

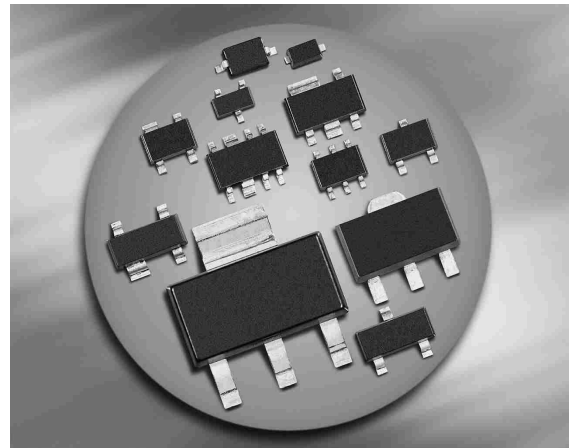


**THE DATASHEET OF  
BC848BE6433HTMA1**



**NPN Silicon AF Transistors**

- For AF input stages and driver applications
- High current gain
- Low collector-emitter saturation voltage
- Low noise between 30 Hz and 15 kHz
- Complementary types:  
BC856...-BC860...(PNP)
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package <sup>1)</sup>
- Qualified according AEC Q101



<sup>1</sup>Pb-containing package may be available upon special request

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
		1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	
BC846A	1As	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC846B	1Bs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC846BW	1Bs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC847A	1Es	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC847B	1Fs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC847BF*	1Fs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	TSFP-3
BC847BL3	1F	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	TSLP-3-1
BC847BW	1Fs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC847C	1Gs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC847CW	1Gs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC848A	1Js	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC848B	1Ks	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC848BL3	1K	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	TSLP-3-1
BC848BW	1Ks	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC848C	1Ls	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC848CW	1Ls	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC849B	2Bs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC849C	2Cs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC849CW	2Cs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC850B	2Fs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC850BW	2Fs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323
BC850C	2Gs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT23
BC850CW	2Gs	1=B	2=E	3=C	-	-	-	SOT323

\* Not for new design

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage BC846... BC847..., BC850... BC848..., BC849...	$V_{CEO}$	65 45 30	V
Collector-emitter voltage BC846... BC847..., BC850... BC848..., BC849...	$V_{CES}$	80 50 30	
Collector-base voltage BC846... BC847..., BC850... BC848..., BC849...	$V_{CBO}$	80 50 30	
Emitter-base voltage BC846... BC847..., BC850... BC848..., BC849...	$V_{EBO}$	6 6 6	
Collector current	$I_C$	100	mA
Peak collector current, $t_p \leq 10$ ms	$I_{CM}$	200	
Total power dissipation- $T_S \leq 71$ °C, BC846-BC850 $T_S \leq 128$ °C, BC847F $T_S \leq 135$ °C, BC847L3-BC848L3 $T_S \leq 124$ °C, BC846W-BC850W	$P_{tot}$	330 250 250 250	mW
Junction temperature	$T_j$	150	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 ... 150	

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point <sup>1)</sup> BC846-BC850 BC847F BC847L3-BC848L3 BC846W-BC850W	$R_{thJS}$	$\leq 240$ $\leq 90$ $\leq 60$ $\leq 105$	K/W

<sup>1)</sup>For calculation of  $R_{thJA}$  please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

**Electrical Characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>DC Characteristics</b>					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ , BC846... $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ , BC847..., BC850... $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ , BC848..., BC849...	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	65 45 30	- - -	- - -	V
Collector-base breakdown voltage $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_E = 0$ , BC846... $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_E = 0$ , BC847..., BC850... $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $I_E = 0$ , BC848..., BC849...	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	80 50 30	- - -	- - -	
Emitter-base breakdown voltage $I_E = 0$ , $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	-	6	-	
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 45\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{CBO}$	- -	0.015 5	- -	$\mu\text{A}$
DC current gain <sup>1)</sup> $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.A $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.B $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.C $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.A $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.B $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $h_{FE}$ -grp.C	$h_{FE}$	- - - 110 200 420	140 250 480 180 290 520	- - - 220 450 800	-
Collector-emitter saturation voltage <sup>1)</sup> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 5\text{ mA}$	$V_{CEsat}$	- -	90 200	250 600	mV
Base emitter saturation voltage <sup>1)</sup> $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 5\text{ mA}$	$V_{BEsat}$	- -	700 900	- -	
Base-emitter voltage <sup>1)</sup> $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	$V_{BE(ON)}$	580 -	660 -	700 770	

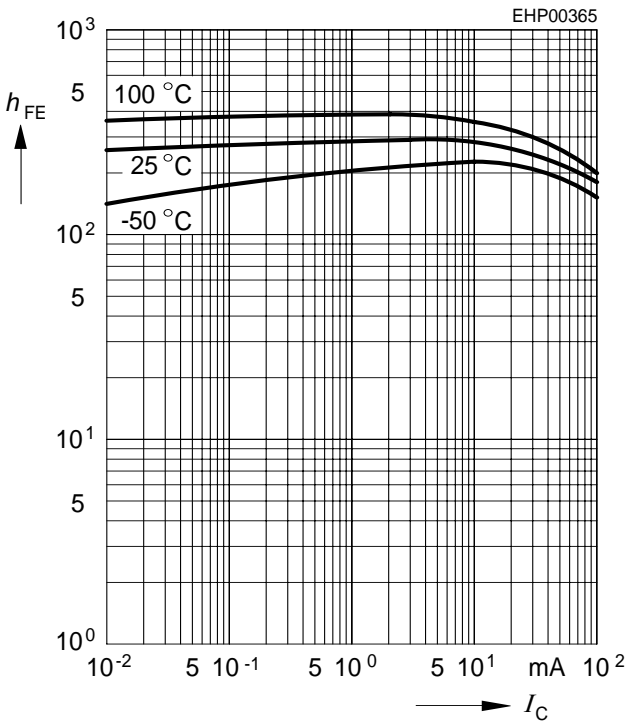
<sup>1)</sup>Pulse test:  $t < 300\mu\text{s}$ ;  $D < 2\%$

**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>AC Characteristics</b>					
Transition frequency $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	$f_T$	-	250	-	MHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{cb}$	-	0.95	-	pF
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$C_{eb}$	-	9	-	
Short-circuit input impedance $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.A}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.B}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.C}$	$h_{11e}$	-	2.7 4.5 8.7	-	k $\Omega$
Open-circuit reverse voltage transf. ratio $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.A}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.B}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.C}$	$h_{12e}$	-	1.5 2 3	-	
Short-circuit forward current transf. ratio $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.A}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.B}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.C}$	$h_{21e}$	-	200 330 600	-	
Open-circuit output admittance $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.A}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.B}$ $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $h_{FE}\text{-grp.C}$	$h_{22e}$	-	18 30 60	-	$\mu\text{S}$
Noise figure $I_C = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $\Delta f = 200\text{ Hz}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , BC849..., BC850...	$F$	-	1.2	4	dB
Equivalent noise voltage $I_C = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 10 \dots 50\text{ Hz}$ , BC850...	$V_n$	-	-	0.135	$\mu\text{V}$

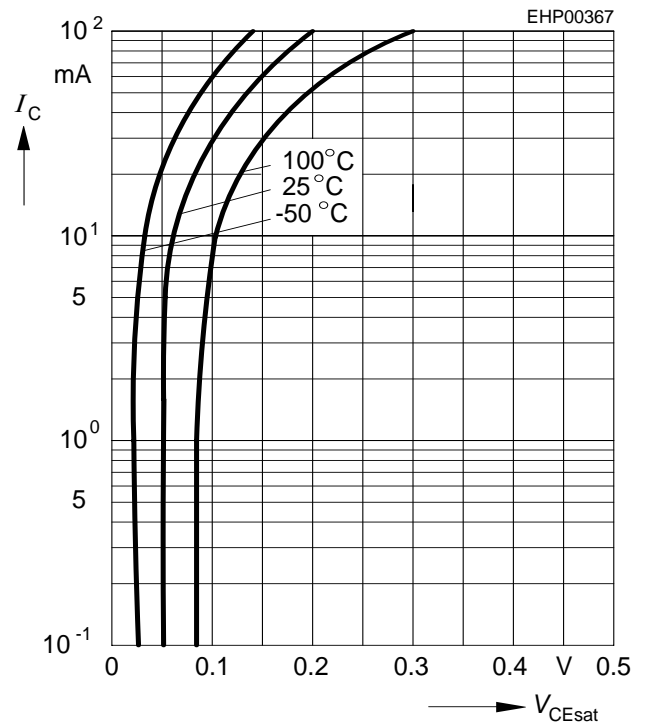
**DC current gain  $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$



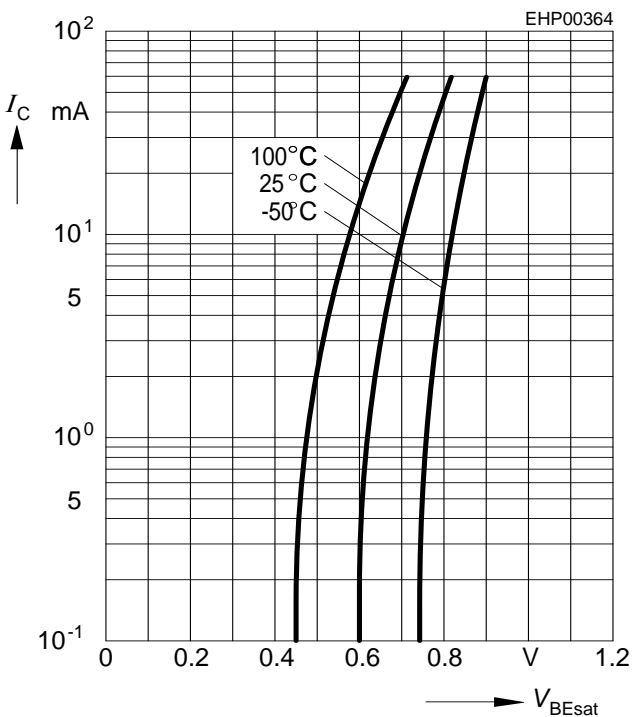
**Collector-emitter saturation voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{CEsat}), h_{FE} = 20$



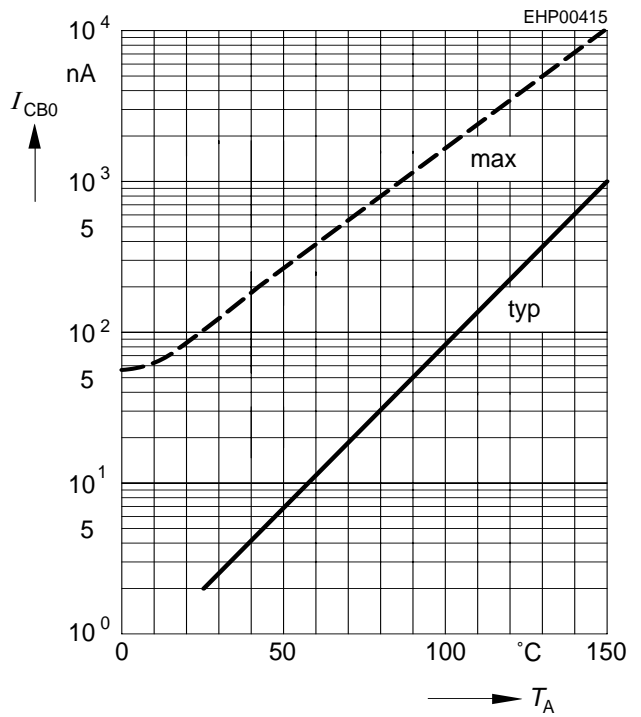
**Base-emitter saturation voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{BEsat}), h_{FE} = 20$



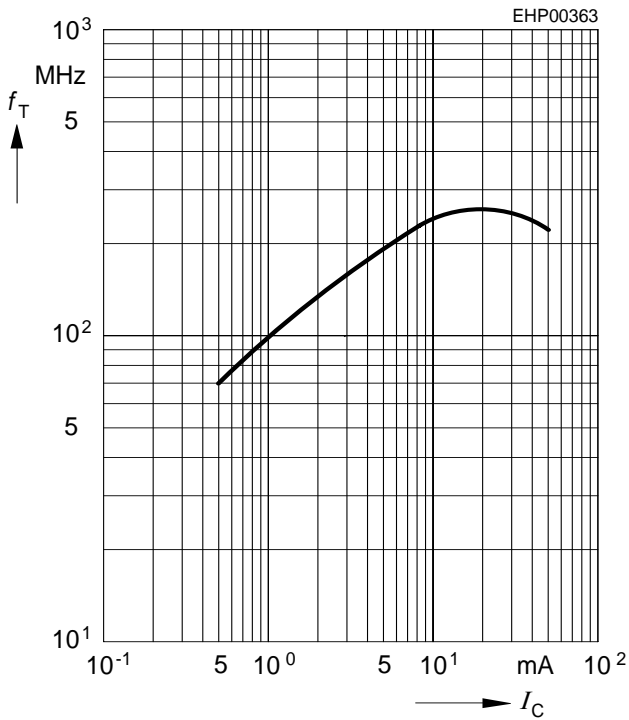
**Collector cutoff current  $I_{CBO} = f(T_A)$**

$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$



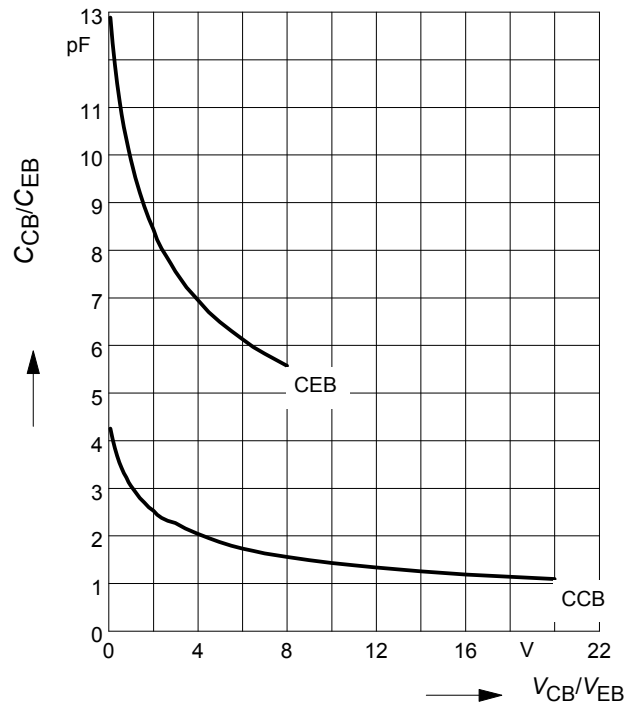
Transition frequency  $f_T = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$



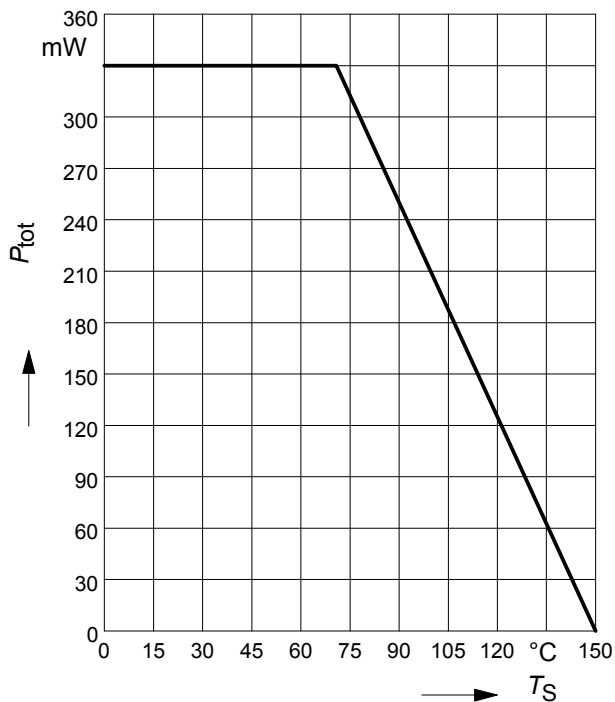
Collector-base capacitance  $C_{cb} = f(V_{CB})$

Emitter-base capacitance  $C_{eb} = f(V_{EB})$



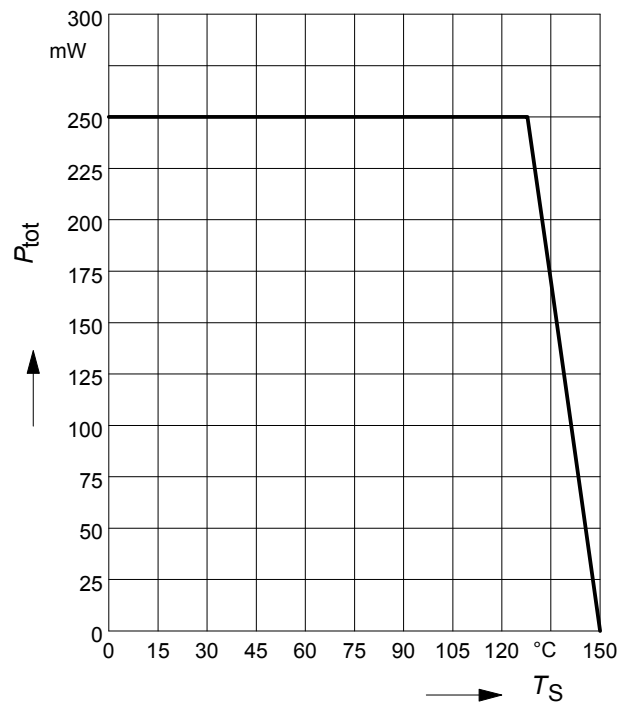
Total power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

BC846-BC850



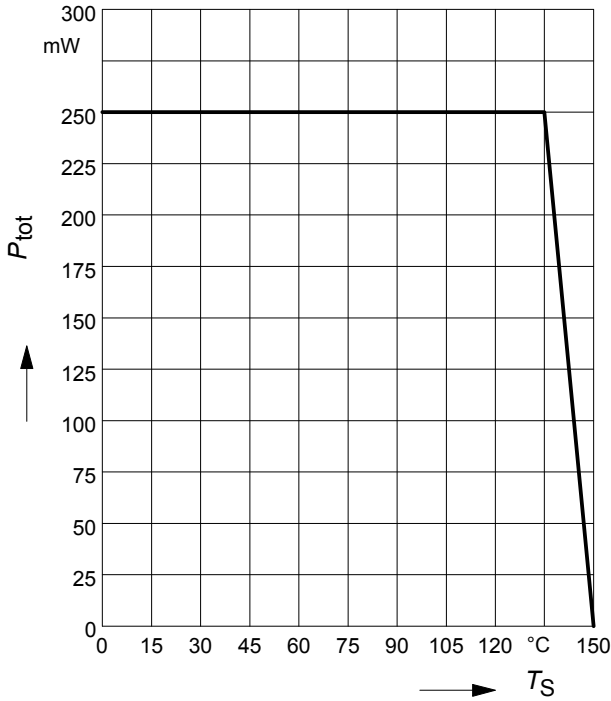
Total power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

BC847BF



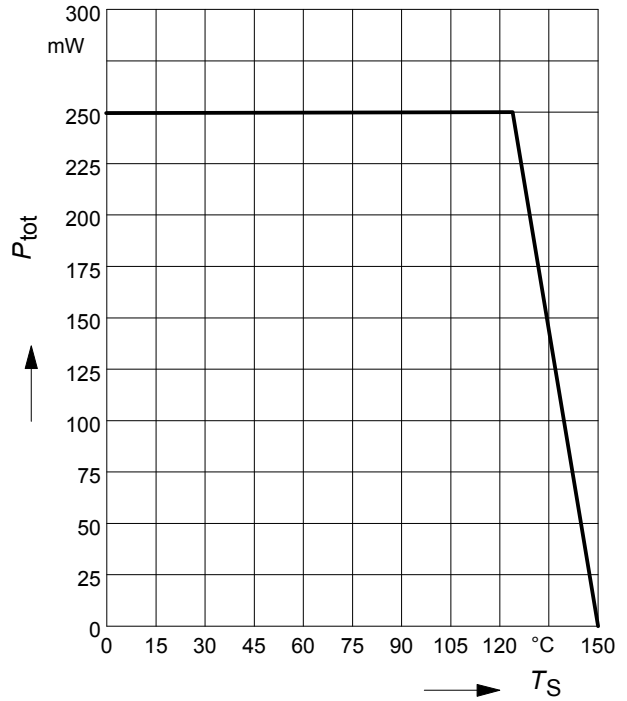
**Total power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$**

BC847BL3/BC848BL3



**Total power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$**

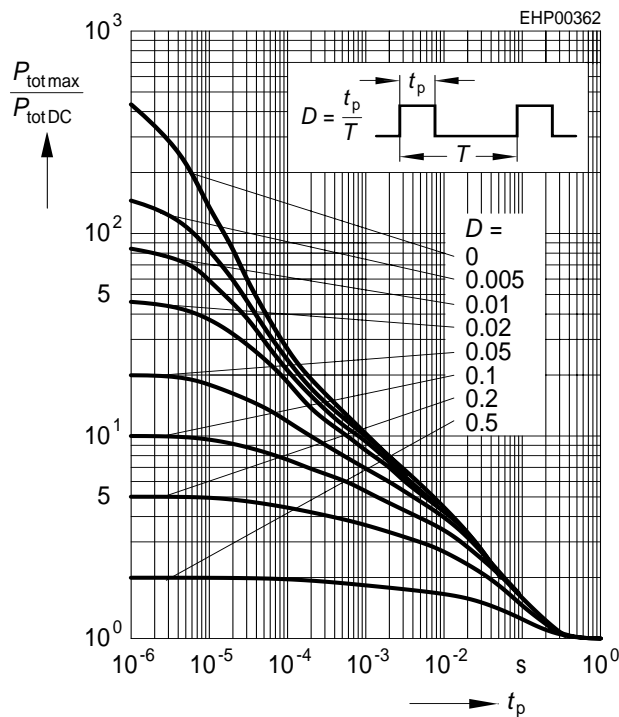
BC846W-BC850W



**Permissible Pulse Load**

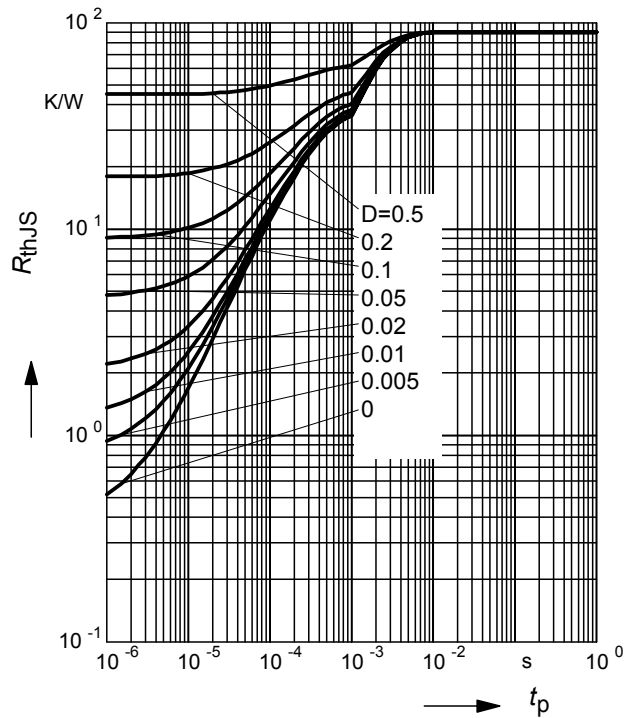
$P_{totmax}/P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$

BC846/W-BC850/W



**Permissible Puls Load  $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$**

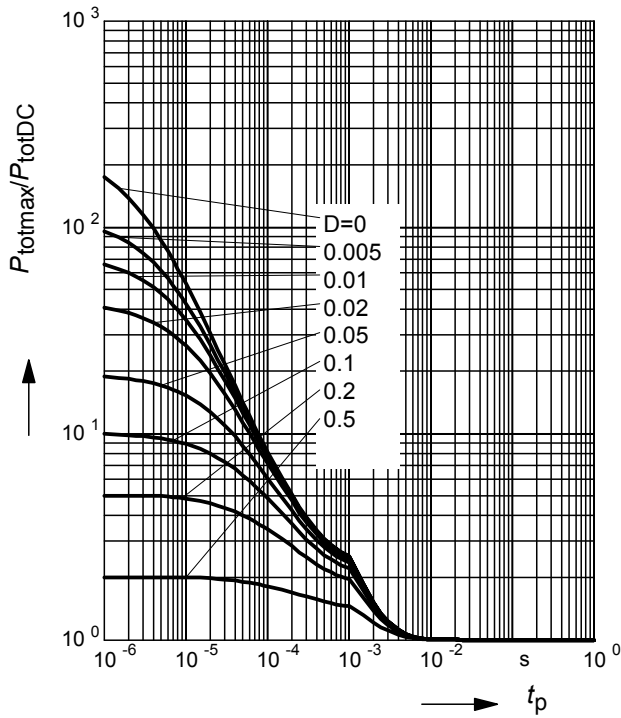
BC847BF



**Permissible Pulse Load**

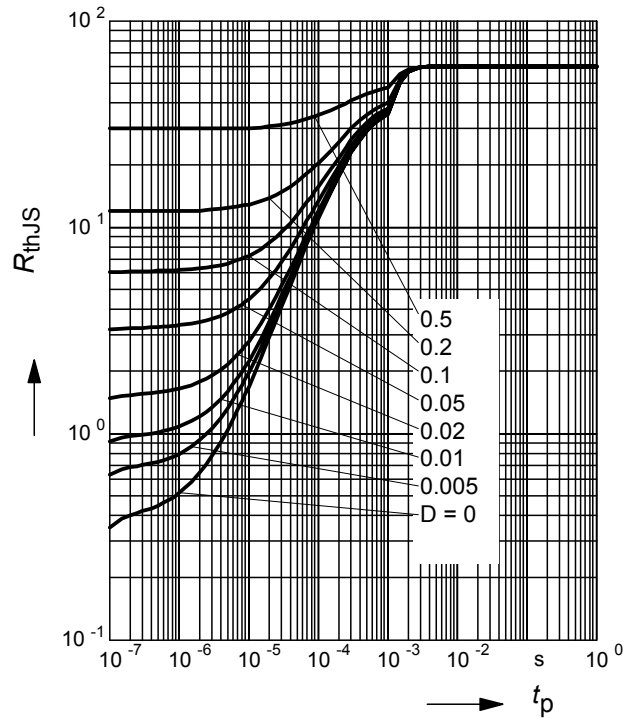
$$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$$

BC847BF



**Permissible Puls Load  $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$**

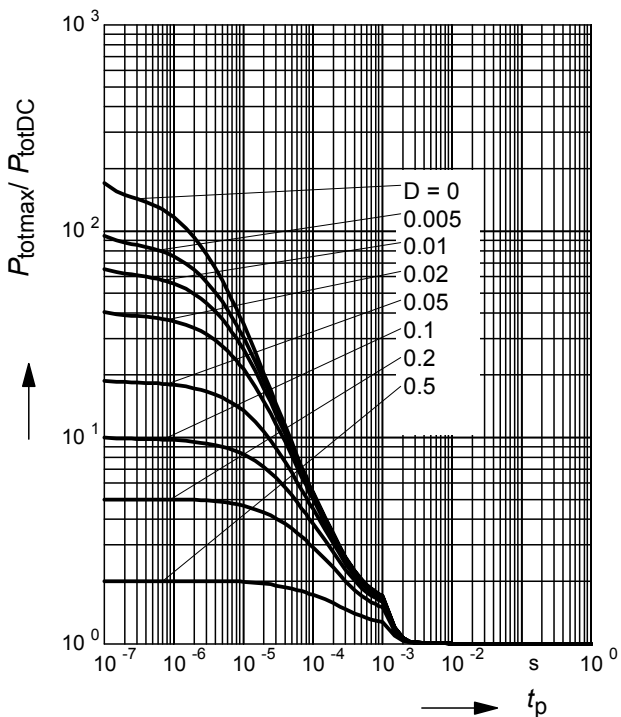
BC847BL3, BC848BL3



**Permissible Pulse Load**

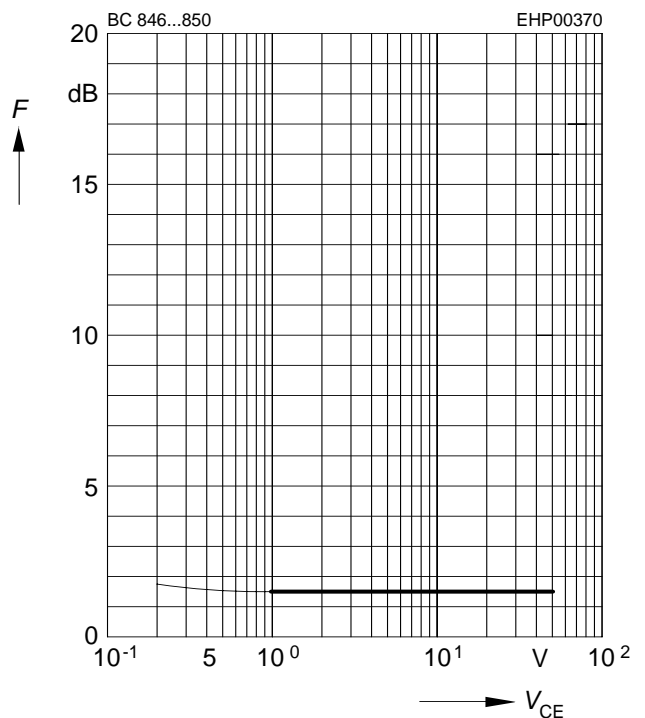
$$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$$

BC847BL3, BC848BL3



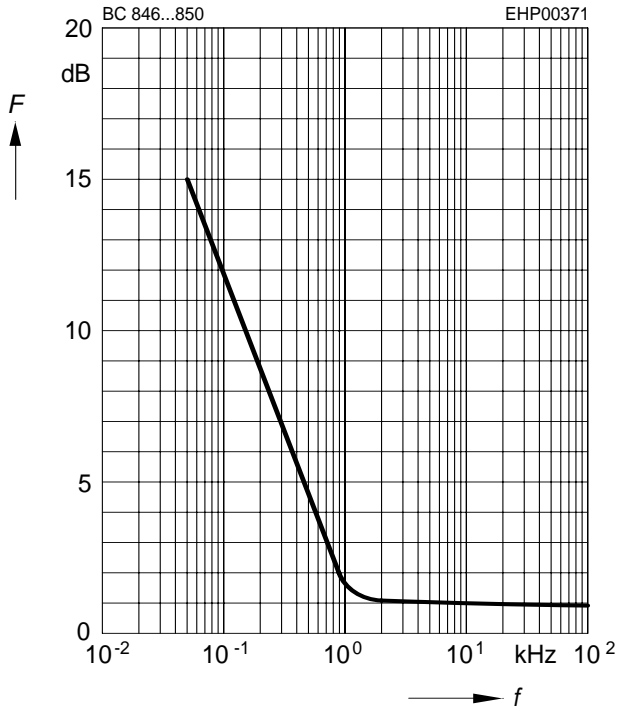
**Noise figure  $F = f(V_{\text{CE}})$**

$I_C = 0.2\text{mA}$ ,  $R_S = 2\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $f = 1\text{kHz}$



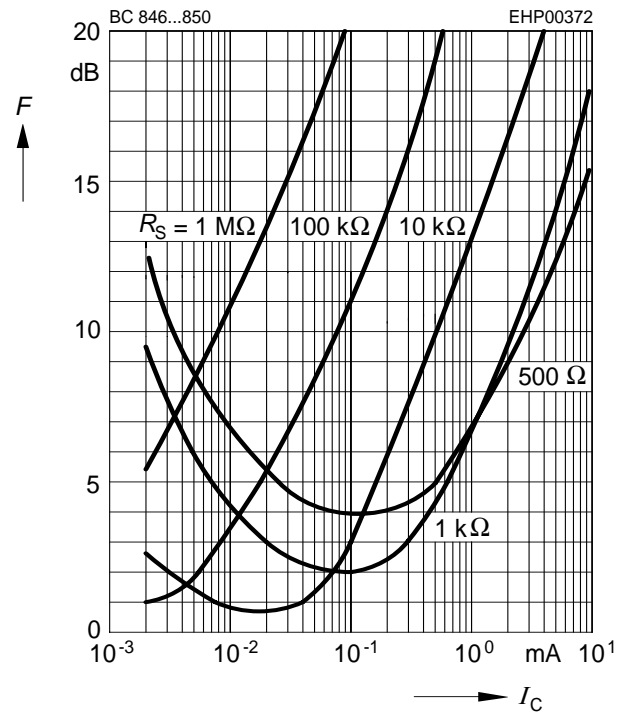
**Noise figure  $F = f(f)$**

$I_C = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $R_S = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$



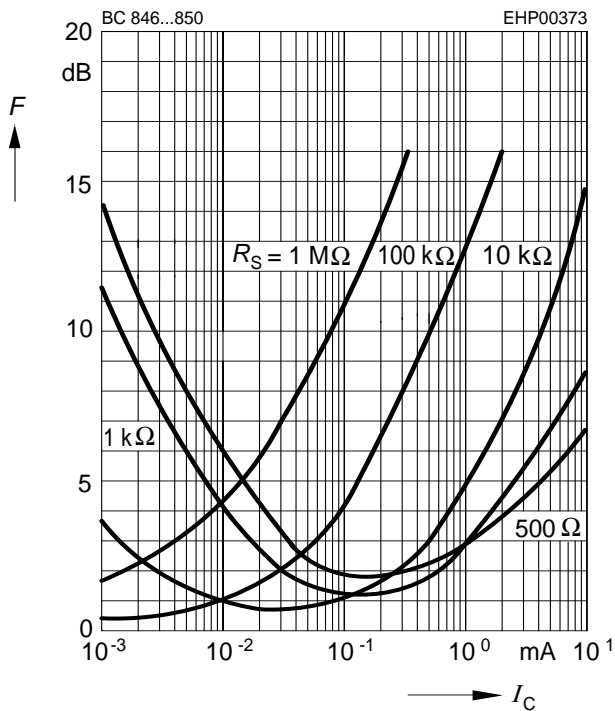
**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 120\text{Hz}$



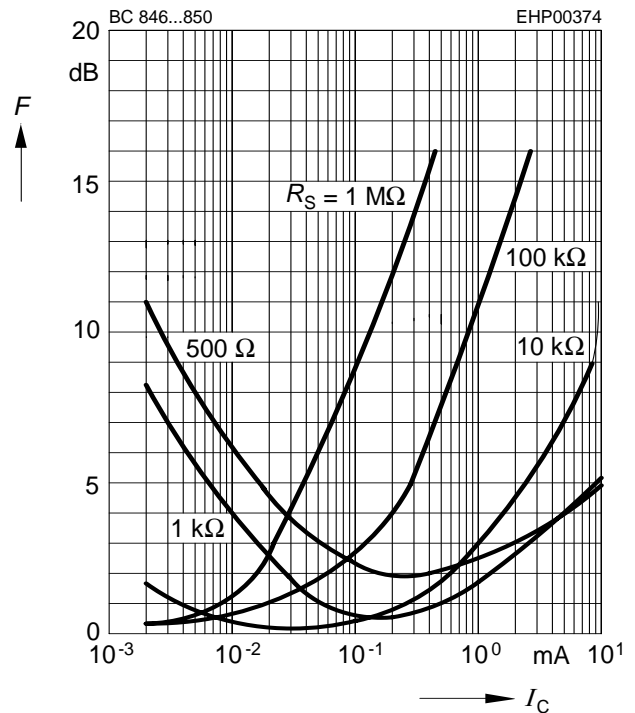
**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{kHz}$

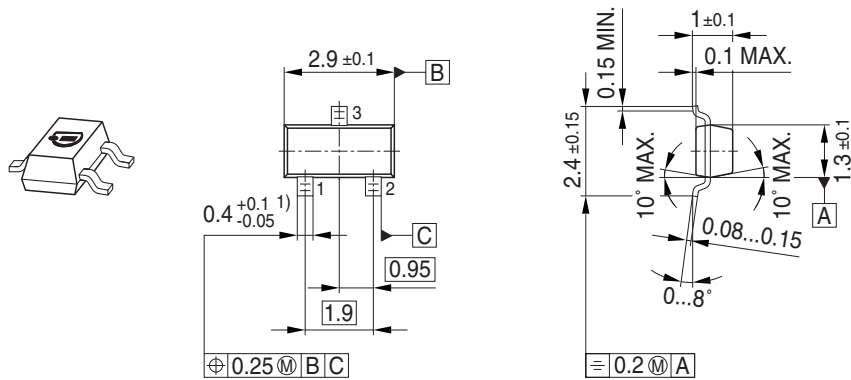


**Noise figure  $F = f(I_C)$**

$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ ,  $f = 10\text{kHz}$

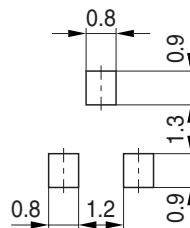


Package Outline

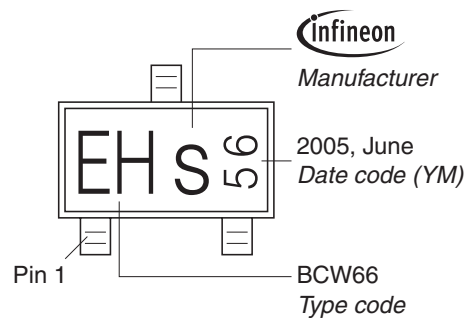


1) Lead width can be 0.6 max. in dambar area

Foot Print

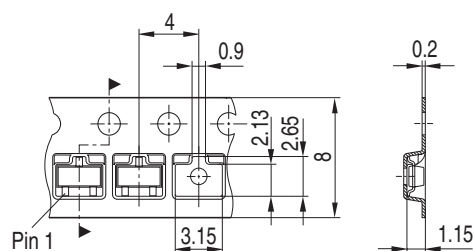


Marking Layout (Example)

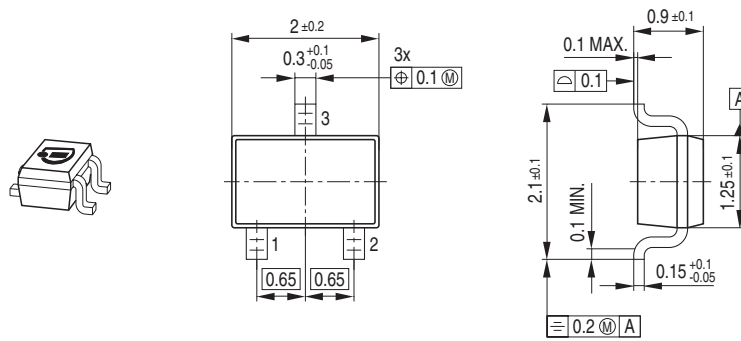


Standard Packing

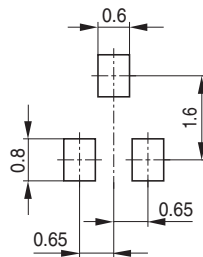
Reel  $\varnothing$ 180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel  
 Reel  $\varnothing$ 330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



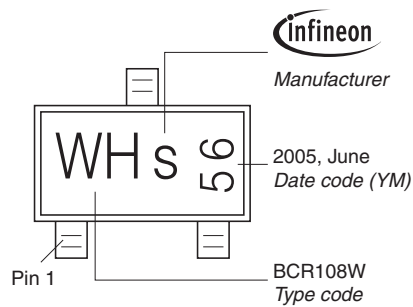
Package Outline



Foot Print

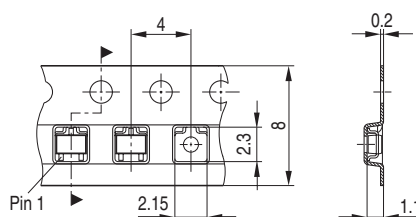


Marking Layout (Example)

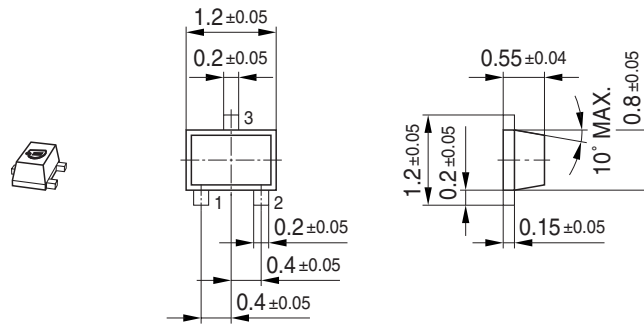


Standard Packing

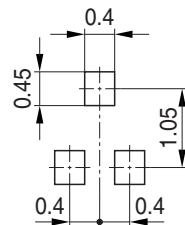
Reel ø180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel  
 Reel ø330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



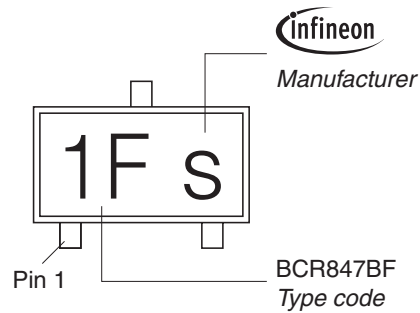
Package Outline



Foot Print

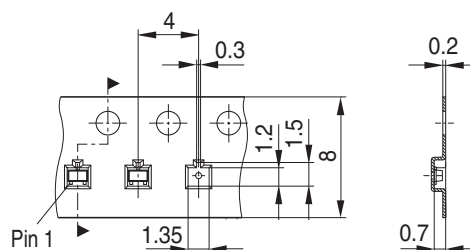


Marking Layout (Example)

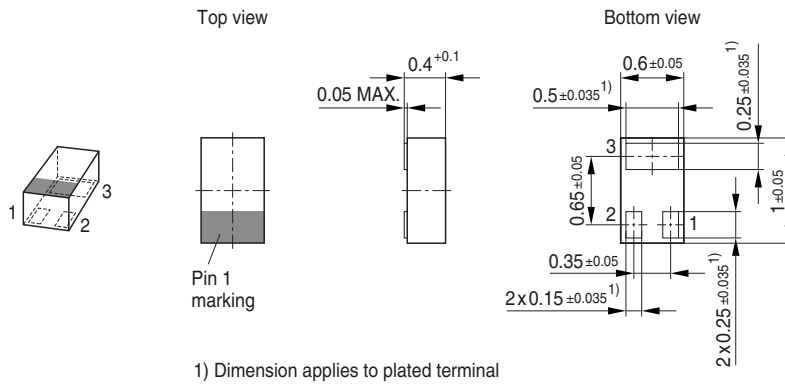


Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel  
 Reel ø330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel

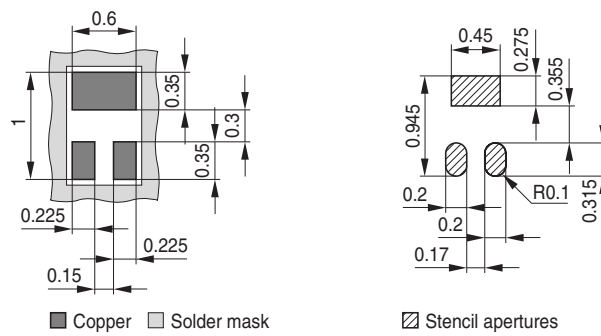


### Package Outline

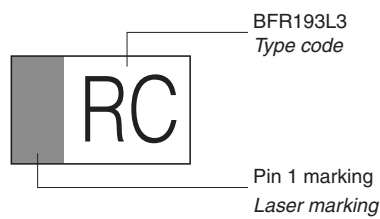


### Foot Print

For board assembly information please refer to Infineon website "Packages"

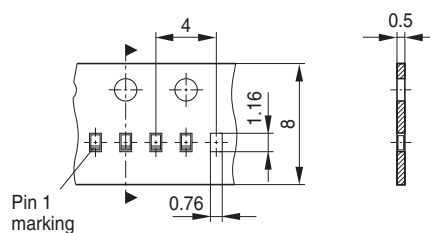


### Marking Layout (Example)



### Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 15.000 Pieces/Reel



**Edition 2009-11-16**

**Published by  
Infineon Technologies AG  
81726 Munich, Germany**

**© 2009 Infineon Technologies AG  
All Rights Reserved.**

### **Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

### **Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ( [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com) ).



### **Warnings**

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

-  [View BC848BE6433HTMA1 on WIN SOURCE](#)
-  [Infineon Technologies Information](#)

## Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management