



**THE DATASHEET OF
ADG859YRYZ-REEL7**



FEATURES

1.8 V to 5.5 V single supply
Tiny 1.65 mm \times 1.65 mm package
Low on resistance: 1.3 Ω at 5 V supply
High current-carrying capability:
 300 mA continuous current
 500 mA peak current at 5 V
Rail-to-rail operation
Typical power consumption: <0.01 μ W
TTL-/CMOS-compatible inputs

APPLICATIONS

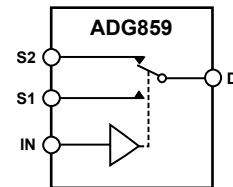
Cellular phones
PDA's
MP3 players
Battery-powered systems
Audio and video signal routing
Modems
PCMCIA cards
Hard drives
Relay replacement

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG859 is a monolithic, CMOS SPDT (single pole, double throw) switch that operates with a supply range of 1.8 V to 5.5 V. It is designed to offer low on resistance of 2.3 Ω maximum over the entire temperature range of -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$. The ADG859 also has the capability of carrying large amounts of current, typically 300 mA at 5 V operation. These features make the ADG859 an ideal solution for applications that are space-constrained, such as handsets, PDA's, and MP3 players.

Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when on. The device exhibits break-before-make switching action, thereby preventing momentary shorting when switching channels.

The ADG859 is available in a tiny 6-lead SOT-66 package.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

SWITCHES SHOWN
FOR A LOGIC 1 INPUT

Figure 1.

05258-001

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

1. Low on resistance: 2.3 Ω maximum over the full temperature range of -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.
2. High current-carrying capability.
3. Tiny 6-lead, 1.65 mm \times 1.65 mm SOT-66 package.

Rev. A

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REVISION HISTORY

| | |
|---|----|
| 12/06—Rev. 0 to Rev. A | |
| Changes to the Ordering Guide..... | 13 |
| 6/05—Revision 0: Initial Version | |

SPECIFICATIONS

$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $GND = 0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.¹

Table 1.

| Parameter | 25°C | -40°C to +85°C | -40°C to +125°C | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments |
|---|------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| ANALOG SWITCH | | | | | |
| Analog Signal Range | | | 0 to V_{DD} | V | |
| On Resistance, R_{ON} | 1.3 | | | Ω typ | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to V_{DD} , $I_S = -100\text{ mA}$; Figure 16 |
| | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | Ω max | |
| On Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON} | 0.01 | | | Ω typ | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = -100\text{ mA}$; Figure 16 |
| | 0.093 | 0.163 | 0.163 | Ω max | |
| On Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT(ON)}$ | 0.32 | | | Ω typ | $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to V_{DD} , $I_S = -100\text{ mA}$; Figure 16 |
| | 0.45 | 0.6 | 0.65 | Ω max | |
| LEAKAGE CURRENTS | | | | | |
| Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off) | ± 0.02 | | | nA typ | $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$ $V_S = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$, $V_D = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$; Figure 17 |
| Channel On Leakage, I_D , I_S (On) | ± 0.02 | | | nA typ | $V_S = V_D = 1\text{ V}$ or 4.5 V ; Figure 18 |
| DIGITAL INPUTS | | | | | |
| Input High Voltage, V_{INH} | | | 2 | V min | |
| Input Low Voltage, V_{INL} | | | 0.8 | V max | |
| Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH} | 0.005 | | | μA typ | $V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH} |
| | | | ± 0.1 | μA max | |
| Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN} | 4 | | | pF typ | |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS² | | | | | |
| t_{ON} | 8 | | | ns typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ |
| | 10 | 11 | 12 | ns max | $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; Figure 19 |
| t_{OFF} | 4.5 | | | ns typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ |
| | 6 | 6.5 | 7 | ns max | $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; Figure 19 |
| Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM} | 4 | | | ns typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ |
| | | | 1 | ns min | $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 1.5\text{ V}$; Figure 20 |
| Charge Injection | ± 13 | | | pC typ | $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; Figure 21 |
| Off Isolation | -78 | | | dB typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$; Figure 22 |
| Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk | -78 | | | dB typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$; Figure 23 |
| -3 dB Bandwidth | 125 | | | MHz typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; Figure 24 |
| Insertion Loss | -0.11 | | | dB typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; Figure 24 |
| Total Harmonic Distortion (THD + N) | 0.062 | | | % | $R_L = 32\ \Omega$, $f = 20\text{ Hz}$ to 20 kHz , $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ p-p; Figure 14 |
| C_S (Off) | 18 | | | pF typ | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |
| C_D , C_S (On) | 45 | | | pF typ | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS | | | | | |
| I_{DD} | 0.001 | | | μA typ | $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$ Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V |
| | | | 1 | μA max | |

¹ Temperature range is -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$.

² Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

ADG859

$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V , $GND = 0\text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.¹

Table 2.

| Parameter | 25°C | -40°C to +85°C | -40°C to +125°C | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments |
|---|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| ANALOG SWITCH | | | | | |
| Analog Signal Range | | | 0 to V_{DD} | V | |
| On Resistance, R_{ON} | 3 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.7 | Ω typ Ω max | $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to V_{DD} , $I_S = -100\text{ mA}$; Figure 16 |
| On Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON} | 0.03 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.15 | Ω typ Ω max | $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_S = 1.2\text{ V}$, $I_S = -100\text{ mA}$; Figure 16 |
| LEAKAGE CURRENTS | | | | | |
| Source Off Leakage, I_S (Off) | ± 0.02 | | | nA typ | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$ $V_S = 3\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$, $V_D = 1\text{ V}/3\text{ V}$; Figure 17 |
| Channel On Leakage, I_D , I_S (On) | ± 0.05 | | | nA typ | $V_S = V_D = 1\text{ V}$ or 3 V ; Figure 18 |
| DIGITAL INPUTS | | | | | |
| Input High Voltage, V_{INH} | | | 2.0 | V min | |
| Input Low Voltage, V_{INL} | | | 0.8 | V max | $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V |
| Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{IN} | 0.005 | ± 0.1 | 0.7 | V max μA typ μA max | $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH} |
| Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN} | 4 | | | pF typ | |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS² | | | | | |
| t_{ON} | 11 15 | 16 | 17 | ns typ ns max | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$; Figure 19 |
| t_{OFF} | 6 9.5 | 10 | 11 | ns typ ns max | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$; Figure 19 |
| Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM} | 5 | | 1 | ns typ ns min | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 1.5\text{ V}$; Figure 20 |
| Charge Injection | ± 7 | | | pC typ | $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; Figure 21 |
| Off Isolation | -78 | | | dB typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$; Figure 22 |
| Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk | -78 | | | dB typ | S1 to S2; $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$; Figure 23 |
| -3 dB Bandwidth | 125 | | | MHz typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; Figure 24 |
| Insertion Loss | -0.11 | | | dB typ | $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; Figure 24 |
| Total Harmonic Distortion (THD + N) | 0.1 | | | % | $R_L = 32\ \Omega$, $f = 20\text{ Hz}$ to 20 kHz , $V_S = 2\text{ V p-p}$; Figure 14 |
| C_S (Off) | 18 | | | pF typ | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |
| C_D , C_S (On) | 46 | | | pF typ | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS | | | | | |
| I_{DD} | 0.001 | | 1 | μA typ μA max | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$ Digital inputs = 0 V or 3.6 V |

¹ Temperature range is -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$.

² Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

| Parameter | Rating |
|---------------------------------|---|
| V_{DD} to GND | –0.3 V to +7.0 V |
| Analog Inputs ¹ | –0.3 V to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ V or 30 mA, whichever occurs first |
| Digital Inputs ¹ | –0.3 V to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ V or 30 mA, whichever occurs first |
| Peak Current, S or D | |
| 5 V Operation | 500 mA |
| 3 V Operation | 460 mA |
| Continuous Current, S or D | |
| 5 V Operation | 300 mA |
| 3 V Operation | 275 mA |
| Operating Temperature Range | |
| Automotive | –40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | –65°C to +150°C |
| Junction Temperature | 150°C |
| SOT-66 Package (4-Layer Board) | |
| θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance | 191°C/W |
| Lead-Free Reflow | |
| Peak Temperature | 260 (+0/–5)°C |
| Time at Peak Temperature | 10 sec to 40 sec |

¹ Overvoltages at S or D are clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

Table 4. Truth Table

| Logic (IN) | Switch 2 (S2) | Switch 1 (S1) |
|------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0 | Off | On |
| 1 | On | Off |

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

ADG859

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

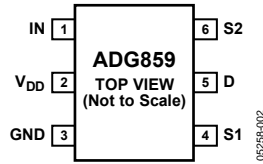


Figure 2. 6-Lead SOT-66 Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | IN | Logic Control Input. |
| 2 | V _{DD} | Most Positive Power Supply Potential. |
| 3 | GND | Ground (0 V) Reference. |
| 4 | S1 | Source Terminal. Can be an input or an output. |
| 5 | D | Drain Terminal. Can be an input or an output. |
| 6 | S2 | Source Terminal. Can be an input or an output. |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

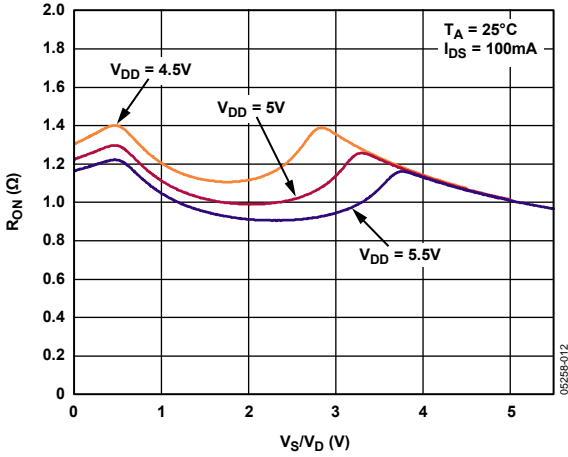


Figure 3. On Resistance vs. $V_S (V_D)$, $V_{DD} = 5 V \pm 10\%$

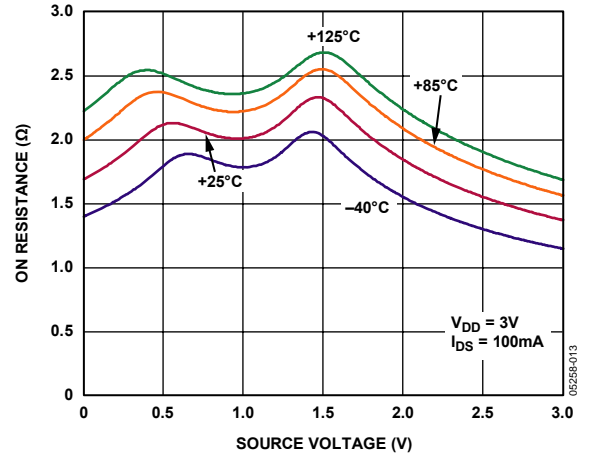


Figure 6. On Resistance vs. Source Voltage for Different Temperatures, $V_{DD} = 3 V$

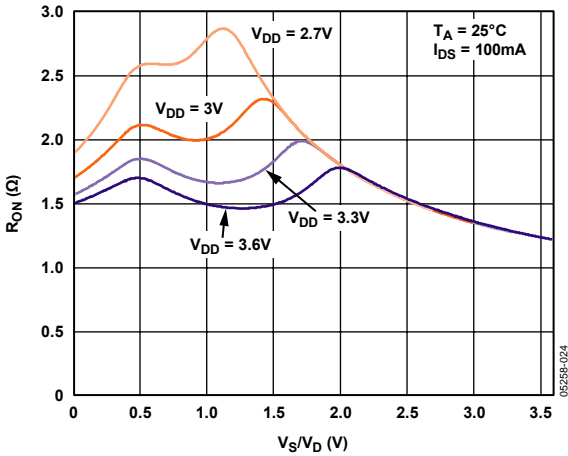


Figure 4. On Resistance vs. $V_S (V_D)$, $V_{DD} = 2.7 V$ to $3.6 V$

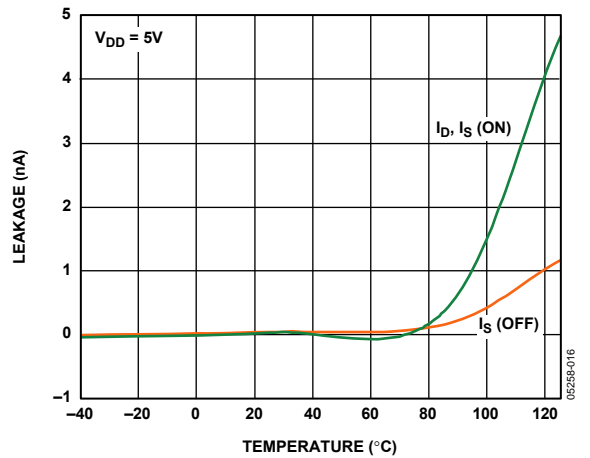


Figure 7. Leakage vs. Temperature, $V_{DD} = 5 V$

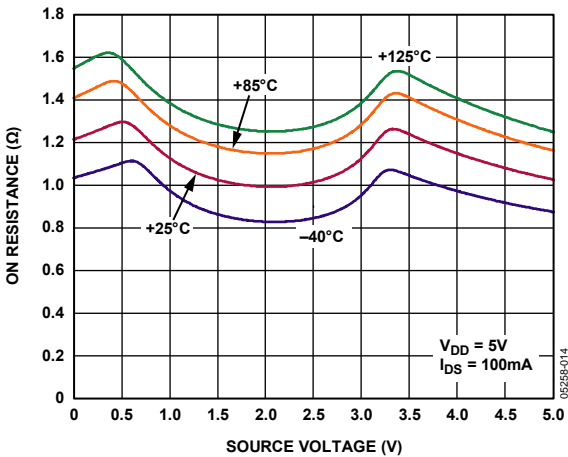


Figure 5. On Resistance vs. Source Voltage for Different Temperatures, $V_{DD} = 5 V$

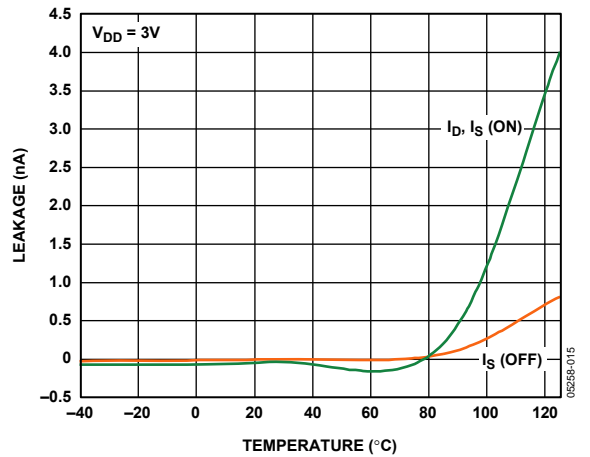


Figure 8. Leakage vs. Temperature, $V_{DD} = 3 V$

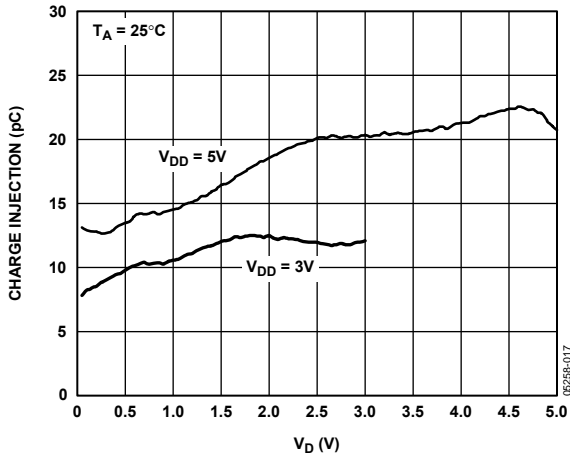


Figure 9. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage

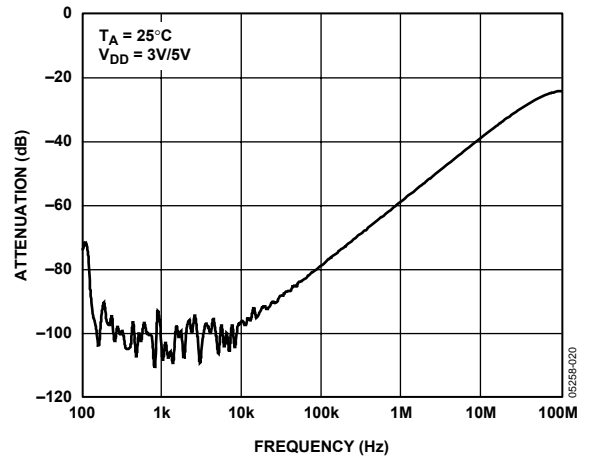


Figure 12. Off Isolation vs. Frequency

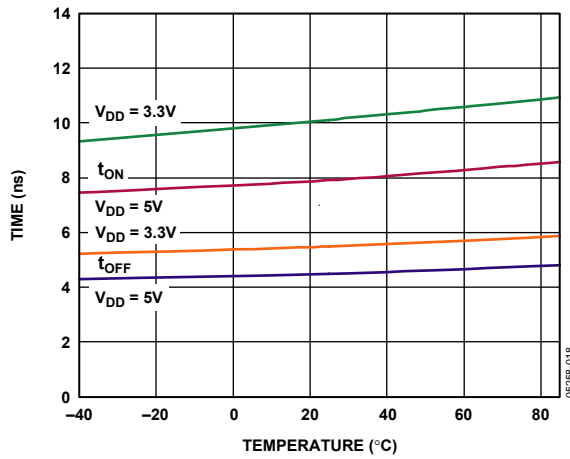


Figure 10. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Times vs. Temperature

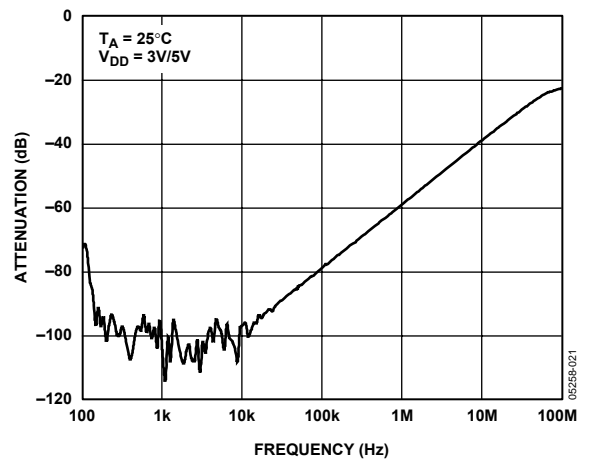


Figure 13. Crosstalk vs. Frequency

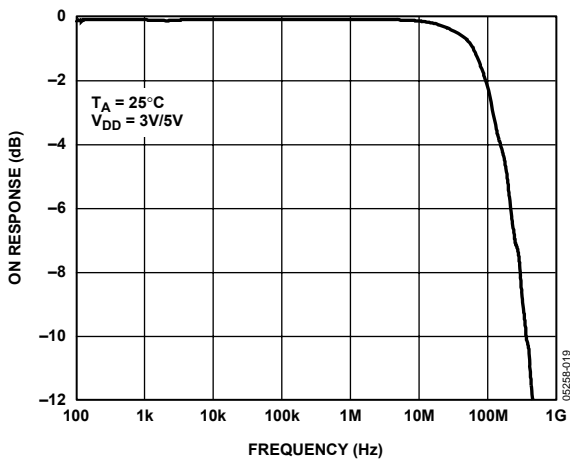


Figure 11. Bandwidth

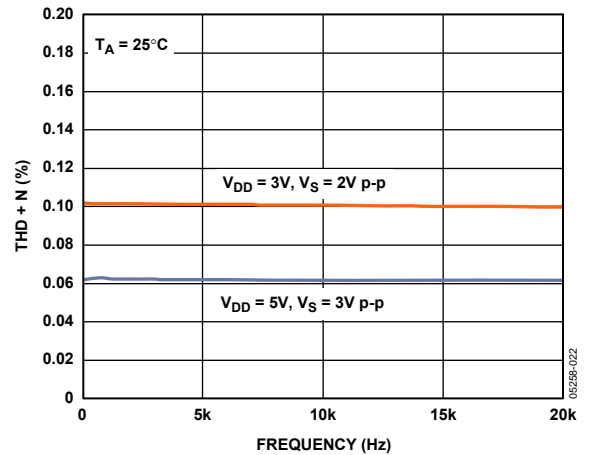


Figure 14. Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise

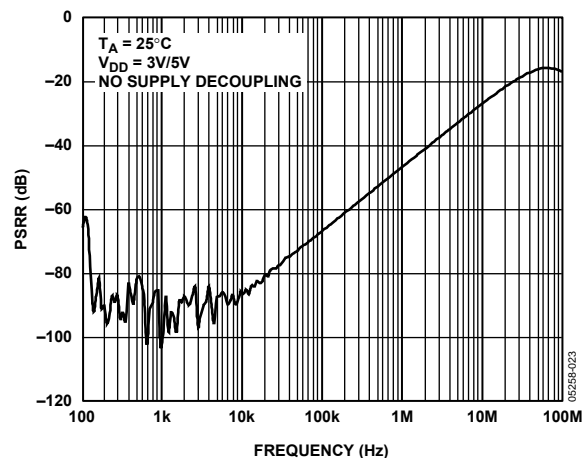


Figure 15. PSRR

TEST CIRCUITS

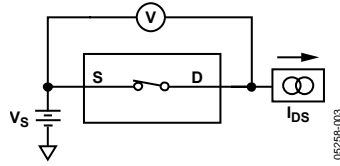


Figure 16. On Resistance

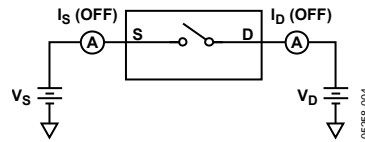


Figure 17. Off Leakage

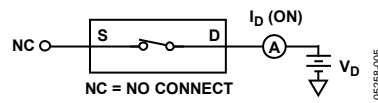


Figure 18. On Leakage

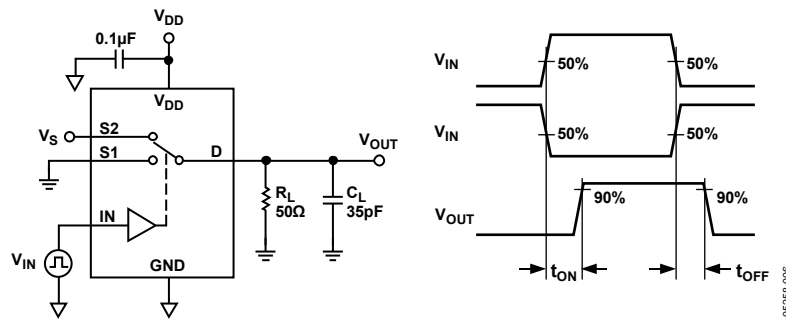


Figure 19. Switching Times, t_{ON} , t_{OFF}

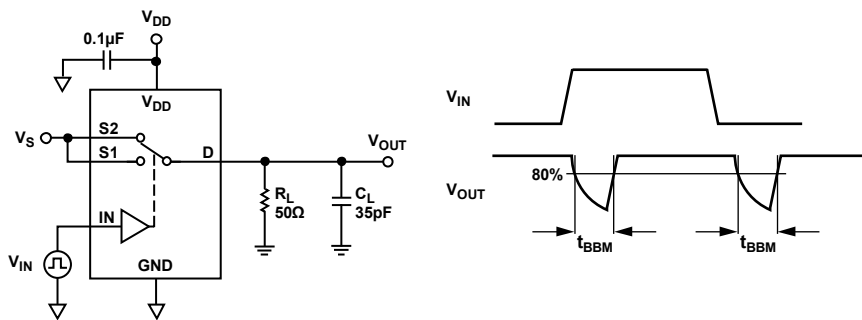


Figure 20. Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}

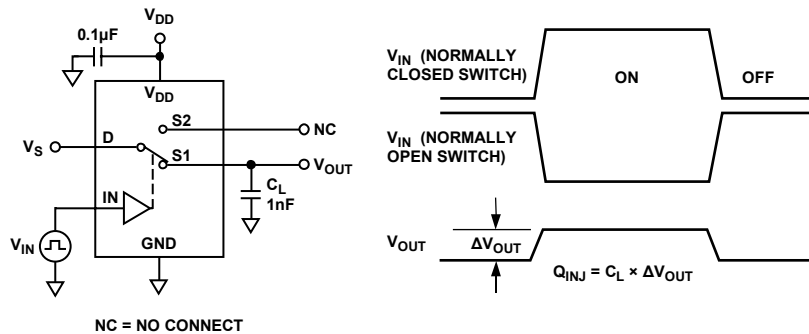


Figure 21. Charge Injection

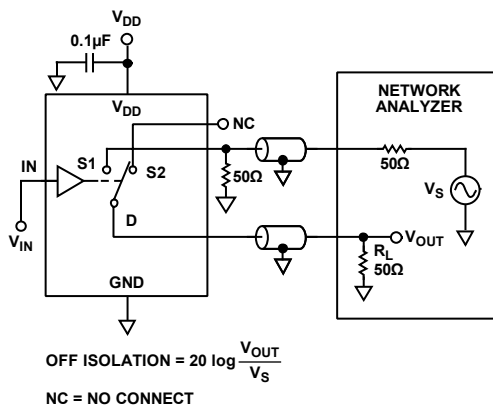


Figure 22. Off Isolation

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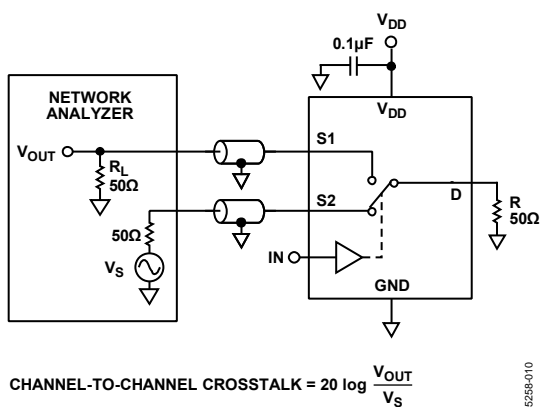


Figure 23. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

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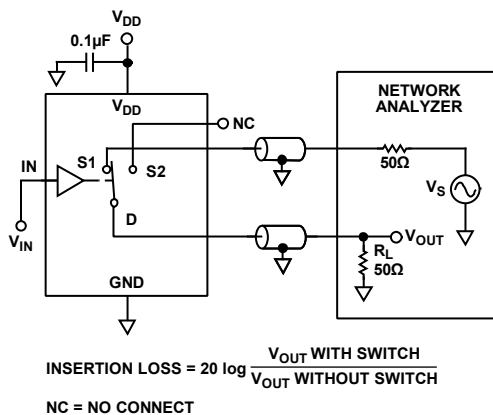


Figure 24. Bandwidth

05258-011

TERMINOLOGY**V_{DD}**

Most positive power supply potential.

I_{DD}

Positive supply current.

GND

Ground (0 V) reference.

S

Source terminal. Can be an input or an output.

D

Drain terminal. Can be an input or an output.

IN

Logic control input.

V_D (V_S)

Analog voltage on the D and S terminals.

R_{ON}

Ohmic resistance between the D and S terminals.

R_{FLAT (ON)}

Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured.

ΔR_{ON}

On resistance mismatch between any two channels.

I_S (Off)

Source leakage current with the switch off.

I_D (Off)

Drain leakage current with the switch off.

I_D, I_S (On)

Channel leakage current with the switch on.

V_{INL}

Maximum input voltage for Logic 0.

V_{INH}

Minimum input voltage for Logic 1.

I_{INL} (I_{INH})

Input current of the digital input.

C_S (Off)

Off switch source capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

C_D (Off)

Off switch drain capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

C_D, C_S (On)

On switch capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

C_{IN}

Digital input capacitance.

t_{ON}

Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and switch on condition.

t_{OFF}

Delay time between the 50% and 90% points of the digital input and switch off condition.

t_{BBM}

On or off time measured between the 80% points of both switches when switching from one to another.

Charge Injection

A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during on/off switching.

Off Isolation

A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an off switch.

Crosstalk

A measure of unwanted signal that is coupled through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.

-3 dB Bandwidth

The frequency at which the output is attenuated by 3 dB.

On Response

The frequency response of the on switch.

Insertion Loss

The loss due to the on resistance of the switch.

THD + N

The ratio of harmonic amplitudes plus noise of a signal to the fundamental.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

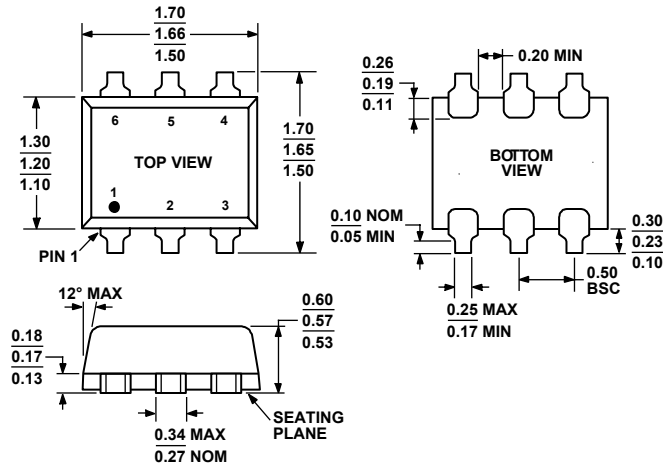


Figure 25. 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-66] (RY-6-1)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option | Branding ¹ |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------|
| ADG859YRYZ-REEL ² | -40°C to +125°C | 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-66] | RY-6-1 | 04 |
| ADG859YRYZ-REEL7 ² | -40°C to +125°C | 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-66] | RY-6-1 | 04 |
| ADG859BRYZ-REEL ² | -40°C to +85°C | 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-66] | RY-6-1 | 02 |
| ADG859BRYZ-REEL7 ² | -40°C to +85°C | 6-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-66] | RY-6-1 | 02 |
| EVAL-ADG859EB | | Evaluation Board | | |

¹ Branding on this package is limited to two characters due to space constraints.

² Z = Pb-free part.

ADG859

NOTES

NOTES

ADG859

NOTES

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- ✓ Cost Control Management
- ✓ Shortage Management
- ✓ Alternative Solution
- ✓ Excess Inventory Management