



**THE DATASHEET OF
HUFA76439S3S**



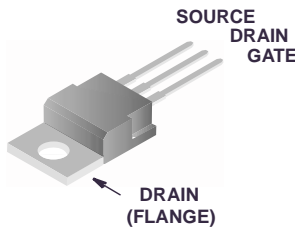
71A, 60V, 0.014 Ohm, N-Channel, Logic Level UltraFET® Power MOSFET



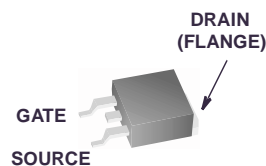
Packaging

JEDEC TO-220AB

JEDEC TO-263AB

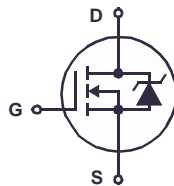


HUFA76439P3



HUFA76439S3S

Symbol



Features

- Ultra Low On-Resistance
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.012\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.014\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 5V$
- Simulation Models
 - Temperature Compensated PSpice® and Saber™ Electrical Models
 - Spice and Saber Thermal Impedance Models
 - www.fairchildsemi.com
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- UIS Rating Curve
- Switching Time vs R_{GS} Curves

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HUFA76439P3	TO-220AB	76439P
HUFA76439S3S	TO-263AB	76439S

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix T to obtain the variant in tape and reel, e.g., HUFA76439S3ST.

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

	HUFA76439P3, HUFA76439S3S	UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DSS} 60	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (Note 1)	V_{DGR} 60	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GS} ± 16	V
Drain Current		A
Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 5V$)	I_D 71	A
Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$) (Figure 2)	I_D 75	A
Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 5V$)	I_D 50	A
Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ C$, $V_{GS} = 4.5V$) (Figure 2)	I_D 48	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM} Figure 4	
Pulsed Avalanche Rating	UIS Figures 6, 17, 18	
Power Dissipation	P_D 155	W
Derate Above $25^\circ C$	1.04	W/ $^\circ C$
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG} -55 to 175	$^\circ C$
Maximum Temperature for Soldering		$^\circ C$
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s.	T_L 300	$^\circ C$
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief TB334.	T_{pkg} 260	$^\circ C$

NOTES:

1. $T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: <http://www.aecouncil.com/>

Reliability data can be found at: <http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/discrete/reliability/index.html>.

All Fairchild semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

HUFA76439P3, HUFA76439S3S

Electrical Specifications $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OFF STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ (Figure 12)	60	-	-	V	
		$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$ (Figure 12)	55	-	-	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 55\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA	
		$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	250	μA	
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 16\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA	
ON STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ (Figure 11)	1	-	3	V	
Drain to Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 75\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ (Figures 9, 10)	-	0.010	0.012	Ω	
		$I_D = 71\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$ (Figure 9)	-	0.0117	0.014	Ω	
		$I_D = 68\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$ (Figure 9)	-	0.0125	0.015	Ω	
THERMAL SPECIFICATIONS							
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	TO-220AB and TO-263AB	-	-	0.96	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$		-	-	62	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS ($V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$)							
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}	$V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$, $I_D = 50\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$, $R_{GS} = 3.9\Omega$ (Figures 15, 21, 22)	-	-	470	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$		-	16	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	300	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		-	29	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	105	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t_{OFF}		-	-	200	ns	
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS ($V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)							
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}	$V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$, $I_D = 75\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $R_{GS} = 3.9\Omega$ (Figures 16, 21, 22)	-	-	205	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$		-	11	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	125	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		-	45	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	125	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t_{OFF}		-	-	255	ns	
GATE CHARGE SPECIFICATIONS							
Total Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TOT)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}$	$V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$, $I_D = 50\text{A}$, $I_{g(REF)} = 1.0\text{mA}$ (Figures 14, 19, 20)	-	70	84	nC
Gate Charge at 5V	$Q_{g(5)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 5\text{V}$		-	38	45	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 1\text{V}$		-	2.5	3	nC
Gate to Source Gate Charge	Q_{gs}			-	8	-	nC
Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge	Q_{gd}			-	19	-	nC
CAPACITANCE SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Capacitance	C_{ISS}	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$ (Figure 13)	-	2745	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}		-	840	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{RSS}		-	145	-	pF	

Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 54\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 27\text{A}$	-	-	1.00	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = 54\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	72	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q_{RR}	$I_{SD} = 54\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	140	nC

Typical Performance Curves

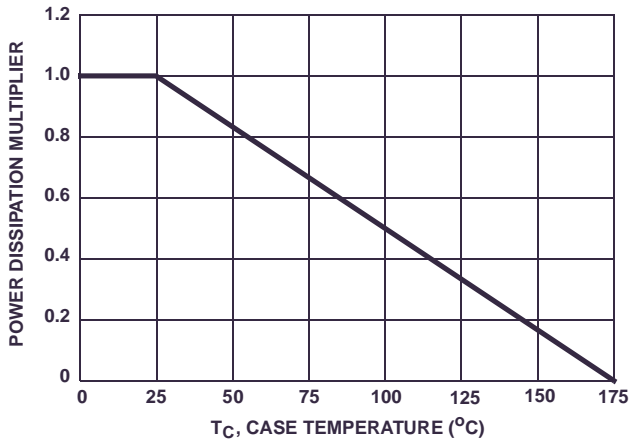


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs CASE TEMPERATURE

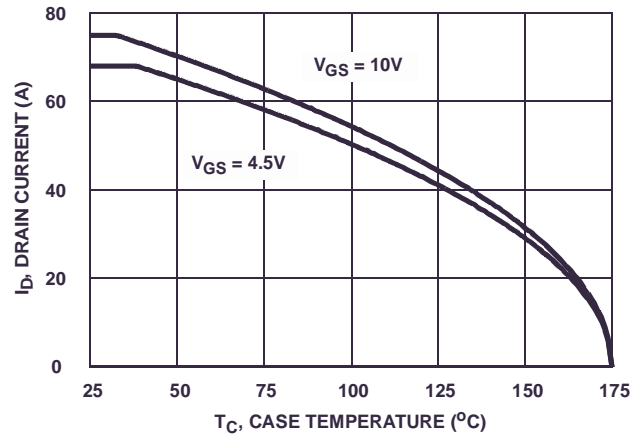


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

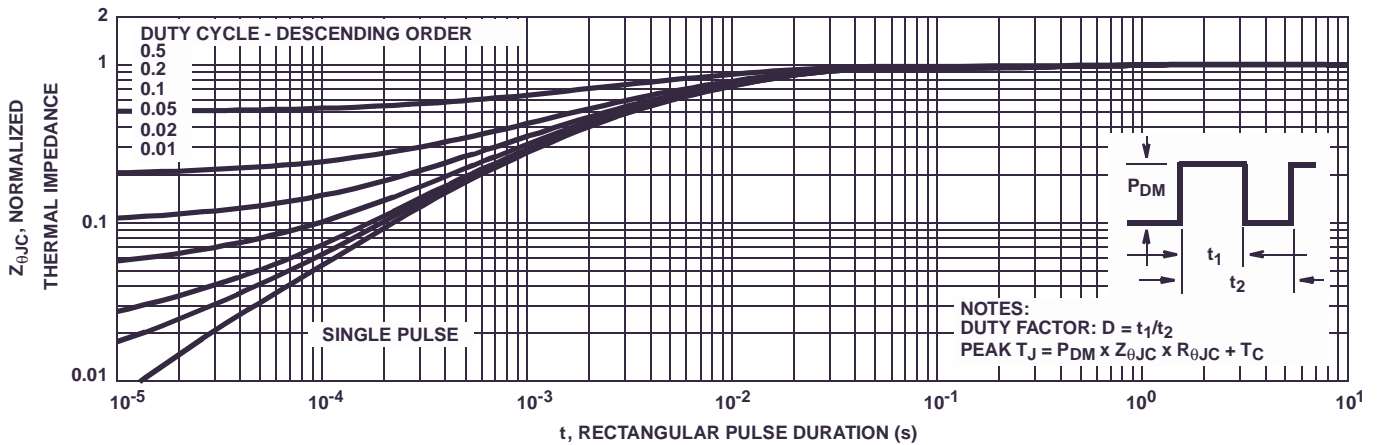


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

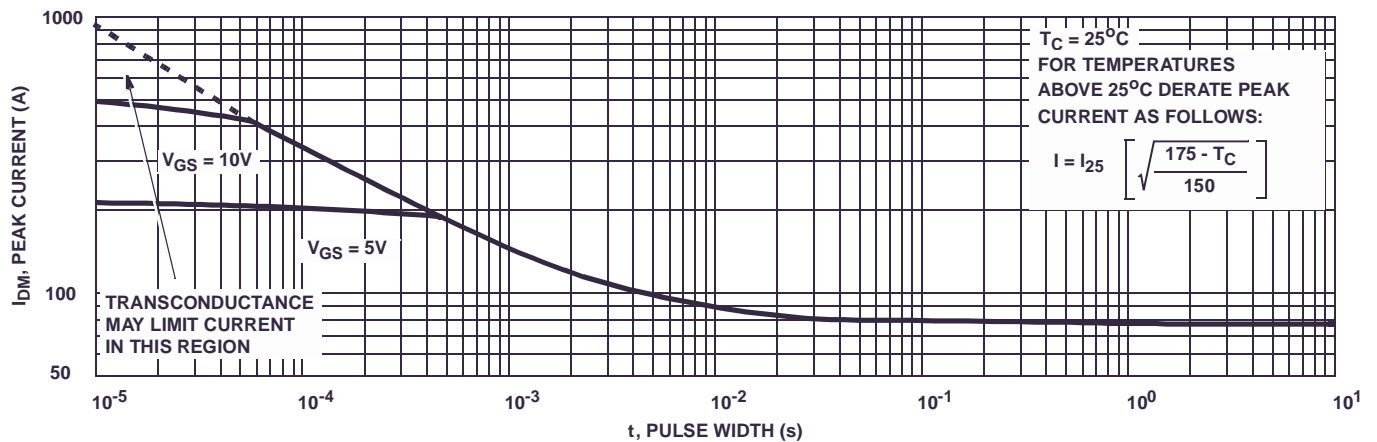


FIGURE 4. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

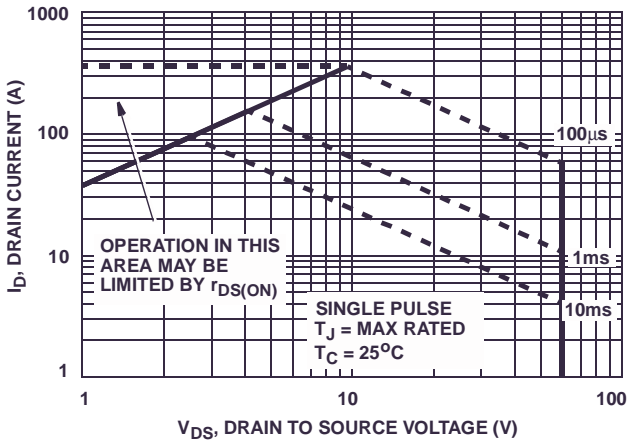
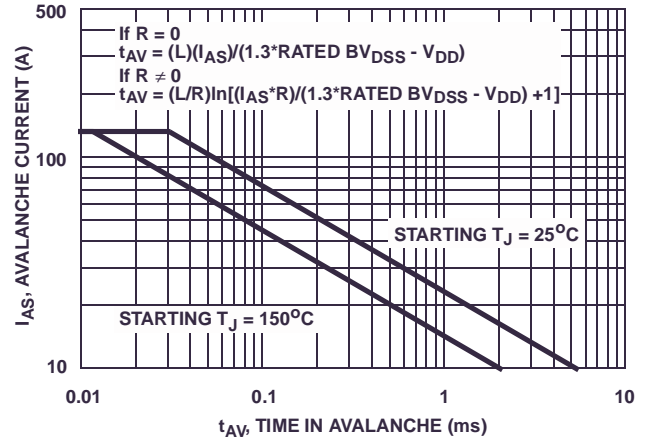


FIGURE 5. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

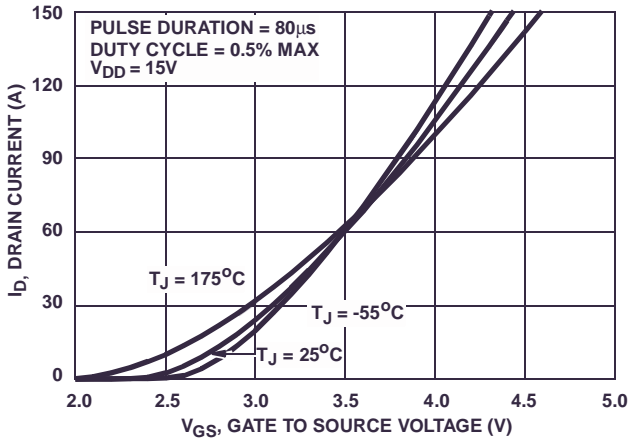


FIGURE 7. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

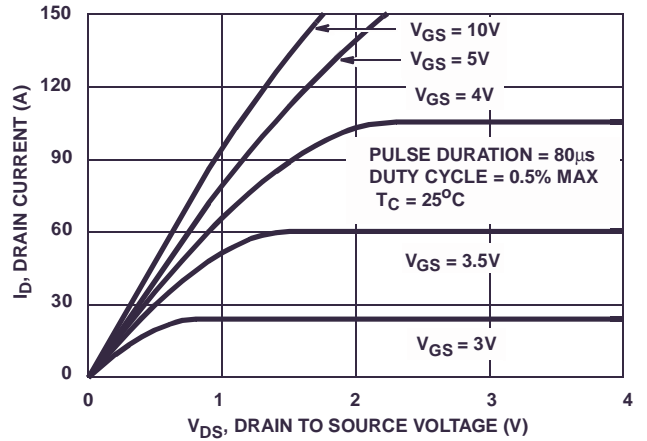


FIGURE 8. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

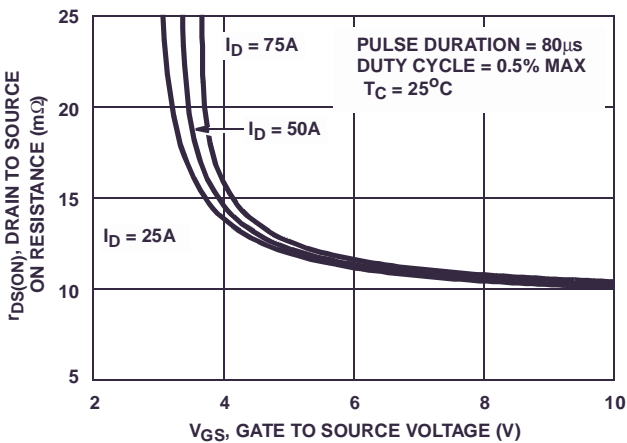


FIGURE 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT

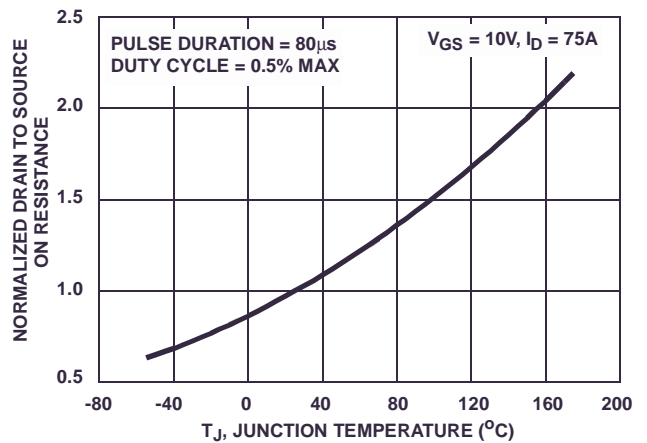


FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

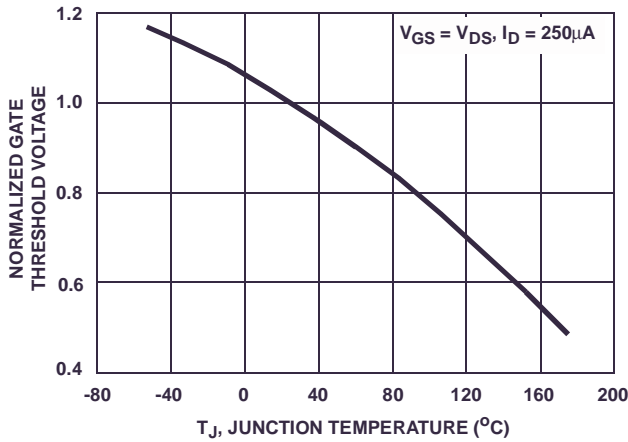


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

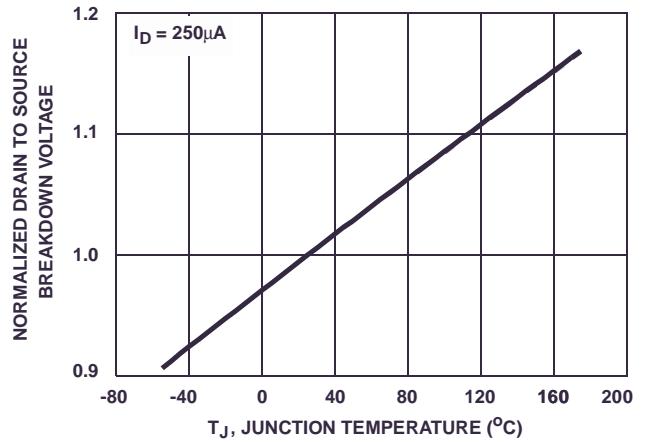


FIGURE 12. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

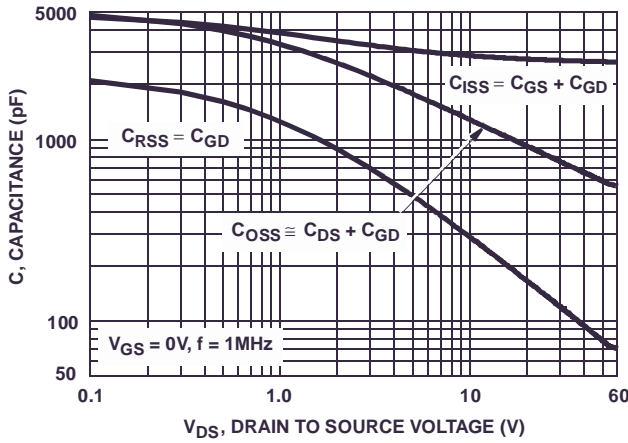
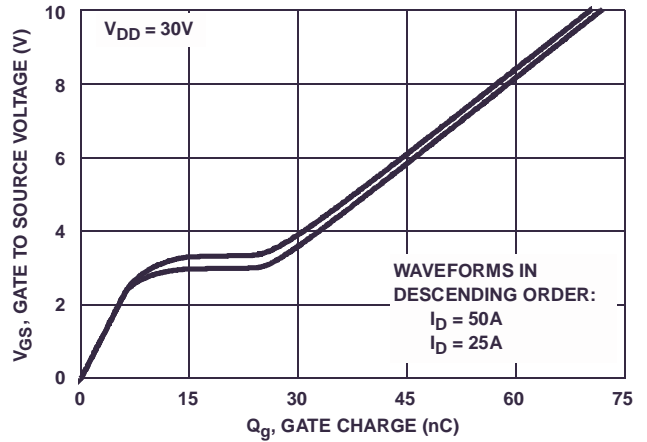


FIGURE 13. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

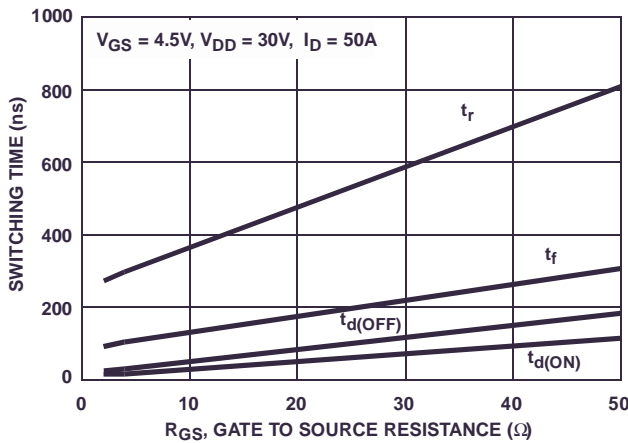


FIGURE 15. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

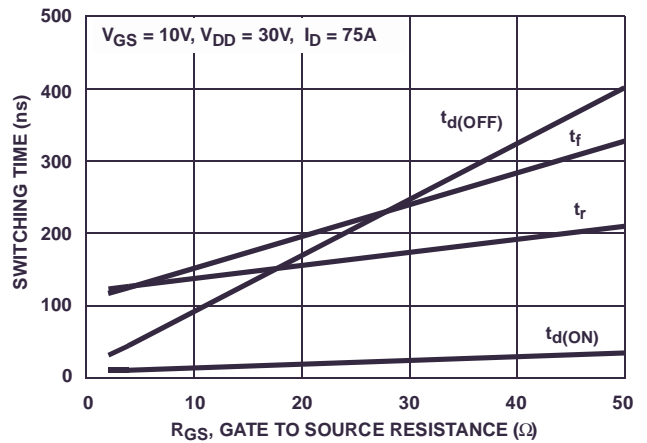


FIGURE 16. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

Test Circuits and Waveforms

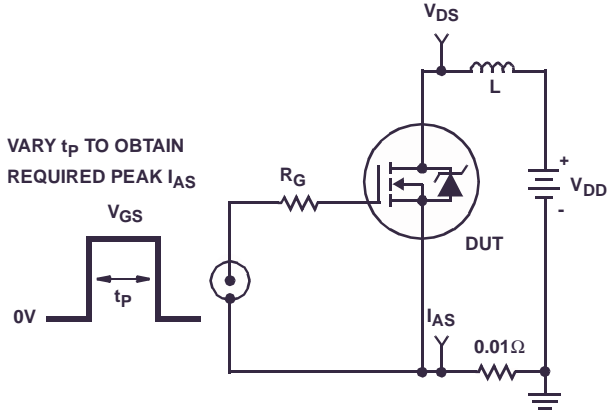


FIGURE 17. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

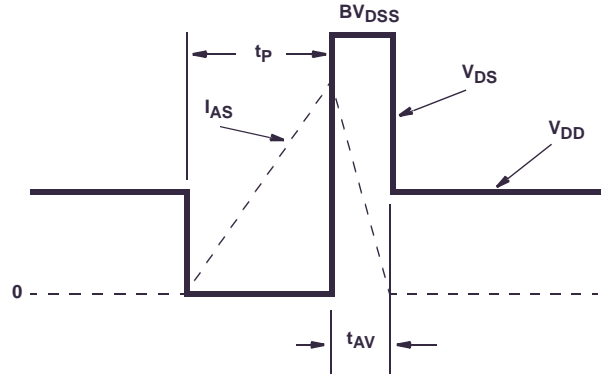


FIGURE 18. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

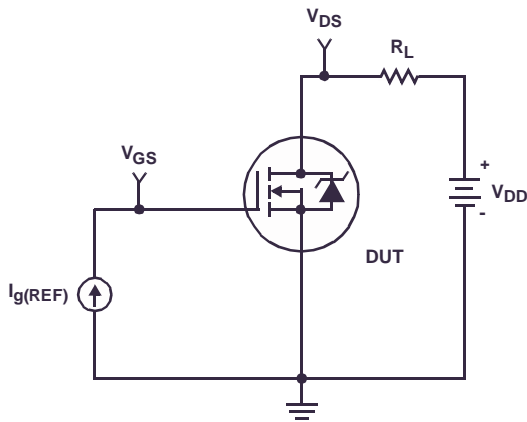


FIGURE 19. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

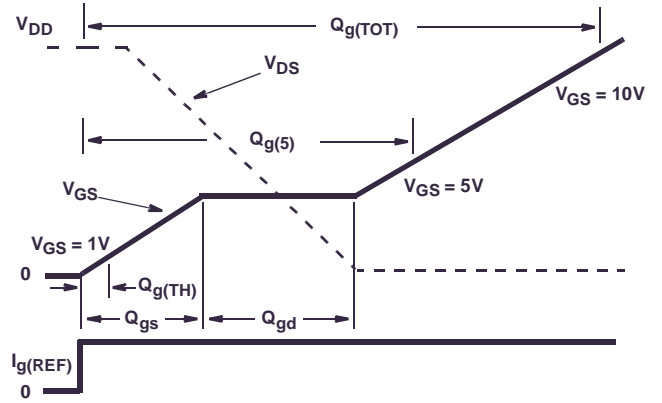


FIGURE 20. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

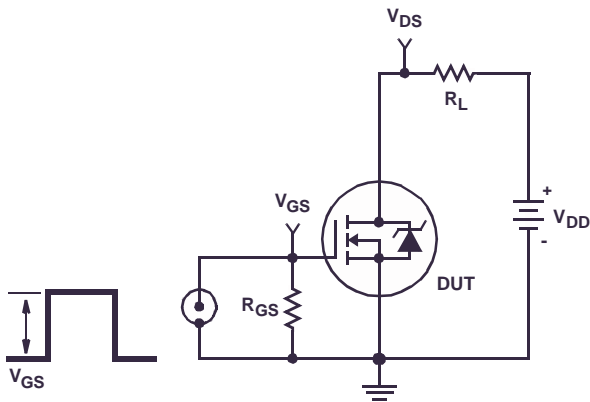


FIGURE 21. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

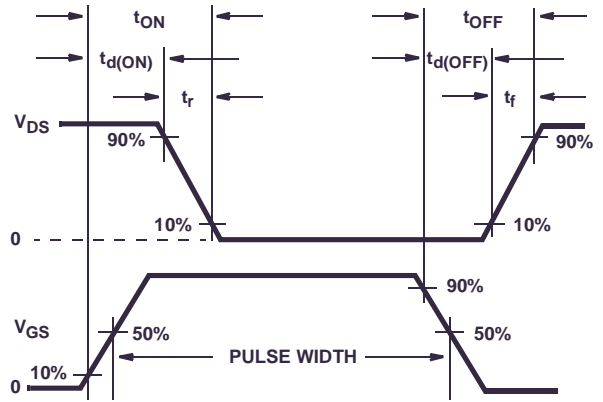


FIGURE 22. SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORM

SABER Electrical Model

REV 17 June 1999

template ta76445 n2,n1,n3
electrical n2,n1,n3

```
{
var i iscl
d..model dbodymod = (is = 2.52e-12, cjo = 2.82e-9, tt = 4.90e-8, m = 0.43)
d..model dbreakmod = ()
d..model dplcapmod = (cjo = 2.28e-9, is = 1e-30, m = 0.85 )
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.88, kp = 2.1, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n, vto = 2.31, kp = 137, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.65, kp = 0.05, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -6, voff = -2.5)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -2.5, voff = -6)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -0.5, voff = 0)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = 0, voff = -0.5)
```

```
c.ca n12 n8 = 3.70e-9
c.cb n15 n14 = 3.80e-9
c.cin n6 n8 = 2.60e-9
```

```
d.body n7 n71 = model=dbodymod
d.break n72 n11 = model=dbreakmod
d.plcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
```

```
i.it n8 n17 = 1
```

```
l.drain n2 n5 = 1e-9
l.gate n1 n9 = 5.17e-9
l.source n3 n7 = 2.33e-9
```

```
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
```

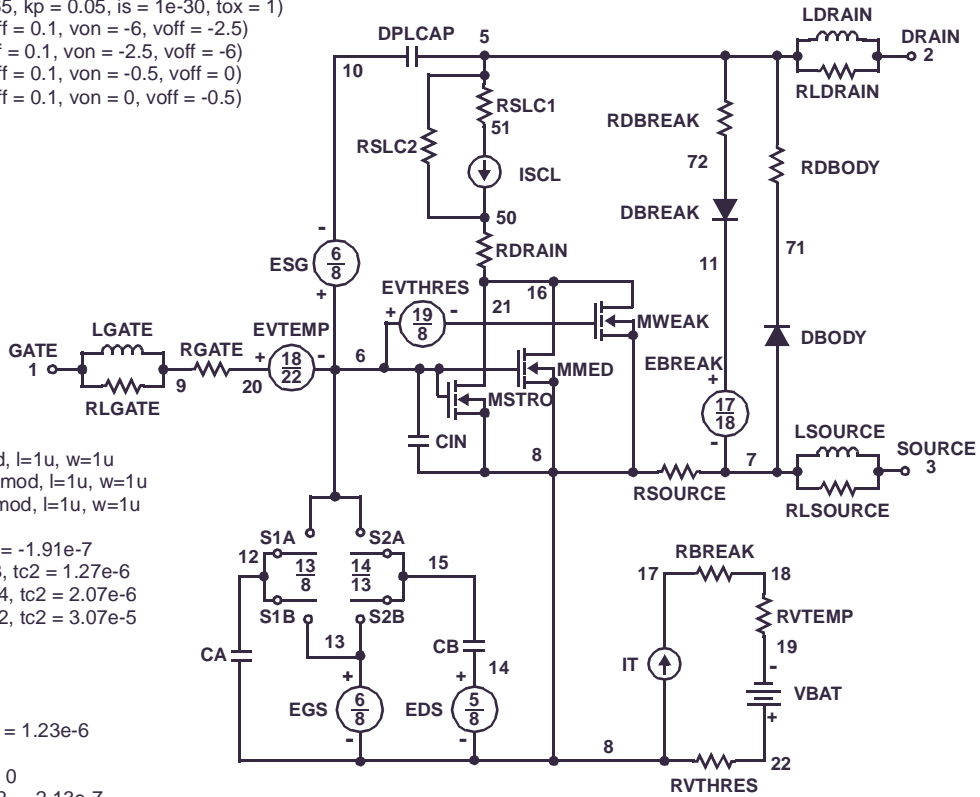
```
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1 = 1.19e-3, tc2 = -1.91e-7
res.rbody n71 n5 = 3.53e-3, tc1 = 1.79e-3, tc2 = 1.27e-6
res.rdbreak n72 n5 = 1.95e-1, tc1 = 9.01e-4, tc2 = 2.07e-6
res.rdrain n50 n16 = 4.72e-3, tc1 = 1.15e-2, tc2 = 3.07e-5
res.rgate n9 n20 = 0.88
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 51.7
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 23.3
res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1e-6, tc1 = 9.92e-4, tc2 = 1.23e-6
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 4.43e-3, tc1 = 0, tc2 = 0
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1 = -1.39e-3, tc2 = -2.13e-7
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1 = -2.65e-3, tc2 = -7.94e-6
```

```
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 66.25
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
```

```
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
```

```
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
```

```
equations {
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51))/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51))*1e6/225)** 3.5))
}
}
```



SPICE Thermal Model

REV 23 June 1999

HUFA76439T

CTHERM1 th 6 3.00e-3
 CTHERM2 6 5 1.90e-2
 CTHERM3 5 4 6.95e-3
 CTHERM4 4 3 7.00e-3
 CTHERM5 3 2 2.95e-2
 CTHERM6 2 tl 12.55

RTHERM1 th 6 6.32e-3
 RTHERM2 6 5 1.57e-2
 RTHERM3 5 4 4.43e-2
 RTHERM4 4 3 2.49e-1
 RTHERM5 3 2 3.75e-1
 RTHERM6 2 tl 4.98e-2

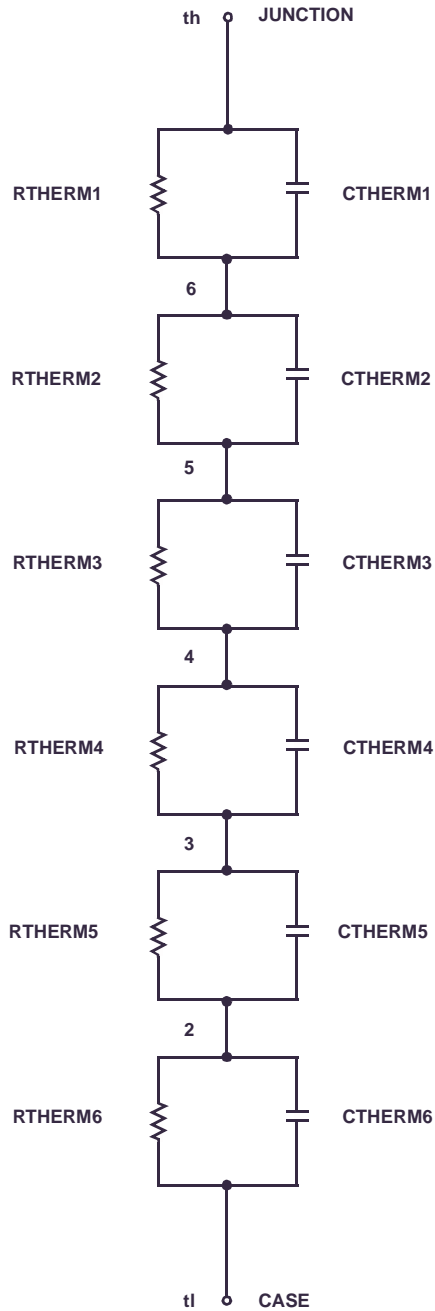
SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model HUFA76445T

```

template thermal_model th tl
thermal_c th, tl
{
ctherm.ctherm1 th 6 = 3.00e-3
ctherm.ctherm2 6 5 = 1.90e-2
ctherm.ctherm3 5 4 = 6.95e-3
ctherm.ctherm4 4 3 = 7.00e-3
ctherm.ctherm5 3 2 = 2.95e-2
ctherm.ctherm6 2 tl = 12.55

rtherm.rtherm1 th 6 = 6.32e-3
rtherm.rtherm2 6 5 = 1.57e-2
rtherm.rtherm3 5 4 = 4.43e-2
rtherm.rtherm4 4 3 = 2.49e-1
rtherm.rtherm5 3 2 = 3.75e-1
rtherm.rtherm6 2 tl = 4.98e-2
}
    
```



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Bottomless™	FAST®	LittleFET™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-3
CoolFET™	FASTr™	MicroFET™	PowerTrench®	SuperSOT™-6
CROSSVOLT™	FRFET™	MicroPak™	QFET™	SuperSOT™-8
DOME™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MICROWIRE™	QS™	SyncFET™
EcoSPARK™	GTO™	MSX™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyLogic™
E ² CMOS™	HiSeC™	MSXPro™	Quiet Series™	TruTranslation™
EnSigna™	µC™	OCX™	RapidConfigure™	UHC™
Across the board. Around the world.™		OCXPro™	RapidConnect™	UltraFET®
The Power Franchise™		OPTOLOGIC®	SILENT SWITCHER®	VCX™
Programmable Active Droop™		OPTOPLANAR™	SMART START™	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

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-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
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