

# THE DATASHEET OF DS1819CR-5+T&R



# DS1814/DS1819 5V and 3.3V MicroMonitor

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#### **FEATURES**

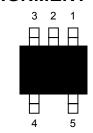
- Halts and restarts an out-of-control microprocessor
- Holds microprocessor in check during power transients
- Automatically restarts microprocessor after power failure
- Monitors pushbutton for external override
- Accurate 5%, 10%, or 20% (3V only) microprocessor power monitoring
- Eliminates the need for discrete components
- 20% tolerance for use with 3.0V systems
- Pin- and function-compatible with the MAX823/24/25 products
- Low cost SOT-23-5 package
- Industrial temperature range: -40°C to +85°C

DEVICE	RST	RST	PBRST	WD
DS181xA	X		X	X
DS181xB	X	X		X
DS181xC	X	X	X	

x = "DS1814" for 5V devices

x = "DS1819" for 3V devices

### **PIN ASSIGNMENT**



SOT-23-5 PACKAGE See Mech. Drawing

#### PIN DESCRIPTION

#### DS181xA

טט	10111	
1	RST	Active Low Reset Output
2	GND	Ground
3	PBRST	Pushbutton Reset Input
4	ST	Strobe Input
5	VCC	Power Supply
DS	181xB	
1	RST	Active Low Reset Output
2	GND	Ground
3	RST	Active High Reset Output
4	ST	Strobe Input
5	VCC	Power Supply

#### DS181xC

1	RST	Active Low Reset Output
2	GND	Ground
3	RST	Active High Reset Output
4	PBRST	Pushbutton Reset Input
5	VCC	Power Supply

# **DESCRIPTION**

The DS1814 5-Volt MicroMonitor and the DS1819 3.3V MicroMonitor monitor three vital conditions for a microprocessor: power supply, software execution, and external override. First, a precision temperature-compensated reference and comparator circuit monitor the status of  $V_{\rm CC}$ . When an out-of-tolerance condition occurs, an internal power-fail signal is generated which forces the reset(s) to an active state. When  $V_{\rm CC}$  returns to an in-tolerance condition, the reset signal is kept in the active state for a minimum of 140ms to allow the power supply and processor to stabilize.

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The DS1814/DS1819 'A' and 'C' perform pushbutton reset control. They debounce the pushbutton input and generate an active reset pulse width of 140ms minimum. The DS1814/9 'A' and 'B' versions perform a watchdog function. The watchdog is an internal timer that forces the reset signals to the active state if the strobe input does not change state every 1.12 seconds. The watchdog timer function can be disabled by leaving the watchdog strobe input disconnected.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **Power Monitor**

The DS1814 detects out-of-tolerance power supply conditions and warns a processor-based system of impending power failure. When  $V_{CC}$  falls below a preset level, a comparator outputs the signal  $\overline{RST}$  (or RST).  $\overline{RST}$  (or RST) are excellent control signals for a microprocessor, as processing is stopped at the last possible moment of valid  $V_{CC}$ . On power-up,  $\overline{RST}$  (or RST) are kept active for a minimum of 140ms to allow the power supply and processor to stabilize.

#### **Pushbutton Reset**

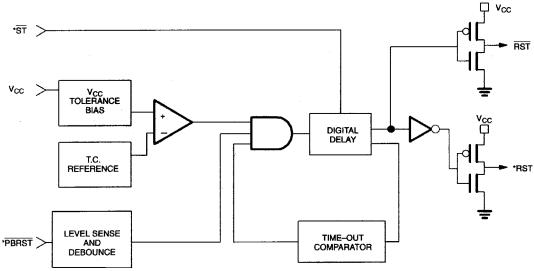
The DS1814 'A' and 'C' provide an input pin for direct connection to a pushbutton reset (see Figure 2). The pushbutton reset input requires an active low signal. Internally, this input is debounced and timed such that a RST (or RST) signal of at least 140ms minimum will be generated. The 140ms delay commences as the pushbutton reset input is released from the low level (see Figure 3).

# **Watchdog Timer**

The DS1814/DS1819 'A' and 'B' versions watchdog timer function forces RST (and RST) signal(s) active when the ST input is not clocked within the 1.12 second watchdog time-out period. Time-out of the watchdog starts when RST (and RST) become(s) inactive. If a transition occurs on the ST input pin prior to time-out, the watchdog timer is reset and begins to time out again. If the watchdog timer is allowed to time out, then the reset output(s) will go active for 140ms. The watchdog can be disabled by floating (or tri-stating) the ST input.

The ST input can be derived from many microprocessor outputs. The most typical signals used are the microprocessor data I/O signals and control signals. When the microprocessor functions normally, these signals would as a matter of routine cause the watchdog to be reset prior to time-out. To guarantee that the watchdog timer does not time out, a transition must occur at or less than 1.12 seconds. A typical circuit example is shown in Figure 4. The DS1814/19 watchdog function can be disabled at any time by tri-starting the strobe input. A sample circuit to disable the watchdog is shown in Figure 6.

# DS1814/DS1819 BLOCK DIAGRAM Figure 1



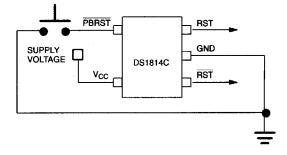
#### \*Notes:

ST available on'A' and 'B' versions

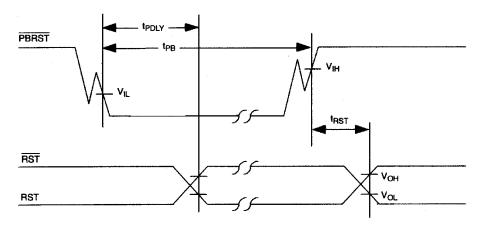
PBRST available on 'A' and 'C' versions

RST available on 'B' and 'C' versions

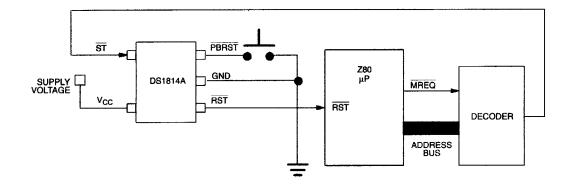
# **PUSHBUTTON RESET** Figure 2



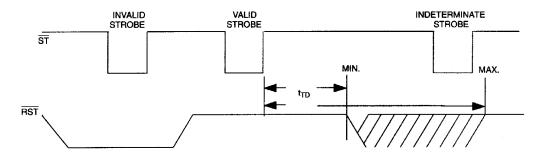
# TIMING DIAGRAM: PUSHBUTTON RESET Figure 3



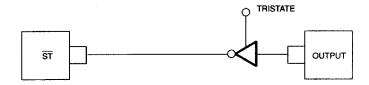
# **WATCHDOG TIMER** Figure 4



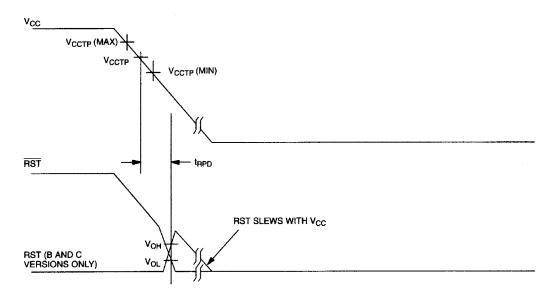
# **TIMING DIAGRAM: STROBE INPUT** Figure 5



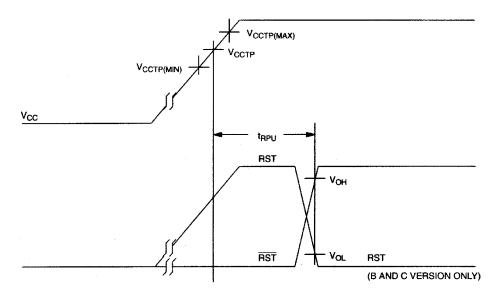
# WATCHDOG DISABLE CIRCUIT Figure 6



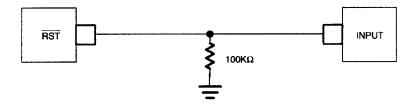
# **TIMING DIAGRAM: POWER-DOWN** Figure 7



# **TIMING DIAGRAM: POWER-UP** Figure 8



# RST VALID TO 0 VOLTS V<sub>cc</sub> Figure 9



#### **OUTPUT VALID CONDITIONS**

The  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  output uses a push-pull output which can maintain a valid output down to 1.0V  $V_{CC}$ . To sink current below 1.0V a resistor can be connected form  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  to Ground (see Figure 9.) This arrangement will maintain a valid value on  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  during both power-up and -down but will draw current when  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  is in the high state. A value of about  $100 \text{k}\Omega$  should be adequate in most situations. The output with a resistor pull-down can maintain a valid reset down to  $V_{CC}$  equal to 0V.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Voltage on  $V_{CC}$  Pin Relative to Ground -0.5V to +7.0V Voltage on I/O Relative to Ground -0.5V to  $V_{CC} + 0.5V$  Operating Temperature Range  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C Storage Temperature Range  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C Soldering Temperature  $-55^{\circ}$ C for 10 seconds

#### RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

 $(-40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	1.0		5.5	V	1
ST and PBRST Input High Level	$V_{ m IH}$	0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>			V	1
ST and PBRST Input Low Level	$V_{\mathrm{IL}}$			0.3 V <sub>CC</sub>	V	1

# **DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (-40°C to +85°C; $V_{CC} = 1.2V$ to 5.5V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point DS1814-5	$V_{CCTP}$	4.50		4.75	V	1
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point DS1814-10	$V_{CCTP}$	4.25		4.50	V	1
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point DS1819-5	$V_{CCTP}$	3.00		3.15	V	1
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point DS1819-10	$V_{CCTP}$	2.85		3.00	V	1
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point DS1819-20	$V_{CCTP}$	2.55		2.70	V	1
Reset Trip Point Hysteresis (DS1814)	$V_{RH}$		10		mV	
Reset Trip Point Hysteresis (DS1819)	$V_{RH}$		5		mV	
Output Current @ 2.4V	$I_{OH}$		350		μΑ	3
Output Current @ 0.4V	$I_{OL}$	3.2	6		mA	3
Output Voltage @ -30 μA	$V_{\mathrm{OH}}$	V <sub>CC</sub> *.8	V <sub>CC</sub> *.9		V	3
Operating Current DS1814	$I_{CC}$		10	15	μΑ	4
Operating Current DS1819	$I_{CC}$		8	12	μΑ	5
ST Input Current			120	160	μΑ	6
$\overline{ST} = V_{CC}$ , Time Averaged						
ST Input Current		-20	-15		μΑ	6
$\overline{ST} = GND$ , Time Averaged						

<sup>\*</sup> This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

# **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (-40°C to +85°C; $V_{CC}$ = 1.2V to 5.5V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
$\overline{PBRST} = V_{IL}$	$t_{\mathrm{PB}}$	1			μs	7
Reset Active Time	$t_{RST}$	140	200	280	ms	
ST Pulse Width	$t_{ m ST}$	50			ns	8
Watchdog Time-out	$t_{\mathrm{TD}}$	1.12	1.60	2.40	S	
$V_{CC}$ Detect to RST and $\overline{RST}$	$t_{ m RPD}$		30	40	μs	9
V <sub>CC</sub> Slew Rate (rising edge)			12.5		V/µs	
V <sub>CC</sub> Detect to RST and RST	$t_{ m RPU}$	140	200	280	ms	
PBRST Stable Low to RST and RST	$t_{ m PDLY}$		500		ns	

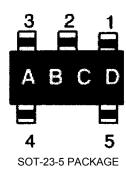
**CAPACITANCE**  $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$			5	pF	
Output Capacitance	$C_{OUT}$			7	pF	

#### **NOTES:**

- 1) All voltages are referenced to ground.
- 2)  $\overline{PBRST}$  is internally pulled up to  $V_{CC}$  with an internal impedance of  $50k\Omega$  typical.
- 3) Measured with  $V_{CC} \ge 2.7V$ .
- 4) Measured with outputs open,  $V_{CC} \le 5.5V$ , and all inputs at  $V_{CC}$  or Ground, except the  $\overline{ST}$  input at <10kHz duty cycle-square wave or  $\overline{ST}$  input open.
- 5) Measured with outputs open,  $V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ , and all inputs at  $V_{CC}$  or Ground, except the  $\overline{ST}$  input at <10kHz duty cycle-square wave or  $\overline{ST}$  input open.
- 6) The  $\overline{ST}$  input current is defined as the average input current when  $\overline{ST}$  is driven high or low. This input must be driven high or low by an output that can source or sink at least 200 $\mu$ A when active.
- 7) Noise immunity: pulses <100ns at pushbutton input will not cause a reset.
- 8) Must not exceed t<sub>TD</sub> minimum.
- 9) Noise immunity: pulses  $<2\mu s$  at  $V_{CCTP}$  minimum will not cause a reset and  $V_{CCTP}$   $V_{CC}$  = 100mV.

# **PART MARKING CODES**



'A', 'B' and 'C' represents the Device Type.

'D' represents the Device Tolerance.

14A - DS1814A 14B - DS1814B 14C - DS1814C 19A - DS1819A 19B - DS1819B 19C - DS1819C

A - 5% B - 10% C - 20%