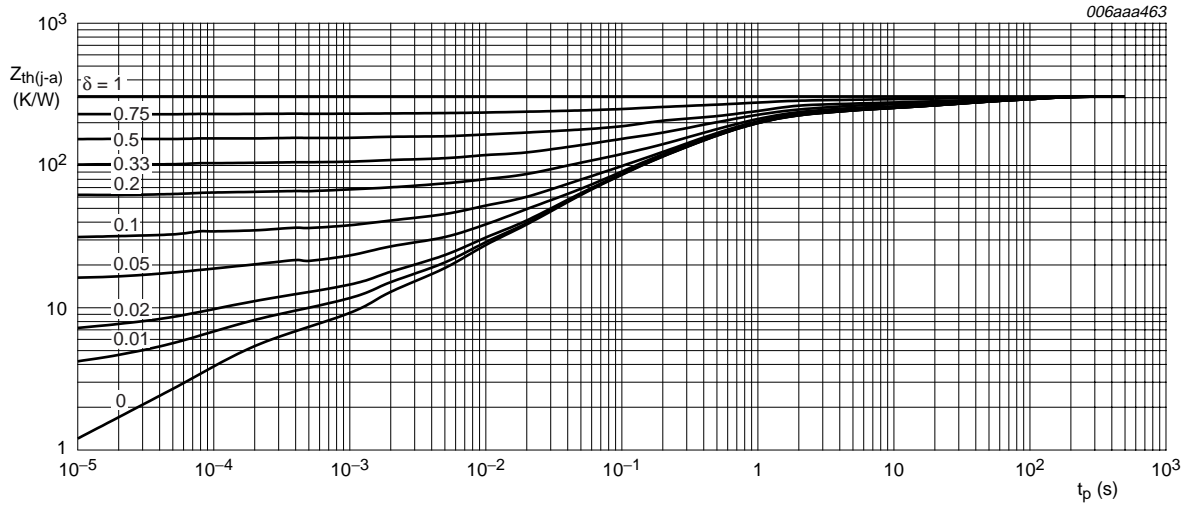
## 6. Thermal characteristics

Table 6: Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b>Per device</b>							
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	315	K/W
			[2]	-	-	236	K/W
			[3]	-	-	210	K/W

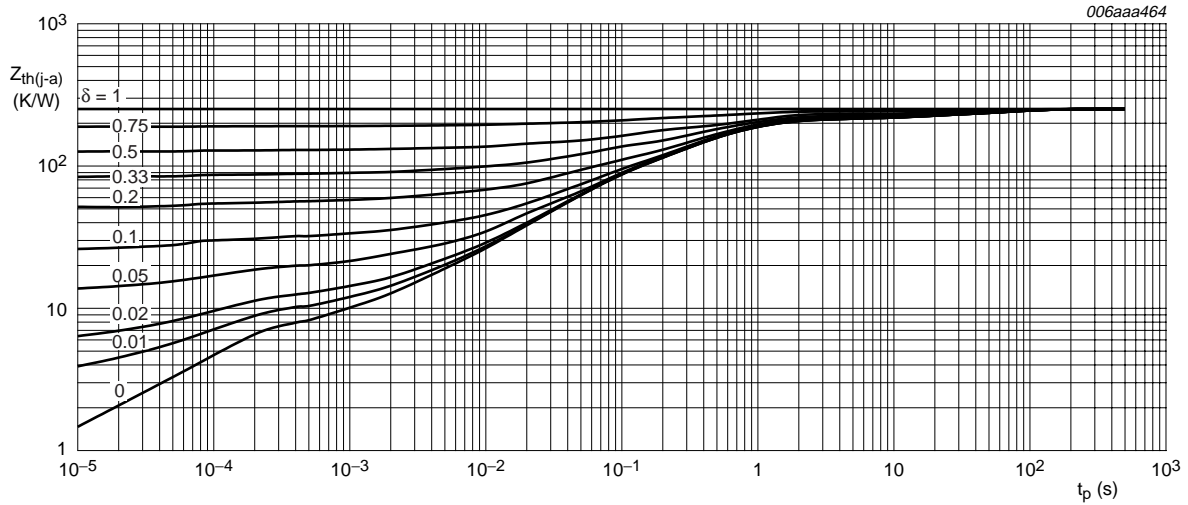
- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on a ceramic PCB, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, standard footprint.





FR4 PCB, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>

**Fig 3. TR1 (PNP): Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse time; typical values**



Ceramic PCB, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, standard footprint

**Fig 4. TR1 (PNP): Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse time; typical values**

## 7. Characteristics

**Table 7: Characteristics**

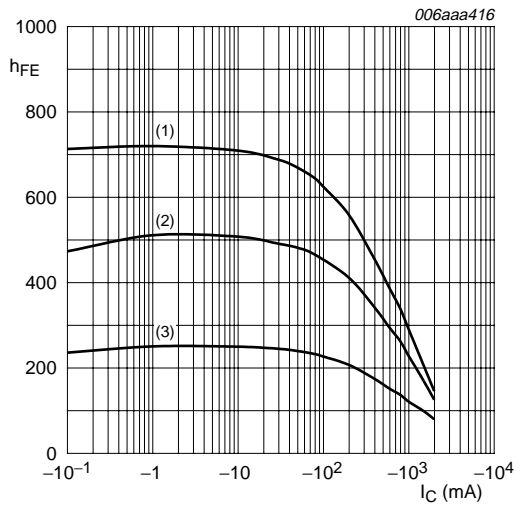
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR1; PNP low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> transistor</b>						
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -20\text{ V}; I_E = 0\text{ A}$	-	-	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{CB} = -20\text{ V}; I_E = 0\text{ A}; T_j = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	-50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CES}$	collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = -20\text{ V}; V_{BE} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5\text{ V}; I_C = 0\text{ A}$	-	-	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -1\text{ mA}$	220	495	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -100\text{ mA}$	220	440	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -500\text{ mA}$	[1] 220	310	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -1\text{ A}$	[1] 155	220	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}; I_C = -2\text{ A}$	[1] 60	120	-	
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -100\text{ mA}; I_B = -1\text{ mA}$	-	-55	-90	mV
		$I_C = -500\text{ mA}; I_B = -50\text{ mA}$	[1] -	-100	-150	mV
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -50\text{ mA}$	[1] -	-200	-300	mV
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -100\text{ mA}$	[1] -	-185	-280	mV
$R_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -100\text{ mA}$	[1] -	185	280	m $\Omega$
$V_{BEsat}$	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -50\text{ mA}$	[1] -	-0.95	-1.1	V
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_B = -100\text{ mA}$	[1] -	-1	-1.1	V
$V_{BEon}$	base-emitter turn-on voltage	$V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}; I_C = -1\text{ A}$	[1] -	-0.85	-1.1	V
$t_d$	delay time	$I_C = -1\text{ A}; I_{Bon} = -50\text{ mA}; I_{Boff} = 50\text{ mA}$	-	8	-	ns
$t_r$	rise time		-	34	-	ns
$t_{on}$	turn-on time		-	42	-	ns
$t_s$	storage time		-	140	-	ns
$t_f$	fall time		-	45	-	ns
$t_{off}$	turn-off time		-	185	-	ns
$f_T$	transition frequency	$I_C = -50\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}; f = 100\text{ MHz}$	150	185	-	MHz
$C_C$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}; I_E = i_e = 0\text{ A}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	15	20	pF

**Table 7: Characteristics ...continued** $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

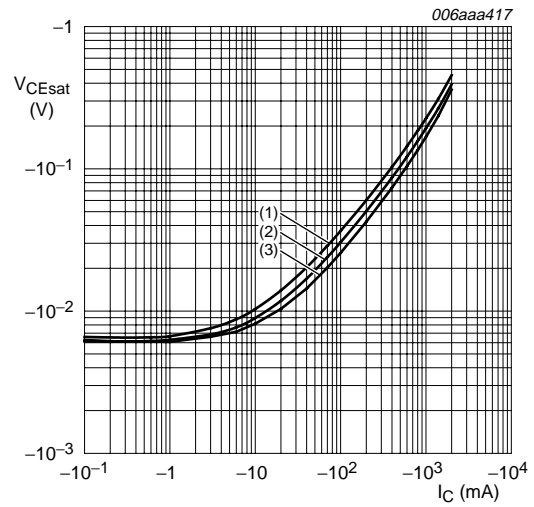
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR2; NPN resistor-equipped transistor</b>						
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}; I_E = 0\text{ A}$	-	-	100	nA
$I_{CEO}$	collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}; I_B = 0\text{ A}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}; I_B = 0\text{ A}; T_j = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}; I_C = 0\text{ A}$	-	-	180	$\mu\text{A}$
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	60	-	-	
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$	-	-	150	mV
$V_{I(off)}$	off-state input voltage	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-	1.1	0.8	V
$V_{I(on)}$	on-state input voltage	$V_{CE} = 0.3\text{ V}; I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	2.5	1.7	-	V
R1	bias resistor 1 (input)		15.4	22	28.6	k $\Omega$
R2/R1	bias resistor ratio		0.8	1	1.2	
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}; I_E = i_e = 0\text{ A}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	-	2.5	pF

[1] Pulse test:  $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02$ .



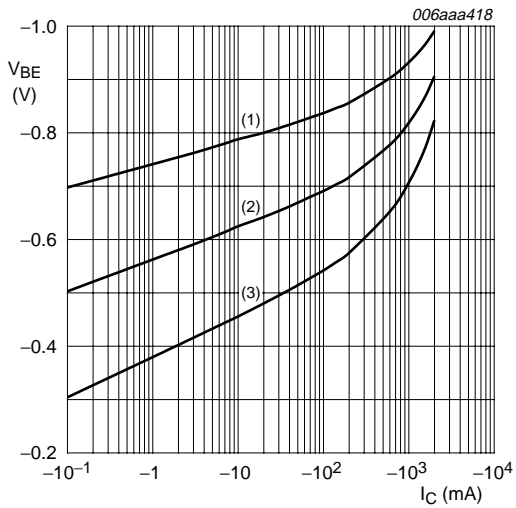
$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Fig 5. TR1 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



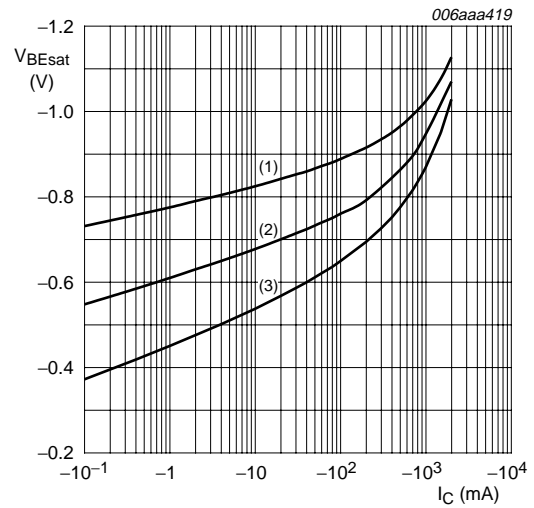
$I_C/I_B = 20$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Fig 6. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



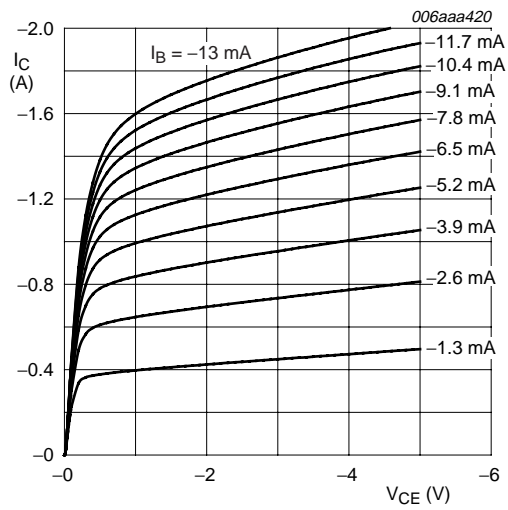
$V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Fig 7. TR1 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



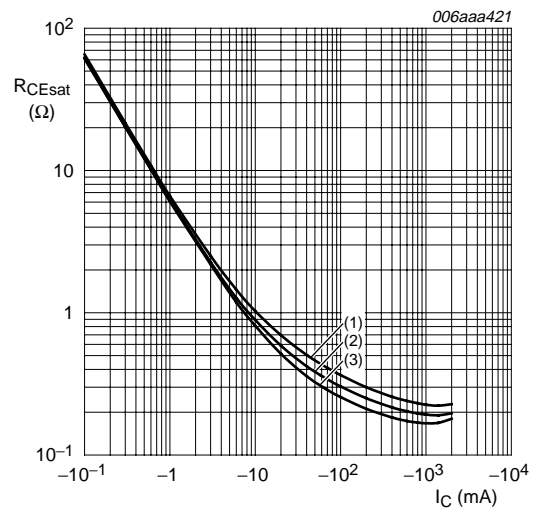
$I_C/I_B = 20$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Fig 8. TR1 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

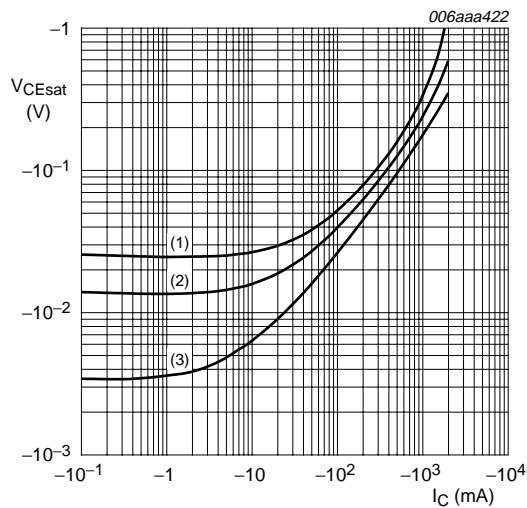
Fig 9. TR1 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



$I_C/I_B = 20$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 100^\circ\text{C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$

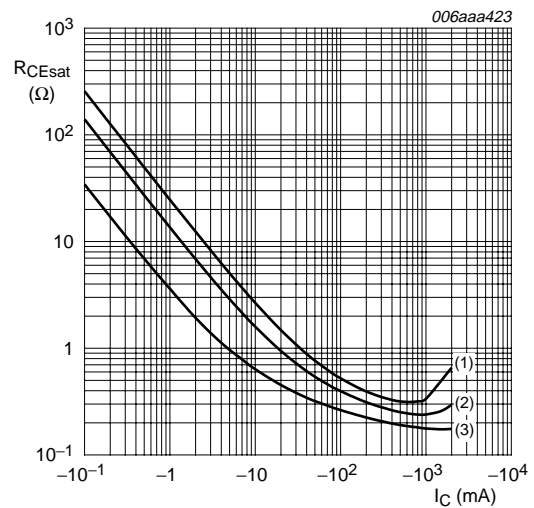
Fig 10. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

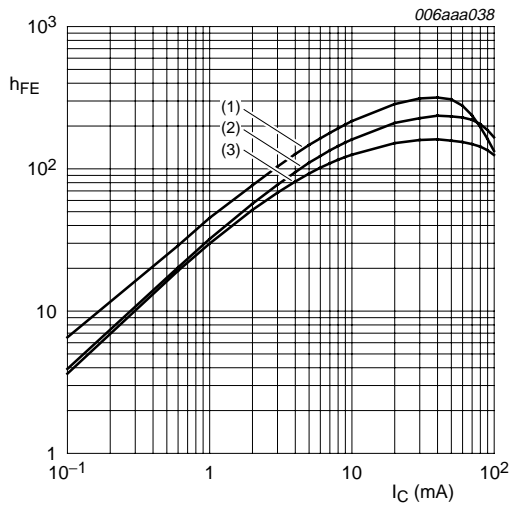
Fig 11. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

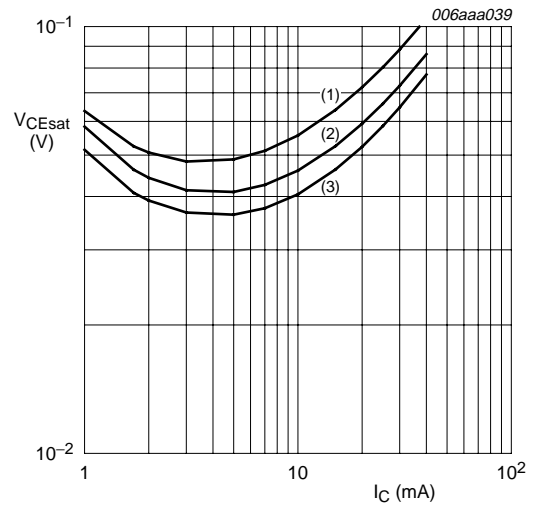
- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig 12. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



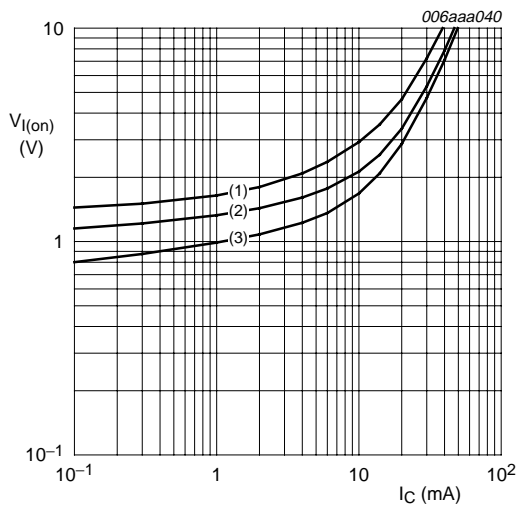
$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 13. TR2 (NPN): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



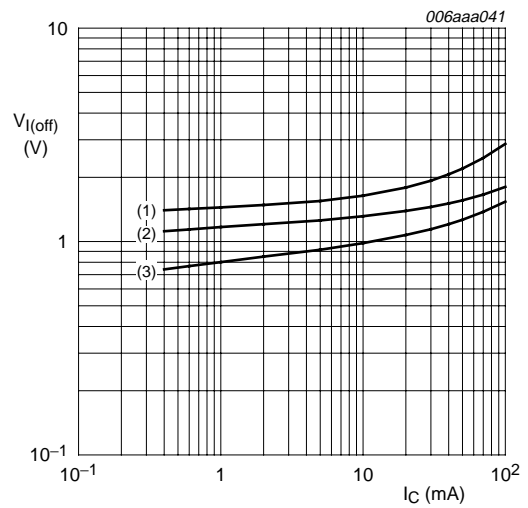
$I_C/I_B = 20$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 14. TR2 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

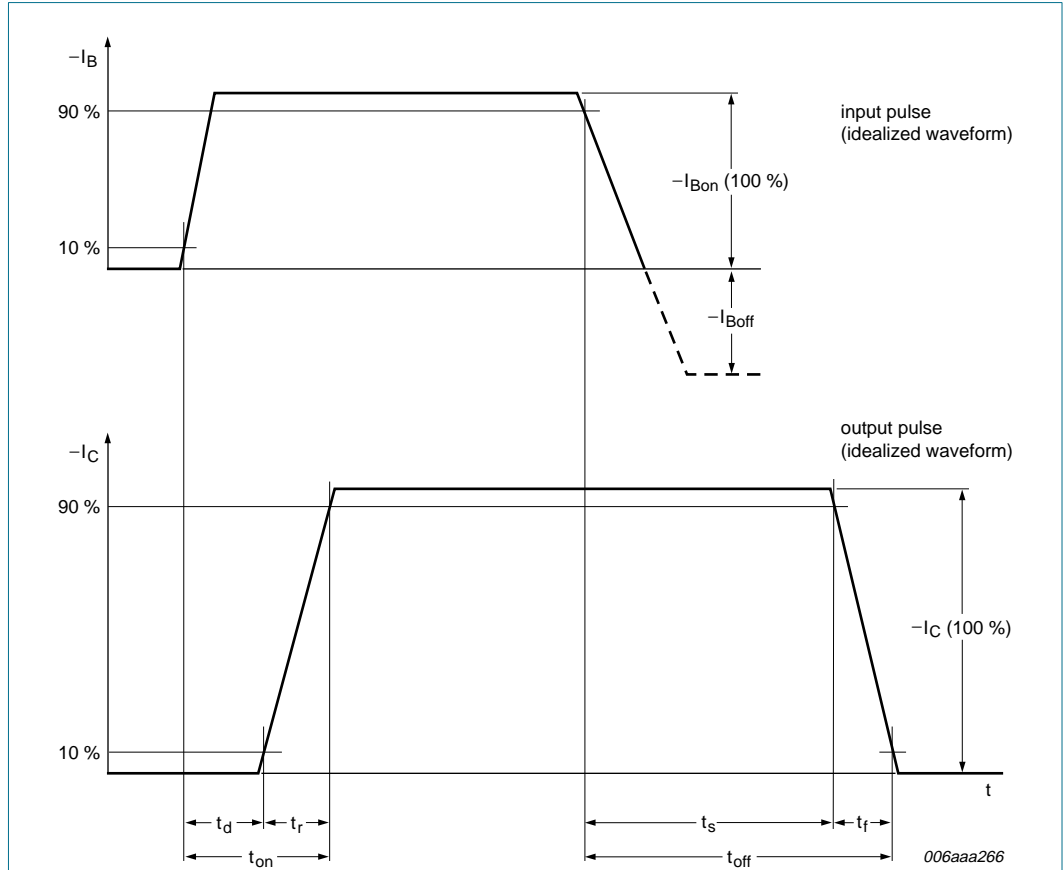
**Fig 15. TR2 (NPN): On-state input voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



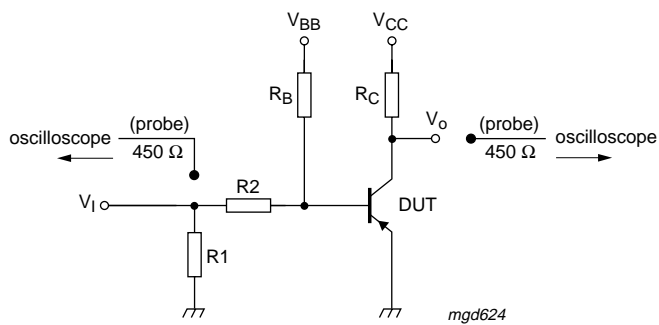
$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 16. TR2 (NPN): Off-state input voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**

**8. Test information**



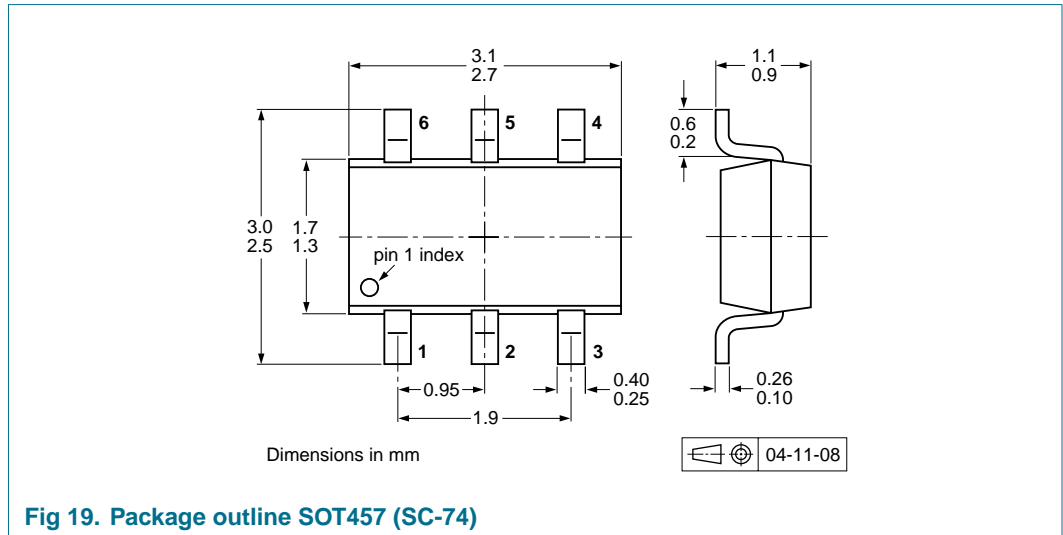
**Fig 17. BISS transistor switching time definition**



$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ;  $I_{B_{on}} = -50\text{ mA}$ ;  $I_{B_{off}} = 50\text{ mA}$ ;  $R_1 = \text{open}$ ;  $R_2 = 45\ \Omega$ ;  $R_B = 145\ \Omega$ ;  $R_C = 10\ \Omega$

**Fig 18. Test circuit for switching times**

## 9. Package outline



## 10. Packing information

**Table 8: Packing methods**

The indicated -xxx are the last three digits of the 12NC ordering code. [\[1\]](#)

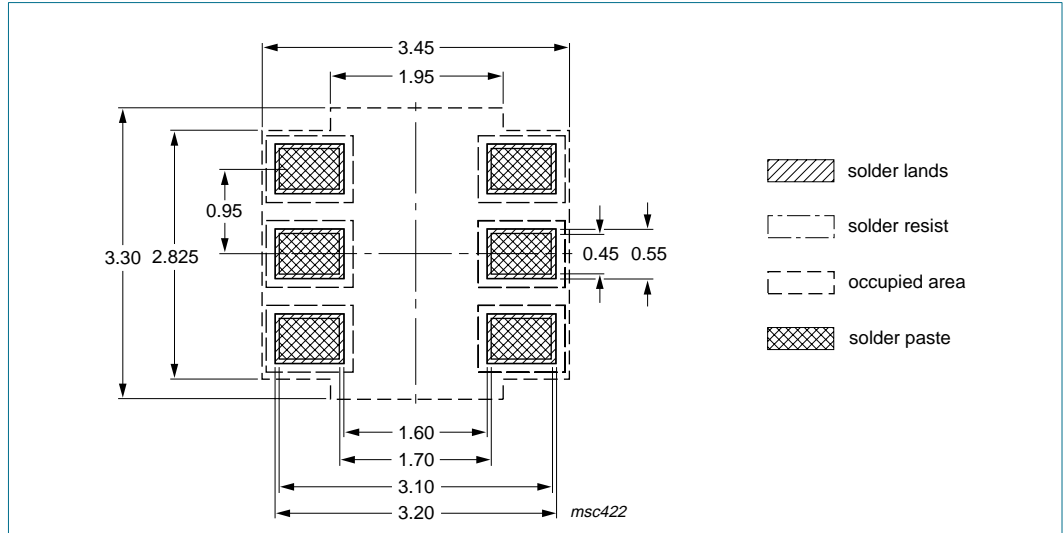
Type number	Package	Description	Packing quantity	
			3000	10000
PBLS2004D	SOT457	4 mm pitch, 8 mm tape and reel; T1	<a href="#">[2]</a> -115	-135
		4 mm pitch, 8 mm tape and reel; T2	<a href="#">[3]</a> -125	-165

[1] For further information and the availability of packing methods, see [Section 17](#).

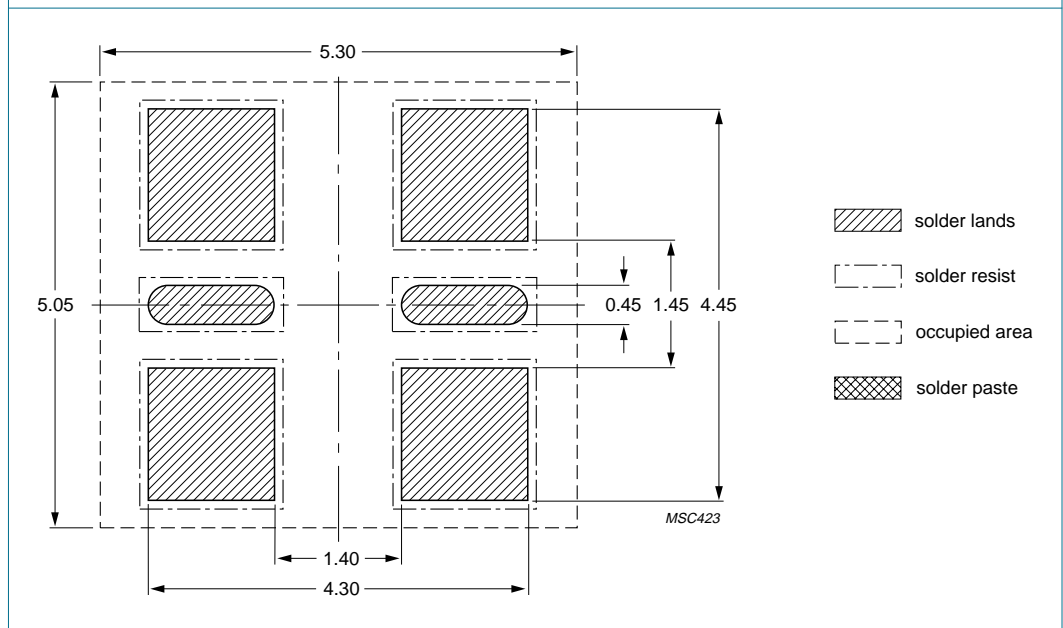
[2] T1: normal taping

[3] T2: reverse taping

**11. Soldering**



**Fig 20. Reflow soldering footprint**



**Fig 21. Wave soldering footprint**



## 12. Revision history

---

**Table 9: Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
PBLS2004D_1	20050623	Product data sheet	-	-	-

## 13. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2] [3]</sup>	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
III	Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN).

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

## 14. Definitions

**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Application information** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Philips Semiconductors make no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

## 15. Disclaimers

**Life support** — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Semiconductors

## 17. Contact information

For additional information, please visit: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

For sales office addresses, send an email to: [sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com](mailto:sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com)

customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Semiconductors for any damages resulting from such application.

**Right to make changes** — Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes in the products - including circuits, standard cells, and/or software - described or contained herein in order to improve design and/or performance. When the product is in full production (status 'Production'), relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN). Philips Semiconductors assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of any of these products, conveys no license or title under any patent, copyright, or mask work right to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified.

## 16. Trademarks

**Notice** — All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 18. Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Product profile</b> . . . . .	<b>1</b>
1.1	General description. . . . .	1
1.2	Features . . . . .	1
1.3	Applications . . . . .	1
1.4	Quick reference data. . . . .	1
<b>2</b>	<b>Pinning information</b> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Ordering information</b> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Marking</b> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Limiting values</b> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Thermal characteristics</b> . . . . .	<b>4</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Characteristics</b> . . . . .	<b>6</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Test information</b> . . . . .	<b>11</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Package outline</b> . . . . .	<b>12</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Packing information</b> . . . . .	<b>12</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Soldering</b> . . . . .	<b>13</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Revision history</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Data sheet status</b> . . . . .	<b>15</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Definitions</b> . . . . .	<b>15</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Disclaimers</b> . . . . .	<b>15</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>Trademarks</b> . . . . .	<b>15</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>Contact information</b> . . . . .	<b>15</b>



© Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. 2005



All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Date of release: 23 June 2005  
Document ID: PBL2004D\_1

Published in The Netherlands

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

-  [View PBL2004D,115 on WIN SOURCE](#)
-  [Nexperia USA Inc. Information](#)

## Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management