



**THE DATASHEET OF  
PL680-39QC**



**FEATURES**

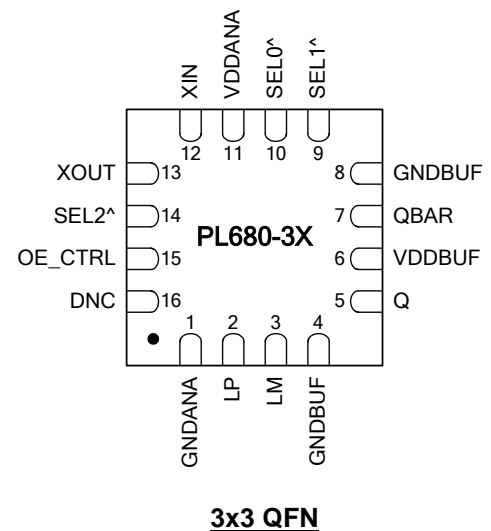
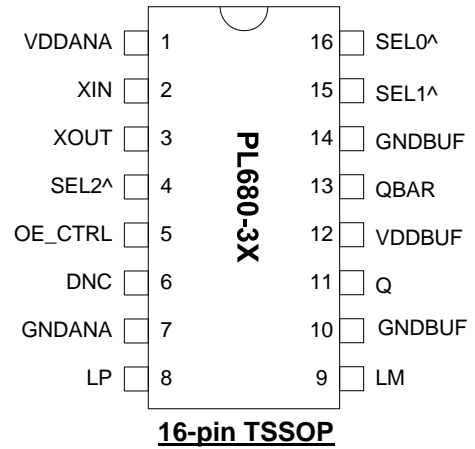
- Less than 0.4ps RMS (12kHz - 20MHz) phase jitter for all frequencies.
- Less than 25ps peak to peak period jitter for all frequencies.
- Low phase noise output (@ 1MHz offset)
  - -144dBc/Hz for 106.25MHz
  - -144dBc/Hz for 156.25MHz
  - -144dBc/Hz for 212.5MHz
  - -140dBc/Hz for 312.5MHz,
  - -131dBc/Hz for 622.08MHz
- Fundamental Crystal Input Frequency:
  - 19MHz to 40MHz (3.3V)
  - 19MHz to 28.125MHz (2.5V)
- Output Frequency:
  - 38MHz to 640MHz (3.3V)
  - 38MHz to 450MHz (2.5V)
- Available in LVPECL, LVDS, or LVCMOS outputs.
- Output Enable selector.
- 2.5V ~ 3.3V operation.
- Available in 3x3 QFN or 16-pin TSSOP packages.

**DESCRIPTION**

The PL680-3X is a monolithic low jitter and low phase noise high performance clock, capable of producing 0.4ps RMS phase jitter and LVCMOS, LVDS or LVPECL outputs, covering a wide frequency output range up to 640MHz. It allows high performance and high frequency output, using a low cost fundamental crystal of 19MHz to 40MHz.

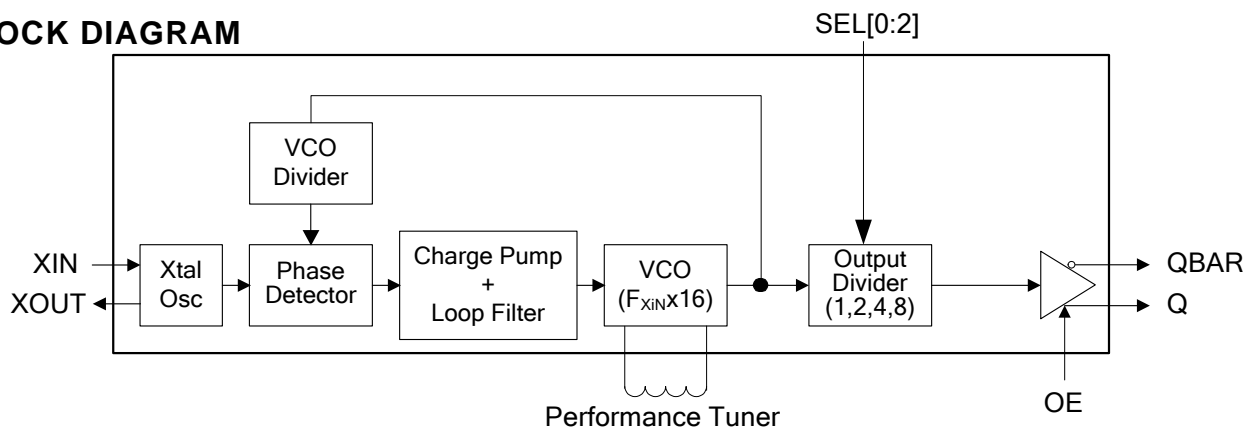
The frequency selector pads of PL680-3X enable output frequencies of (2, 4, 8, or 16) \* F<sub>XIN</sub>. The PL680-3X is designed to address the demanding requirements of high performance applications such as Fiber Channel, serial ATA, Ethernet, SAN, etc.

**PACKAGE PIN ASSIGNMENT**



Note1: QBAR is used for single ended CMOS output.  
Note2: ^ Denotes 60kΩ internal pull up resistor.

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### OUTPUT ENABLE LOGIC LEVELS

| Part #                         | OE          | State          |
|--------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| PL680-38 (LVPECL)              | 0 (Default) | Output enabled |
|                                | 1           | Tri-state      |
| PL680-37 & 39 (LVCMOS or LVDS) | 0           | Tri-state      |
|                                | 1 (Default) | Output enabled |

### PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Name    | TSSOP-16L<br>Pin number | QFN-16L<br>Pin number | Type | Description  |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------|--|
| VDDANA  | 1                       | 11                    | P    | VDD for analog Circuitry.  |
| XIN     | 2                       | 12                    | I    | Crystal input pin. (See Crystal Specifications on page 4).   |
| XOUT    | 3                       | 13                    | O    | Crystal output pin. (See Crystal Specifications on page 4).  |
| SEL2    | 4                       | 14                    | I    | Output frequency Selector pin.   |
| OE_CTRL | 5                       | 15                    | I    | Output enable control pin. (See OUTPUT ENABLE LOGIC LEVELS above).   |
| DNC     | 6                       | 16                    | -    | Do Not Connect   |
| GNDANA  | 7                       | 1                     | P    | Ground for analog circuitry.   |
| LP      | 8                       | 2                     | -    | Tuning inductor connection. The inductor is recommended to be a high Q small size 0402 or 0603 SMD component, and must be placed between LP and adjacent LM pin. Place inductor as close to the IC as possible to minimize parasitic effects and to maintain inductor Q. |
| LM      | 9                       | 3                     | -    |  |
| GNDBUF  | 10                      | 4                     | P    | GND connection for output buffer circuitry.  |
| Q       | 11                      | 5                     | O    | LVPECL or LVDS output.   |
| VDDBUF  | 12                      | 6                     | P    | VDD connection for output buffer circuitry. VDDBUF should be separately decoupled from other VDDs whenever possible.   |
| QBAR    | 13                      | 7                     | O    | Complementary LVPECL, LVDS output; Or single ended LVCMOS output.  |
| GNDBUF  | 14                      | 8                     | P    | GND connection for output buffer circuitry.  |
| SEL1    | 15                      | 9                     | I    | Output frequency Selector pin.   |
| SEL0    | 16                      | 10                    | I    | Output frequency Selector pin.   |

**FREQUENCY SELECTION TABLE**

| SEL2 | SEL1 | SEL0 | Selected Multiplier/Output Frequency |
|------|------|------|--------------------------------------|
| 0    | 0    | 0    | VCO Max*                             |
| 0    | 0    | 1    | VCO Min*                             |
| 0    | 1    | 0    | Reserved                             |
| 0    | 1    | 1    | Reserved                             |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | Fin x 2                              |
| 1    | 0    | 1    | Fin x 8                              |
| 1    | 1    | 0    | Fin x 16                             |
| 1    | 1    | 1    | Fin x 4                              |

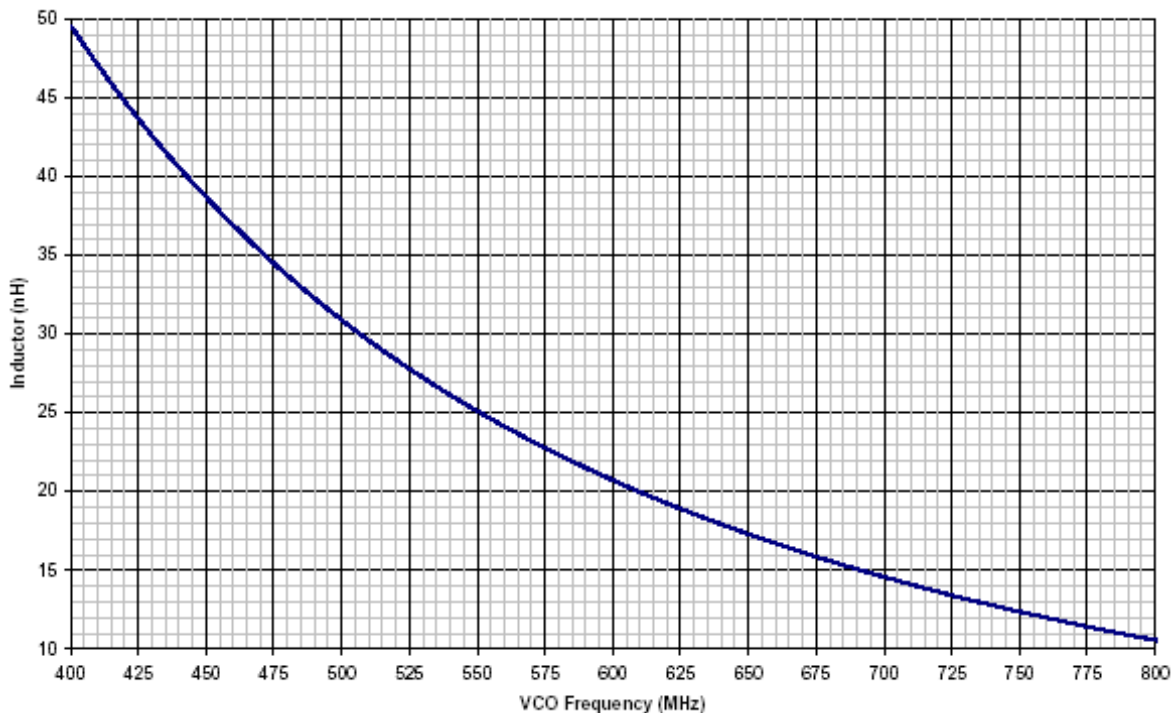
All SEL pads have a 60kΩ internal pull-up resistor (default value is '1'). Bond to GND to set to 0.

\* Special Test Modes to help selecting the inductor value for the target output frequency.

**PERFORMANCE TUNING & INDUCTOR VALUE SELECTION**

Please refer to PhaseLink’s ‘PhasorV Tuning Assistance’ software to automatically calculate the optimum inductor values. In addition, the chart below could be used as a reference for quick inductor value selection.

Use the special test modes “VCO Max” and “VCO Min” to determine the optimum inductor value. “VCO Max” represents the high end of the VCO range and “VCO Min” represents the low end of the VCO range. The output frequency in the “VCO Max” and “VCO Min” test modes is VCO/16. This means that the output frequencies are around the crystal frequency that will be used. The optimum inductor value is where the target crystal frequency is closest to the middle between the “VCO Max” and “VCO Min” output frequencies. In this case the VCO will lock in the middle of its tuning range with maximum margin on either side.



### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| PARAMETERS                        | SYMBOL   | MIN. | MAX.         | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------|--------------|-------|
| Supply Voltage                    | $V_{DD}$ |      | 4.6          | V     |
| Input Voltage, dc                 | $V_I$    | -0.5 | $V_{DD}+0.5$ | V     |
| Output Voltage, dc                | $V_O$    | -0.5 | $V_{DD}+0.5$ | V     |
| Storage Temperature               | $T_S$    | -65  | 150          | °C    |
| Ambient Operating Temperature*    | $T_A$    | -40  | 85           | °C    |
| Junction Temperature              | $T_J$    |      | 125          | °C    |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) |          |      | 260          | °C    |

Exposure of the device under conditions beyond the limits specified by Maximum Ratings for extended periods may cause permanent damage to the device and affect product reliability. These conditions represent a stress rating only, and functional operations of the device at these or any other conditions above the operational limits noted in this specification is not implied.\* Operating Temperature is guaranteed by design for all parts (COMMERCIAL and INDUSTRIAL), but tested for COMMERCIAL grade only.

#### 2. Crystal Specifications

| PARAMETERS                  | SYMBOL       | CONDITIONS                      | MIN. | TYP. | MAX.   | UNITS    |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------|------|--------|----------|
| Crystal Resonator Frequency | $F_{XIN}$    | Parallel Fundamental Mode, 3.3V | 19   |      | 40     | MHz      |
|                             |              | Parallel Fundamental Mode, 2.5V | 19   |      | 28.125 |          |
| Crystal Loading Rating      | $C_L (xtal)$ |                                 |      | 18   |        | pF       |
| Crystal Shunt Capacitance   | $C_0 (xtal)$ |                                 |      |      | 5      | pF       |
| Recommended ESR             | $R_E$        | AT cut                          |      |      | 30     | $\Omega$ |

**Note:** Crystal Loading rating: 18 pF is the loading the crystal sees from the XO chip. It is assumed that the crystal will be at nominal frequency at this load. If the crystal requires less load to be at nominal frequency, then a capacitor can be placed in series with the crystal. If the crystal requires more load to be at nominal frequency, capacitors can be placed from XIN and XOUT to ground. This however may reduce the oscillator gain.

#### 3. General Electrical Specifications

| PARAMETERS                               | SYMBOL    | CONDITIONS  | MIN.                        | TYP.     | MAX.     | UNITS |
|--|-----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Supply Current, Dynamic (Loaded Outputs) | $I_{DD}$  | LVPECL/LVDS   | 38MHz < $F_{OUT}$ < 100MHz  |          | 65/45/30 | mA    |
|  |           | /LVCMOS   |                             |          |          |       |
|  |           | LVPECL/LVDS   | 320MHz < $F_{OUT}$ < 640MHz |          | 90/70    |       |
| Operating Voltage                        | $V_{DD}$  |   | 2.25**                      |          | 3.63     | V     |
| Output Clock Duty Cycle                  |           | @ 50% $V_{DD}$ (LVCMOS)<br>@ 1.25V (LVDS)<br>@ $V_{DD} - 1.3V$ (LVPECL) | 45                          | 50       | 55       | %     |
| Short Circuit Current                    |           |   |                             | $\pm 50$ |          | mA    |
| Stabilization Time *                     | $T_{STB}$ | From power valid  |                             |          | 10       | ms    |

**Note:** CMOS operation is not advised above 200MHz with 15pF load; and 320MHz with 10pF load. Parameters denoted with an asterisk (\*) represent nominal characterization data and are not production tested to any specific limits. The 2.5V operating supply voltage, denoted by (\*\*), is limited to a maximum VCO frequency of 450 MHz.

### 4. Jitter Specifications

| PARAMETERS                 | CONDITIONS  | FREQUENCY | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS |
|----------------------------|---|-----------|------|------|------|-------|
| Integrated jitter RMS      | Integrated 12kHz to 20MHz   | 106.25MHz |      | 0.4  | 0.5  | ps    |
|                            |   | 156.25MHz |      | 0.4  | 0.5  |       |
|                            |   | 212.5MHz  |      | 0.4  | 0.5  |       |
|                            |   | 312.5MHz  |      | 0.4  | 0.5  |       |
|                            |   | 622.08MHz |      | 0.4  | 0.5  |       |
| Period jitter RMS          | With capacitive decoupling between VDD and GND. Over 10,000 cycles. | 106.25MHz |      | 3    | 5    | ps    |
|                            |   | 156.25MHz |      | 3    | 5    |       |
|                            |   | 212.5MHz  |      | 3    | 5    |       |
|                            |   | 312.5MHz  |      | 3    | 5    |       |
|                            |   | 622.08MHz |      | 6    | 8    |       |
| Period jitter Peak-to-Peak | With capacitive decoupling between VDD and GND. Over 10,000 cycles. | 106.25MHz |      | 20   | 30   | ps    |
|                            |   | 156.25MHz |      | 20   | 30   |       |
|                            |   | 212.5MHz  |      | 20   | 30   |       |
|                            |   | 312.5MHz  |      | 20   | 30   |       |
|                            |   | 622.08MHz |      | 40   | 50   |       |

### 5. Phase Noise Specifications

| PARAMETERS                                | FREQ.     | @10Hz | @100Hz | @1kHz | @10kHz | @100kHz | @1M  | @10M | UNITS  |
|---|-----------|-------|--------|-------|--------|---------|------|------|--------|
| Phase Noise relative to carrier (typical) | 106.25MHz | -66   | -96    | -122  | -132   | -126    | -144 | -150 | dBc/Hz |
|   | 156.25MHz | -62   | -92    | -120  | -132   | -128    | -140 | -150 |        |
|   | 212.5MHz  | -62   | -92    | -118  | -126   | -120    | -140 | -150 |        |
|   | 312.5MHz  | -59   | -85    | -117  | -128   | -125    | -139 | -148 |        |
|   | 622.08MHz | -49   | -84    | -111  | -120   | -118    | -128 | -138 |        |

### 6. LVCMOS Electrical Characteristics

| PARAMETERS                  | SYMBOL                         | CONDITIONS   | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------|------|------|-------|
| Output Drive Current        | I <sub>OH</sub>                | V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> -0.4V, V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V | 30   |      |      | mA    |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub>                | V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V                 | 30   |      |      | mA    |
| Output Clock Rise/Fall Time | T <sub>R</sub> /T <sub>F</sub> | 0.3V ~ 3.0V with 15 pF load                                    |      | 0.7  |      | ns    |
|                             |                                | 20%-80% with 50Ω Load  |      | 0.3  |      | ns    |

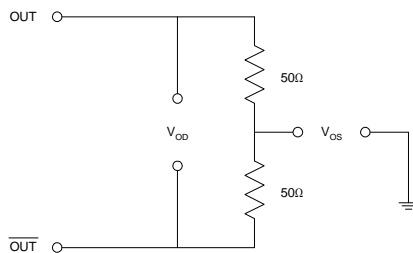
**7. LVDS Electrical Characteristics**

| PARAMETERS                   | SYMBOL          | CONDITIONS                                 | MIN.  | TYP.    | MAX.     | UNITS   |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--|-------|---------|----------|---------|
| Output Differential Voltage  | $V_{OD}$        | $R_L = 100\Omega$<br>(see figure)          | 247   | 355     | 454      | mV      |
| $V_{DD}$ Magnitude Change    | $\Delta V_{OD}$ |  | -50   |         | 50       | mV      |
| Output High Voltage          | $V_{OH}$        |  |       | 1.4     | 1.6      | V       |
| Output Low Voltage           | $V_{OL}$        |  | 0.9   | 1.1     |          | V       |
| Offset Voltage               | $V_{OS}$        |  | 1.125 | 1.2     | 1.375    | V       |
| Offset Magnitude Change      | $\Delta V_{OS}$ |  | 0     | 3       | 25       | mV      |
| Power-off Leakage            | $I_{OXD}$       | $V_{out} = V_{DD}$ or GND<br>$V_{DD} = 0V$ |       | $\pm 1$ | $\pm 10$ | $\mu A$ |
| Output Short Circuit Current | $I_{OSD}$       |  |       | -5.7    | -8       | mA      |

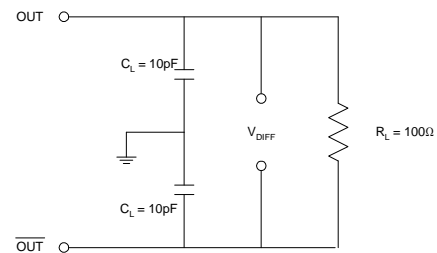
**8. LVDS Switching Characteristics**

| PARAMETERS                   | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS |
|------------------------------|--------|---|------|------|------|-------|
| Differential Clock Rise Time | $t_r$  | $R_L = 100\Omega$<br>$C_L = 10\text{ pF}$<br>(see figure) | 0.2  | 0.7  | 1.0  | ns    |
| Differential Clock Fall Time | $t_f$  |   | 0.2  | 0.7  | 1.0  | ns    |

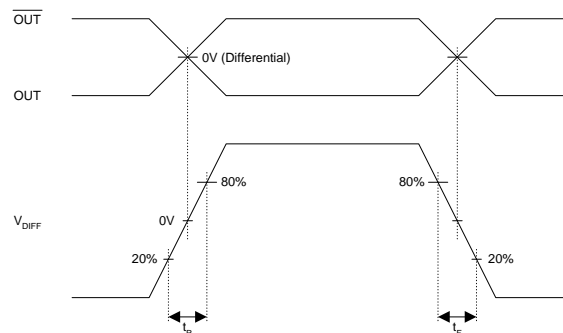
LVDS Levels Test Circuit



LVDS Switching Test Circuit



LVDS Transition Time Waveform



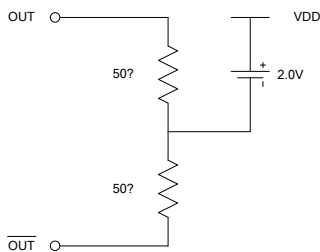
**9. PECL Electrical Characteristics**

| PARAMETERS          | SYMBOL   | CONDITIONS  | MIN.             | MAX.             | UNITS |
|---------------------|----------|---|------------------|------------------|-------|
| Output High Voltage | $V_{OH}$ | $R_L = 50\Omega$ to $(V_{DD} - 2V)$<br>(see figure) | $V_{DD} - 1.025$ |                  | V     |
| Output Low Voltage  | $V_{OL}$ |   |                  | $V_{DD} - 1.620$ | V     |

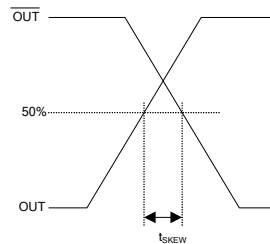
**10. PECL Switching Characteristics**

| PARAMETERS              | SYMBOL        | FREQ.              | CONDITIONS       | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Clock Rise & Fall Times | $t_r$ & $t_f$ | <150MHz            | @20/80% - LVPECL | 0.2  | 0.5  | 0.7  | ns    |
| Clock Rise & Fall Times |               | >150MHz<br><320MHz | @80/20% - LVPECL | 0.2  | 0.4  | 0.55 |       |
| Clock Rise & Fall Times |               | >320MHz            |                  | 0.2  | 0.3  | 0.45 |       |

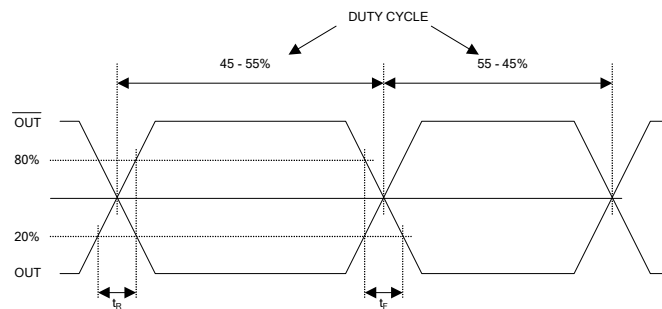
LVPECL Levels Test Circuit



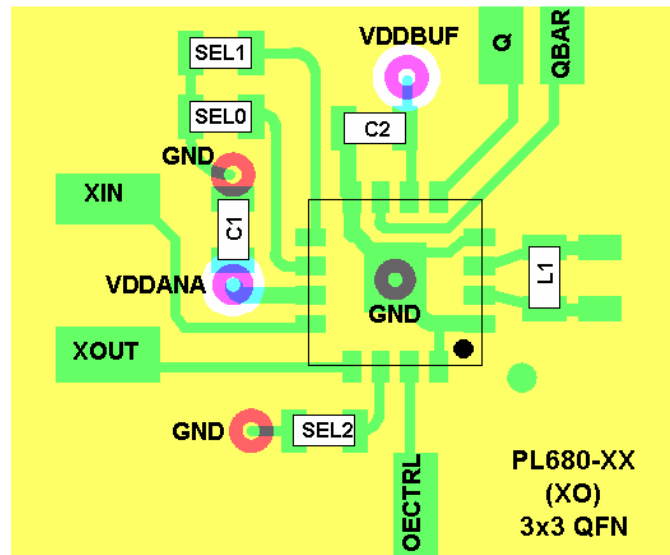
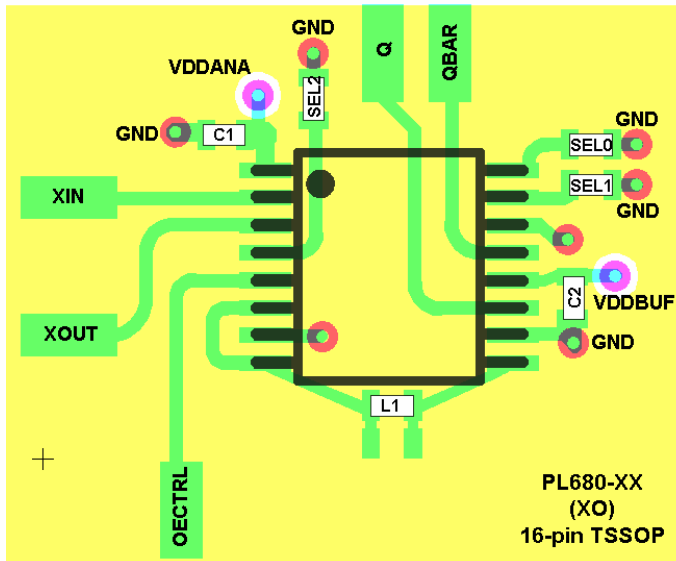
LVPECL Output Skew



LVPECL Transition Time Waveform



**LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS**



**PCB LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS FOR PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION**

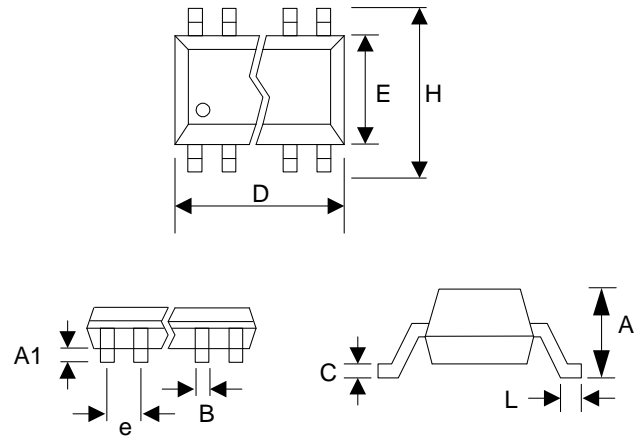
The following guidelines are to assist you with a performance optimized PCB design:

- Keep all the PCB traces to PL680 as short as possible, as well as keeping all other traces as far away from it as possible.
- Place the crystal as close as possible to both crystal pins of the device. This will reduce the cross-talk between the crystal and the other signals.
- Separate crystal pin traces from the other signals on the PCB, but allow ample distance between the two crystal pin traces.
- Place a 0.01 $\mu$ F~0.1 $\mu$ F decoupling capacitor between VDD and GND, on the component side of the PCB, close to the VDD pin. It is not recommended to place this component on the backside of the PCB. Going through vias will reduce the signal integrity, causing additional jitter and phase noise.
- It is highly recommended to keep the VDD and GND traces as short as possible.
- When connecting long traces (> 1 inch) to a CMOS output, it is important to design the traces as a transmission line or 'stripline', to avoid reflections or ringing. In this case, the CMOS output needs to be matched to the trace impedance. Usually 'striplines' are designed for 50 $\Omega$  impedance and CMOS outputs usually have lower than 50 $\Omega$  impedance so matching can be achieved by adding a resistor in series with the CMOS output pin to the 'stripline' trace.
- Please contact PhaseLink for the application note on how to design outputs driving long traces or the Gerber files for the PL680 layout.

**PACKAGE INFORMATION**

**16-PIN TSSOP**

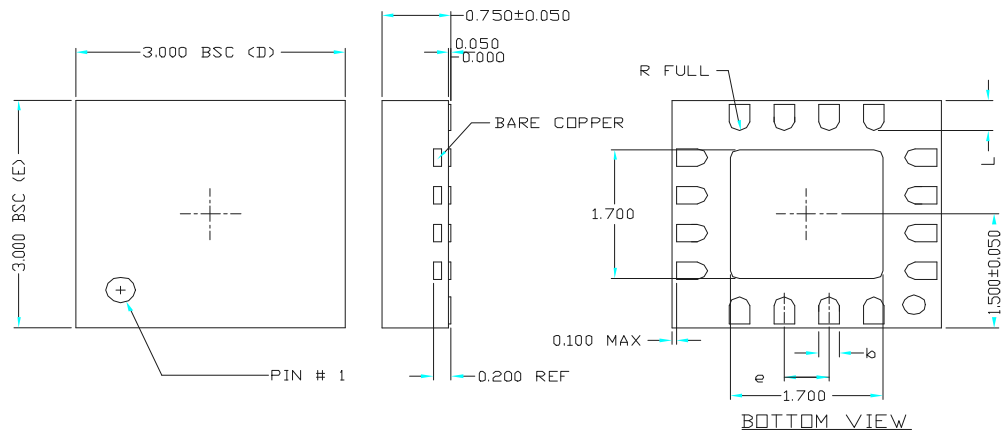
| 16 PIN TSSOP ( mm ) |          |      |
|---------------------|----------|------|
| Symbol              | Min.     | Max. |
| A                   | -        | 1.20 |
| A1                  | 0.05     | 0.15 |
| B                   | 0.19     | 0.30 |
| C                   | 0.09     | 0.20 |
| D                   | 4.90     | 5.10 |
| E                   | 4.30     | 4.50 |
| H                   | 6.40 BSC |      |
| L                   | 0.45     | 0.75 |
| e                   | 0.65 BSC |      |



**16-PIN 3x3 QFN**

VARIATIONS:

| SYMBOL | 16 LD    |      |      |
|--------|----------|------|------|
|        | MIN      | NDM  | MAX  |
| e      | 0.50 BSC |      |      |
| b      | 0.18     | 0.23 | 0.30 |
| L      | 0.30     | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| ND     | 4        |      |      |
| NE     | 4        |      |      |



**ORDERING INFORMATION**

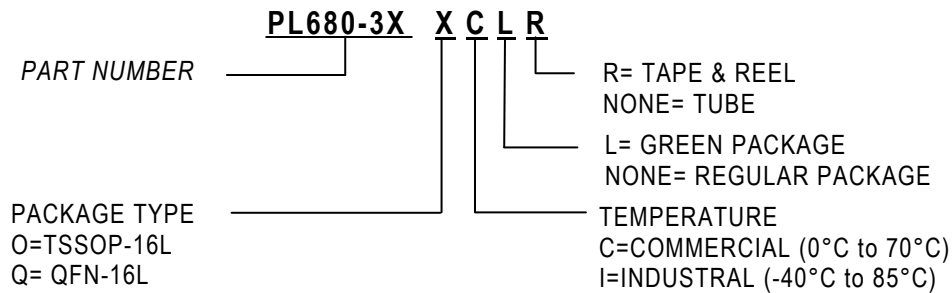
**For part ordering, please contact our Sales Department:**

47745 Fremont Blvd., Fremont, CA 94538, USA

Tel: (510) 492-0990 Fax: (510) 492-0991

**PART NUMBER**

The order number for this device is a combination of the following:  
Part number, Package type and Operating temperature range



| Part/Order Number | Marking    | Marking                             |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| PL680-37OC        | P680-37OC  | TSSOP - Tube                        |
| PL680-37OC-R      | P680-37OC  | TSSOP - Tape & Reel                 |
| PL680-37OCL       | P680-37OCL | TSSOP - Tube (GREEN Package)        |
| PL680-37OCL-R     | P680-37OCL | TSSOP - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package) |
| PL680-37QC-R      | P680-37QC  | QFN - Tape & Reel                   |
| PL680-37QCL-R     | P680-37QCL | QFN - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package)   |
| PL680-38OC        | P680-38OC  | TSSOP - Tube                        |
| PL680-38OC-R      | P680-38OC  | TSSOP - Tape & Reel                 |
| PL680-38OCL       | P680-38OCL | TSSOP - Tube (GREEN Package)        |
| PL680-38OCL-R     | P680-38OCL | TSSOP - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package) |
| PL680-38QC-R      | P680-38QC  | QFN - Tape & Reel                   |
| PL680-38QCL-R     | P680-38QCL | QFN - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package)   |
| PL680-39OC        | P680-39OC  | TSSOP - Tube                        |
| PL680-39OC-R      | P680-39OC  | TSSOP - Tape & Reel                 |
| PL680-39OCL       | P680-39OCL | TSSOP - Tube (GREEN Package)        |
| PL680-39OCL-R     | P680-39OCL | TSSOP - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package) |
| PL680-39QC-R      | P680-39QC  | QFN - Tape & Reel                   |
| PL680-39QCL-R     | P680-39QCL | QFN - Tape & Reel (GREEN Package)   |

PhaseLink Corporation, reserves the right to make changes in its products or specifications, or both at any time without notice. The information furnished by Phaselink is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, PhaseLink makes no guarantee or warranty concerning the accuracy of said information and shall not be responsible for any loss or damage of whatever nature resulting from the use of, or reliance upon this product.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY:** PhaseLink's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the President of PhaseLink Corporation.

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

- [View PL680-39QC on WIN SOURCE](#)
- [Microchip Technology Information](#)

## Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

- ✓ Global Sourcing Solution
- ✓ Obsolete Management
- ✓ Cost Control Management
- ✓ Shortage Management
- ✓ Alternative Solution
- ✓ Excess Inventory Management