



THE DATASHEET OF BSC0924NDIATMA1



Dual N-Channel OptiMOS™ MOSFET

Features

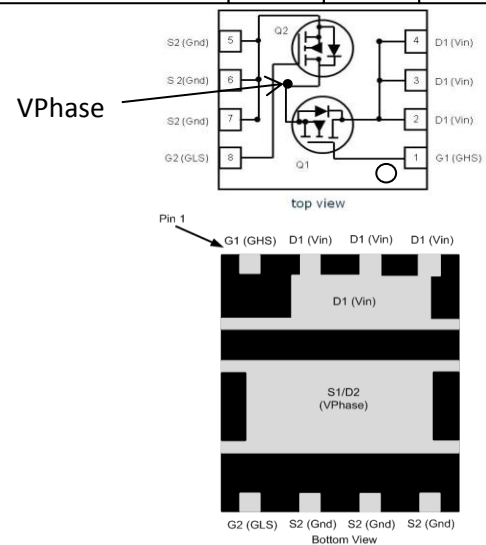
- Dual N-channel OptiMOS™ MOSFET
- Integrated monolithic Schottky-like diode
- Optimized for high performance Buck converter
- Logic level (4.5V rated)
- 100% avalanche tested
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-22



Type	Package	Marking
BSC0924NDI	PG-TISON-8	0924NDI

Product Summary

	Q1	Q2	
V_{DS}	30	30	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$	5	3.7
	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}$	7	5.2
I_D	40	40	A



Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified ²⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value		Unit
			Q1	Q2	
Continuous drain current	I_D	$T_C=70\text{ °C}, V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	40	40	A
		$T_A=25\text{ °C}, V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}^{3)}$	17	32	
		$T_A=70\text{ °C}, V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}^{3)}$	14	25	
		$T_A=25\text{ °C}, V_{GS}=10\text{V}^{4)}$	10	13	
Pulsed drain current ⁵⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=70\text{ °C}$	160	160	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	Q1: $I_D=20\text{ A}$, Q2: $I_D=20\text{ A}$, $R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$	9	10	mJ
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}		±20		V
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_A=25\text{ °C}^{2)}$	2.5	2.5	W
		$T_A=25\text{ °C}$, minimum footprint ³⁾	1.0	1.0	
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 150		°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/150/56		

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ One transistor active

³⁾ Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

⁴⁾ Device mounted on a minimum pad (one layer, 70 μm thick). One transistor active

⁵⁾ See figure 3 for more detailed information.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
Thermal characteristics							
Thermal resistance, junction - case	Q1	R_{thJC}		-	-	4.2	K/W
	Q2			-	-	3.4	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient ¹⁾	Q1	R_{thJA}	6 cm ² cooling area ²⁾	-	-	50	
	Q2			-	-	50	
	Q1		minimal footprint, steady state ³⁾	-	-	125	
	Q2			-	-	125	

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	Q1	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_D=10\text{ mA}$	30	-	-	V
	Q2						
Breakdown voltage temperature coefficient	Q1	$dV_{(BR)DSS}/dT_j$	$I_D=10\text{ mA}$, referenced to 25 °C	-	15	-	mV/K
	Q2						
Gate threshold voltage	Q1	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	1.2	-	2	V
	Q2						
Zero gate voltage drain current	Q1	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=24\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	-	1	μA
	Q2					500	
	Q1		$V_{DS}=24\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	-	0.1	mA
	Q2					3	
Gate-source leakage current	Q1	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
	Q2						
Drain-source on-state resistance	Q1	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, I_D=20\text{ A}$	-	5.4	7.0	m Ω
	Q2					4.2	
	Q1		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=20\text{ A}$	-	3.8	5.0	
	Q2					2.8	3.7
Gate resistance	Q1	R_G		1.3	2.6	5.2	Ω
	Q2			0.5	0.9	1.8	
Transconductance	Q1	g_{fs}	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}, I_D=20\text{ A}$	32	65	-	S
	Q2			36	71	-	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Dynamic characteristics

Input capacitance	Q1	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V},$ $V_{DS}=15\text{ V}, f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	870	1160	pF
	Q2			-	1100	1470	
Output capacitance	Q1	C_{oss}		-	330	439	ns
	Q2			-	460	612	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Q1	C_{rss}		-	49	-	
	Q2			-	64	-	
Turn-on delay time	Q1	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, R_G=1.6\ \Omega,$ $I_D=20\text{ A}$	-	4.7	-	
	Q2			-	3.3	-	
Rise time	Q1	t_r		-	3.8	-	
	Q2			-	2.8	-	
Turn-off delay time	Q1	$t_{d(off)}$		-	17	-	
	Q2			-	15	-	
Fall time	Q1	t_f		-	3.0	-	
	Q2			-	2.2	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q1	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V},$ $I_D=30\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }4.5\text{ V}$	-	2.4	3.2	nC
Gate to drain charge		Q_{gd}		-	2.2	2.9	
Gate charge total		Q_g		-	6.7	10	
Gate plateau voltage		$V_{plateau}$		-	2.8	-	
Gate to source charge	Q2	Q_{gs}		-	2.9	3.9	nC
Gate to drain charge		Q_{gd}		-	2.9	3.8	
Gate charge total		Q_g		-	8.5	12.8	
Gate plateau voltage		$V_{plateau}$		-	2.7	-	
Output charge	Q1	Q_{oss}	$V_{DD}=15\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$	-	9	12	nC
	Q2			-	12	16	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Reverse Diode

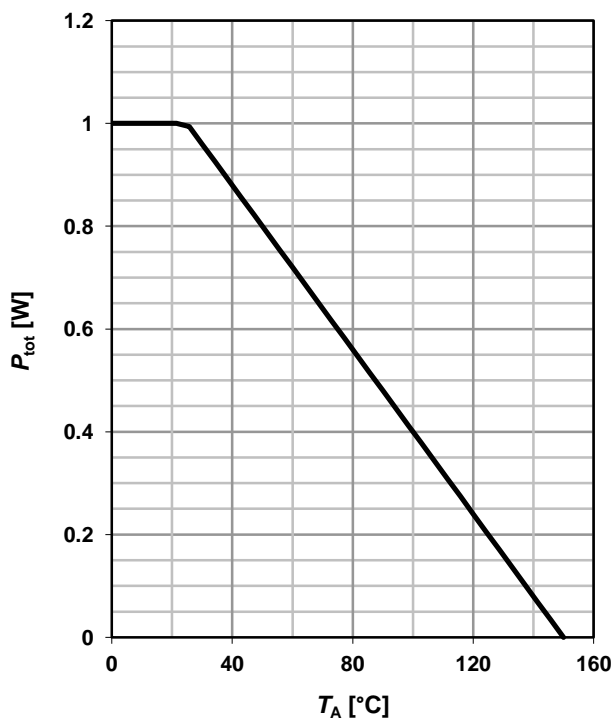
Diode continuous forward current	Q1	I_S	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	-	-	30	A
	Q2					40	
Diode pulse current	Q1	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	160	
	Q2			-	-	160	
Diode forward voltage	Q1	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=20\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.86	1	V
	Q2		$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=3\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.56	0.7	
Reverse recovery charge	Q1	Q_{rr}	$V_R=15\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	5	-	nC
	Q2			-	5	-	

²⁾ Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

³⁾ device mounted on a minimum pad (one layer, 70 μm thick)

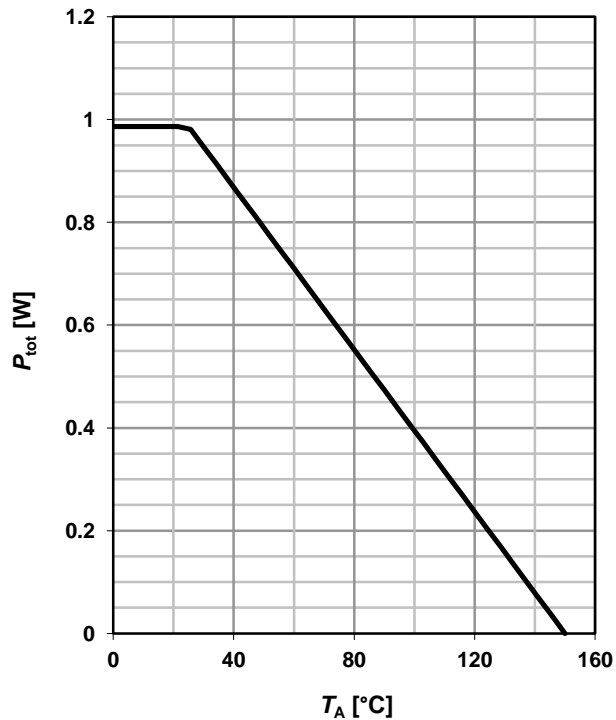
1 Power dissipation (Q1)

$$P_{tot}=f(T_A)^3$$



2 Power dissipation (Q2)

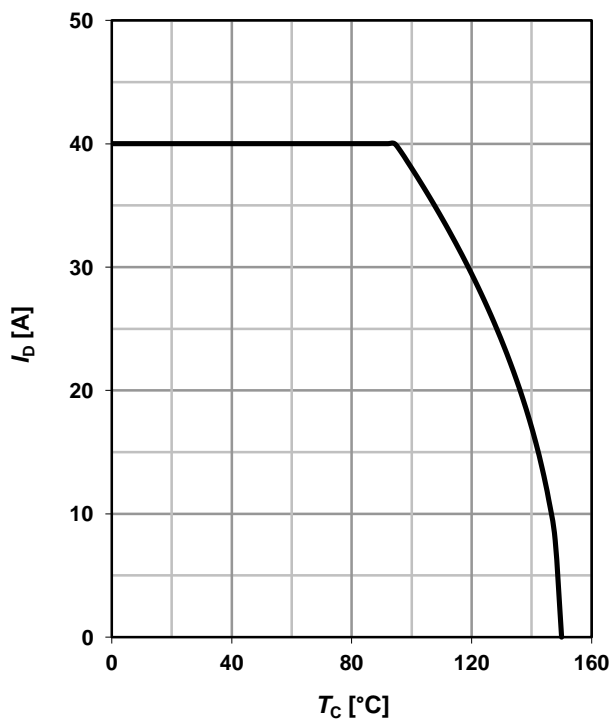
$$P_{tot}=f(T_A)^3$$



3 Drain current (Q1)

$$I_D=f(T_C)$$

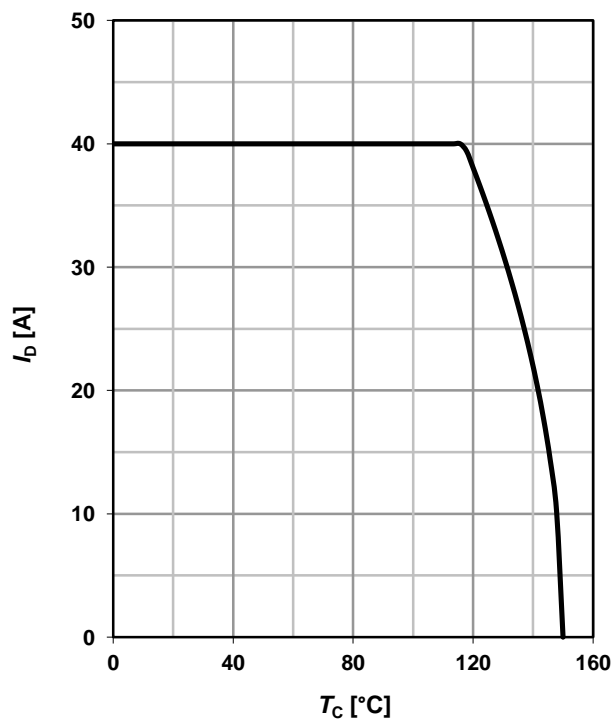
parameter: $V_{GS} \geq 10$ V



4 Drain current (Q2)

$$I_D=f(T_C)$$

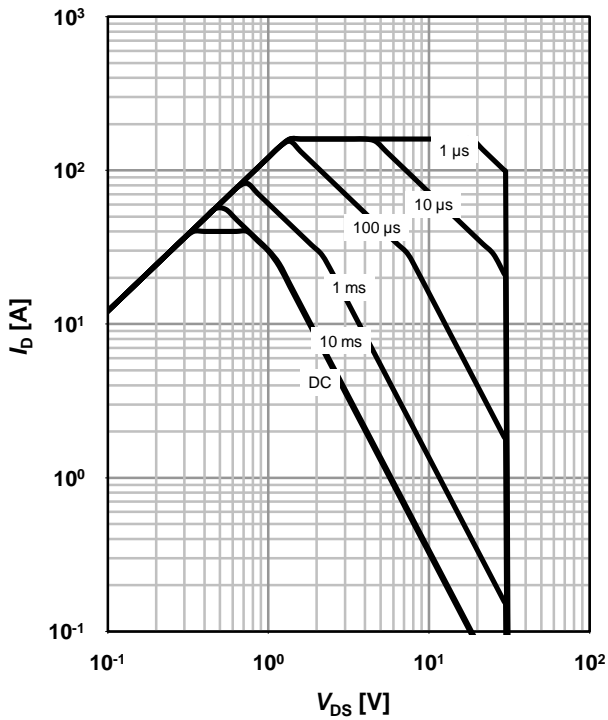
parameter: $V_{GS} \geq 10$ V



5 Safe operating area (Q1)

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; D=0$

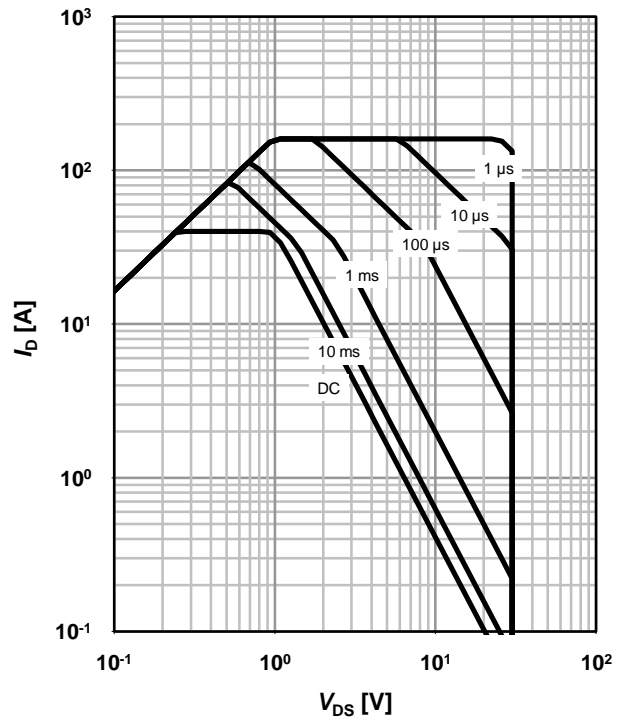
parameter: t_p



6 Safe operating area (Q2)

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; D=0$

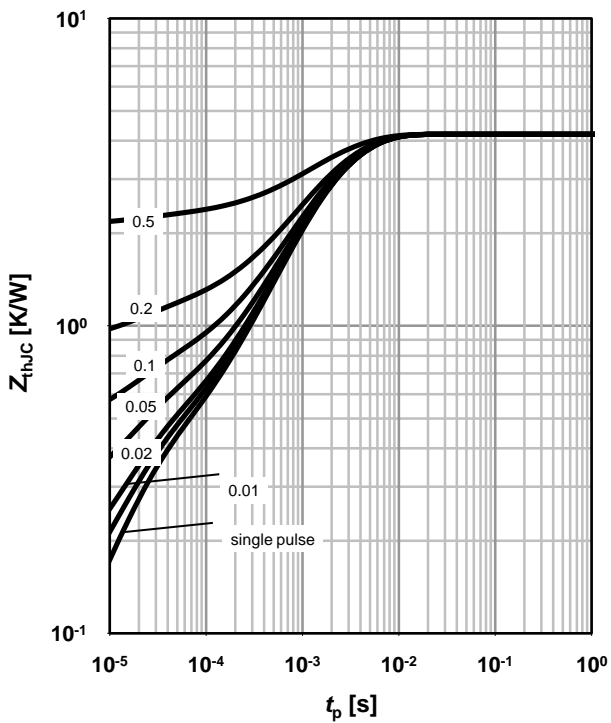
parameter: t_p



7 Max. transient thermal impedance (Q1)

$Z_{thJC}=f(t_p)$

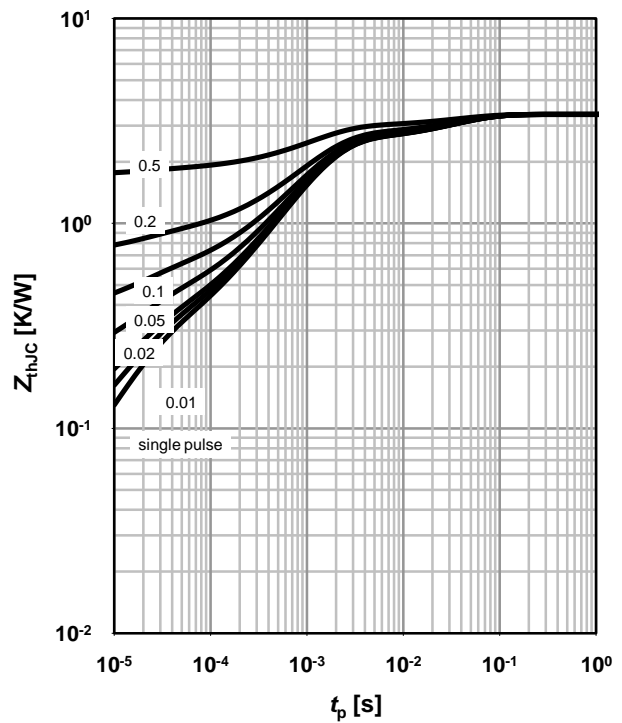
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



8 Max. transient thermal impedance (Q2)

$Z_{thJC}=f(t_p)$

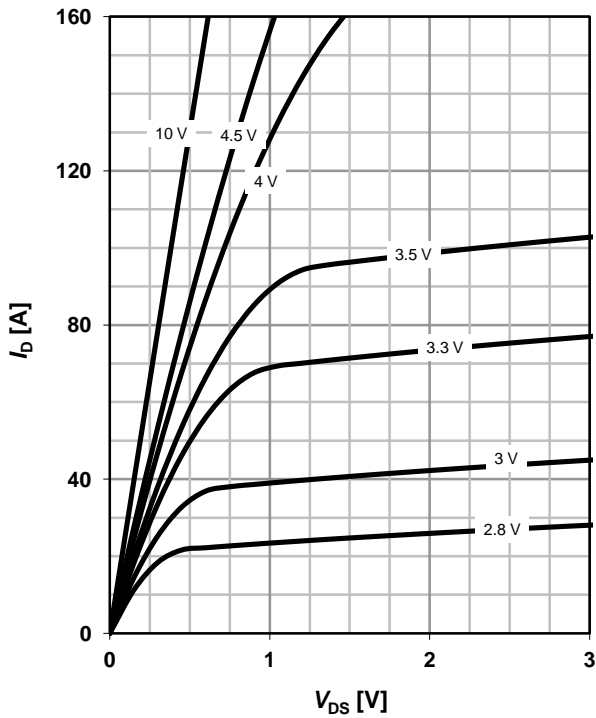
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



9 Typ. output characteristics (Q1)

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

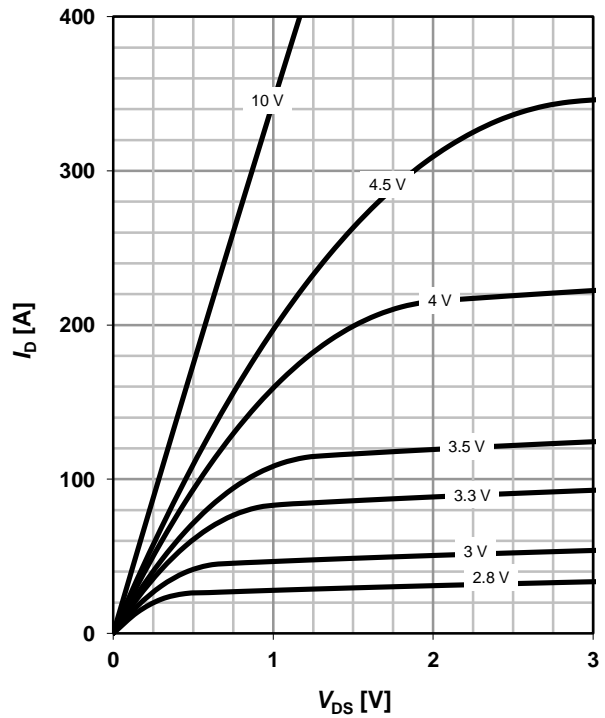
parameter: V_{GS}



10 Typ. output characteristics (Q2)

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

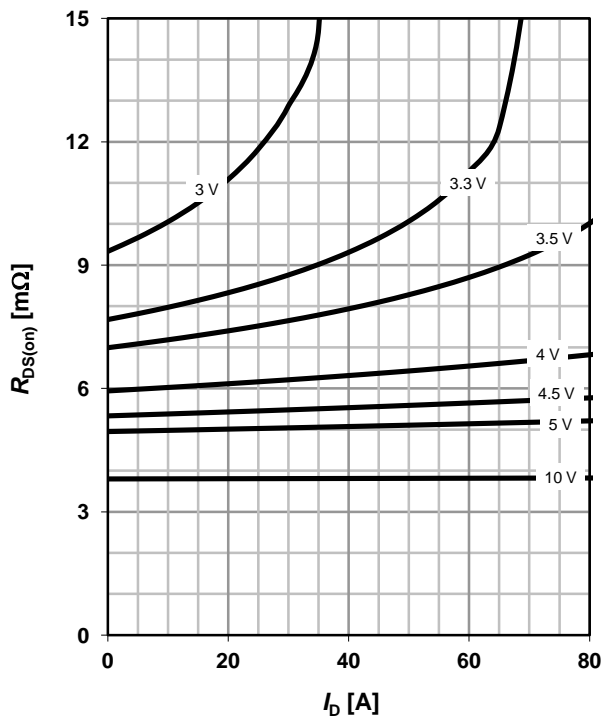
parameter: V_{GS}



11 Typ. drain-source on resistance (Q1)

$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D); T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

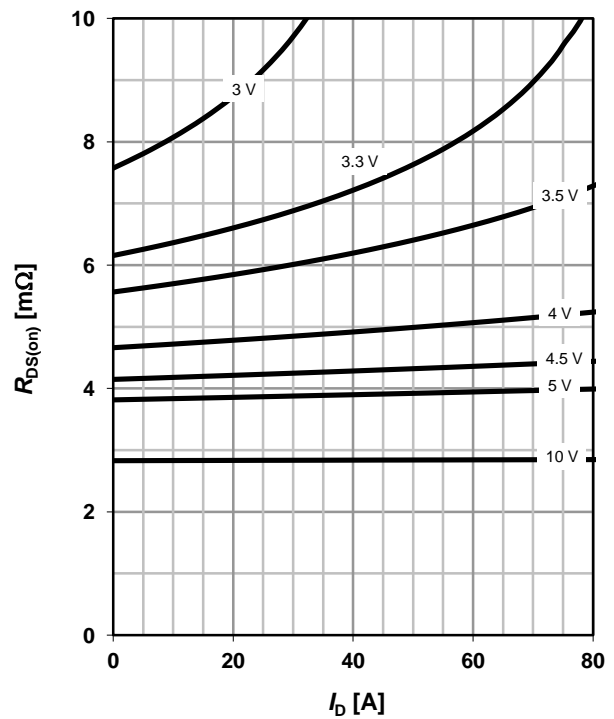
parameter: V_{GS}



12 Typ. drain-source on resistance (Q2)

$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D); T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

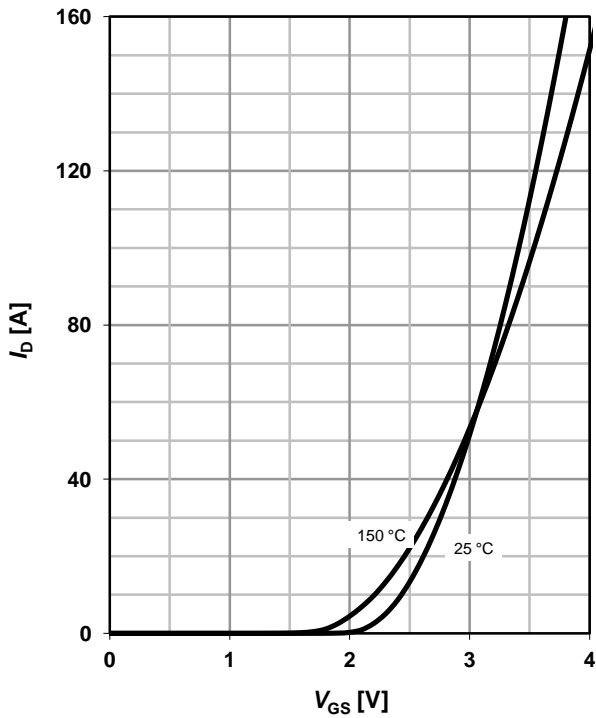
parameter: V_{GS}



13 Typ. transfer characteristics (Q1)

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2 |I_D| R_{DS(on)max}$$

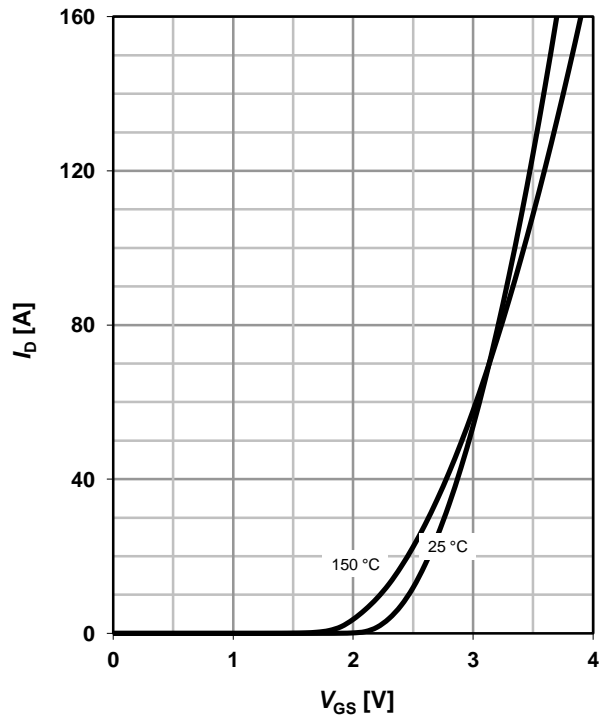
parameter: T_j



14 Typ. transfer characteristics (Q2)

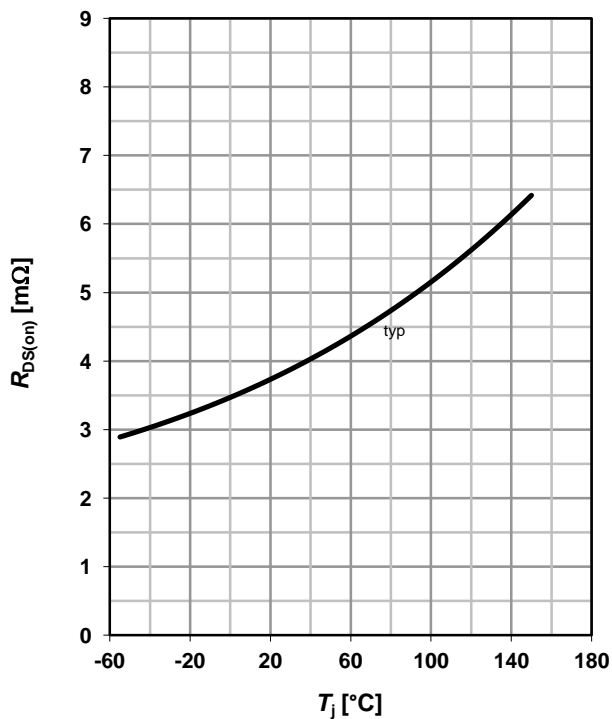
$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2 |I_D| R_{DS(on)max}$$

parameter: T_j



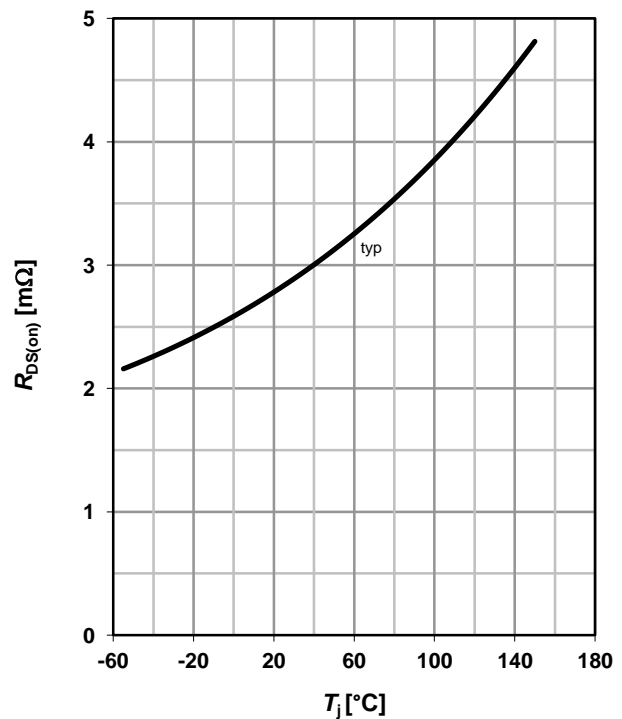
15 Drain-source on-state resistance (Q1)

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 20 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$



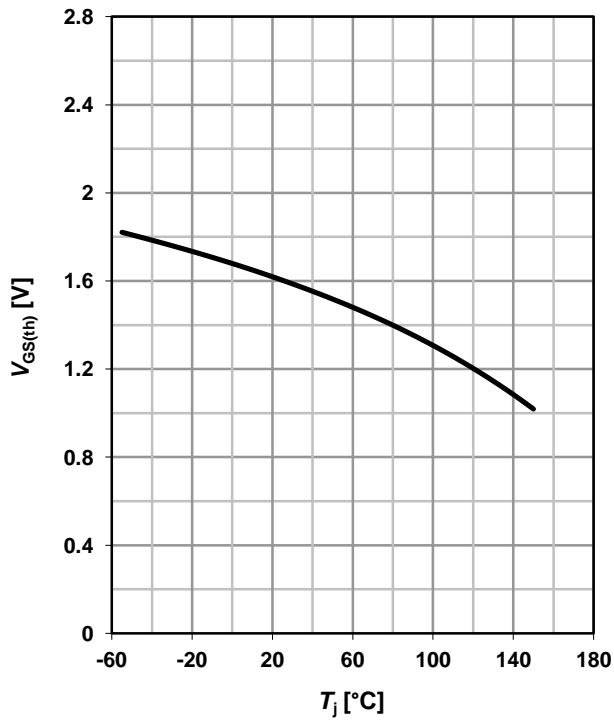
16 Drain-source on-state resistance (Q2)

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 20 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$



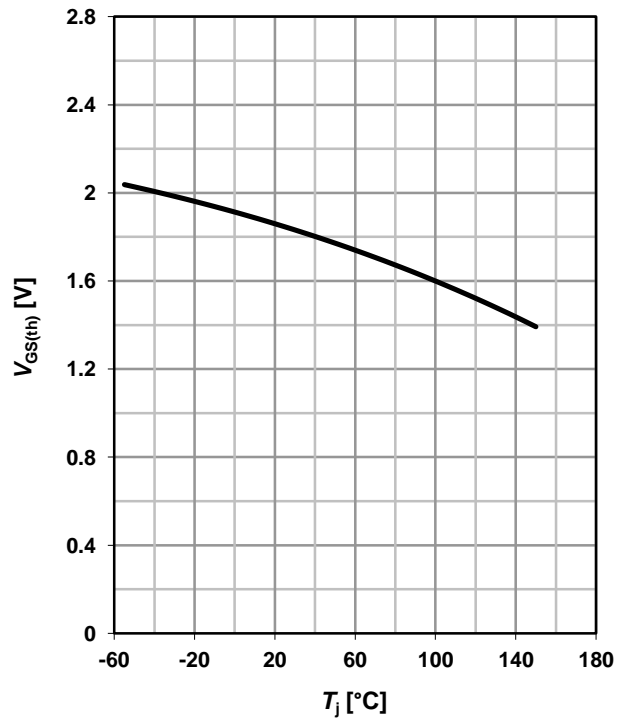
17 Typ. gate threshold voltage (Q1)

$V_{GS(th)}=f(T_j)$; $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$; $I_D=250 \mu A$



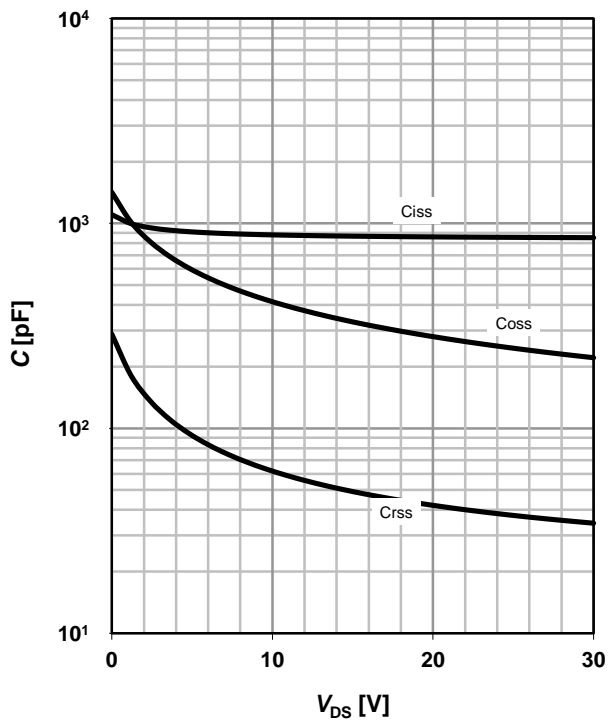
18 Typ. gate threshold voltage (Q2)

$V_{GS(th)}=f(T_j)$; $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$; $I_D=10 \text{ mA}$



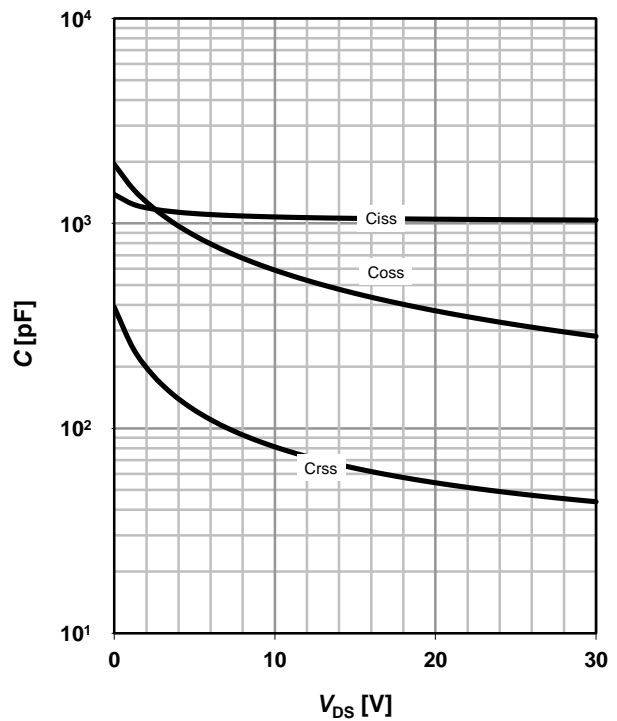
19 Typ. capacitances (Q1)

$C=f(V_{DS})$; $V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}$; $f=1 \text{ MHz}$



20 Typ. capacitances (Q2)

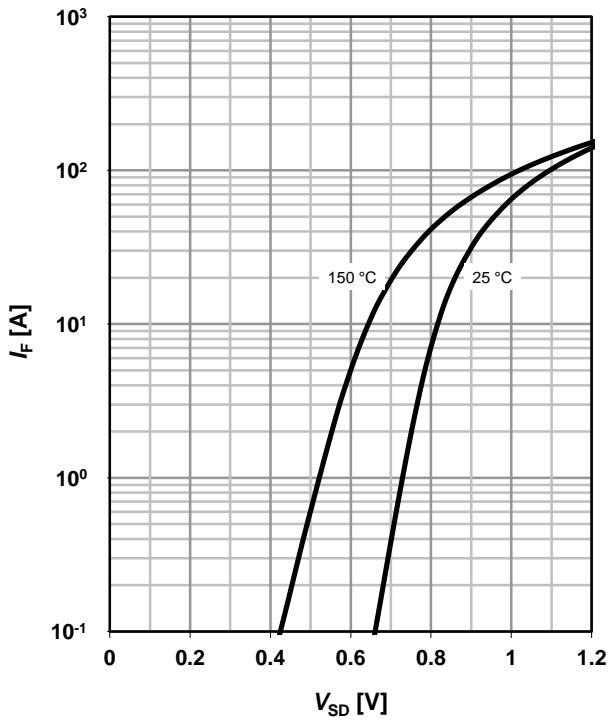
$C=f(V_{DS})$; $V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}$; $f=1 \text{ MHz}$



21 Forward characteristics of reverse diode (Q1)

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

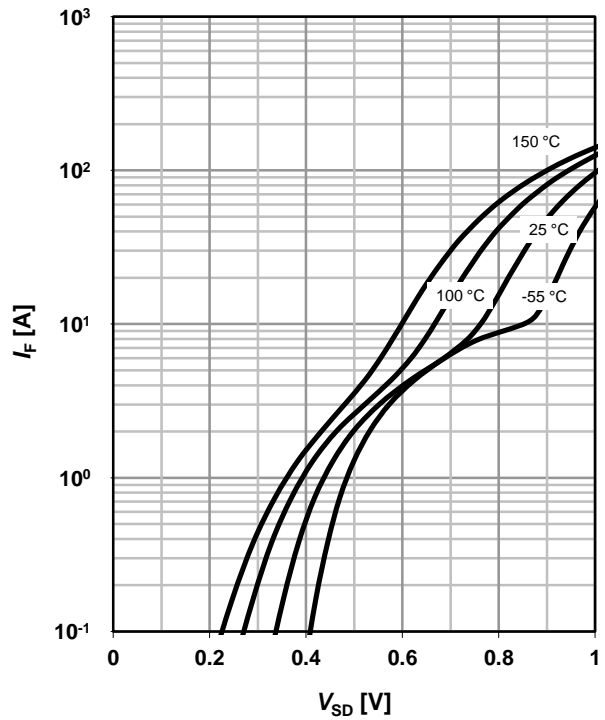
parameter: T_j



22 Forward characteristics of reverse diode (Q2)

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

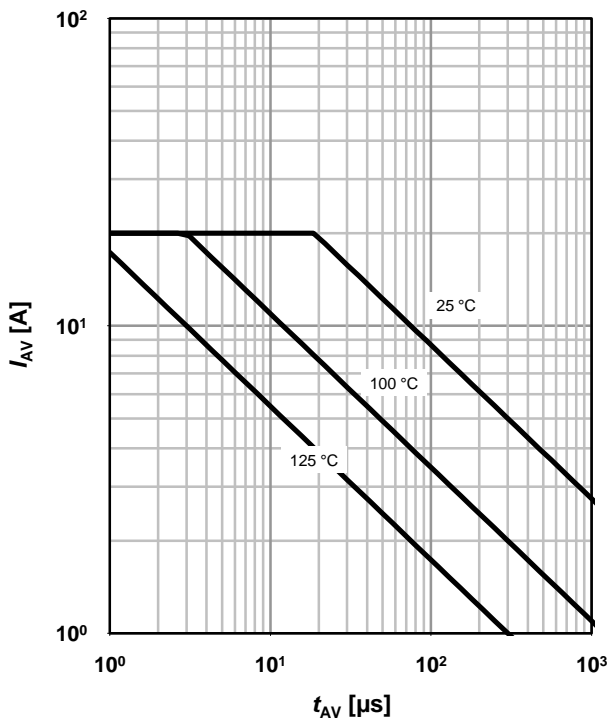
parameter: T_j



23 Avalanche characteristics (Q1)

$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25 \Omega$

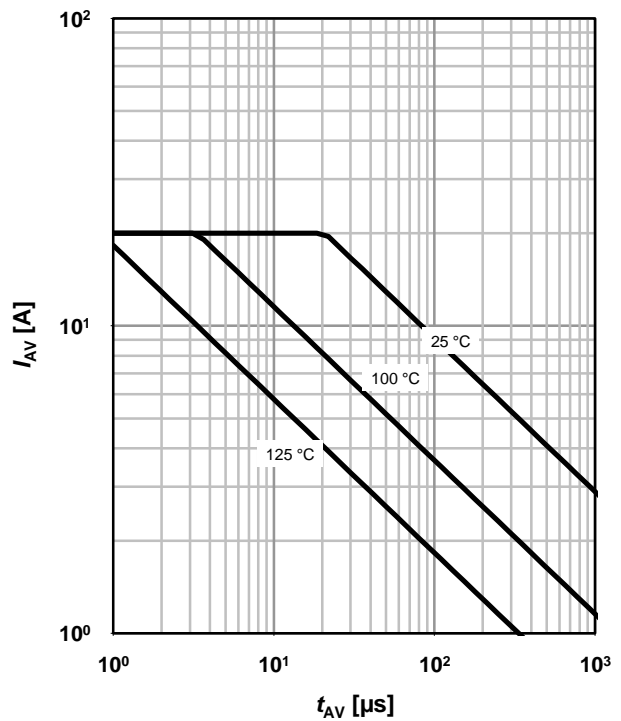
parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



24 Avalanche characteristics (Q2)

$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25 \Omega$

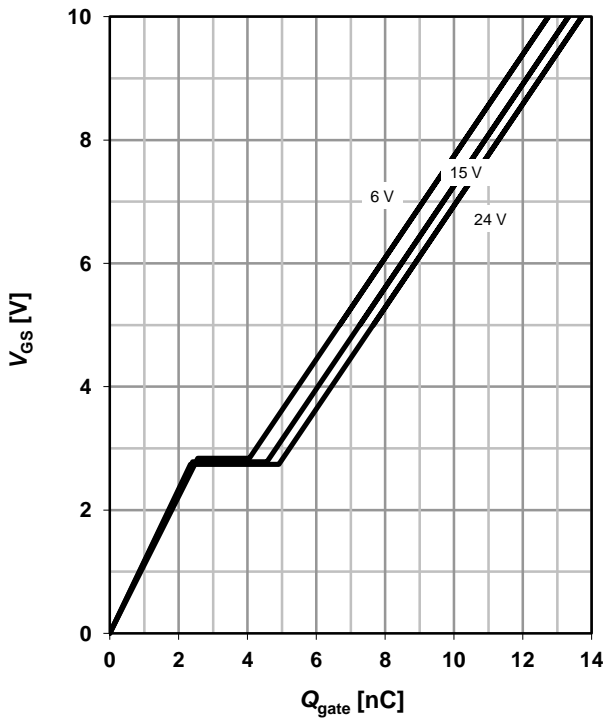
parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



25 Typ. gate charge (Q1)

$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=20\text{ A pulsed}$

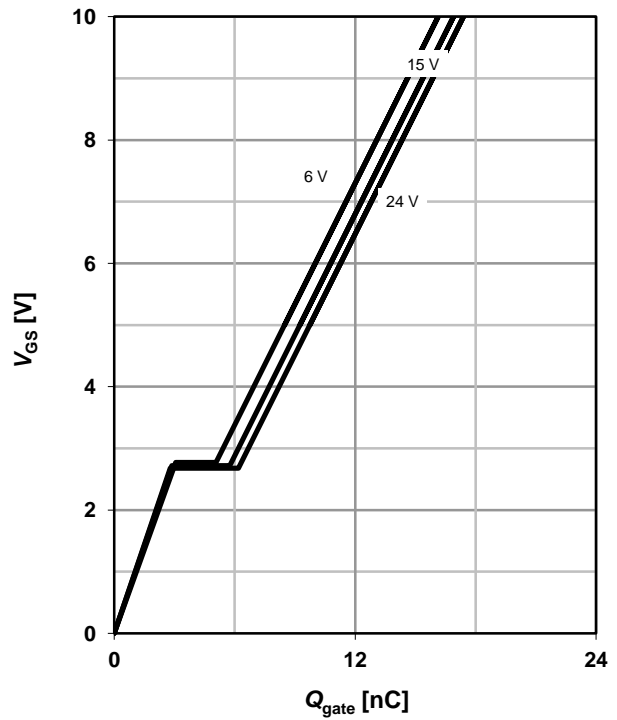
parameter: V_{DD}



26 Typ. gate charge (Q2)

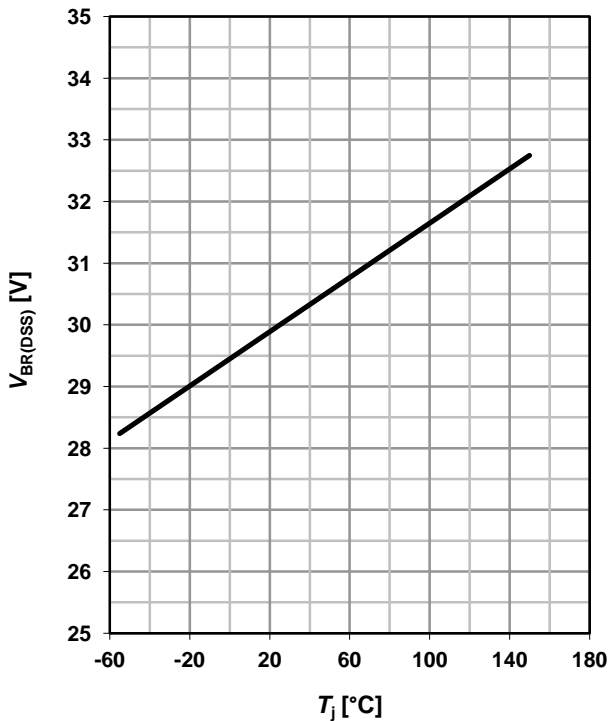
$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=20\text{ A pulsed}$

parameter: V_{DD}



27 Drain-source breakdown voltage (Q1)

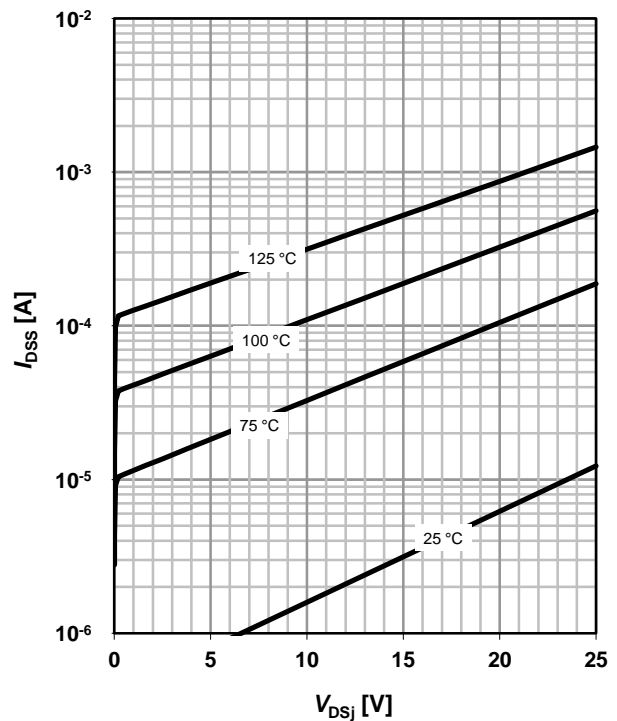
$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1\text{ mA}$



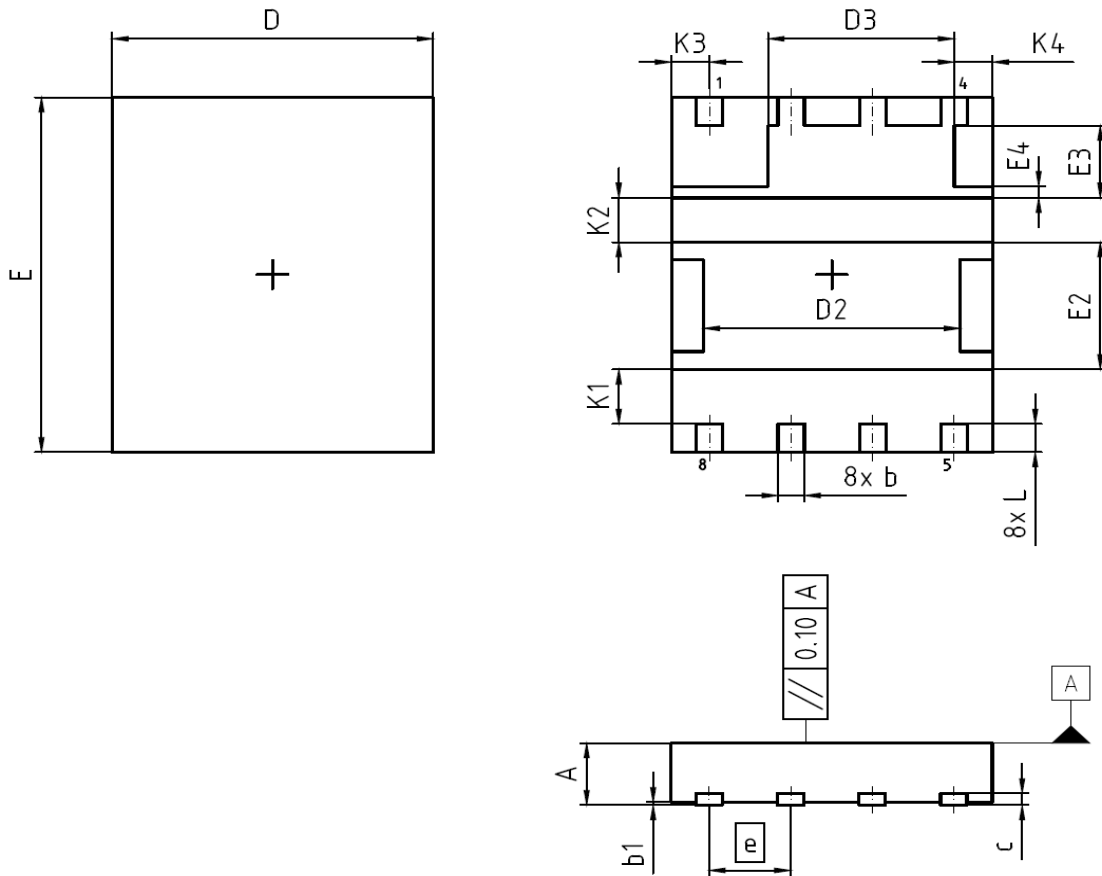
28 Typ. drain-source leakage current (Q2)

$I_{DSS}=f(V_{DS}); V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$

parameter: T_j



PG-TISON



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.90	1.15	0.035	0.045
b	0.31	0.51	0.012	0.020
b1	0.00	0.05	0.000	0.002
c	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
D	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
D2	3.90	4.10	0.154	0.161
D3	2.80	3.00	0.110	0.118
E	5.90	6.10	0.232	0.240
E2	2.05	2.25	0.081	0.089
E3	1.12	1.32	0.044	0.052
E4	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
e	1.27 (BSC)		0.05 (BSC)	
N	8		8	
L	0.38	0.58	0.015	0.023
K1	0.82	1.02	0.032	0.040
K2	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
K3 = K4	0.50	0.70	0.019	0.027

DOCUMENT NO.
Z8B00162738

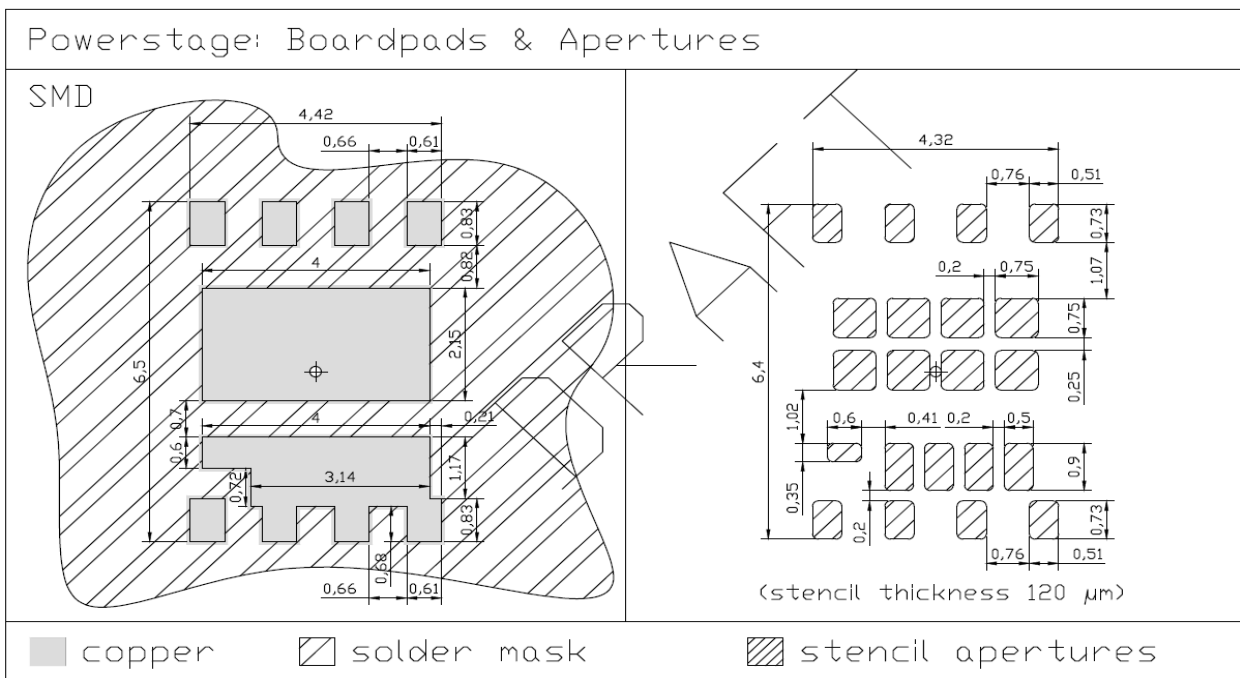
SCALE

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE
21-09-2011

REVISION
01

PG-TISON



Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany
© 2012 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information



For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings







Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office. Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

-  [View BSC0924NDIATMA1 on WIN SOURCE](#)
-  [Infineon Technologies Information](#)

Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management