

Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

General Description

The MAX8633–MAX8636 offer low-dropout (LDO) voltage and ultra-low-power regulation in a subminiaturized 2mm x 2mm μ DFN package. The devices operate from a 2.7V to 5.5V supply and deliver up to 300mA from each output, with a typical dropout voltage of 90mV at 100mA load current. Each device is designed with internal p-channel MOSFET pass transistors to ensure a low-quiescent supply current of 54 μ A (typical, both LDOs on). Other features include low-noise operation (MAX8634/MAX8636), output current limiting, and thermal shutdown.

The MAX8633 features an open-drain, active-low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output to monitor OUT2, eliminating external components and adjustments. The MAX8633 asserts a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ signal (120ms minimum timeout) when VOUT2 drops below 87% of the nominal output voltage. The MAX8634/MAX8636 feature a noise bypass input to the internal reference for low output noise (45 μ V_{RMS} typ). The MAX8634/MAX8635 provide independent SHDN inputs for disabling the regulators, while the MAX8633/MAX8636 provide a single SHDN input for disabling both regulators.

The MAX8633/MAX8635/MAX8636 have two logic inputs that select one of nine preset output-voltage combinations, eliminating external 1% resistors, as well as inventory burden. The MAX8634 has one logic input to select three output-voltage options.

The MAX8633–MAX8636 are available in an 8-pin, 2mm x 2mm μ DFN package for minimizing footprint, and an 8-pin, 3mm x 3mm TDFN package for higher power dissipation. The devices are specified over the extended temperature range (-40°C to +85°C). All packages are lead free.

Applications

Cellular and Cordless Phones
PDAs and Digital Cameras
Small LCD Displays
Notebook Computers
Wireless LAN Cards
Handheld Instruments

Pin Configurations and Selector Guide appear at end of data sheet.

Features

- ◆ Pin-Programmable Output Voltages
- ◆ 300mA Output Current
- ◆ Low 90mV Dropout at 100mA Load
- ◆ Open-Drain, Active-Low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ (MAX8633)
- ◆ Low 45 μ V_{RMS} Output Noise (MAX8634/MAX8636)
- ◆ Low 54 μ A Quiescent Supply Current
- ◆ Low < 1 μ A Maximum Shutdown Current
- ◆ Output Current Limit
- ◆ Thermal Shutdown

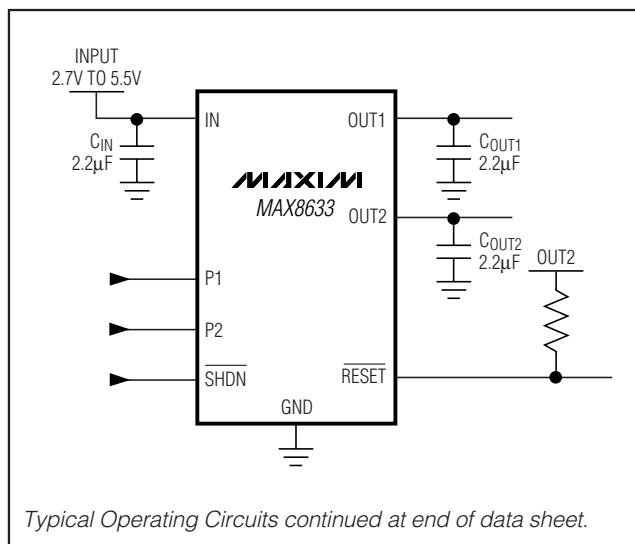
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX8633ELA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ DFN 2mm x 2mm	AAH
MAX8633ETA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 TDFN 3mm x 3mm	AOQ
MAX8634ELA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ DFN 2mm x 2mm	AAI

+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuits



Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(All voltages refer to GND, unless otherwise noted.)

IN.....-0.3V to +6.0V
 SHDN, SHDN1, SHDN2, RESET,
 P, P1, P2, BP, OUT1, OUT2.....-0.3V to (VIN + 0.3V)
 Continuous Output Short-Circuit Duration.....Continuous
 Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)
 8-Pin μ DFN 2mm x 2mm
 (derate 4.8mW/°C above +70°C).....380mW

8-Pin TDFN 3mm x 3mm
 (derate 23.8mW/°C above +70°C).....1904mW
 Operating Temperature Range-40°C to +85°C
 Junction Temperature+150°C
 Storage Temperature Range-65°C to +150°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s).....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VIN = 3.7V, SHDN = SHDN1 = SHDN2 = IN, P = P1 = P2 = GND, CIN = 2.2 μ F, COU1 = 2.2 μ F, COU2 = 2.2 μ F, CBP = 0.01 μ F, TA = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at TA = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Voltage	VIN		2.7		5.5	V	
Input Undervoltage Lockout	VUVLO	VIN rising; hysteresis = 95mV (typ)	2.15	2.25	2.35	V	
Ground Current	IQ	IOUT_ = 0mA		54	75	μ A	
		IOUT_ = 100mA		60			
		IOUT_ = 10mA, dropout (Note 2)		60			
Shutdown Supply Current	IOFF	SHDN_ = GND	TA = +25°C	0.005	1	μ A	
			TA = +85°C	0.01			
OUT1, OUT2							
Output Voltage Accuracy (for Any Output Voltage)		IOUT_ = 70mA; TA = +25°C		-0.7	+0.7	%	
			IOUT_ = 70mA		-1		+1
			IOUT_ = 0.1mA to 300mA; VIN = (VOUT_ + 0.5V) to 5.5V		-1.8		+1.7
Current Limit	ILIM	OUT_ = 0V	400	500	600	mA	
Drop-Out Voltage	VIN - VOUT	VOUT_ = 2.8V (MAX8633); VOUT_ = 2.85V (MAX8634/MAX8635/MAX8636); IOUT_ = 100mA (Note 2)		90	200	mV	
Output Noise		f = 10Hz to 100kHz; IOUT_ = 10mA	MAX8633 MAX8635	450		μ VRMS	
			MAX8634 MAX8636	45			
Output AC Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	IOUT_ = 30mA	f < 1kHz	60		dB	
			f < 10kHz	55			

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MAX8633-MAX8636

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $\overline{SHDN} = \overline{SHDN1} = \overline{SHDN2} = IN$, $P = P1 = P2 = GND$, $C_{IN} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT1} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT2} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{BP} = 0.01\mu F$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SHUTDOWN INPUTS (SHDN, SHDN1, AND SHDN2)							
Input Voltage High	V_{IH}	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$		1.5			V
Input Voltage Low	V_{IL}	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$				0.5	
Input Bias Current	$I_{SHDN_}$	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$; $V_{SHDN_} = GND$ or IN	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		0.1	1000	nA
			$T_A = +85^\circ C$		1		
Turn-On Delay		From $\overline{SHDN} = high$ to 87% of $V_{OUT_}$; $I_{OUT_} = 70mA$			90		μs
TRI-LEVEL INPUTS (P, P1, P2)							
Termination Resistance to IN or GND for Setting High, Open, and Low States		$IN = 2.7$ to $5.5V$	For high or low state			1	k Ω
			For open state	100			
Input Load Capacitance for Open State		Design guide only				50	pF
RESET							
RESET High Threshold		Percent of nominal $OUT2$; $OUT2$ rising		84	87	90	%
RESET Threshold Hysteresis		Percent of nominal $OUT2$; $OUT2$ falling			4.5		%
RESET Output Voltage Low		$I_{RESET} = 20\mu A$; $V_{IN} = 1.0V$			10	100	mV
		$I_{RESET} = 500\mu A$; $V_{IN} = 3.7V$			5	100	
RESET Output High Leakage Current	I_{LEAK}	$V_{RESET} = V_{IN} = 5.5V$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$		0.1	300	nA
			$T_A = +85^\circ C$		1		
RESET Delay	t_{RP}	From $OUT2$ rising to RESET rising		120	150	180	ms
THERMAL PROTECTION							
Thermal-Shutdown Threshold	T_{SHDN}				+165		$^\circ C$
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis	ΔT_{SHDN}				15		$^\circ C$

Note 1: All units are 100% tested at $T_A = +25^\circ C$. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: The dropout voltage is defined as $V_{IN} - V_{OUT_}$ when $V_{OUT_}$ drops by 100mV from $V_{OUT_}$ when measured at $V_{IN} = +3.7V$.

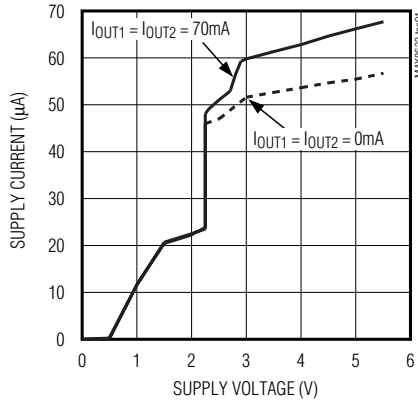
Note 3: Connect $P_$ to IN or GND through a resistor less than 1k Ω .

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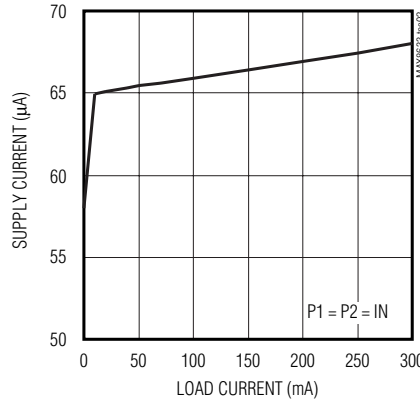
Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{IN} = 3.8V$, $P = P1 = P2 = GND$, $I_{OUT1, 2} = 70mA$, $C_{OUT1} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT2} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{BP} = 0.01\mu F$, $C_{IN} = 2.2\mu F$, and $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

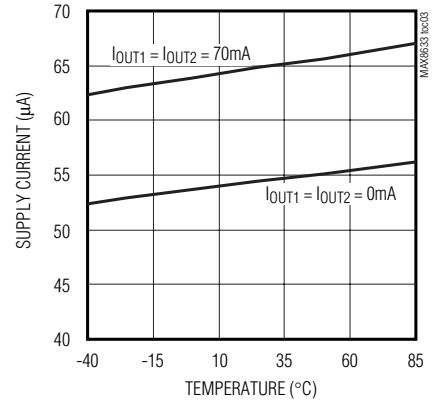
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE (MAX8633ELA+)



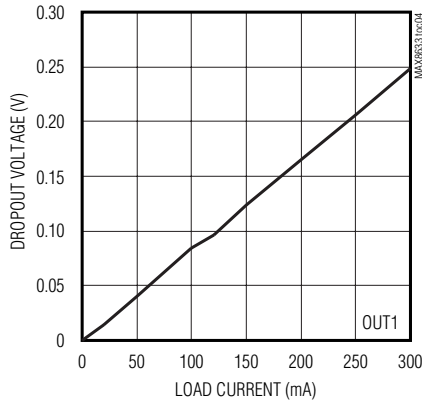
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. LOAD CURRENT (MAX8635ELA+)



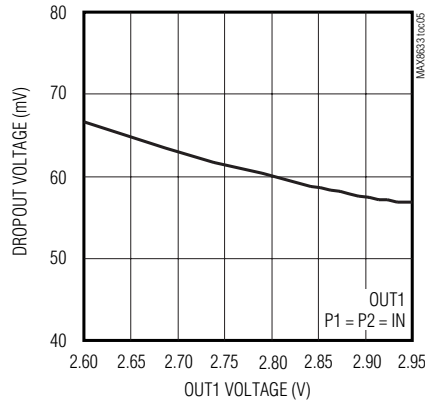
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (MAX8633ELA+)



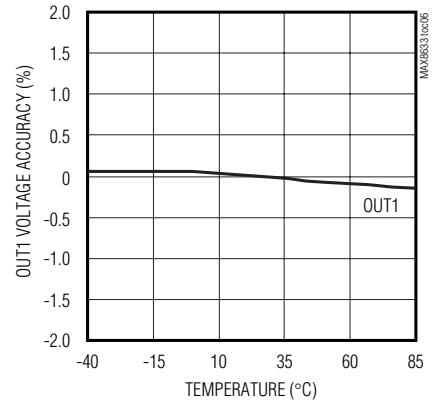
DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs. LOAD CURRENT (MAX8633ELA+)



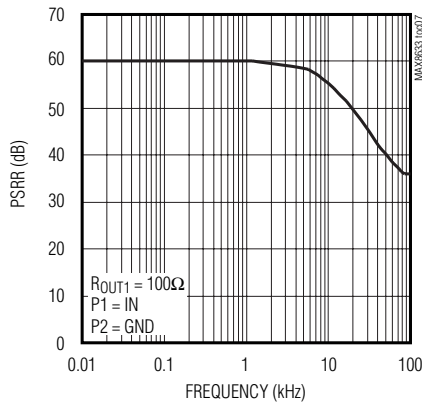
DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs. OUT1 VOLTAGE (MAX8633ELA+)



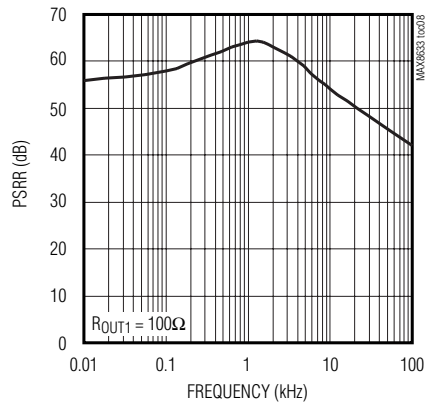
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ACCURACY vs. TEMPERATURE (MAX8633ELA+)



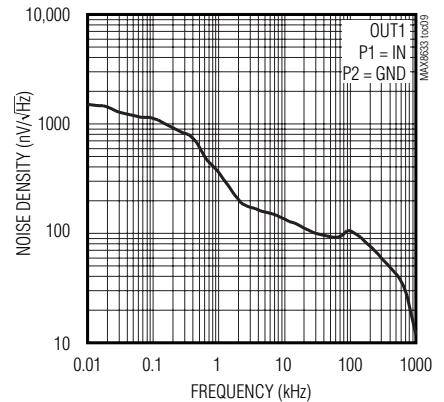
PSRR vs. FREQUENCY (MAX8636ELA+)



CHANNEL-TO-CHANNEL ISOLATION vs. FREQUENCY (MAX8636ELA+)



OUTPUT SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY vs. FREQUENCY (MAX8636ELA+)

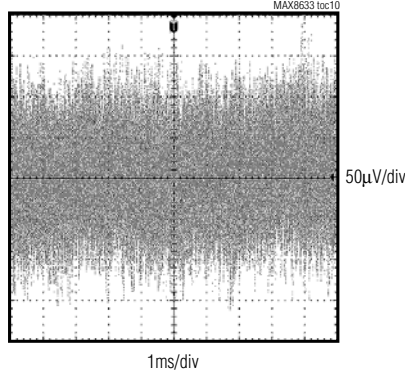


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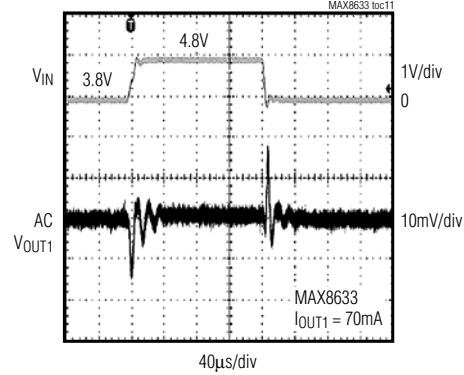
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = 3.8V$, $P = P1 = P2 = GND$, $I_{OUT1, 2} = 70mA$, $C_{OUT1} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{OUT2} = 2.2\mu F$, $C_{BP} = 0.01\mu F$, $C_{IN} = 2.2\mu F$, and $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

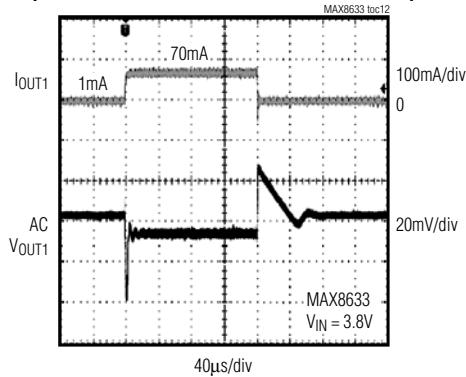
**OUTPUT NOISE DC TO 100kHz
(MAX8636ELA+)**



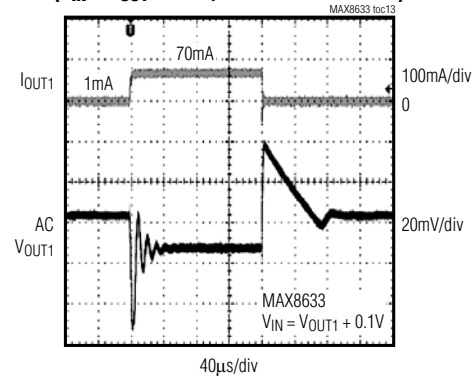
**LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE
(MAX8633ELA+)**



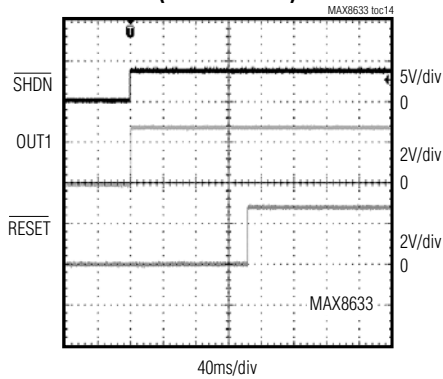
**LOAD TRANSIENT
(MAX8633ELA+ OUT1 ILOAD = 1mA TO 70mA)**



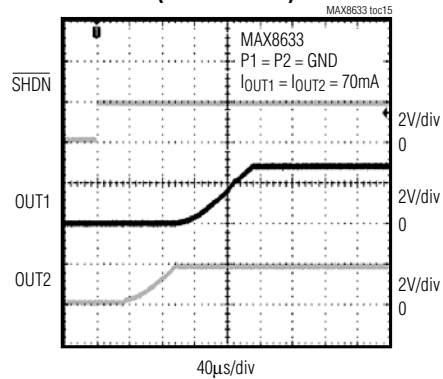
**LOAD TRANSIENT NEAR DROPOUT
($V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.1V$, MAX8633ELA+ OUT1)**



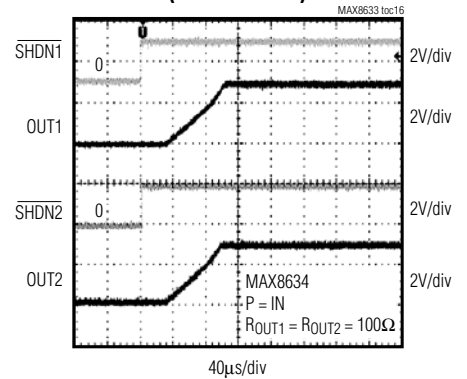
**RESET TIMING
(MAX8633ELA+)**



**OUT1 AND OUT2 TURN-ON SEQUENCE
(MAX8633ELA+)**



**EXITING SHUTDOWN
(MAX8634ELA+)**



MAX8633-MAX8636

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Pin Description

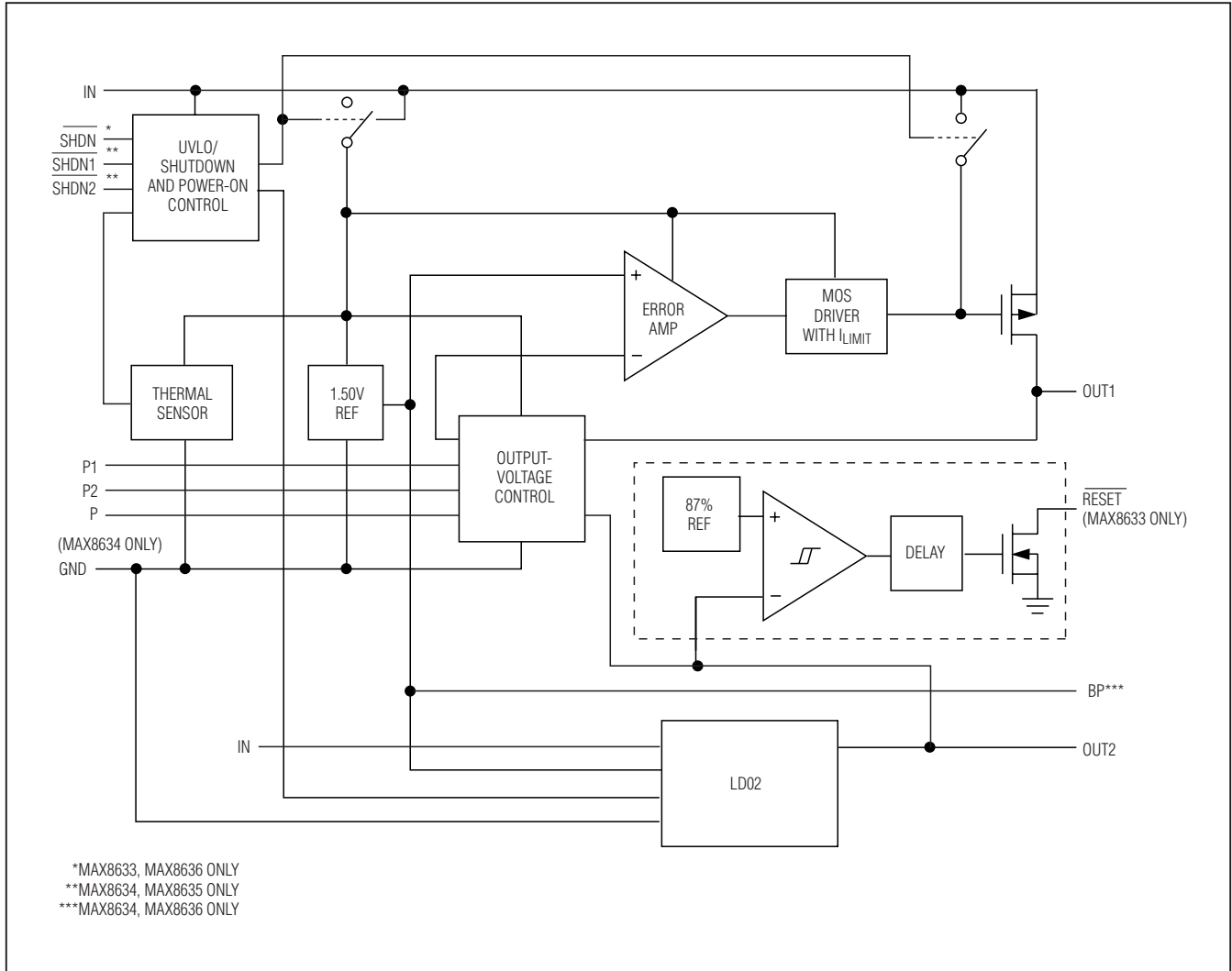
PIN				NAME	FUNCTION
MAX8633	MAX8634	MAX8635	MAX8636		
1	1	1	1	IN	Regulator Input. Supply voltage from 2.7V to 5.5V. Bypass IN with a ceramic capacitor of at least 2.2µF to GND (see the <i>Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability</i> section).
2	—	—	2	$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$	Shutdown Input, Active Low. Drive $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ logic low to shut down both regulators. Connect $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ to IN or drive logic high for normal operation (see the <i>Power-On Sequence (MAX8633/Max8636 Only)</i> section).
—	2	2	—	$\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$	LDO1 Shutdown Input, Active Low. Drive $\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$ logic low to shut down OUT1. Connect $\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$ to IN or drive logic high for normal operation.
—	3	5	—	$\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$	LDO2 Shutdown Input, Active Low. Drive $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$ logic low to shut down OUT2. Connect $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$ to IN or drive logic high for normal operation.
3	—	3	3	P2	Programming Input 2. The state of P1 and P2 selects one of nine output-voltage options (see Tables 1, 3).
4	—	4	4	P1	Programming Input 1. The state of P1 and P2 selects one of nine output-voltage options (see Tables 1, 3).
—	4	—	—	P	Programming Input. The state of P selects one of three output-voltage options for the MAX8634 (see Table 2).
5	—	—	—	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Reset Output, Active Low, Open Drain. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes high impedance 120ms (min) after V_{OUT2} rises above 87% of the nominal output voltage. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is forced logic low when V_{OUT2} is below 82.5% of the nominal output voltage. Connect $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ to OUT1, OUT2, or another voltage of V_{IN} or lower with a pullup resistor.
—	5	—	5	BP	Reference Noise Bypass. Bypass BP to GND with a 0.01µF ceramic capacitor to reduce output noise.
6	6	6	6	GND	Ground
7	7	7	7	OUT2	Regulator 2 Output. Guaranteed 300mA output current (see the <i>Calculating Maximum Output Power</i> section). Bypass OUT2 with a ceramic capacitor of at least 2.2µF to GND (see the <i>Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability</i> section).
8	8	8	8	OUT1	Regulator 1 Output. Guaranteed 300mA output current (see the <i>Calculating Maximum Output Power</i> section). Bypass OUT1 with a ceramic capacitor of at least 2.2µF to GND (see the <i>Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability</i> section).
EP*	EP*	EP*	EP*	EP	Exposed Paddle. Solder the exposed paddle to a large pad or circuit-board ground plane to increase thermal dissipation.

*TDFN package only.

Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

Functional Diagram

MAX8633-MAX8636



Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

Detailed Description

The MAX8633–MAX8636 are low-power, low-quiescent current, low-dropout linear regulators designed primarily for battery-powered applications. Pin-programmable inputs allow easy configuration of OUT1 and OUT2 voltages without external 1% resistors. The devices can supply up to 300mA from each output, provided they do not exceed the maximum package power dissipation.

The MAX8633–MAX8636 regulate OUT1 and OUT2 by using simple control loops incorporating internal 1.50V reference, error amplifiers, p-channel pass transistors, and internal feedback voltage-dividers. Reset circuitry ensures controlled startup and provides undervoltage lockout. The MAX8633–MAX8636 determine output voltages at OUT1 and OUT2 based on the state of P1 and P2 (P for MAX8634) at power-on.

RESET (MAX8633)

The MAX8633 features an integrated reset circuit. RESET is logic-low on power-up and goes high impedance 150ms after OUT2 reaches 87% of its nominal regulation voltage. During power-down or undervoltage conditions, RESET is driven low when OUT2 falls below 82.5% of its nominal regulation voltage.

Output Programming Inputs (P1, P2, P)

Output voltages for OUT1 and OUT2 are determined at power-up by the state of P1 and P2. Programming inputs P1 and P2 eliminate external 1% feedback resistors while providing nine preset output-voltage options (see Table 1 for the MAX8633; see Table 3 for the MAX8635/MAX8636).

The MAX8634 provides three preset output-voltage options with one programming input (see Table 2). The MAX8633–MAX8636 configure output voltages at OUT1 and OUT2 based on the state of P1 and P2 (P for

MAX8634) at power-on. Subsequent changes to P, or P1 and P2 do not change the output voltages unless the supply power is cycled, or all SHDN inputs are simultaneously driven low to shut down the device.

Power-On Sequence (MAX8633/MAX8636 Only)

The MAX8633/MAX8636 provide a single shutdown input (SHDN) to disable OUT1 and OUT2. During power-on, inrush current is limited by a built-in startup sequence. At power-on, OUT1 is disabled until OUT2 reaches 87% of its regulation voltage, then OUT1 is enabled.

If SHDN is connected to IN and the input voltage drops below the undervoltage-lockout (UVLO) threshold, both LDOs are disabled. The LDOs will not power on again until both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- 1) The input voltage is raised above the UVLO threshold 2.25V (typ).
- 2) OUT2 is discharged below 1.2V (typ).

Internal p-Channel Pass Transistor

The MAX8633–MAX8636 feature 0.9Ω p-channel MOSFET pass transistors; p-channel MOSFETs provide several advantages over similar designs using pnp pass transistors, resulting in higher efficiency and longer battery life. MOSFET pass transistors do not require base drive current of pnps, reducing quiescent current

Table 2. Output-Voltage Programming (MAX8634)

P	OUT1 (V)	OUT2 (V)
Open	2.85	2.85
GND	3.00	2.85
IN	2.60	2.60

Table 1. Output-Voltage Programming (MAX8633)

P1	P2	OUT1 (V)	(OUT2) (V)
Open	Open	2.80	1.50
Open	GND	2.90	1.50
Open	IN	3.00	1.50
GND	Open	3.00	1.60
GND	GND	2.80	1.80
GND	IN	2.60	1.85
IN	Open	2.90	1.85
IN	GND	2.80	2.60
IN	IN	3.00	2.80

Table 3. Output-Voltage Programming (MAX8635/MAX8636)

P1	P2	OUT1 (V)	OUT2 (V)
Open	Open	2.80	1.50
Open	GND	2.90	1.50
Open	IN	3.00	1.50
GND	Open	2.60	1.80
GND	GND	2.80	1.80
GND	IN	3.00	2.50
IN	Open	3.00	2.80
IN	GND	2.85	2.85
IN	IN	3.00	3.00

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considerably. Under heavy loads, pnp base-drive current becomes large, further reducing efficiency; pnp-based regulators also require considerable current in dropout when the pass transistor saturates. The MAX8633-MAX8636 do not suffer from these problems. With both outputs active, the devices consume only 54 μ A of quiescent current at no load, and 60 μ A with 100mA load current for each output (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). A pnp-based regulator has a high dropout voltage that is independent of the load. The dropout voltage of a p-channel MOSFET is proportional to load current providing for low-dropout voltage at heavy loads and extremely low dropout at lighter loads.

Current Limit

The MAX8633-MAX8636 provide independent current limiting for OUT1 and OUT2. Output current is limited to 500mA (typ) and 400mA (min) for each regulator.

Shutdown ($\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$, $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$, $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$)

The MAX8634/MAX8635 have independent shutdown control inputs ($\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$ and $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$) and the MAX8633/MAX8636 have one shutdown control input ($\overline{\text{SHDN}}$) for both outputs. Drive $\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$ low to shut down OUT1. Drive $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$ low to shut down OUT2. Drive both $\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$ and $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$ low to shut down the entire device, reducing supply current to 1 μ A max. For the MAX8634, drive $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ low to shut down the entire device. Connect $\overline{\text{SHDN1}}$, $\overline{\text{SHDN2}}$, or $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ to a logic-high or IN to permanently enable the corresponding LDO(s).

Thermal-Overload Protection

Thermal-shutdown circuitry protects the MAX8633-MAX8636 from damage due to excessive junction temperature. The shutdown circuit disables OUT1 and OUT2 when the junction temperature (T_J) exceeds +165 $^{\circ}$ C. Both regulators are reenabled when T_J falls by 15 $^{\circ}$ C.

Low-Noise Operation (MAX8634/MAX8636)

An external 0.01 μ F bypass capacitor at BP in conjunction with an internal resistor creates a lowpass filter. The MAX8634/MAX8636 exhibit less than 45 μ V_{RMS} of output voltage noise with $C_{BP} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ and $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu\text{F}$. These values are shown in the Output Noise Spectral Density graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* section. If output noise is not critical, omit the BP capacitor to reduce total solution size and cost.

Applications Information

Capacitor Selection and Regulator Stability

Use a ceramic input capacitor of at least 2.2 μ F and a ceramic output capacitor of at least 2.2 μ F for each output to ensure stable operation over the entire tempera-

ture range. Output capacitors can be reduced to 1 μ F for load currents less than 150mA. The MAX8633-MAX8636 are optimized for ceramic capacitors and require low equivalent-series resistance (ESR) to achieve the stated specifications for low-output noise and power-supply rejection. To ensure proper operation over the specified temperature range, dielectrics such as X7R or X5R are recommended. If Z5U or Y5V dielectrics are used, it may be necessary to increase the value of the output capacitors to ensure stability at temperatures below -10 $^{\circ}$ C. Tantalum capacitors are not recommended due to their higher ESR.

For loads up to 300mA, or for improved load-transient response, 2.2 μ F or larger output capacitors can be used.

PSRR and Operation from Sources Other than Batteries

The MAX8633-MAX8636 deliver low-dropout voltages and low-quiescent currents in battery-powered systems. When operating from sources other than batteries, improved supply-noise rejection and transient response can be achieved by increasing the values of the input and output capacitors and through passive filtering techniques. Power-supply rejection is 60dB at frequencies below 1kHz (see the Power-Supply Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

P1 and P2 (P for MAX8634) External Termination

The pin-programmable inputs (P1 and P2 for MAX8633/MAX8635/MAX8636, P for MAX8634) should be connected to IN, GND, or left open. If P₋ inputs are left open, ensure the external capacitance is less than 50pF. If P₋ inputs are set high or low, ensure the resistance to IN or GND is less than 1k Ω . The MAX8633-MAX8636 configure output voltages at OUT1 and OUT2 based on the state of P1 and P2 (P for MAX8634) at power-on. Subsequent changes to P, or P1 and P2 do not change the output voltages unless the supply power is cycled, or all $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ inputs are simultaneously driven low to shut down the device.

Load-Transient Considerations

The MAX8633-MAX8636 load-transient response graphs (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*) show two components of the output response: a DC step in the output voltage due to the change in load current, and the transient response. Increase the value and decrease the ESR of the output capacitor to attenuate transient spikes.

Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

Input-Output Voltage (Dropout Voltage)

A regulator's minimum input-output voltage differential (or dropout voltage) determines the lowest usable supply voltage. In battery-powered systems, this determines the useful end-of-life battery voltage. Because the MAX8633–MAX8636 use a p-channel MOSFET pass transistor, dropout voltage is a function of drain-to-source on-resistance ($R_{DS(ON)}$) multiplied by the load current (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

Calculating Maximum Output Power

The maximum output power of the MAX8633–MAX8636 is limited by the maximum power dissipation of the package. By calculating the power dissipation of the device as a function of the input voltage, output voltages, and output currents, the worst-case power dissipation can be obtained. The worst-case power dissipation should not exceed the package's maximum power rating:

where:

$$P_D = (V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT1}) \times I_{OUT1} + (V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT2}) \times I_{OUT2}$$

$V_{IN(MAX)}$ = Maximum input voltage

V_{OUT1} = Output voltage of OUT1

V_{OUT2} = Output voltage of OUT2

I_{OUT1} = Maximum output current of OUT1

I_{OUT2} = Maximum output current of OUT2

P_D must be less than $P_{D(MAX)}$, the maximum power dissipation of the package. If P_D is greater than $P_{D(MAX)}$, consider using the 8-pin TDFN package.

$P_{D(MAX)} = 380\text{mW}$ for the 8-pin μDFN . Derate by $4.8\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$.

$P_{D(MAX)} = 1904\text{mW}$ for the 8-pin TDFN. Derate by $23.8\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$.

PC Board Layout Guidelines

Follow these guidelines for good PC board layout:

- Keep the input and output traces short and wide if possible, especially at the ground terminals.
- Use thick copper PC boards to enhance thermal performance. Connect the exposed paddle of the TDFN package to the ground plane or a large copper pad.
- Place output, input, and bypass capacitors as close as possible to the IC.
- Ensure the noise bypass capacitor and associated PC board traces are routed away from noise sources to ensure low-output voltage noise.

An evaluation kit (MAX8633EVKIT) is available for a layout example to speed designs.

Selector Guide

PART	OUTPUT VOLTAGE OPTIONS	SHDN INPUTS	LOW NOISE	RESET
MAX8633	9	1	—	YES
MAX8634	3	2	YES	—
MAX8635	9	2	—	—
MAX8636	9	1	YES	—

Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX8634ETA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 TDFN 3mm x 3mm	AOR
MAX8635 ELA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 μDFN 2mm x 2mm	AAJ
MAX8635ETA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 TDFN 3mm x 3mm	AOS
MAX8636 ELA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 μDFN 2mm x 2mm	AAK
MAX8636ETA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 TDFN 3mm x 3mm	AOT

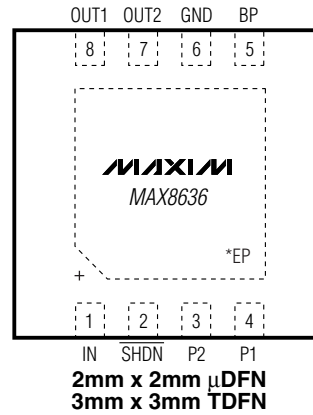
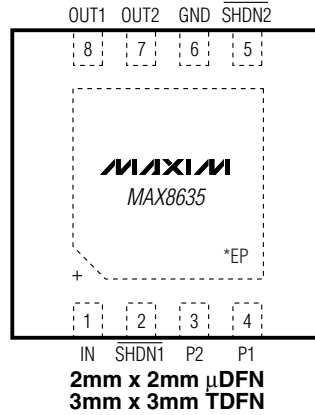
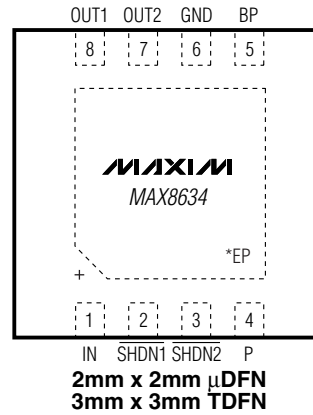
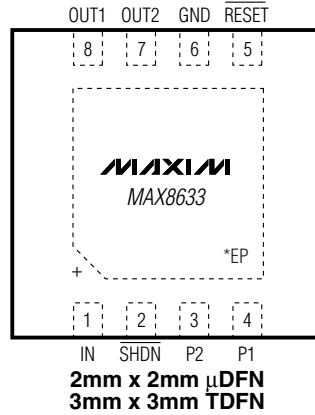
+ Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

Pin Configurations

MAX8633-MAX8636

TOP VIEW



*EP = EXPOSED PADDLE. CONNECT EXPOSED PADDLE TO GND (TDFN ONLY).

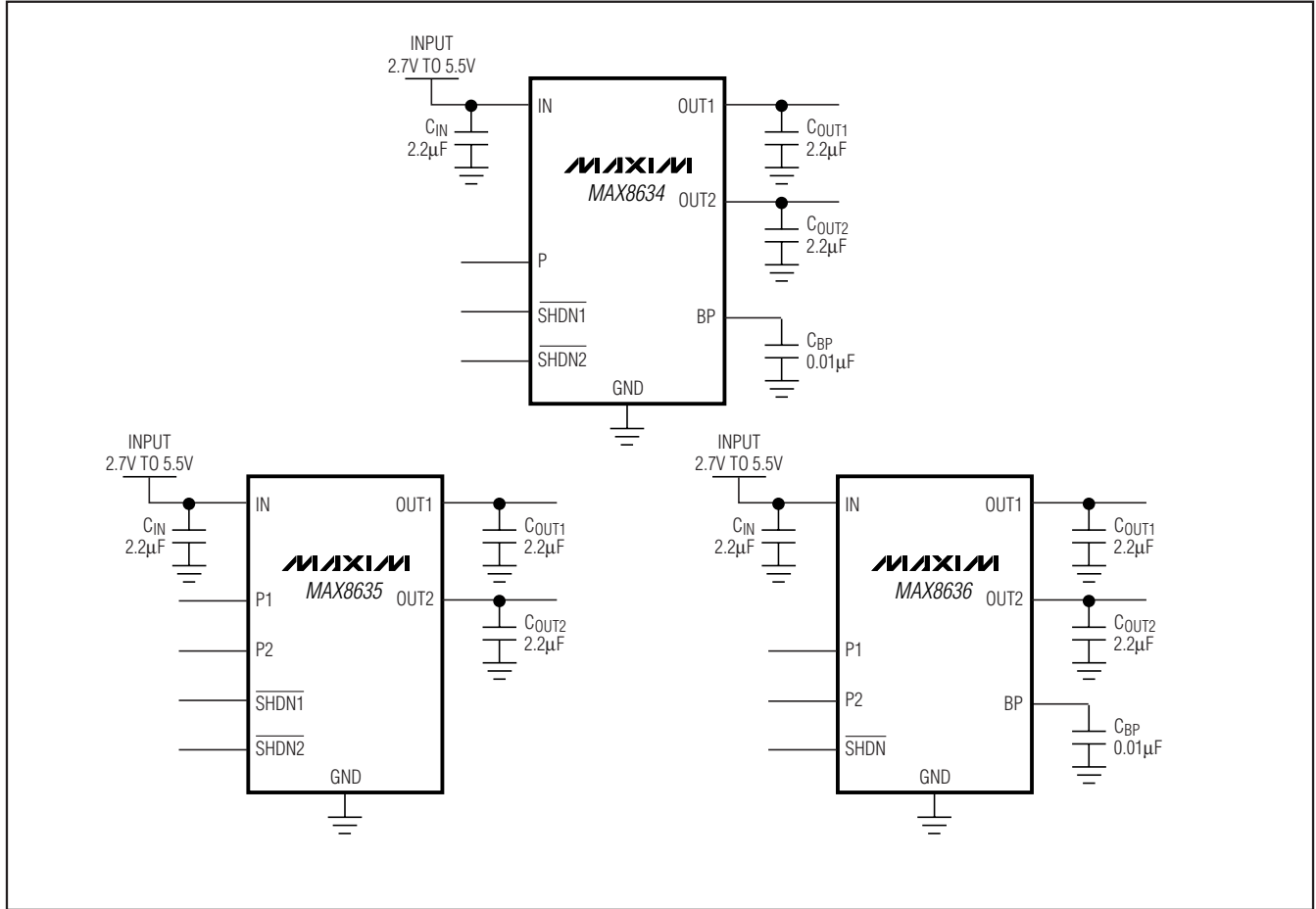
Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

CONNECT EXPOSED PADDLE TO GND.

Dual 300mA Pin-Programmable LDO Linear Regulators

Typical Operating Circuits (continued)



Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
8 TDFN	T833-2	21-0137
8 μ DFN	L822-1	21-0164

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Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	4/06	Initial release	—
1	9/08	Added LDO SHDN restart conditions	8

MAX8633-MAX8636

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