THE DATASHEET OF

IPP50R399CPXKSA1

CoolMOS™ Power Transistor

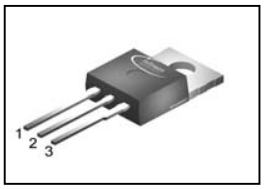
Features

- Lowest figure-of-merit R_{ON} x Q_g
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant; Halogen free for mold compound
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC[1)]

Product Summary

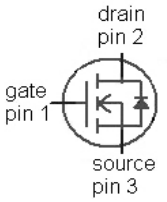
V_{DS} @T_{jmax}	560	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.399	Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	17	nC

PG-TO220



CoolMOS CP is designed for:

- Hard and soft switching SMPS topologies
- DCM PFC for Lamp Ballast
- PWM for Lamp Ballast, LCD & PDP TV



Type	Package	Marking
IPP50R399CP	PG-TO220	5R399P

Maximum ratings, at T_j=25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I_D	T_C=25 °C	9	A
		T_C=100 °C	6	
Pulsed drain current[2)]	$I_{D,pulse}$	T_C=25 °C	20	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	I_D=3.3 A, V_{DD}=50 V	215	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR}[2),3)]	E_{AR}	I_D=3.3 A, V_{DD}=50 V	0.33	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR}[2),3)]	I_{AR}		3.3	A
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	V_{DS}=0...400 V	50	V/ns
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	static	±20	V
		AC (f>1 Hz)	±30	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	T_C=25 °C	83	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 150	°C
Mounting torque		M3 and M3.5 screws	60	Ncm

Maximum ratings, at T_j=25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	T_C=25 °C	4.9	A
Diode pulse current[2)]	$I_{S,pulse}$		20	
Reverse diode dv/dt[4)]	dv/dt		15	V/ns

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal characteristics						
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	1.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	leaded	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	°C
Electrical characteristics, at T_j=25 °C, unless otherwise specified						
Static characteristics						
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	V_{GS}=0 V, I_D=250 µA	500	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=0.33 mA	2.5	3	3.5	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS}=500 V, V_{GS}=0 V, T_j=25 °C	-	-	1	µA
		V_{DS}=500 V, V_{GS}=0 V, T_j=150 °C	-	10	-	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	V_{GS}=20 V, V_{DS}=0 V	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS}=10 V, I_D=4.9 A, T_j=25 °C	-	0.36	0.399	Ω
		V_{GS}=10 V, I_D=4.9 A, T_j=150 °C	-	0.90	-	
Gate resistance	R_G	f=1 MHz, open drain	-	2.2	-	Ω

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic characteristics						
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{GS}=0 V, V_{DS}=100 V, f=1 MHz	-	890	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	40	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related[5)]	$C_{o(er)}$	V_{GS}=0 V, V_{DS}=0 V to 400 V	-	38	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related[6)]	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	81	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD}=400 V, V_{GS}=10 V, I_D=4.9 A, R_G=35.1 Ω	-	35	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	14	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	80	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	14	-	
Gate Charge Characteristics						
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	V_{DD}=400 V, I_D=4.9 A, V_{GS}=0 to 10 V	-	4	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	6	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g		-	17	23	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	5.2	-	V
Reverse Diode						
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	V_{GS}=0 V, I_F=4.9 A, T_j=25 °C	-	0.9	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	V_R=400 V, I_F=I_S, di_F/dt=100 A/µs	-	260	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	1.9	-	µC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	12.2	-	A

[1)] J-STD20 and JESD22

[2)] Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

[3)] Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as P_{AV}=E_{AR}*f.

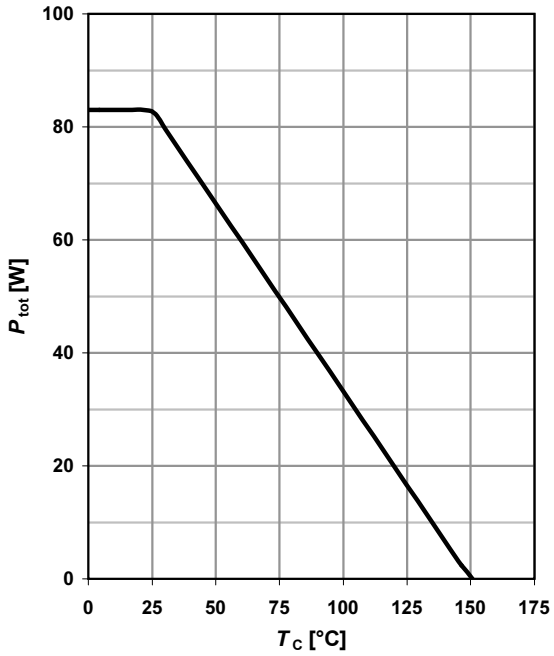
[4)] I_{SD}≤I_D, di/dt≤400A/µs, V_{DClink}=400V, V_{peak}<$V_{(BR)DSS}$, T_j<T_{jmax}, identical low and high side switch

[5)] $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

[6)] $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS}.

1 Power dissipation

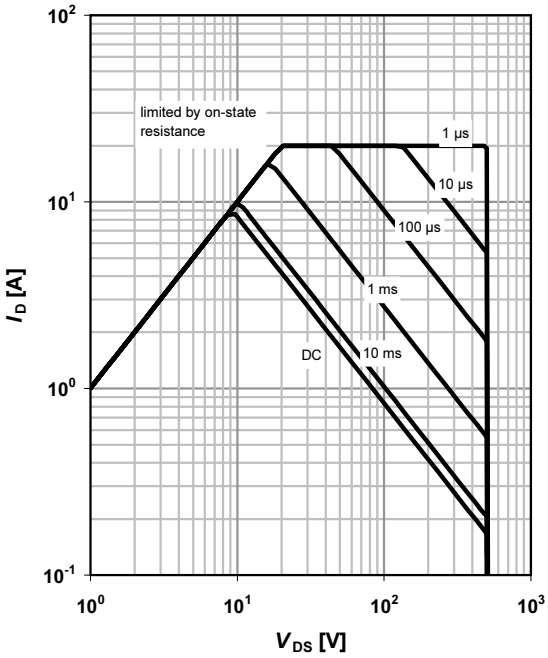
$P_{tot}=f(T_C)$



2 Safe operating area

$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_C=25$ °C; $D=0$

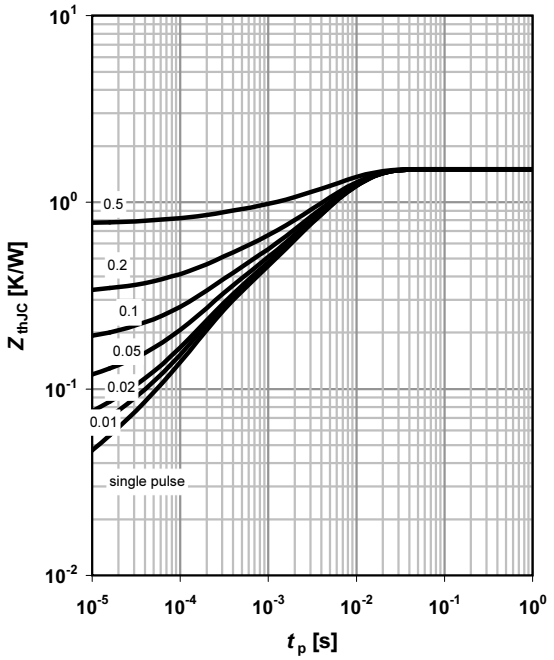
parameter: t_p



3 Max. transient thermal impedance

$Z_{(thJC)}=f(t_p)$;

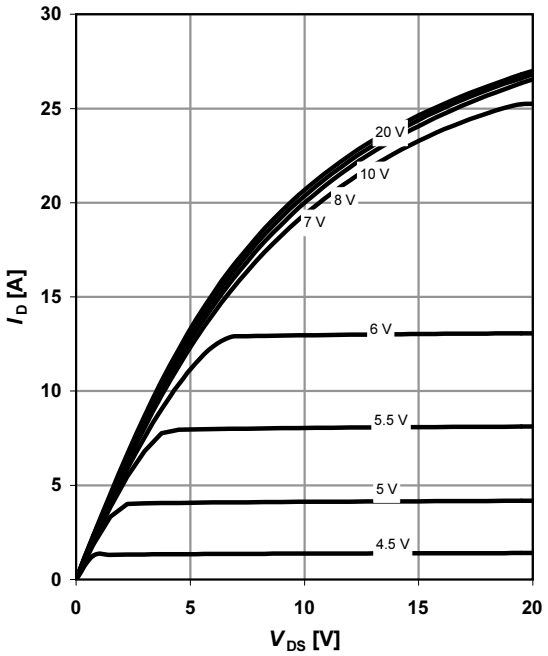
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



4 Typ. output characteristics

$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=25$ °C

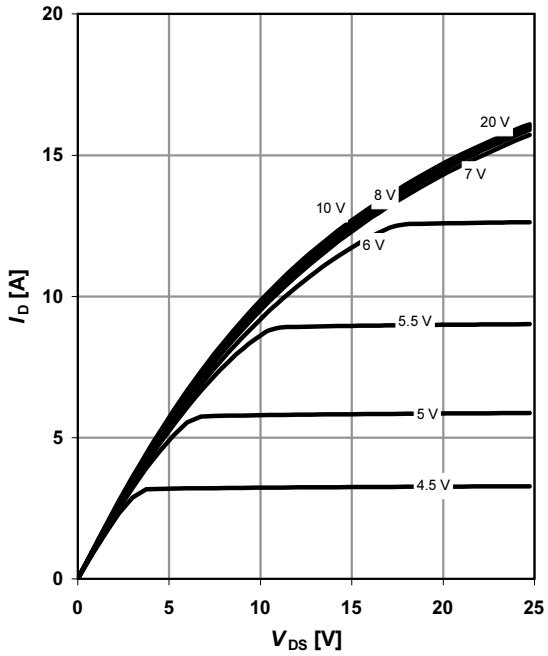
parameter: V_{GS}



5 Typ. output characteristics

I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=150 °C

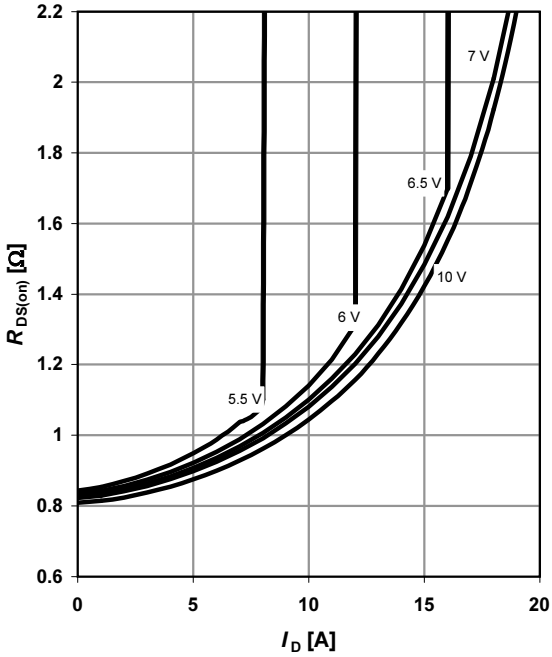
parameter: V_{GS}



6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

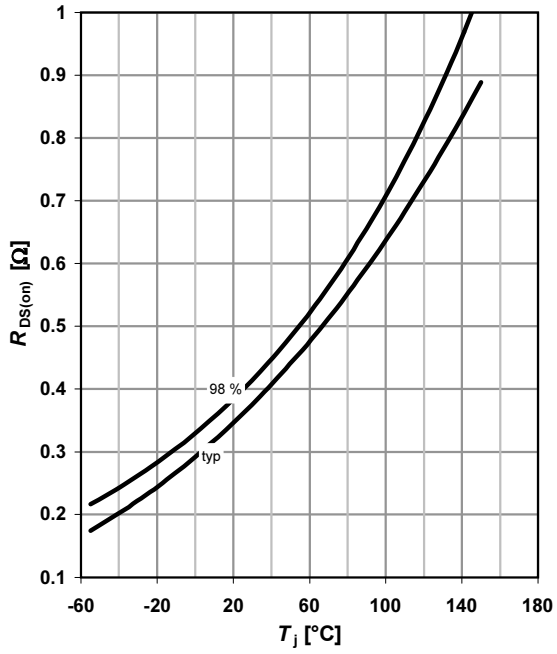
$R_{DS(on)}$=f(I_D); T_j=150 °C

parameter: V_{GS}



7 Drain-source on-state resistance

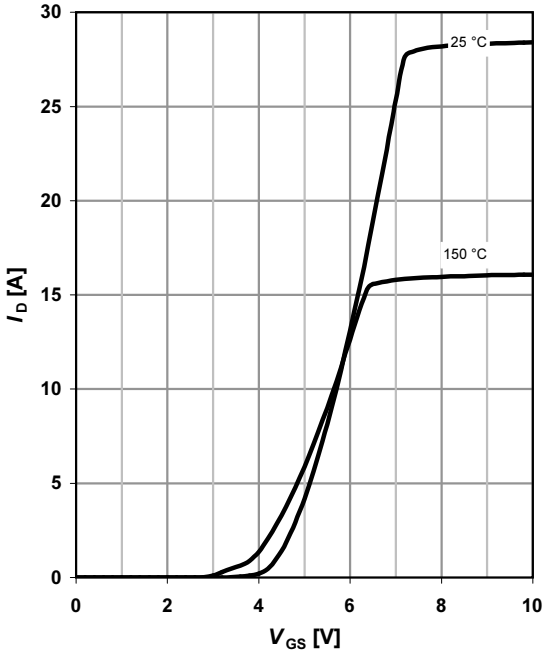
$R_{DS(on)}$=f(T_j); I_D=4.9 A; V_{GS}=10 V



8 Typ. transfer characteristics

I_D=f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}|>2|I_D|$R_{DS(on)max}$

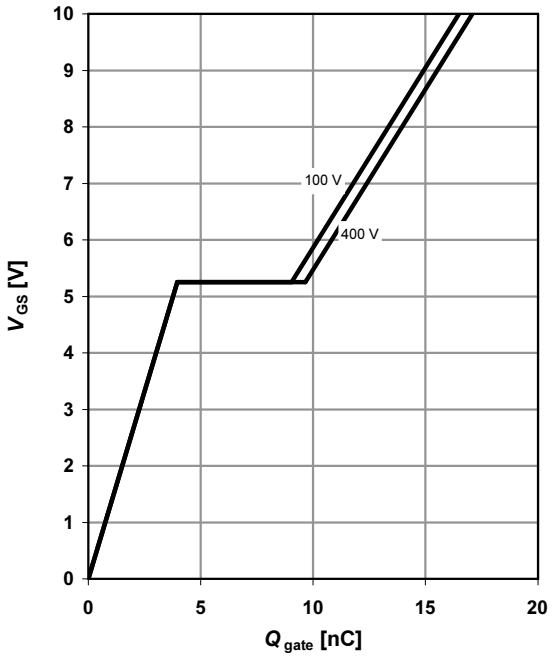
parameter: T_j



9 Typ. gate charge

V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=4.9 A pulsed

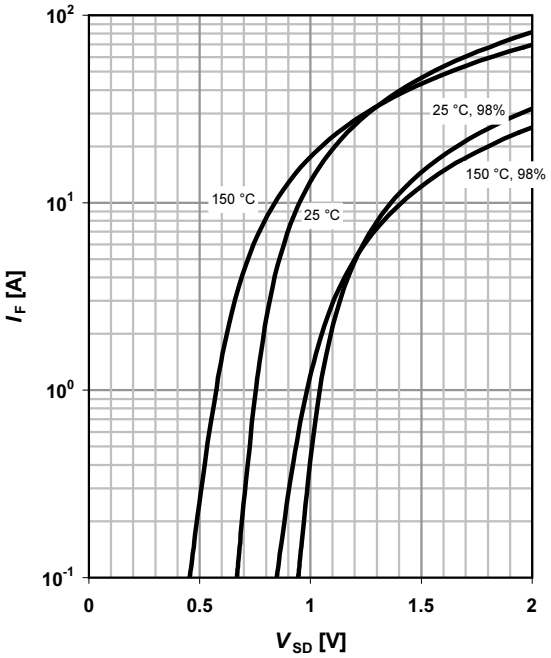
parameter: V_{DD}



10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

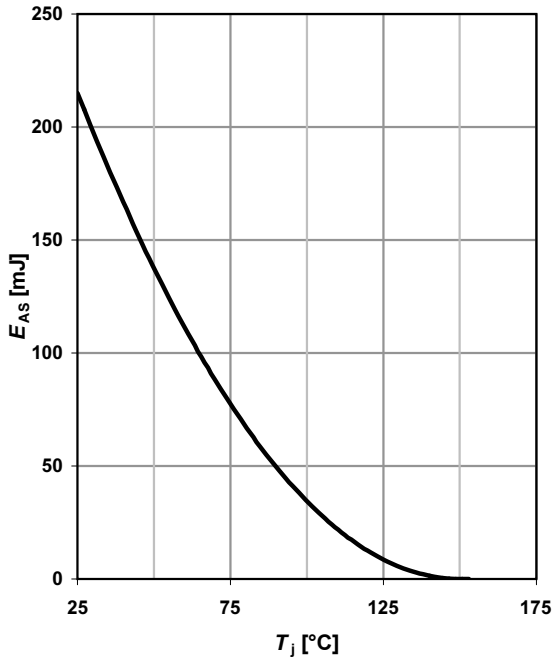
I_F=f(V_{SD})

parameter: T_j



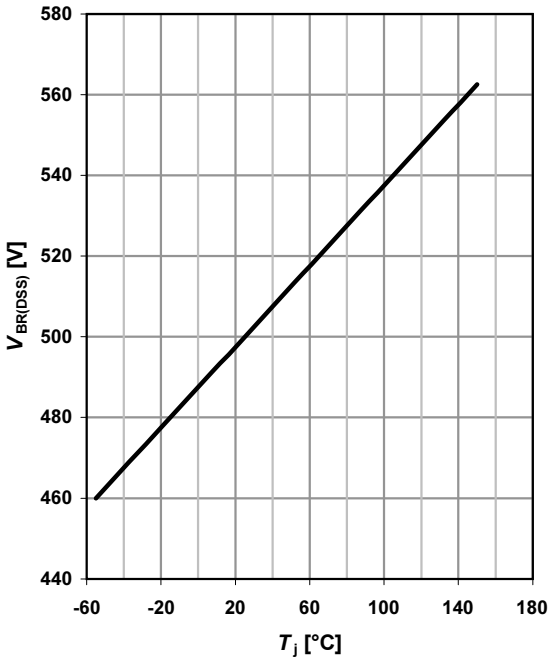
11 Avalanche energy

E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=3.3 A; V_{DD}=50 V



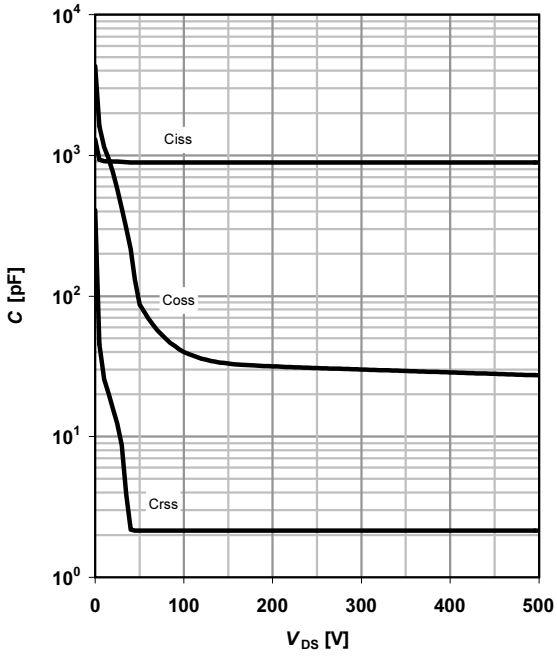
12 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$V_{BR(DSS)}$=f(T_j); I_D=0.25 mA



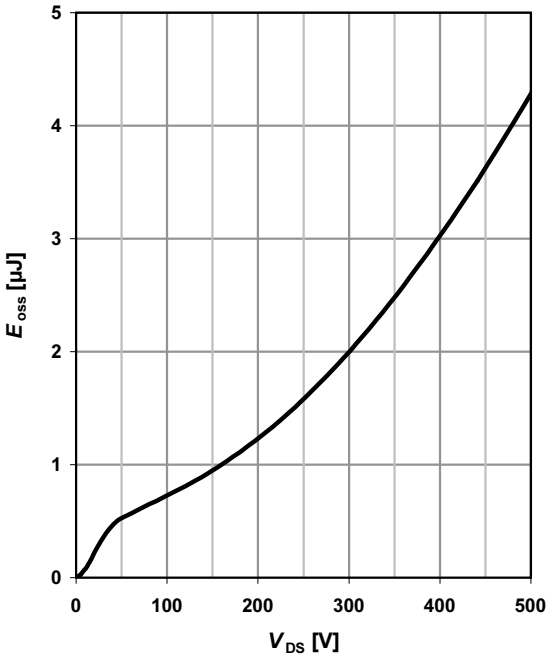
13 Typ. capacitances

C=f(V_{DS}); V_{GS}=0 V; f=1 MHz

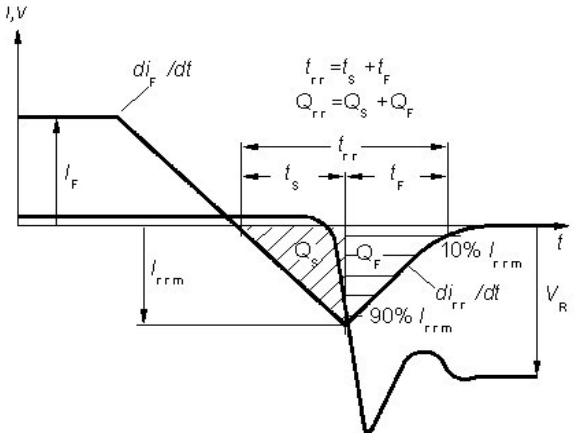


14 Typ. Coss stored energy

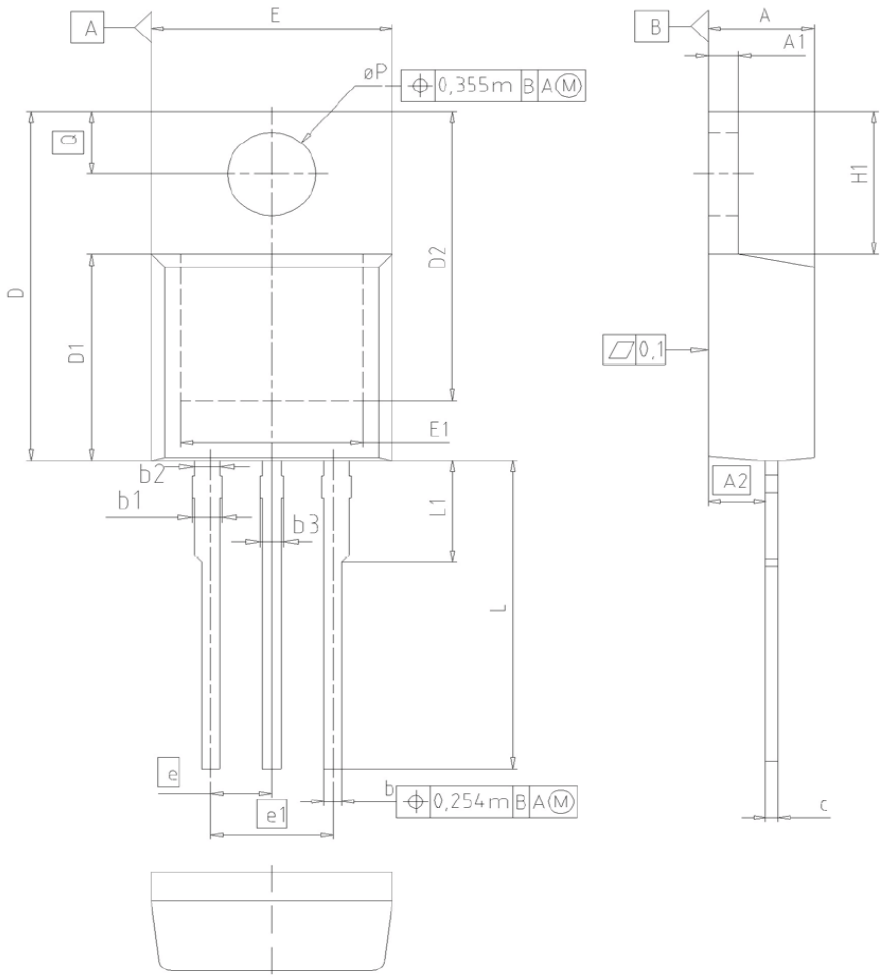
E_{oss}= f(V_{DS})



Definition of diode switching characteristics



PG-TO220-3-1/PG-TO220-3-21: Outline



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.65	0.86	0.026	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.055
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
c	0.33	0.60	0.013	0.024
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.516
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.30	-	0.189
øP	3.60	3.89	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

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