



**THE DATASHEET OF
MIC39500-2.5WU**





General Description

The MIC39500 and MIC39501 are 5A low-dropout linear voltage regulators that provide a low-voltage, high-current output with a minimum of external components. Utilizing Micrel's proprietary Super β PNP™ pass element, the MIC39500/1 offers extremely low dropout (typically 400mV at 5A) and low ground current (typically 70mA at 5A).

The MIC39500/1 is ideal for PC Add-In cards that need to convert from standard 2.5V or 3.3V, down to new, lower core voltages. A guaranteed maximum dropout voltage of 500mV over all operating conditions allows the MIC39500/1 to provide 2.5V from a supply as low as 3V or 1.8V from 2.5V. The MIC39500/1 also has fast transient response, for heavy switching applications. The device requires only 47 μ F of output capacitance to maintain stability and achieve fast transient response

The MIC39500/1 is fully protected with overcurrent limiting, thermal shutdown, reversed-battery protection, reversed-lead insertion protection, and reversed-leakage protection. The MIC39501 offers a TTL-logic-compatible enable pin and an error flag that indicates undervoltage and overcurrent conditions. Offered in a fixed voltages, 1.8V and 2.5V, the MIC39500/1 comes in the TO-220 and TO-263 packages and an ideal upgrade to older, NPN-based linear voltage regulators.

For applications requiring input voltage greater than 16V, see the MIC29500/1/2/3 family. For applications with input voltage 6V or below, see MIC3750x LDOs.

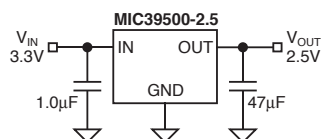
Features

- 5A minimum guaranteed output current
- 400mV dropout voltage
 - Ideal for 3.0V to 2.5V conversion**
 - Ideal for 2.5V to 1.8V conversion**
- 1% initial accuracy
- Low ground current
- Current limiting and thermal shutdown
- Reversed-battery and reversed-lead insertion protection
- Reversed-leakage protection
- Fast transient response
- TO-263 and TO-220 packages
- TTL/CMOS compatible enable pin (MIC39501 only)
- Error flag output (MIC39501 only)
- Ceramic capacitor stable (See Application Information)

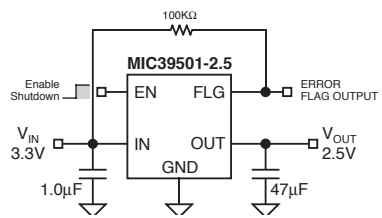
Applications

- Low Voltage Digital ICs
- LDO linear regulator for PC add-in cards
- High-efficiency linear power supplies
- SMPS post regulator
- Multimedia and PC processor supplies
- Low-voltage microcontrollers
- StrongARM™ processor supply

Typical Application



MIC39500



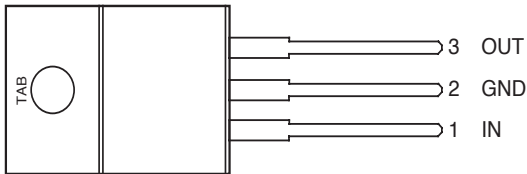
MIC39501

Ordering Information

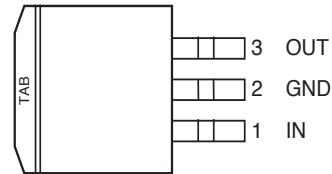
Part Number		Voltage	Junction Temp. Range	Package
Standard	RoHS Compliant*			
MIC39500-2.5BT	MIC39500-2.5WT*	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	3-Lead TO-220
MIC39500-2.5BU	MIC39500-2.5WU*	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	3-Lead TO-263
MIC39501-2.5BT	MIC39501-2.5WT*	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Lead TO-220
MIC39501-2.5BU	MIC39501-2.5WU*	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Lead TO-263
MIC39500-1.8BT	MIC39500-1.8WT*	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	3-Lead TO-220
MIC39500-1.8BU	MIC39500-1.8WU*	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	3-Lead TO-263
MIC39501-1.8BT	MIC39501-1.8WT*	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Lead TO-220
MIC39501-1.8BU	MIC39501-1.8WU*	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	5-Lead TO-263

* RoHS compliant with high-melting solder exemption.

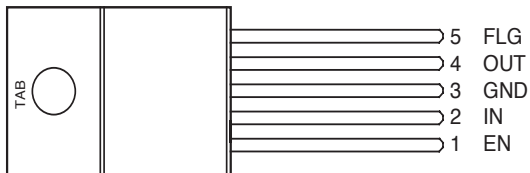
Pin Configuration



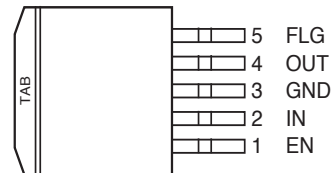
MIC39500-x.xBT
TO-220-3 (T)



MIC39500-x.xBU
TO-263-3 (U)



MIC39501-x.xBT
TO-220-5 (T)



MIC39501-x.xBU
TO-263-5 (U)

Pin Description

Pin Number MIC39500	Pin Number MIC39501	Pin Name	Pin Function
	1	EN	Enable (Input): TTL/CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low or open = shutdown
1	2	IN	Unregulated Input: +16V maximum supply.
2, TAB	3, TAB	GND	Ground: Ground pin and TAB are internally connected.
3	4	OUT	Regulator Output
	5	FLG	Error Flag (Output): Open collector output. Active low indicates an output fault condition.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	–20V to +20V
Enable Voltage (V_{EN})	+20V
Storage Temperature (T_S)	–65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C

ESD, **Note 3**

Operating Ratings (Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	+2.25V to +16V
Enable Voltage (V_{EN})	+16V
Maximum Power Dissipation ($P_{D(max)}$)	Note 4
Junction Temperature (T_J)	–40°C to +125°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
TO-263 (θ_{JC})	2°C/W
TO-220 (θ_{JC})	2°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, **bold** values indicate $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$; unless noted

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	10mA	–1		1	%
		$10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5\text{A}$, $V_{OUT} + 1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 16\text{V}$	–2		2	%
	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} + 1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 16\text{V}$		0.06	0.5	%
	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5\text{A}$		0.2	1	%
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T$ ppm/°C	Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient, Note 5			20	100	
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage, Note 6	$I_{OUT} = 250\text{mA}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -2\%$		125	250	mV
		$I_{OUT} = 2.5\text{A}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -2\%$		320		mV
		$I_{OUT} = 5\text{A}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -2\%$		400	575	mV
I_{GND}	Ground Current, Note 7	$I_{OUT} = 2.5\text{A}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$		15	50	mA
		$I_{OUT} = 5\text{A}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$		70		mA
$I_{GND(do)}$	Dropout Ground Pin Current	$V_{IN} \leq V_{OUT(nominal)} - 0.5\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$		2.1		mA
$I_{OUT(lim)}$	Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$		7.5		A
e_n $\mu\text{V(rms)}$	Output Noise Voltage	$C_{OUT} = 47\mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$, 10Hz to 100kHz		260		

Enable Input (MIC39501)

V_{EN}	Enable Input Voltage	logic low (off)			0.8	V
		logic high (on)	2.25			V
I_{IN}	Enable Input Current	$V_{EN} = V_{IN}$		30	35 75	μA μA
		$V_{EN} = 0.8\text{V}$			2 4	μA μA
$I_{OUT(shdn)}$	Shutdown Output Current	Note 8		10	20	μA

Flag Output (MIC39501)

$I_{FLG(leak)}$	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OH} = 16\text{V}$		0.01	1 2	μA μA
$V_{FLG(do)}$	Output Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = 2.250\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, Note 9		180	300 400	mV mV
V_{FLG}	Low Threshold	1% of V_{OUT}	93			%
	High Threshold	1% of V_{OUT}			99.2	%
	Hysteresis			1		%

Note 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device.

Note 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.

Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.

Note 4. $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} - T_A) \div \theta_{JA}$, where θ_{JA} depends upon the printed circuit layout. See “Applications Information.”

Note 5. Output voltage temperature coefficient is $\Delta V_{OUT(worst\ case)} \div (T_{J(max)} - T_{J(min)})$ where $T_{J(max)}$ is +125°C and $T_{J(min)}$ is –40°C.

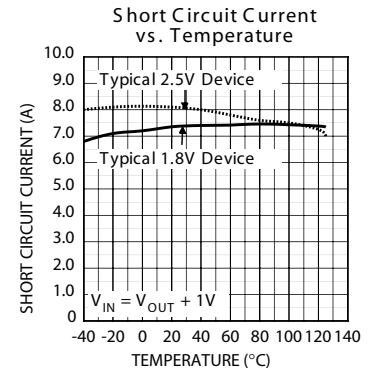
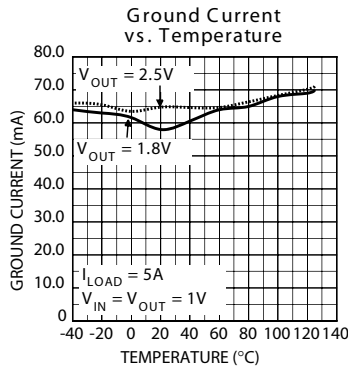
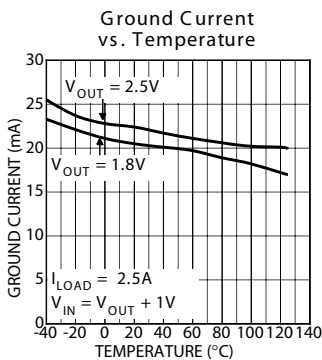
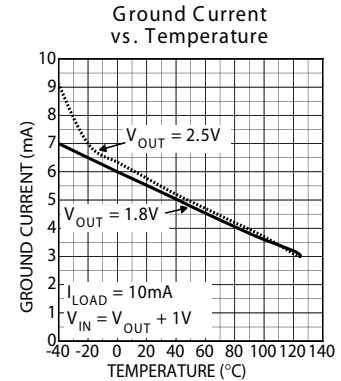
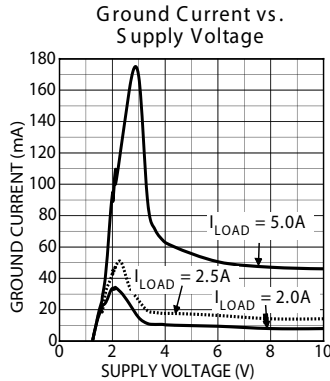
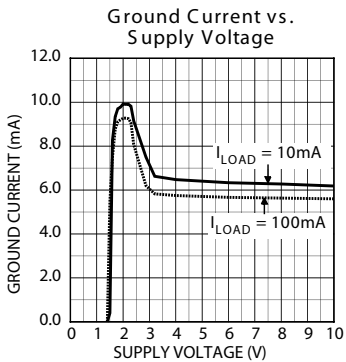
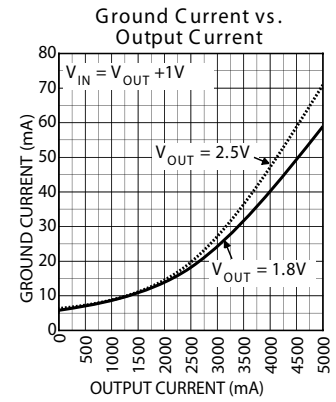
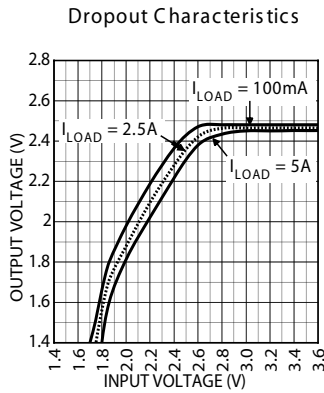
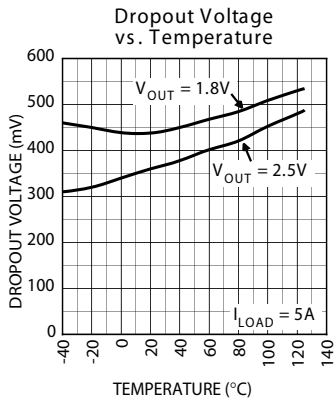
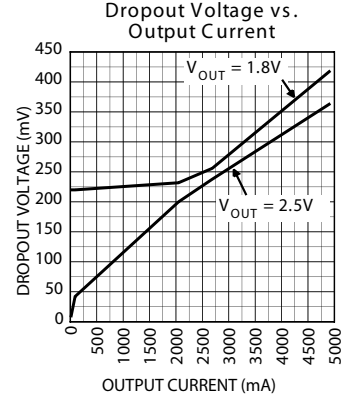
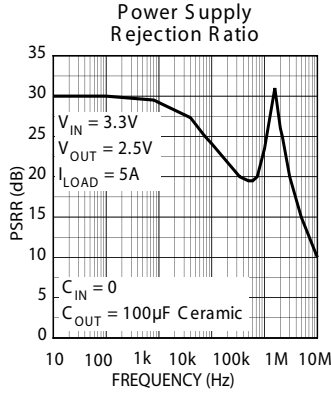
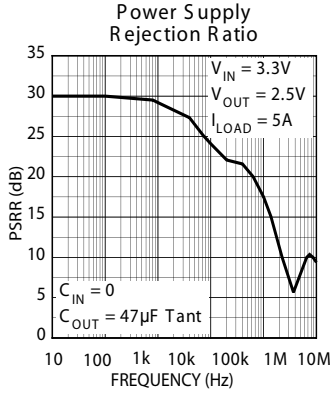
Note 6. $V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ when V_{OUT} decreases to 98% of its nominal output voltage with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$. For voltages below 2.25V, Dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage being 2.25V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.25V.

Note 7. I_{GND} is the quiescent current. $I_{IN} = I_{GND} + I_{OUT}$.

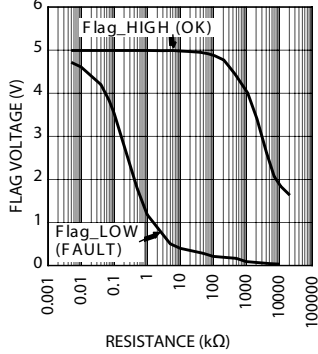
Note 8. $V_{EN} \leq 0.8\text{V}$, $V_{IN} \leq 8\text{V}$, and $V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$

Note 9. For a 2.5V device, $V_{IN} = 2.250\text{V}$ (device is in dropout).

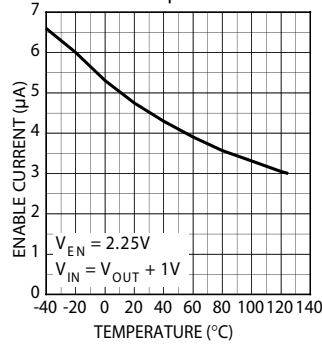
Typical Characteristics



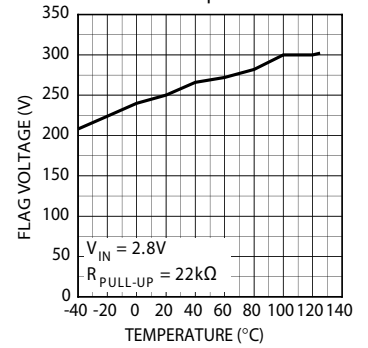
Error Flag Pull-up Resistor



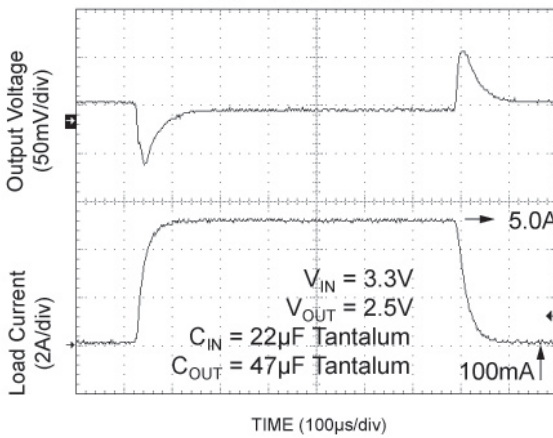
Enable Current vs. Temperature



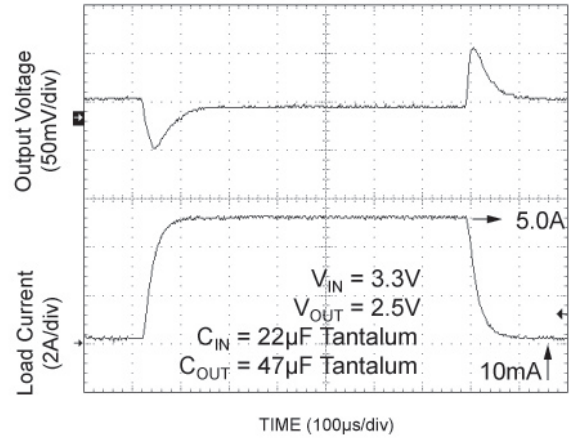
Flag Low Voltage vs. Temperature



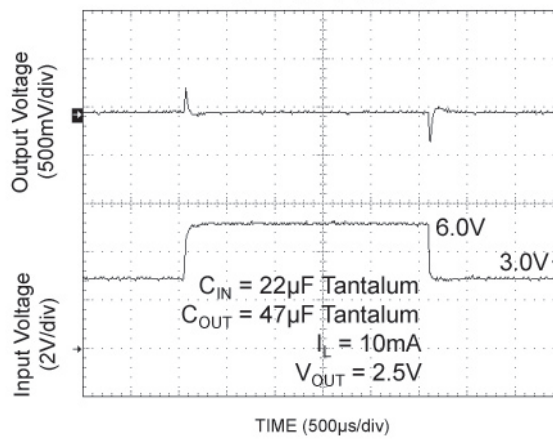
Load Transient Response



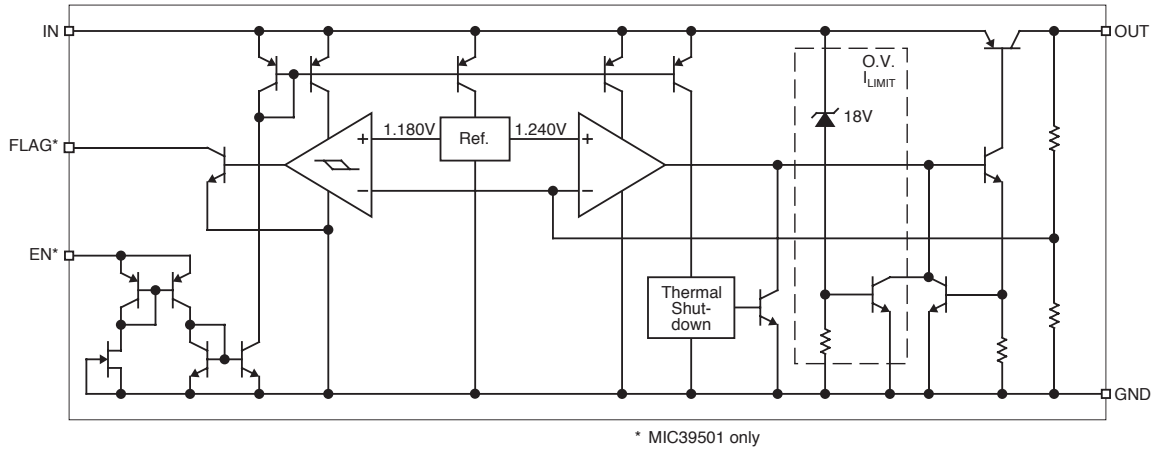
Load Transient Response



Line Transient Response



Functional Diagram



Applications Information

The MIC39500/1 is a high-performance low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for moderate to high-current voltage regulator applications. Its 400mV dropout voltage at full load makes it especially valuable in battery-powered systems and as a high-efficiency noise filter in post-regulator applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, where the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-to-emitter voltage drop and collector-to-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited only by the low V_{CE} saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low dropout voltage is a varying base drive requirement. Micrel's Super β PNP™ process reduces this drive requirement to only 2% to 5% of the load current.

The MIC39500/1 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current during overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device (and load) survival even when the input voltage spikes above and below nominal. The output structure of these regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow.

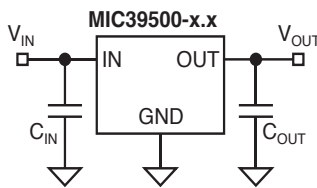


Figure 1. Capacitor Requirements

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires four application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature (T_A)
- Output Current (I_{OUT})
- Output Voltage (V_{OUT})
- Input Voltage (V_{IN})
- Ground Current (I_{GND})

Calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet, where the ground current is taken from data sheet.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{GND}$$

The heat sink thermal resistance is determined by:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{P_D} - (\theta_{JC} - \theta_{CS})$$

where:

$$T_{J(max)} \leq 125^\circ\text{C} \text{ and } \theta_{CS} \text{ is between } 0^\circ \text{ and } 2^\circ\text{C/W.}$$

The heat sink may be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large com-

pared with the dropout voltage. Use a series input resistor to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the regulator. The low-dropout properties of Micrel Super β PNP regulators allow significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least 1 μ F is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

Refer to *Application Note 9* for further details and examples on thermal design and heat sink specification.

Output capacitor

The MIC39500/1 requires an output capacitor to maintain stability and improve transient response. Proper capacitor selection is important to ensure proper operation. The MIC39500/1 output capacitor selection is dependent upon the ESR (equivalent series resistance) of the output capacitor to maintain stability. When the output capacitor is 47 μ F or greater, the output capacitor should have less than 1 Ω of ESR. This will improve transient response as well as promote stability. Ultra-low-ESR capacitors, such as ceramic chip capacitors may promote instability. These very low ESR levels may cause an oscillation and/or underdamped transient response. When larger capacitors are used, the ESR requirement approaches zero. A 100 μ F ceramic capacitor can be used on the output while maintaining stability. A low-ESR 47 μ F solid tantalum capacitor works extremely well and provides good transient response and stability over temperature. Aluminum electrolytics can also be used, as long as the ESR of the capacitor is $\leq 1\Omega$.

The value of the output capacitor can be increased without limit. Higher capacitance values help to improve transient response and ripple rejection and reduce output noise.

Input capacitor

An input capacitor of 1 μ F or greater is recommended when the device is more than 4 inches away from the bulk ac supply capacitance, or when the supply is a battery. Small surface-mount ceramic chip capacitors can be used for bypassing. Larger values will help to improve ripple rejection by bypassing the input to the regulator, further improving the integrity of the output voltage.

Transient Response and 3.3V to 2.5V or 2.5V to 1.8V Conversion

The MIC39500/1 has excellent transient response to variations in input voltage and load current. The device has been designed to respond quickly to load current variations and input voltage variations. Large output capacitors are not required to obtain this performance. A standard 47 μ F output capacitor, preferably tantalum, is all that is required. Larger values improve performance even further.

By virtue of its low-dropout voltage, this device does not saturate into dropout as readily as similar NPN-based designs. When converting from 3.3V to 2.5V, or 2.5V to 1.8V, the NPN-based regulators are already operating in dropout, with typical dropout requirements of 1.2V or greater. To convert down to 2.5V without operating in dropout, NPN-based regulators require an input voltage of 3.7V at the very least. The MIC39500/1 regulator provides excellent performance

with an input as low as 3.0V or 2.5V respectively. This gives PNP-based regulators a distinct advantage over older, NPN-based linear regulators.

A typical NPN regulator does not have the headroom to do this conversion.

Minimum Load Current

The MIC39500/1 regulator is specified between finite loads. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. A 10mA minimum load current is necessary for proper regulation.

Error Flag

The MIC39501 version features an error flag circuit which monitors the output voltage and signals an error condition when the voltage 5% below the nominal output voltage. The error flag is an open-collector output that can sink 10mA during a fault condition.

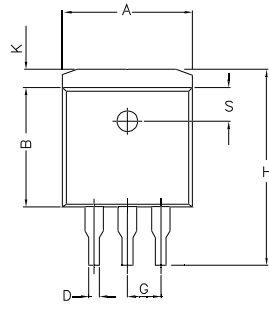
Low output voltage can be caused by a number of problems, including an overcurrent fault (device in current limit) or low input voltage. The flag is inoperative during overtemperature shutdown.

When the error flag is not used, it is best to leave it open. The flag pin can be tied directly to pin 4, the output pin.

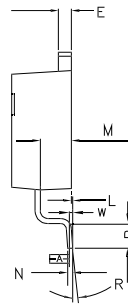
Enable Input

The MIC39501 version features an enable input for on/off control of the device. Its shutdown state draws "zero" current (only microamperes of leakage). The enable input is TTL/CMOS compatible for simple logic interface, but can be connected to up to 20V.

Package Information

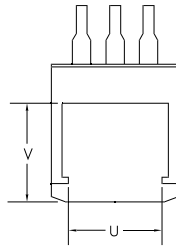


TOP VIEW

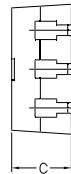


SIDE VIEW 1

POS	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.396	.406	10.05	10.31
B	.330	.340	8.38	8.64
C	.170	.180	4.31	4.57
D	.026	.036	0.66	0.91
E	.045	.055	1.14	1.40
G	.060 ref		1.27 ref	
H	.580	.620	14.73	15.75
K	.055	.066	1.40	1.68
L	.000	.010	0.00	0.25
M	.098	.108	2.49	2.74
N	.017	.023	0.43	0.58
P	.090	.110	2.29	2.79
R	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	.085	.105	2.41	2.67
U	.30 ref		7.62 ref	
V	.305 ref		7.75 ref	
W	.010		0.25	



BOTTOM VIEW

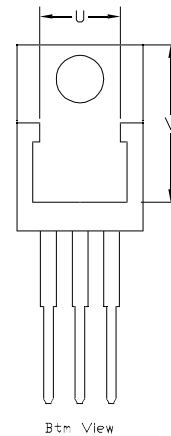
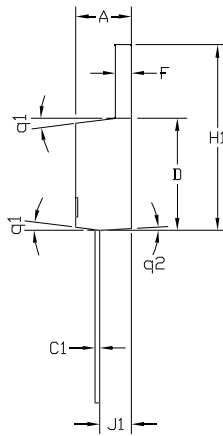
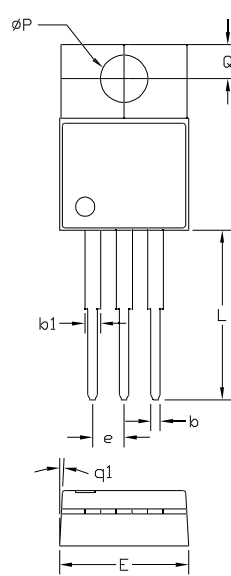


SIDE VIEW 2

NOTE:

1. PACKAGE OUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & METAL BURR.
2. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING THICKNESS.
3. FOOT LENGTH MEASURED AT INTERCEPT POINT BETWEEN DATUM A & LEAD SURFACE.

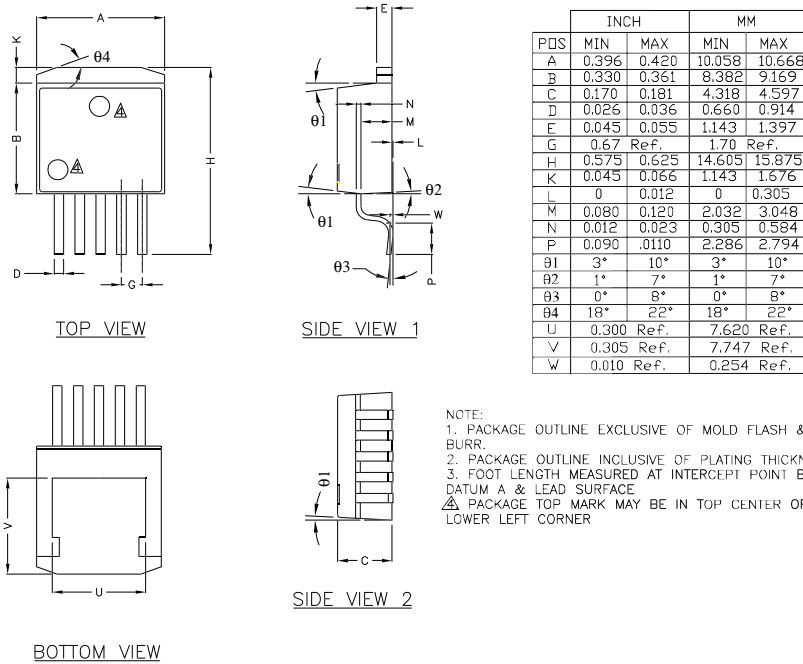
3-Lead TO-263 (U)



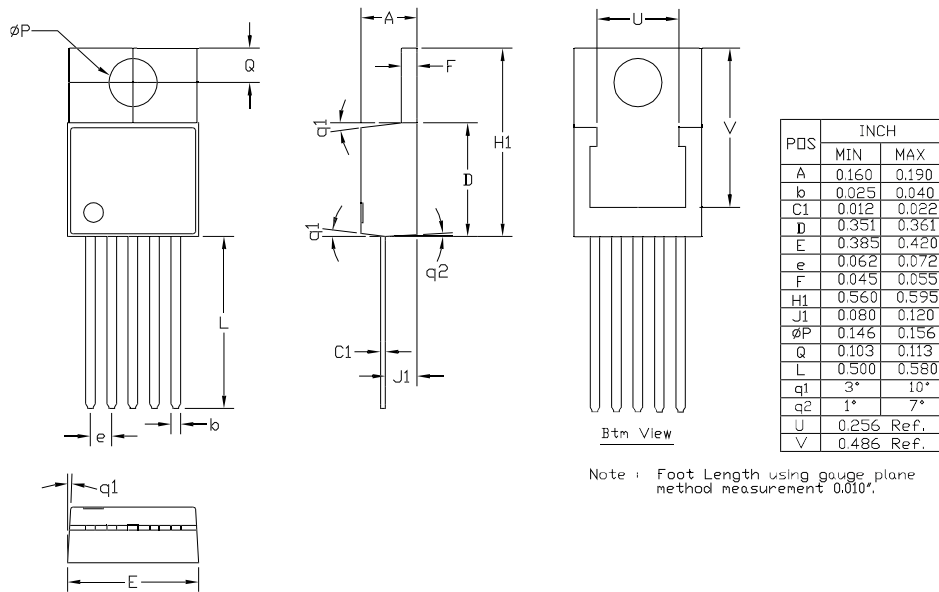
POS	INCH	
	MIN	MAX
A	0.160	0.190
b	0.025	0.040
b1	0.045	0.060
C1	0.012	0.022
D	0.351	0.361
E	0.385	0.420
e	0.090	0.110
F	0.045	0.055
H1	0.560	0.595
J1	0.080	0.120
Q	0.146	0.156
Q1	0.103	0.113
L	0.500	0.580
q1	3°	10°
q2	1°	7°
U	0.256	Ref.
V	0.486	Ref.

Note 1: Foot Length using gauge plane method measurement 0.010".

3-Lead TO-220 (T)



5-Lead TO-263-5 (U)



5-Lead TO-220 (T)

MICREL INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA
 TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 474-1000 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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