



**THE DATASHEET OF
IPAW60R190CEXKSA1**



MOSFET

600V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ CE is a price-performance optimized platform enabling to target cost sensitive applications in Consumer and Lighting markets by still meeting highest efficiency standards. The new series provides all benefits of a fast switching Superjunction MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use and offering the best cost down performance ratio available on the market.

PG - TO220 FullPAK WideCreepage



Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and Eoss
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for standard grade applications
- Wide distance of 4.25mm between the leads

Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV and indoor lighting.

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

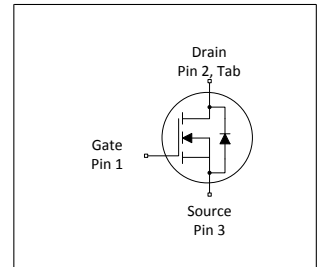


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	190	mΩ
I_D	26.7	A
$Q_{g,typ}$	63	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	59	A
$E_{oss@400V}$	5.2	μJ

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPAW60R190CE	PG - TO220 FullPAK WideCreepage	60S190CE	see Appendix A

Table of Contents

Description	1
Maximum ratings	3
Thermal characteristics	4
Electrical characteristics	5
Electrical characteristics diagrams	7
Test Circuits	11
Package Outlines	12
Appendix A	13
Revision History	14
Trademarks	14
Disclaimer	14

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	26.7 16.9	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	59	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	418	mJ	$I_D=3.4\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.63	mJ	$I_D=3.4\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	3.4	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots480\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation (Full PAK)	P_{tot}	-	-	34	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	18.9	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	59	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	500	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Power dissipation (Non FullPAK) TO-220	P_{tot}	-	-	176	W	-
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220FP	V_{ISO}	-	-	2500	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum duty cycle $D=0.50$, TO-220 equivalent

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics (Full PAK)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	3.7	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	80	°C/W	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=0.25\text{mA}$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.5	3.0	3.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.63\text{mA}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=600$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.17 0.44	0.19	Ω	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	6	-	Ω	$f=1\text{MHz}$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	1400	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=100\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	85	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=100\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	56	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\dots480\text{V}$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	266	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\dots480\text{V}$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	10	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	90	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	8	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $R_G=3.4\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{GS}	-	7.6	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	32	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	63	-	nC	$V_{DD}=480\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.4	-	V	$V_{DD}=480\text{V}$, $I_D=9.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V

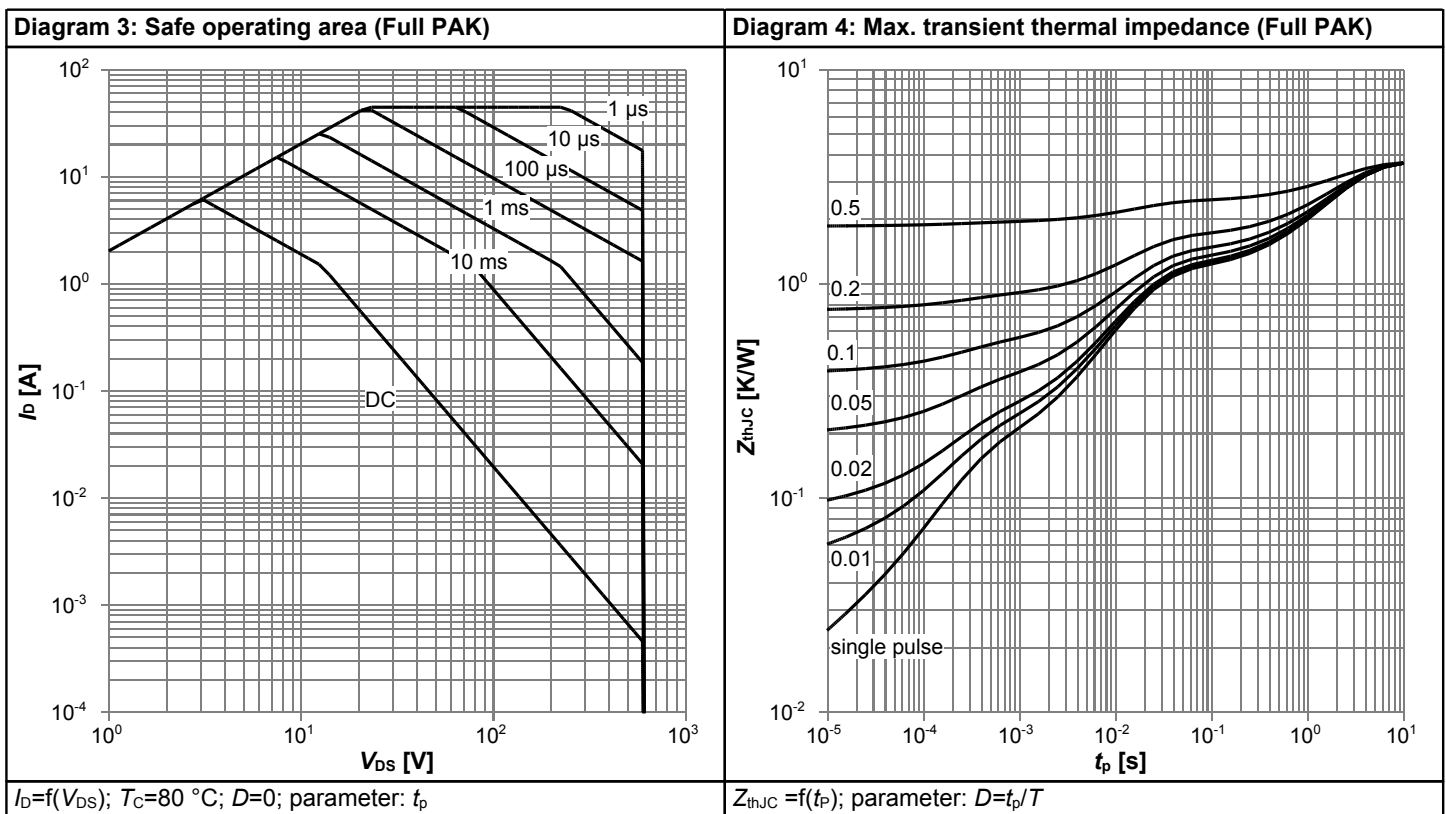
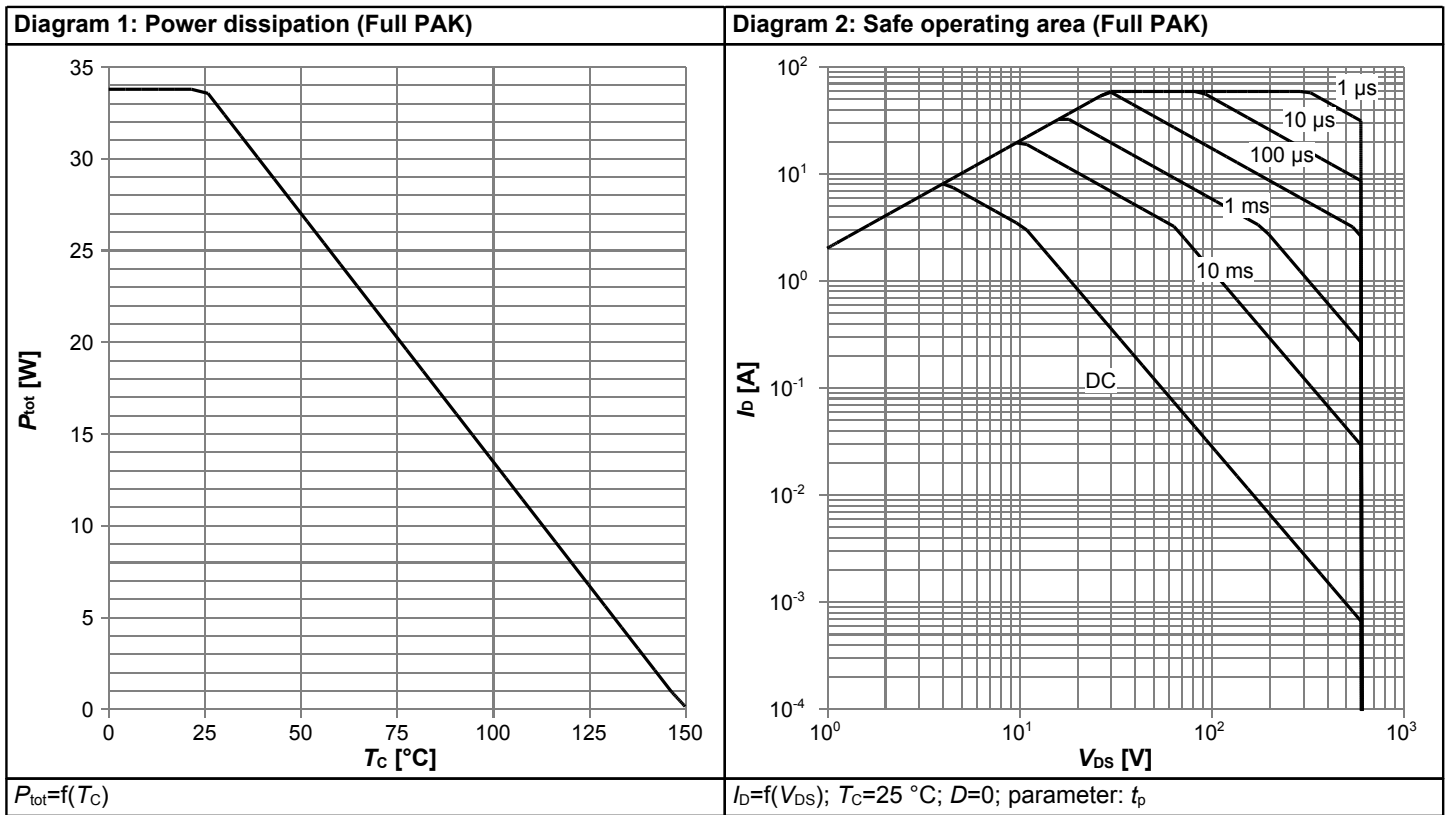
¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 480V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 480V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.9	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_F=9.5A, T_j=25^\circ C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	430	-	ns	$V_R=400V, I_F=9.5A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	6.9	-	μC	$V_R=400V, I_F=9.5A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	30	-	A	$V_R=400V, I_F=9.5A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

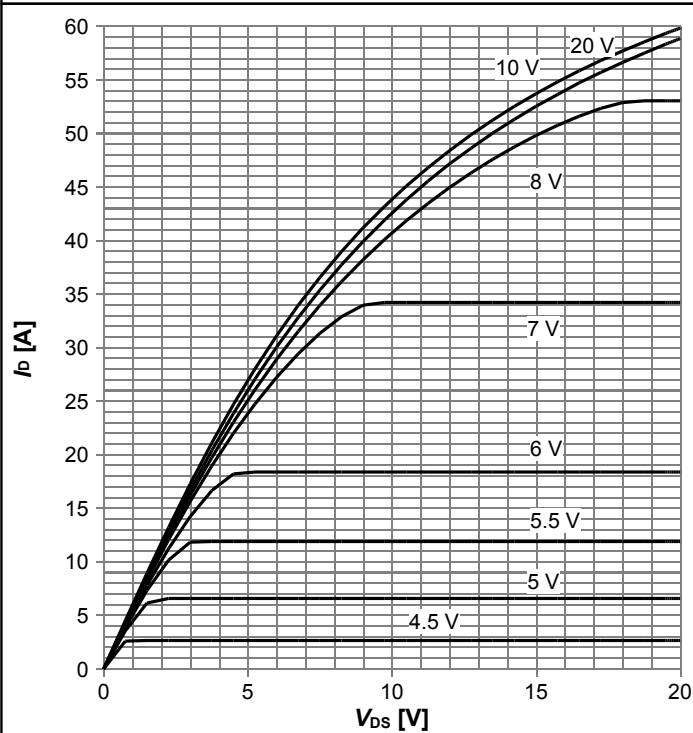
4 Electrical characteristics diagrams



600V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

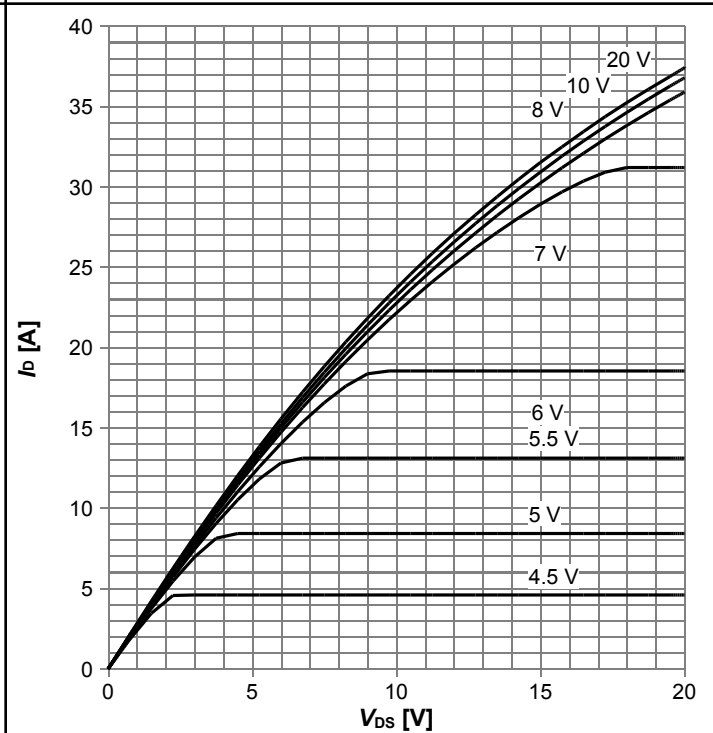
IPAW60R190CE

Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



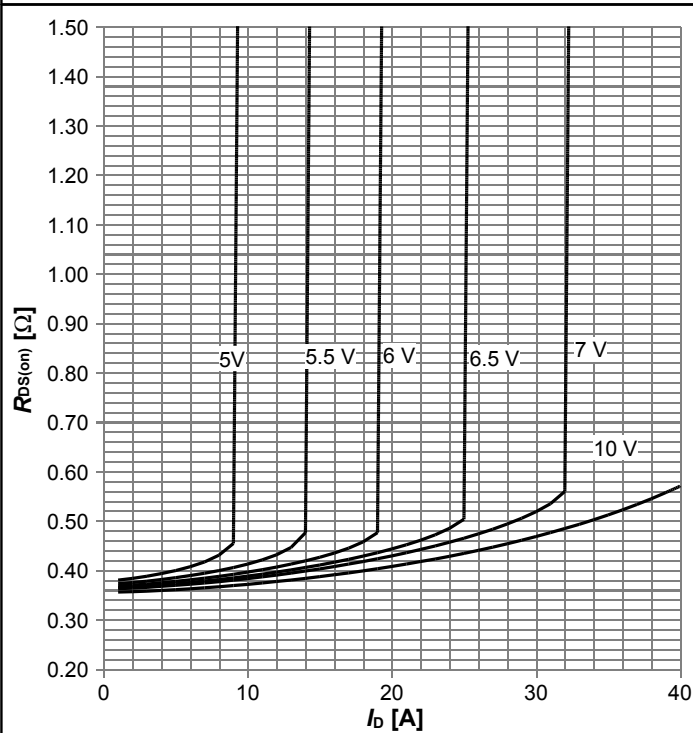
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



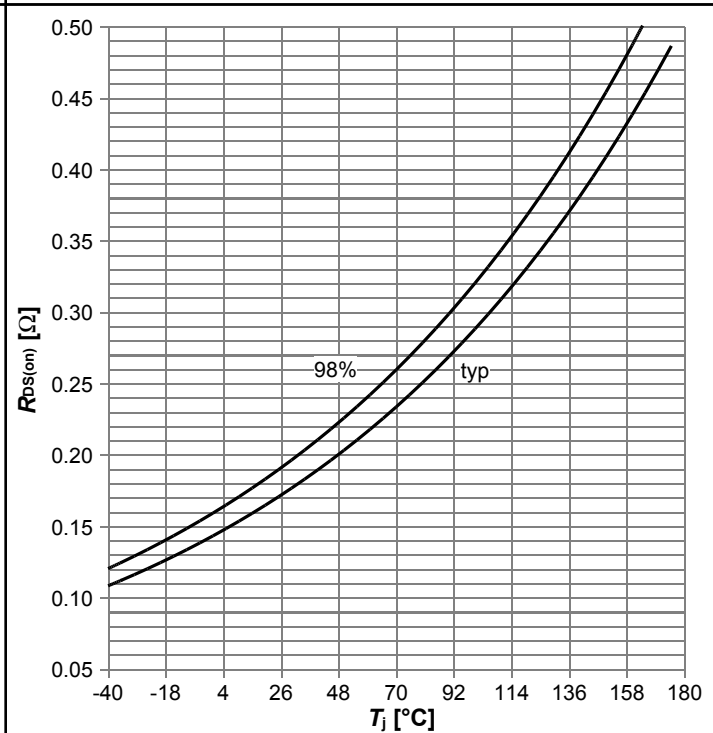
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



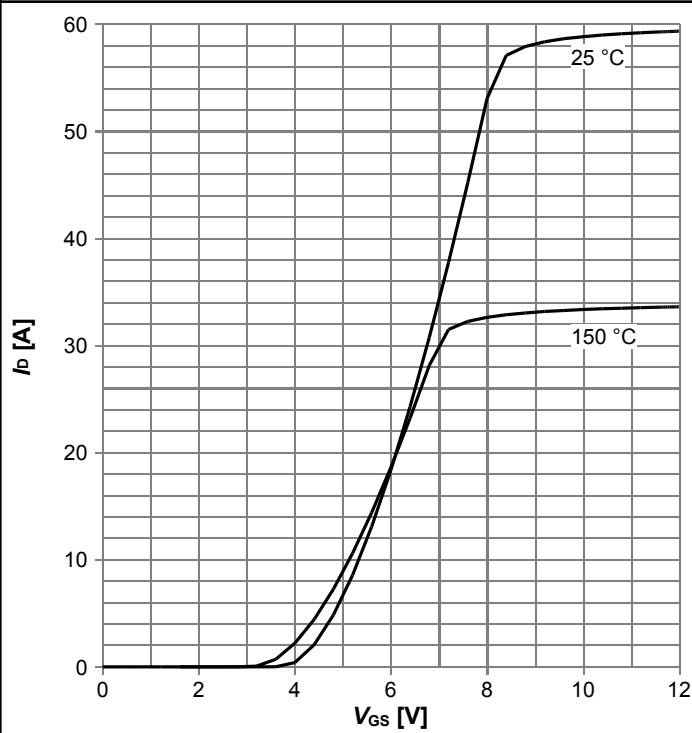
$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D)$; $T_j=125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



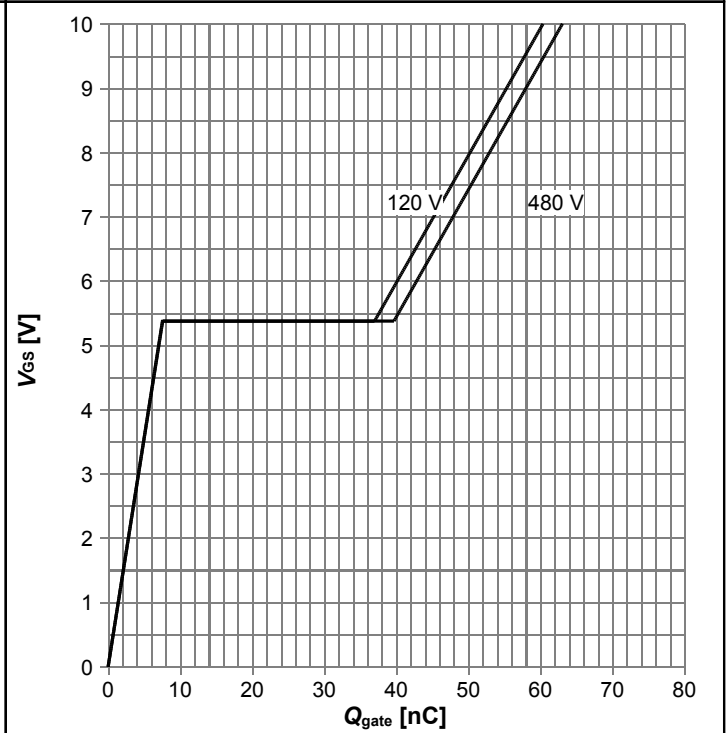
$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; $I_D=3.4\text{ A}$; $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



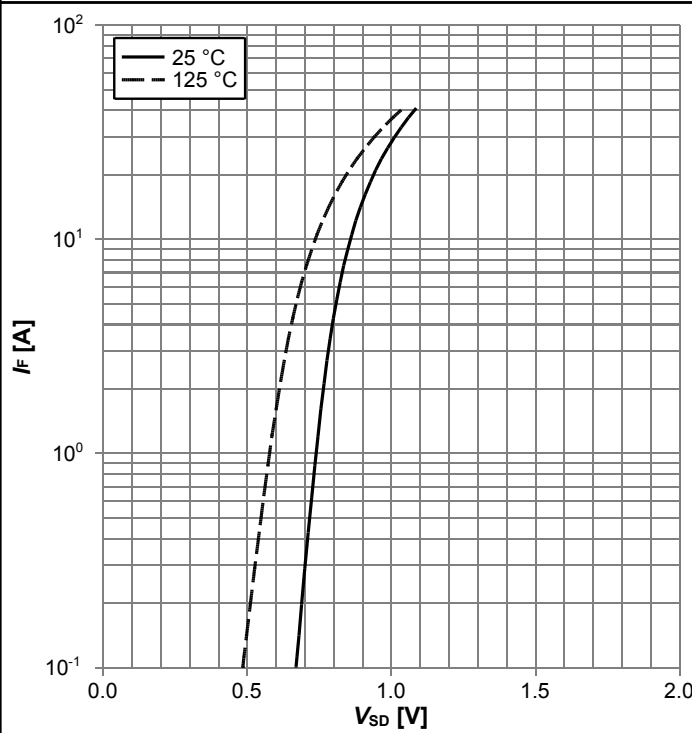
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20V$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



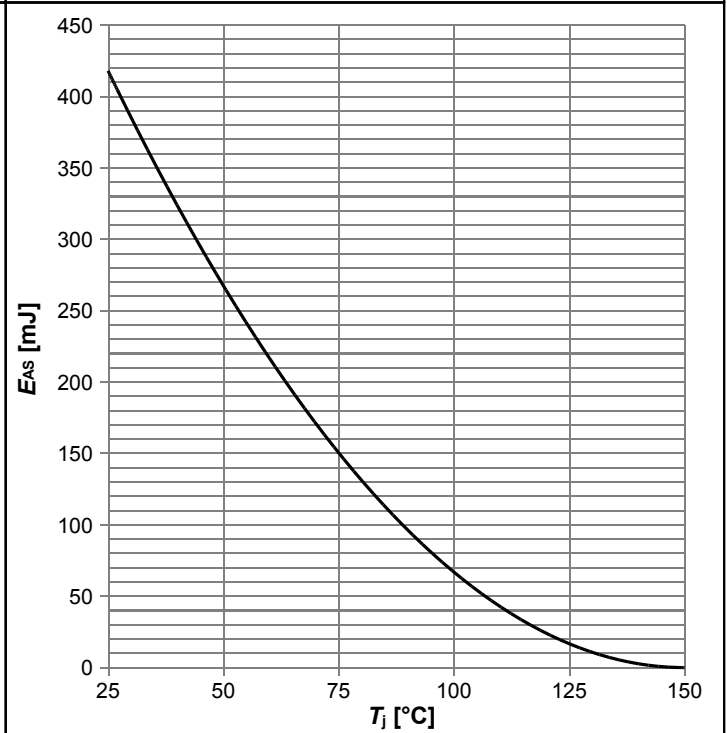
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 9.5 A$ pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy

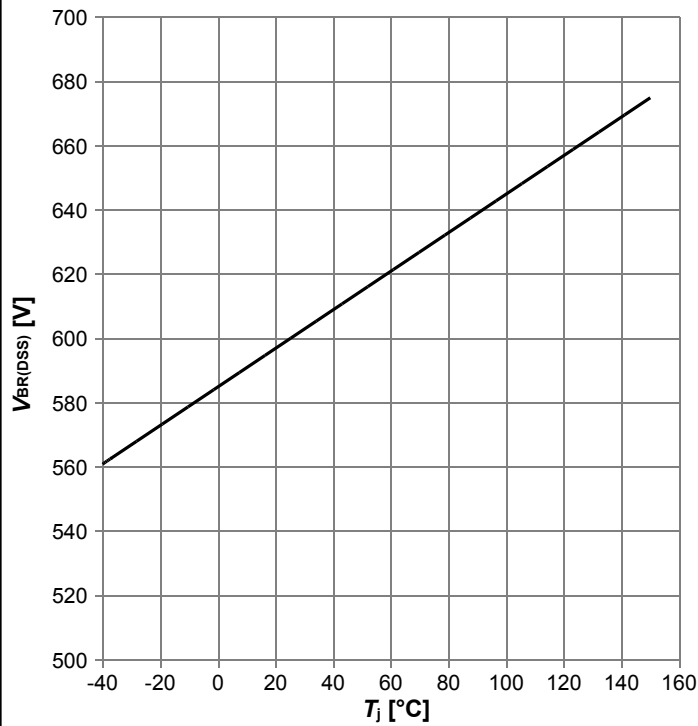


$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 3.4 A$; $V_{DD} = 50 V$

600V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

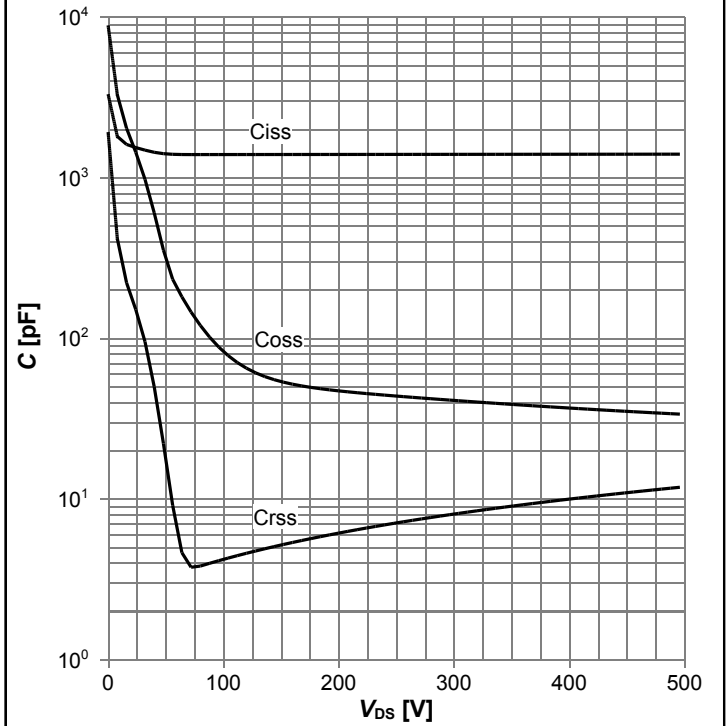
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Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



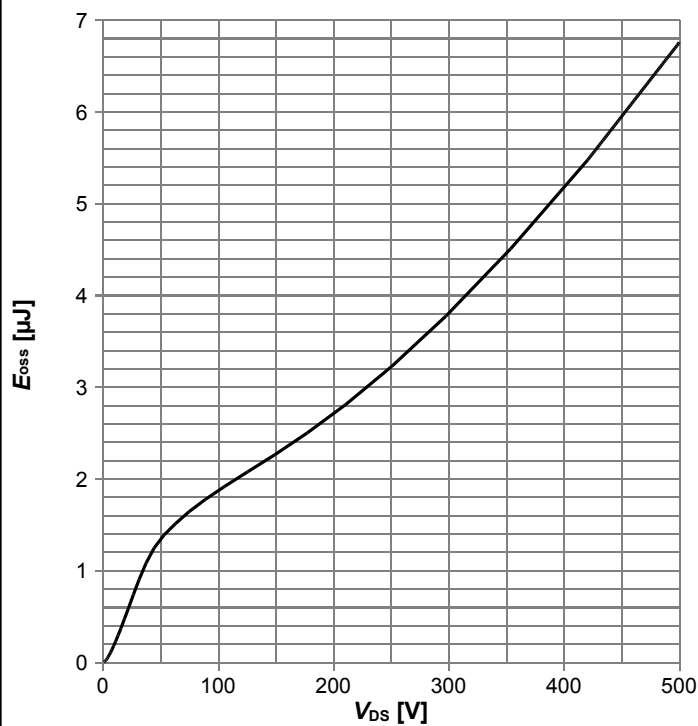
$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
<p>$R_{g1} = R_{g2}$</p>	<p>$t_{tr} = t_F + t_S$ $Q_{tr} = Q_F + Q_S$</p>

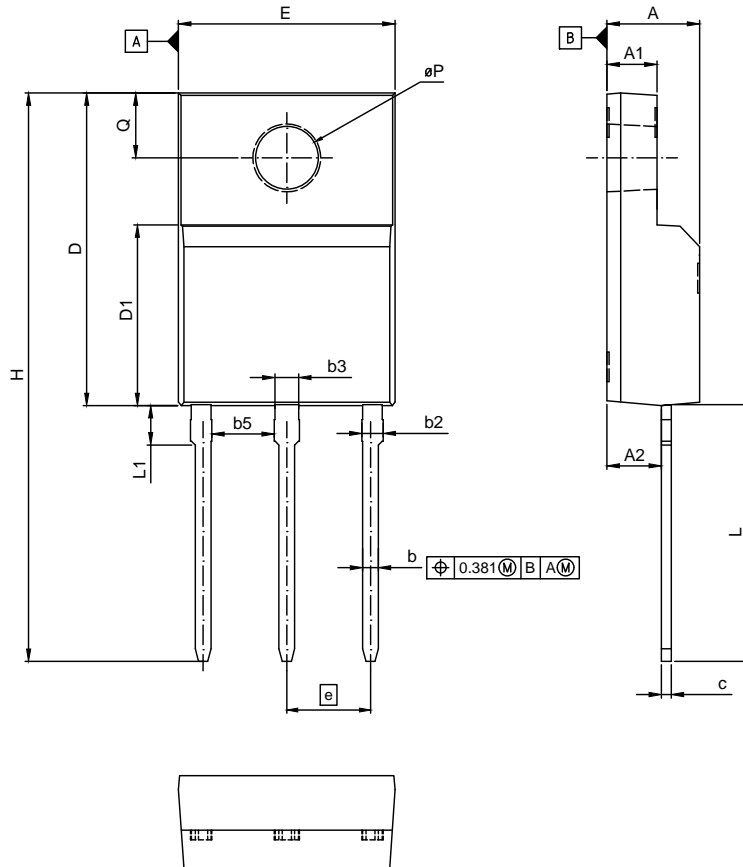
Table 9 Switching times

Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform

6 Package Outlines



DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193
A1	2.34	2.74	0.092	0.108
A2	2.65	2.95	0.104	0.116
b	0.75	0.90	0.030	0.035
b2	0.98	1.26	0.039	0.050
b3	1.00	1.40	0.039	0.055
b5	3.00	-	0.118	-
c	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
D	15.47	16.27	0.609	0.641
D1	9.17		0.361	
E	10.70	11.30	0.421	0.445
e	4.25 (BSC)		0.167 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
H	28.25	29.45	1.112	1.159
L	12.58	13.38	0.495	0.527
L1	1.70	2.30	0.067	0.091
øP	3.00	3.30	0.118	0.130
Q	3.10	3.50	0.122	0.138

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SCALE 0 2 4 mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION
ISSUE DATE 28-04-2015
REVISION 01

Figure 1 Outline PG - TO220 FullPAK WideCreep, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ CE Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ CE simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPAW60R190CE

Revision: 2016-03-31

Previous Revision

Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2015-10-07	Release of final version
2016-03-31	Modified Id Ratings

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- ✓ Obsolete Management
- ✓ Cost Control Management
- ✓ Shortage Management
- ✓ Alternative Solution
- ✓ Excess Inventory Management