



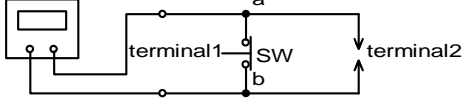
**THE DATASHEET OF  
LQM21FN470N00L**



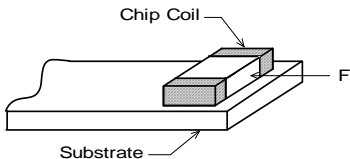
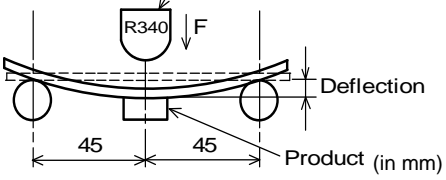


# Reference Only

## 6. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
6.1	Inductance	Inductance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT 4291A or equivalent (1mA) Measuring Frequency: 1MHz
6.2	DC Resistance	DC Resistance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: Digital multi meter Digital multi meter (TR6846 or equivalent)   ( DC resistance shall be measured after putting chip coil between the terminal 2 under the condition of opening between a and b. Every measurement the terminal 1 shall be shorted between a and b when changing chip coil. )
6.3	Self Resonant Frequency (S.R.F)	S.R.F shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT 4195A or equivalent (1mA)
6.4	Rated Current	Self temperature rise shall be limited to 25°C max. Inductance Change: within ±50%	The rated current is applied.

## 7. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Shear Test	Chip coil shall not be damaged after tested as follows.	Applied Direction  Force: 10N Hold Duration: 5s±1s Applied Direction: Parallel to PCB
7.2	Bending Test		Substrate: Glass-epoxy substrate (100mm × 40mm × 1.6mm) Pressure jig  Speed of Applying Force: 1mm / s Deflection: 1mm Hold Duration: 30s
7.3	Vibration		Oscillation Frequency: 10Hz to 55Hz to 10Hz for 1 minute Total Amplitude: 1.5mm Testing Time: A period of 2h in each of 3 mutually perpendicular directions.

# Reference Only

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.4	Solderability	The wetting area of the electrode shall be at least 90% covered with new solder coating.	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin 25(wt)% (Immersed for 5s to 10s) Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Pre-Heating: 150°C±10°C / 60s to 90s Solder Temperature: 240°C±5°C Immersion Time: 3s±1s
7.5	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Appearance: No damage Inductance Change: within ±20%	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin 25(wt)% (Immersed for 5s to 10s) Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Pre-Heating: 150°C±10°C / 60s to 90s Solder Temperature: 270°C±5°C Immersion Time: 10s±1s Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24h±2h.

## 8. Environmental Performance

It shall be soldered on the substrate.

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
8.1	Heat Resistance	Appearance: No damage Inductance Change: within ±20%	Temperature: 85°C±2°C Time: 1000h (+48h,-0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24h±2h.
8.2	Humidity		Temperature: 40°C±2°C Humidity: 90%(RH) to 95%(RH) Time: 1000h (+48h, -0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24h±2h.
8.3	Temperature Cycle		1 cycle: 1 step: -40°C±2°C / 30 min±3 min 2 step: Ordinary temp. / 10 min to 15 min 3 step: 85°C±2°C / 30 min to 3 min 4 step: Ordinary temp. / 10 min to 15 min Total of 10 cycles Then measured after exposure in the room condition for 24 h±2 h.

## 9. Specification of Packaging

### 9.1 Appearance and Dimensions of paper tape / plastic tape

P/N	Type	Dimensions (in mm)
LQM21FN 1R0N00D 2R2N00D	8mm-wide Paper tape	
LQM21FN 4R7N00L 100N00L 220N00L 470N00L	8mm-wide Plastic tape	<p style="text-align: center;">•Dimension of the Cavity is measured at the bottom side.</p>

### 9.2 Specification of Taping

- (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)
  - Inductance : 1.0  $\mu$ H to 2.2  $\mu$ H (Paper tape)    4,000 pcs / reel
  - Inductance : 4.7  $\mu$ H to 47  $\mu$ H (Plastic tape)    3,000 pcs / reel
- (2) Packing Method
  - (Paper tape)  
Products shall be packed in the cavity of the base tape continuously and sealed by top tape and bottom tape.
  - (Plastic tape)  
Products shall be packed in the each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed by cover tape.
- (3) Sprocket hole  
The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point
  - (Paper tape)  
Base tape and Top tape has no spliced point.
  - (Plastic tape)  
Plastic tape and Cover tape has no spliced point.
- (5) Missing components number  
Missing components number within 0.1% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The Specified quantity per reel is kept.

### 9.3 Pull Strength

【Case of Paper tape】

Top tape	5N min.
Bottom tape	

【Case of Plastic tape】

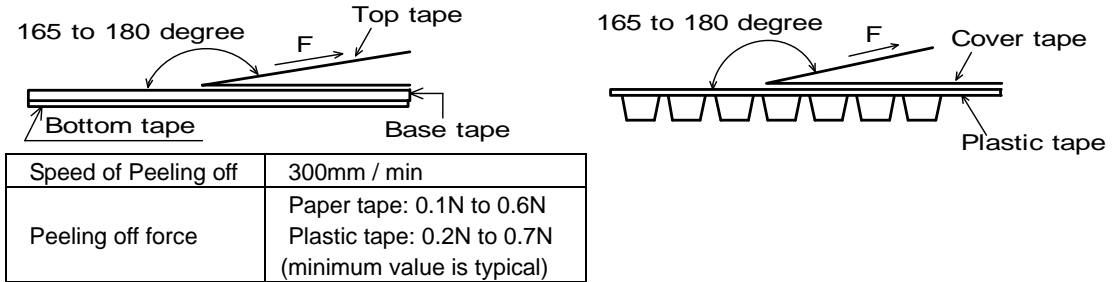
Plastic tape	10N min.
Cover tape	5N min.

# Reference Only

### 9.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

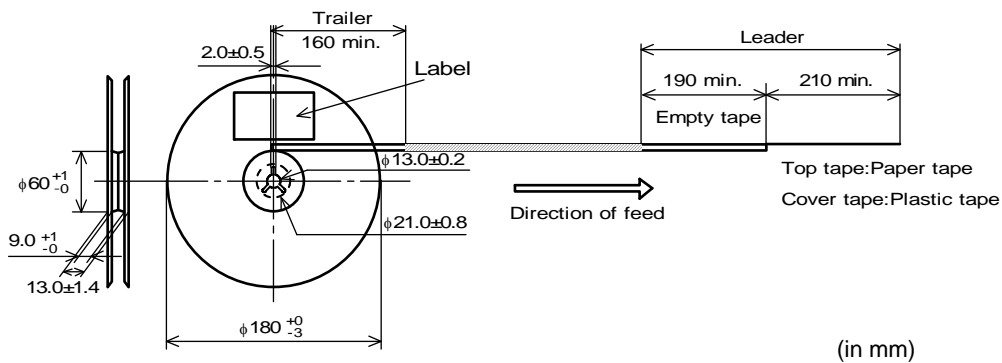
【Case of Paper tape】

【Case of Plastic tape】



### 9.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel

There shall be leader-tape ( top tape / cover tape and empty tape) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.



### 9.6 Marking for reel

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number (\*1), RoHS Marking (\*2), Quantity etc ...

\*1) <Expression of Inspection No.>

□□ 0000 XXX  
(1) (2) (3)

- (1) Factory Code
- (2) Date

First digit : Year / Last digit of year  
Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O, N, D  
Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

\*2) <Expression of RoHS Marking >

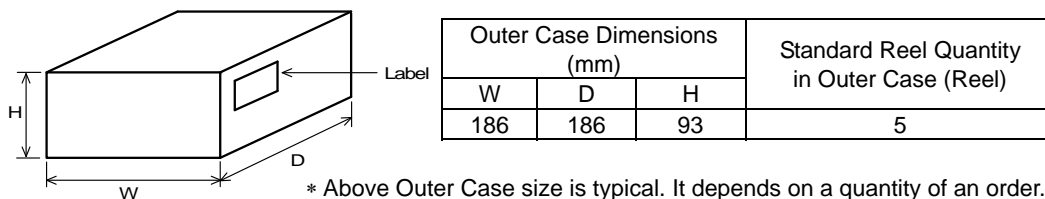
ROHS - Y (Δ)  
(1) (2)

- (1) RoHS regulation conformity parts.
- (2) MURATA classification number

### 9.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)

Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS Marking (\*2), Quantity, etc ...

### 9.8. Specification of Outer Case



## 10. ⚠ Caution

### Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

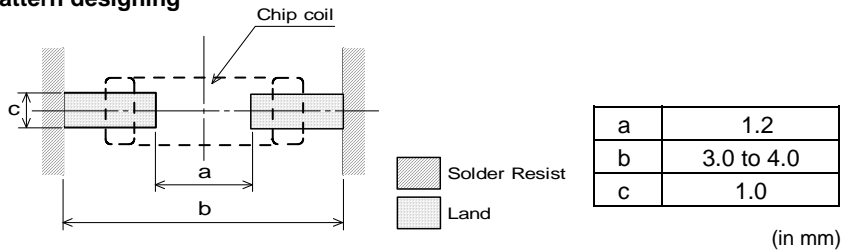
- |                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (1) Aircraft equipment            | (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)   |
| (2) Aerospace equipment           | (7) Traffic signal equipment   |
| (3) Undersea equipment            | (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment   |
| (4) Power plant control equipment | (9) Data-processing equipment  |
| (5) Medical equipment             | (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above |

## 11. Notice

This product is designed for solder mounting.

Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

### 11.1 Land pattern designing



### 11.2 Flux, Solder

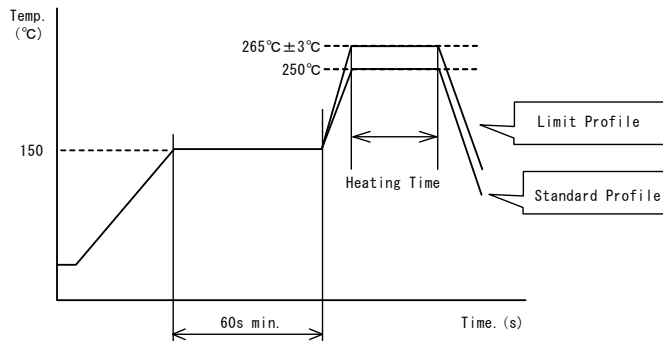
- Use rosin-based flux.  
Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).  
Don't use water-soluble flux.
- Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.
- Standard thickness of solder paste: 100μm to 150μm.

### 11.3 Flow soldering / Reflow soldering conditions

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.  
Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of products quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.  
The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

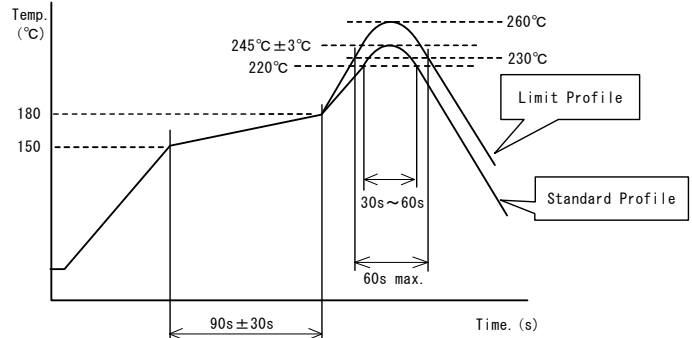
Soldering profile

(1) Flow soldering profile



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150°C, 60s min.	
Heating	250°C, 4s~6s	265°C±3°C, 5s
Cycle of flow	2 times	2 times

(2) Reflow soldering profile



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150°C~180°C, 90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C, 30s~60s	above 230°C, 60s max.
Peak temperature	245°C±3°C	260°C, 10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	

**11.4 Reworking with soldering iron.**

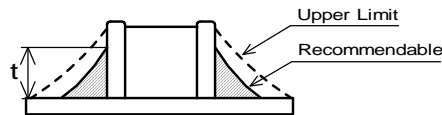
The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

Pre-heating	150°C, 1 min
Tip temperature	350°C max.
Soldering iron output	80W max.
Tip diameter	φ 3mm max.
Soldering time	3(+1, -0)s
Time	2 times

Note : Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the products due to the thermal shock.

**11.5 Solder Volume**

- Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.
- Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.



$$1/3T \leq t \leq T$$

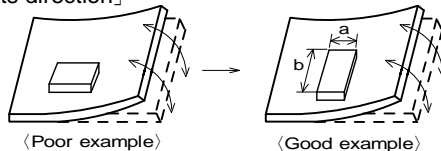
T : thickness of product

**11.6 Product's location**

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



Products shall be located in the sideways direction (Length: a < b) to the mechanical stress.

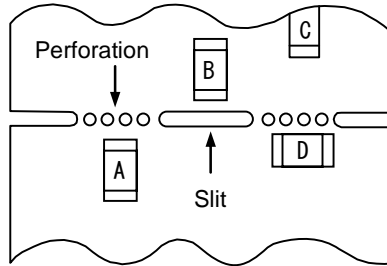
# Reference Only

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

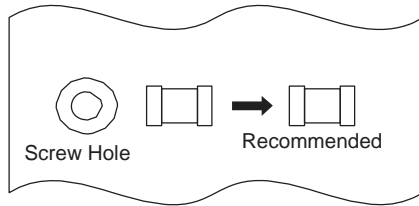
Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D *1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



\*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation. If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



## 11.7 Cleaning Conditions

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions.

- (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max. (40°C max for IPA.)
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions with avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B.  
 Power : 20 W / l max.      Frequency : 28kHz to 40kHz      Time : 5 min max.
- (3) Cleaner
  1. Alcohol type cleaner  
Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
  2. Aqueous agent  
PINE ALPHA ST-100S
- (4) There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning. In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.
- (5) Other cleaning    Please contact us.

## 11.8 Resin coating

The inductance value may change and/or it may affect on the product's performance due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. So please pay your careful attention when you select resin.

In prior to use, please make the reliability evaluation with the product mounted in your application set.

## 11.9 Caution for use

There is possibility that the inductance value change due to magnetism. Don't use a magnet or a pair of tweezers with magnetism when chip coil are handled. (The tip of the tweezers should be molded with resin or pottery.)

## 11.10 Magnetic Saturation

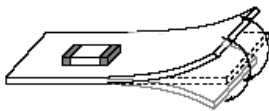
When the excessive current over rated current is applied, the inductance value may change due to magnetism.

## 11.11 Handling of a substrate

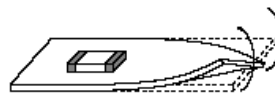
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting



## 11.12 Storage and Handling Requirements

### (1) Storage period

Use the products within 6 months after delivered.  
Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

### (2) Storage conditions

- Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10°C to 40°C

Humidity : 15% to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity

Don't keep products in corrosive gases such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.

- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
- Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
- Products should be stored under the airtight packaged condition.

### (3) Handling Condition

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 12. ⚠ Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.  
Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

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